Return of the Table

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Problem Area

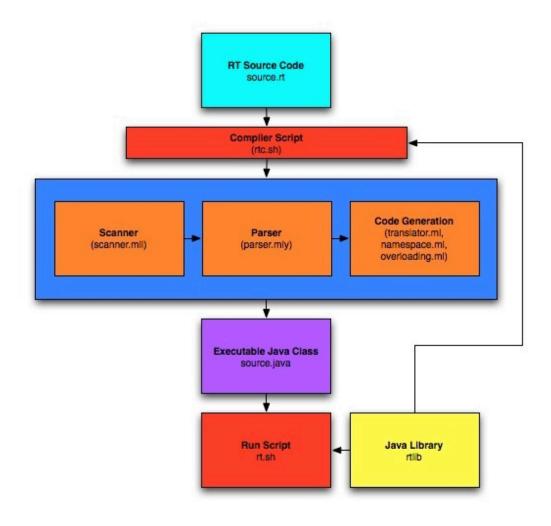
- Working with relational databases can be difficult using traditional SQL queries, which makes querying certain subsets of data difficult
- Additionally, learning certain statistics about a dataset can be impossible to do solely in SQL
- The traditional way of computing these statistics is to issue queries to the database, parse the information through a database driver and use a second language to compute statistics

RT's Solution

- Relational tables and records become first-class language objects
- Driver for interfacing with database is built-in to the language
- Filter, Join and Map operations allow the programmer to easily create any composite dataset from the original database or filter to any subset of the original database
- Reporting generated datasets in a neat and organized fashion is easy
- Committing data to the database is also easy!

Translator Design

- RT code is translated into Java source code and automatically compiled to .class files
- rtc.sh and rt.sh are scripts that manage compiling and running RT programs respectively
- rtc, the RT translator, is written in OCaml and is responsible for Scanning, Parsing, Semantic Analysis and Code Generation
- Generated Java source is linked against RTLib, which provides the framework for all table related features



Demonstration

Problem:

- Business has information regarding customer purchases in their database and want to know who are their best customers
- Also want to know which store location and item sold are the most popular

• Steps:

- Join customer, item, store and purchase data
- Calculate each customer's total amount purchased, favorite store, amount spent at that store, favorite item and the amount spent on that item
- Sort customers based on total amount purchased
- Display results and commit to database

Lessons Learned

- Quit talking about the project and just start writing code
- Work with people who you trust to do work on time and correctly
- Divide the project into separate units and assign each to a team member, make sure everyone knows how the parts interface
- SVN is a necessity, but can cause headaches if you're lazy about using it

Advice to Future Groups

- Start early, this can not be stressed enough
- This is an iterative process and must be done steps at a time. It is impossible to do all at once
- Pick an end point to your project and stick to it
- Test cases are important for two reasons, they both make sure you're doing it right and keep you focused on what the language is trying to do
- Choose a problem area that interests you