

**COMS 4115 Programming Languages and Translators:**  
**Final Project Report**  
**Lattakia (A language for Lattices)**

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## Table of Contents

Chapter 1 .....	5
Introduction .....	5
1.1 A General Introduction to Word Lattices .....	5
1.2 Word Lattices in Lisp .....	6
1.3 Word Lattices in Lattakia .....	6
1.4 Operations on Lattices .....	7
Chapter 2 .....	9
2.1 Creating Latte and Running “Hello World” .....	9
2.2 Tutorial 2 (Lattakia Factorial) .....	9
2.3 Tutorial 3 (GCD) .....	10
2.4 Tutorial 4 (quicksort) .....	10
Chapter 3 - Reference Manual .....	11
3. 1 Lexical conventions .....	11
3.1.1 Comments .....	11
3.1.2 Identifiers .....	11
3.1.3 Keywords .....	11
def Keyword .....	11
let Keyword .....	11
true Keyword .....	11
false Keyword .....	11
nil Keyword .....	11
epsilon Keyword .....	11
3.1.4 Constants .....	11
3.2 Lattakia Types .....	12
3.2.1 Atomic Types: .....	12
3.2.1 Composite Types (Lattices) .....	12
3.2.3.1 Arithmetic expressions .....	13
3.2.3.2 String Expressions .....	14
3.2.3.3 Boolean and Comparison Expressions .....	14
3.2.3.4 Assignment expressions .....	15
3.2.3.5 Evaluation Expressions .....	15

3.2.3.6 Function Application expressions: <i>name (lattice)</i> .....	15
3.2.3.7 Each expressions: { <i>x</i> }.....	16
3.2.3.8 Parenthetical expressions: ( <i>a; b; c</i> ).....	16
3.2.3.9 Accessor expressions: ‘.’.....	16
3.3. Declarations .....	16
3.4 Built-in Library Functions .....	17
Print: print( <i>expression</i> ).....	17
Chapter 4 Project Plan .....	18
4.1 Process used for planning, specification, development and testing.....	18
4.2 Programming style guide.....	18
4.3 Project timeline .....	19
4.4 Roles and responsibilities of each team member.....	19
4.5 Software development environment used (tools and languages) .....	20
4.5.1 Java Development .....	20
4.5.2 O’Caml Development.....	20
4.5.3 Source Control .....	20
4.6 Project log .....	20
Chapter 5: Architectural Design .....	26
5.1 Major Architecture Discussion .....	26
Table 5.1 : Lattakia Modules .....	28
5.2 Components and Interfaces .....	29
5.2.1 Scanner (Token Generation).....	29
5.2.2 Parser (Lattice, Symbol Table, and AST Generation) .....	29
5.2.3 Lattice/Environment.....	29
5.2.4 Semantic Analysis .....	32
5.2.5 Evaluation .....	32
5.2.6 Latte (interpreter).....	32
5.3 Work Breakdown .....	32
5.3.1 Kat’s Work.....	32
5.3.2 Heba’s Work .....	32
5.3.3 Wael’s Work .....	33
5.3.4 Li’s Work.....	33
Chapter 6: Test Plan.....	34

6.1 Testing Overview.....	34
6.2 Testing Examples.....	34
6.3 Test Case Burn Down.....	35
Chapter 7: Lessons Learned.....	37
7.1 General Lessons Learned .....	37
7.2 Kat Lessons Learned .....	37
7.3 Heba Lessons Learned.....	37
7.4 Wael Lessons Learned.....	37
7.5 Li Lessons Learned .....	38
Appendix A: Source Code .....	39
Ast.ml source code.....	39
Clone.ml Source Code.....	42
evaluate.ml Source Code.....	50
latparser.mly Source Code .....	62
latte.ml Source Code .....	66
latticeCreation.ml Source Code.....	68
Scanner.ml Source Code.....	77
semanticAnalysis.ml Source Code .....	79

# Chapter 1

## Introduction

Lattakia is a compact functional language built around the word lattice structure. Word lattices are a special case of lattices (partially-ordered sets). In Lattakia, both program code and data are stored in these lattices. Standard programming constructs such as conditionals, loops and functions all lend themselves to this representation. The Lattakia Latte interpreter is used to execute Lattakia programs and determine the result of any given program.

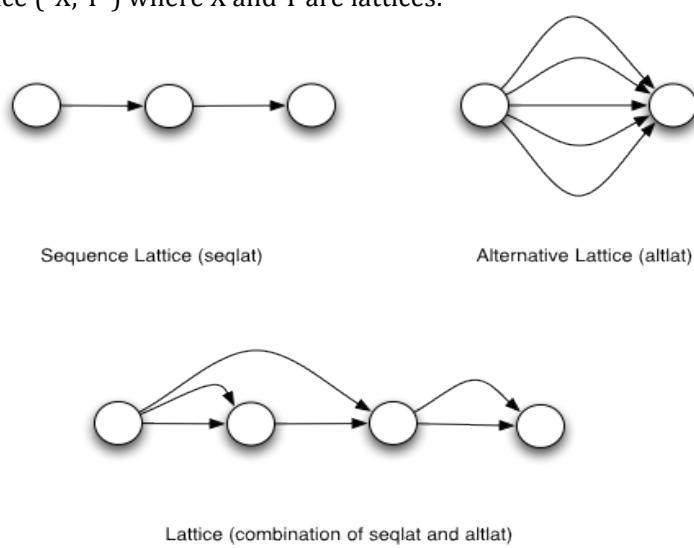
Word lattices are powerful representation models. For example in Natural Language Processing (NLP), they are commonly used in applications where there is ambiguity (uncertainty) in the meaning (or interpretation) of a word such as in automatic speech recognition, machine translation, language and/or dialect identification, language models, paraphrasing (e.g. in information retrieval and question answering) as well as many other applications.

Despite their importance, researchers tend to avoid using word-lattices because of the inherent difficulty in implementing them. Only recently have some NLP tools such as Moses and SRILM started supporting word lattices natively by accepting them as input. However, their application is not limited solely to this domain. *Lattakia is designed to make the processing of such complicated data structures more convenient as well as providing the required functionality for developing general-purpose programs.*

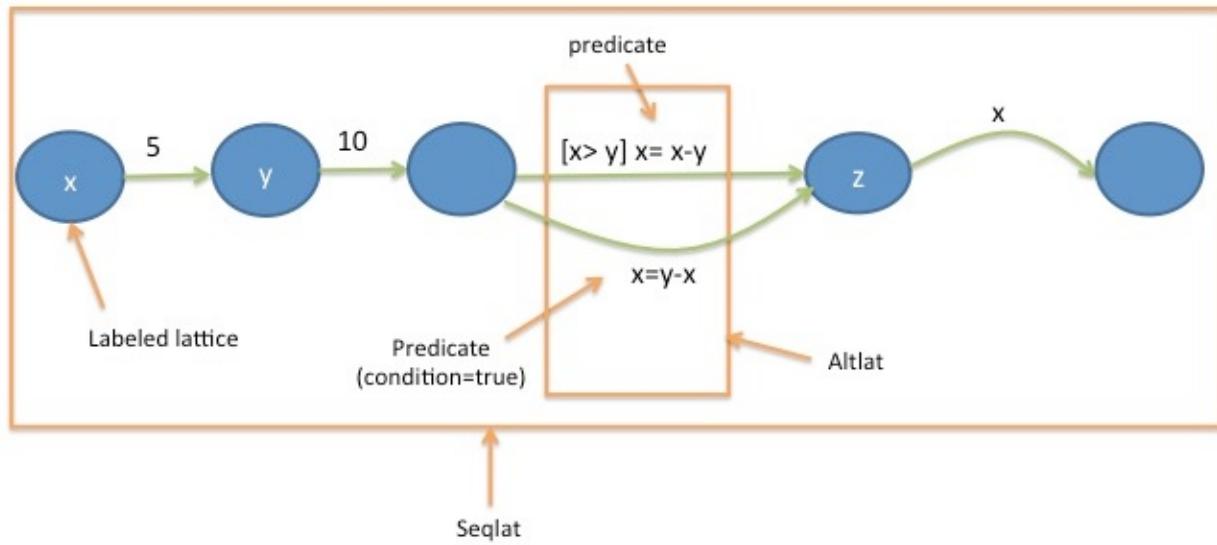
### 1.1 A General Introduction to Word Lattices

A *lattice* (a partially ordered set) is a special type of directed acyclic graphs. A *word lattice* is a special kind of lattices which is defined recursively as consisting of:

1. A word represented by a single arc and corresponds to an expression.
2. Alternative Lattice ("X | Y") where X and Y are lattices.
3. Sequence Lattice ("X; Y") where X and Y are lattices.



**Figure 1.1: Word Lattices**

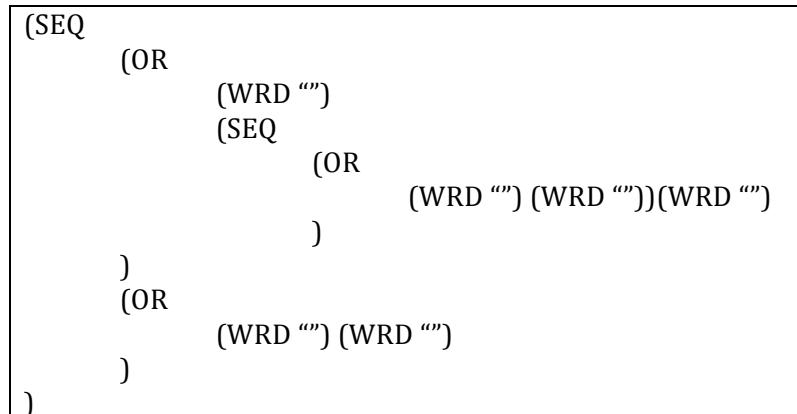


**Figure 1.2: A lattice in Lattakia.**

Figure 1.2 above gives an example of a lattice in Lattakia. In this example we have an initial sequence lattice conditioned on the values  $x$  and  $y$ . The sequence lattice then feeds into an alternative lattice that contains a predicate conditioned on  $x$  and  $y$ . If the predicate is true  $x$  is then set to the value of  $y$  minus  $x$ .

## 1.2 Word Lattices in Lisp

A Common Lisp notation for word lattices includes three functions (WRD, OR, and SEQ) corresponding to the three constructing blocks of lattices above respectively. For example, the following notation corresponds to the third lattice in figure 1:



**Figure 1.3: Word Lattices in Lisp**

Note that seqlats can also consist of other seqlats (not always altlats).

## 1.3 Word Lattices in Lattakia

Lattakia uses the same model used by Lisp for representing word lattices but with a different notation that is intended to make operation on lattices easier and more convenient.

A word in Lattakia is represented by a predicate which is a tuple of a condition and an expression. Predicates without a condition field have an implicit true condition while predicates without an expression correspond to an epsilon transition.

For example consider predicates consisting of integer constants and conditions.

1. An altlat is denoted as: "2 | 3 | 5"
2. A seqlat is denoted as: "2; 3; 5"
3. A seqlat lattice that constitutes words, and altlats is represented as  
2; 3 | 5; 8; 4; 6 | 1 | 7; where the "/" operator has a higher precedence over ";"

*In the next sections we will explain in details the notation used by Lattakia to represent the different kind of word-lattices.*

## 1.4 Operations on Lattices

The section below gives an illustration of how arithmetic operations should function between lattices. Unfortunately, Lattakia does not support all of these functions, but we have included this tutorial for illustrative purposes.

For seqlat arithmetic operations the values in each lattice are simply added. For example:

$$\begin{aligned}(a; b; c) + (x; y; z) &= (a+x; b+y; c+z) \\(a; b; c) + (x; y) &= (a+x; b+y; c) \\(a; b) + (x; y; z) &= (a+x; b+y; z)\end{aligned}$$

For seqlat and altlat arithmetic operations the altlat translates to a seqlate where all of the matching elements evaluate to epsilon. That is to say we promote the altlat to me a seqlat:

$$\begin{aligned}(a; b; c) + (x \mid y \mid z) &= (a; b; c) + ((x \mid y \mid z); \text{epsilon}; \text{epsilon}) \\&= (a + (x \mid y \mid z); b; c) \\.. a + (x \mid y \mid z) \text{ is defined in WRD + OR}\end{aligned}$$

For operations between a sequence lattice and an integral type, the integral type is promoted to a seqlat where the first entry is the integral type, and all of the other entries are set to epsilon.

$$(a; b; c) + x = (a; b; c) + (x; \text{epsilon}; \text{epsilon}) = (a + x; b; c)$$

For arithmetic operations between integral types and seqlats we promote the integral type to seqlat where the first type is entry has a value and all of the other entries are epsilon

$$x + (a; b; c) = (x; \text{epsilon}; \text{epsilon}) + (a; b; c) = (x + a; b; c)$$

For arithmetic operations between integral types and alternative lattices we demote the altlat to an expression and perform the arithmetic. For example:

$$x + (a \mid b \mid c) = x + (a + b + c) = x + a + b + c$$

For arithmetic operations between an alternative lattice and a sequence lattice we promote the seqlat to an altnet where the first entry is the seqlat and all other matching entries are epsilon. For example:

$$\begin{aligned} (x \mid y \mid z) + (a; b; c) &= (x \mid y \mid z) + ((a; b; c) \mid \text{epsilon} \mid \text{epsilon}) \\ &= (x + (a; b; c) \mid y \mid z) \end{aligned}$$

For the arithmetic operations on an altnet and an integral type we promote the type to a seqlat with the first entry equal to the integral type and all other types set to epsilon. For example:

$$(x \mid y \mid z) + a = (x \mid y \mid z) + (a \mid \text{epsilon} \mid \text{epsilon}) = (x + a \mid y \mid z)$$

## Chapter 2

### 2.1 Creating Latte and Running “Hello World”

In this section we will create and run a simple program that outputs “Hello World” in Lattakia programming language. To build the Lattakia compiler we first download the source code repository using SVN. The Lattakia source can be downloaded from:

<http://code.google.com/p/lattakia/>

Assuming that the OCaml compiler has been installed the Lattakia latte interpreter can be compiled by running the following commands from the command line:

```
>cd <svn home>/Lattakia/lat-compiler  
>make all
```

After building the Lattakia latte interpreter we can test that it is functioning by running the test suite using the following command on the command line:

```
> make test
```

The Lattakia latte compiler processes .lat files written in the Lattakia language. For our “Hello World” program we will use a text editor to create a file called hello.lat, and put a single line of Lattakia code in the file like so:

```
**  
HelloWorld.lat  
Prints "Hello World"  
**  
print("Hello World!\n"); .. print
```

To run our source file through the interpreter we will run the Lattakia Latte interpreter from the command line using the following command which will give us the following output:

```
> ./latte < HelloWorld.lat  
Hello World!  
>
```

### 2.2 Tutorial 2 (Lattakia Factorial)

The following code demonstrates how to create a recursive function to calculate the factorial of a number in the Lattakia language.

```
**  
Calculate the factorial of a number.  
  
Create a function f, with parameter n, if n < 1 return 1, otherwise return  
n*f(n-1)  
**  
def f(n) = [n<1] 1 | n*f(n-1);  
a = f(5);    .. apply the factorial to five and save the results  
print(a);    .. print the output
```

```
print("\n"); .. print an extra new line.
```

## 2.3 Tutorial 3 (GCD)

The following example demonstrates how to write a function that takes multiple parameters in the Lattakia language.

```
**
GCD - calculate the greatest common denominator.

**
def gcd(x; y) = ( [y == 0] x
                  | [y != 0] gcd(y;x % y);
                );
a = 35;
b = 49;
print("GCD of 35 and 49 is ");
print(gcd(a; b));
print("\n");
```

## 2.4 Tutorial 4 (quicksort)

The following example demonstrates how to write a quicksort function that takes in a seqlat of numbers and returns the numbers sorted in descending order.

*NOTE: This example fails due to lack of the indexing operation.*

```
**
Perform quicksort on a seqlat of integer values.
**
def quicksort(input) =
(
    let (less =()); greater = () ); .. create two local variables
    [input.length <= 1] return = input | .. if we have a single value return

    let pivot = input[0]; .. create a pivot
    let input[0] = epsilon;

    foreach(x; input; .. for each value in the array
        [x < pivot] less = (less; x) .. create a less than lattice
        | greater = (greater; x) .. and a greater than lattice
    );
    .. now recursively sort the new lattices and return a lattice
    (quicksort(less); pivot; quicksort(greater));
).return; .. return the input

values = (42;7;18;6;1;-3;15;30);
let sorted = quicksort(values);
```

## Chapter 3 - Reference Manual

### 3.1 Lexical conventions

There are four basic kinds of tokens: *identifiers*, *keywords*, *constants*, and *expression operators*.

In general blanks, tabs, newlines, and comments as described below are ignored except as they serve to separate tokens. At least one of these characters is required to separate adjacent identifiers, constants, and certain operator pairs.

#### 3.1.1 Comments

The language has both single-line and multi-line comments. Commented lines start with double-periods “..” and end when a newline is encountered while multi-line comments start and end with double-asterisks “\*\*”.

#### 3.1.2 Identifiers

An identifier is a sequence of letters, digits and underscores; the first character must be a character. Identifiers are case-sensitive.

#### 3.1.3 Keywords

The following identifiers are reserved for use as keywords, and may not be used otherwise:

General keywords:    **let**                  **def**

Constant keywords:    **true**                  **false**                  **nil**                  **epsilon**

##### **def Keyword**

defines a new variable and returns the value of the newly defined variable

##### **let Keyword**

Instead of returning the value of the current statement/expression (which is the default behavior), let returns epsilon.

##### **true Keyword**

Similar to other programming languages, true indicates that a particular condition or value of variable is true.

##### **false Keyword**

Similar to other programming languages, false indicates that a particular condition or value of variable is false.

##### **nil Keyword**

‘nil’ is a broken arc that you cannot pass through.

##### **epsilon Keyword**

‘epsilon’ is an empty transition or a transition whose condition is always true.

#### 3.1.4 Constants

There are several kinds of constants, as follows:

#### **3.1.4.1 Integer Constants:**

An integer consists of a sequence of digits and an optional minus sign preceding the first digit to indicate that the integer is negative.

#### **3.1.4.2 Float Constants:**

A floating constant consists of an integer part, a decimal point, a fraction part and an optional minus sign preceding the first digit of the integer part.

#### **3.1.4.3 String Constants:**

A string is a sequence of characters surrounded by double quotes “ ”. String constants start and end with double-quotations and cannot contain double or single quotes.

## **3.2 Lattakia Types**

Lattakia is a functional language. As with all functional languages, every expression in Lattakia must be possible to evaluate. Depending on which operators and operands appear in the expression, the type of this expression may be a lattice (sequence or alternative), a number (integer or real), a string, or a boolean value. The types of these expressions are implicit (there are no explicit type ‘casts’). At evaluation time, for an expression to be valid, the types of the operands must be compatible with each other and with the operator being used. Likewise, if the type of an expression cannot be inferred, the expression cannot be valid.

In Lattakia, there are **atomic** and **composite** types.

### **3.2.1 Atomic Types:**

Atomic types include integers, real numbers, strings and booleans.

### **3.2.1 Composite Types (Lattices)**

Lattices are used to describe structured data and code. From a “code” perspective, a sequence lattice is a sequence of statements while an alternative lattice is a branching statement. From the “data” perspective, a sequence lattice is analogous to an array/list structure in common programming languages while an alternative lattice is analogous to a value of a variable in those languages and this allows variables in Lattakia to hold multiple values at the same time. As such, those variables have special treatment in Lattakia.

#### **3.2.1 Sequence Lattices**

A seqlat in Lattakia is a sequence of blocks; each block is a tuple of a node and an altlat (a list of alternative lattices). These nodes can be assigned labels in order to access the corresponding altlats with these labels (similar to a hash table keys or an object’s fields). Each element in a seqlat may be given a **label** – a name to access it by. A Label is a name on a node of a seqlat. It is a variable that can be used to access the lattice between the label’s node and the next node in a seqlat. Elements of a seqlat are separated by a semi-colon

```
lat: (1; 2,;3) .. a seqlat of 3 elements
print(lat); ..prints (1;2;3)
```

### 3.2.2 Alternative Lattices

Alternative lattices (altnats) are lists of alternatives. Each altnat is a sequence of one or more predicates. (explained in the next sub-section) Alternative lattices are processed sequentially one order at a time. Unlike sequence lattices though, elements are only processed if their condition is satisfied. Elements of an altnat are separated by a pipe. When evaluating an altnat, if the conditions of multiple predicates are true then the first of them is returned.

```
x: 1;
lat: [x>10] "GT 1" | [x == 10] "Eq.1" | "LT 1" .. an altnat of 3 elements
print(lat); ..prints LT 1
```

### 3.2.3 Predicates

A predicate consists of an optional condition and an expression that will be executed if the condition holds. The condition is also an expression. Predicates without the condition field have an implicit true condition.

The expression is the basic building block of the language. To compose complex expressions, Lattakia includes a large range of operators, mainly for atomic types. Operators for composite types (lattices) aren't currently supported. For operators dealing with atomic type expressions, operands are simply the results of evaluating the respective expressions. Operands in lattice expressions are not evaluated save where explicitly noted. Lattakia relies on the notion of delayed evaluation, so that actual evaluation of expressions (according to the rules below) does not occur until explicitly required. However, while the expressions themselves are not evaluated, they are checked for valid operand types and any errors reported.

#### 3.2.3.1 Arithmetic expressions

Arithmetic operators supported by Lattakia include addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, remainder, negation and positive. These operators require numeric operands. Behavior is not defined in case of an overflow or underflow. Operands must be of integer or real number type. If both operands are integers, the result is of integer type. Otherwise, the result is of real number type. Standard arithmetic operators in Lattakia are right associative. Precedence is determined using standard arithmetic rules. Applying any arithmetic operation to any operand and **nil** will evaluate to **nil** while applying any arithmetic operation to **epsilon** and any operand will evaluate that operand.

**Table 3.1 Lattakia Arithmetic Operators**

Expression	Operator	Function
Expression+expression	+	Sum of the two operands
Expression-Expression	-	Difference between the two operands
Expression*Expression	*	The product of two operands
Expression/Expression	/	The quotient between the two operators. The second operator cannot be zero. ( An runtime error will be thrown if the second operand evaluates to zero)
Expression%Expression	%	The result is the remainder of the two operands. The

		second operand must be positive
-Expression	-	The result is the negation of the operand.

### 3.2.3.2 String Expressions

String operators in Lattakia include concatenating using “+” and matching using “==”. All operands must be string expressions. The result of these operations is of type string. The result is a new string consisting of the first operand concatenated with the second operand. Note that this usage of the ‘+’ operator has nothing semantically to do with addition.

### 3.2.3.3 Boolean and Comparison Expressions

Boolean expressions in Lattakia include equality, non-equality, logical negation, logical or and logical and. Equality and non-equality require two operands of the same type of expression. Logical negation requires one operand of boolean type. Logical or and logical and require two operands of boolean type. The result is of boolean type.

Comparison operators in Lattakia include less than, less than or equal, greater than and greater than or equal. Comparison expressions require their operands to be of the same atomic type. The result is of boolean type.

Both operands of all logical expressions (except for logical negation which has one operand only) must evaluate to the same atomic type.

Comparing a non-nil value to nil will return nil (which is how we know that an error occurred more like null reference exception in Java) while comparing a nil value with nil returns true.

Epsilon is treated as being less than any value so comparing any value with epsilon will return true and comparing epsilon with epsilon returns true.

**Table 3.2 Boolean Expressions**

Operator	Example	Description
<b>==</b>	<b>A==B</b>	(integer, real, string or Boolean) The result is true if the two expressions evaluate to the same value and false otherwise. Operands can be integer, real, string or Boolean or expressions evaluating to these types.
<b>!=</b>	<b>A!=B</b>	<b>The negation of the “==” operator</b> <b>Operands can be integer, real, string or Boolean or expressions evaluating to these types.</b>
<b>&lt;=</b>	<b>A&lt;=B</b>	The result is equal to the result of $(expression < expression) \parallel (expression == expression)$ . <b>Operands can be integer, real, string or expressions evaluating to these types.</b>
<b>&lt;</b>	<b>A&lt;B</b>	The result is true if the numeric comparison is true, and false otherwise. <b>Operands can be integer, real, string or expressions evaluating to these types.</b>
<b>&gt;=</b>	<b>A&gt;=B</b>	The result is equal to the result of $!(expression <= expression)$ .

		<b>Operands can be integer, real, string or expressions evaluating to these types.</b>
>	<b>A&gt;B</b>	The result is equal to the result of $!(expression < expression)$ . <b>Operands can be integer, real, string or expressions evaluating to these types.</b>
&&	<b>A&amp;&amp;B</b>	<b>Logical and</b> - The result is true if both operands are true, and false otherwise. <b>Operands should both be Booleans or expressions evaluating to Booleans</b>
	<b>A  B</b>	<b>Logical or</b> - the result is true if either operand is true, and false otherwise. <b>Operands should both be Booleans or expressions evaluating to Booleans</b>
!	<b>!A</b>	<b>Logical negation</b> - the result is true if the operand is false, and false otherwise. <b>Operand should be Booleans or expressions evaluating to a Boolean.</b>

### 3.2.3.4 Assignment expressions

Simple assignment for expressions in Lattakia means binding a name to an expression. In particular, no evaluation is carried out. Combined assignment works much the same way. Evaluation is delayed except for constant expressions whose values cannot change (i.e. expressions that don't contain variables). There is an additional operator to force evaluation prior to assignment. The name bound to the expression receives the same name as the expression. Assignment expressions are left associative.

*Simple assignment: lvalue = expression*

The result of this expression is the second operand. In addition, the first operand is bound to the second operand. Subsequent references to the first operand will retrieve the second operand. *lvalue* has several options, the most common of which is a name (ID), although it can also be an accessor for a lattice or several other more complicated expressions.

### 3.2.3.5 Evaluation Expressions

There are two types of evaluation expressions. In both cases, the result is not simply the expression itself; it is the result of recursively evaluating the expression according to the rules of the operands.

*Evaluation: ? expression*

The result is simply the result of evaluating the operand.

```
def x = 3;
.. x is set 3 because 3 is a constant expression
def y = x;
.. y is bound to x
y = ?x;
.. but y = 3;
```

### 3.2.3.6 Function Application expressions: *name (lattice)*

We have three overloaded meanings of application that is identified via type checking.

1. If “name” is a constrained variable (function) (this means “lattice” is a list of actuals), replace these actuals in the constraints (parameters) of the function in the code lattice associated with this function and execute the lattice.
2. Else (If “name” is a data lattice and “lattice” is not a rule lattice), (this is analogous to constructors in OOP), create a copy of “name”, and then, for every variable in “lattice”, if “name” has the same variable, assign “lattice” variable value to “name” variable.

Ex. Function call:

```
sum((1; 2; 3; 4); 1);

.. This applies a function named sum to a lattice consisting of 2 elements. The first
element is
.. the lattice (1; 2; 3; 4). The second element is the integer value 1
```

### 3.2.3.7 Each expressions: {x}

The default behavior when applying any operation on an *altlat* is to apply the operation to the first path that has a satisfied condition. ‘{ }’ overrides this behavior. Using “{}” we instruct the program to apply the operation of all paths in the *altlat*

```
..ex. 1.
x = (5 | 3); y = (8 | 2 | 1); condition [x < {y};
.. Result: false since the first value of x (5) is compared to all value in y i.e.
8,2, and 1
.. so the operation yields false.
.. However the result of [x < y] is true because the first value of the altlat x which
is 5 .. is less than the first value of the altlat y which is 8.
```

### 3.2.3.8 Parenthetic expressions: (a; b; c)

Parentheses are used to surround elements of a lattice.

```
ex 1. const = (1;2|3;4);
ex 2. code = ( a++;b=a;)
ex 3. expr = b==4 | ( b!= 4; b%2==0)
..This expression corresponds to “&&” in C++ (i.e. b != 4 && b%2==0)
```

### 3.2.3.9 Accessor expressions: ‘.’

The dot operator is used to access labels and properties inside a certain lattice.

```
student = (name: "alice"; age: 23; major: "CS"; "MATH");
student.name ..returns alice
student.major ..returns CS;MATH
student.major{0} ..returns CS
student.major.count ..returns the count of alternatives in the major field which is 2
..(Count is a built-in property of alt-lat)
```

## 3.3. Declarations

The only declarator that we use is the keyword def which is used to

1. Define variables (you have to define a variable before you use)
2. Define functions (whether these functions are labeled or defined using an assignment expression (local function declaration)).

```
def x = 1 .. define a variable
def func1:(a; b; c ) .. labeled function declaration
def func2=(a;b;c) .. local function declaration
```

There are no scope specifiers and no type specifiers. Each variable/lattice infers its type from the value it gets bound with.

### 3.4 Built-in Library Functions

The standard library for Lattakia currently supports one functions (print).

#### Print: print(expression)

The print function is used to display output. It receives a single argument consisting of an expression, which it evaluates and displays to the standard output. Print returns epsilon.

```
x = true;
y = false;
print(((x || y); (x && y); !x));
.. displays 'true; false; false'
```

## Chapter 4 Project Plan

### 4.1 Process used for planning, specification, development and testing

Our project planning process involved a number of initial meetings where we as a group first established a project concept and then whiteboarded the language syntax, semantics and functionality. Given the complex nature of the project Wael, the team leader took over the job of creating the parser and the initial AST structure. Wael also specified the Java interface and Kat took over the job of implementation. In the initial stages of the project we all collaborated remotely via instant message and a shared drop box folder. More than halfway through the semester it became obvious that we were all struggling to make sufficient progress on the project. At this point we opted to shift the focus of the language. Concurrently our team meetings shifted from informal post-class meetings to regular daily meetings in at the Center for Computational Learning Systems (CCLS). At CCLS we had access to a white board and projector where we could pair program or team code the more complex parts of the language. Having everyone in a single location allowed us to seamlessly hand off coding, testing, and writing to complete the project.

### 4.2 Programming style guide

Our group all had fairly similar coding styles to begin with so our coding style coalesced rather naturally. The table below gives some of the more formal coding style standards we used in OCaml.

**Table 4.1: Lattakia Style Guide**

Style Object	Description	Example
Variable Names	Camel Case	thisIsACamelVariable
Function Separators	Full line comment	(*****)
Function Parameters	Append an underscore to avoid naming conflict	SeqLat(seqLat)-> doSomething seqLat and doSomething _seqLat
Function Names	Use process to parse an expression. Include return type in name if it makes it clearer	processLattice processExprReturnType
Comments	Include a brief description at the top of each function.	<none>
Indentation	Use default for Java IDE	<none>
Types	Variables that represent types are appended by type.	dataTypeType
Global Data Types	Place shared data types into AST.ml	<none>
Main Interpreter	Main program should be minimal, subdivide each step of the process into another file.	semanticAnalysis.ml, evaluate.ml
Lattices	Everything is a lattice, use the a polymorphic type.	latticeType = altnlat seqlat predicate expr
Errors / Warnings	Use global error type and place into environment structure. Don't throw in recursive code.	
Bugs	Use the raise failure method to notify on bugs / todo's	rf("BUG: SemanticAnalysis.processOpR eturnType")

### 4.3 Project timeline

The table below gives a summary of our project timeline as it actually occurred. Note the continuity break at task 9.

**Table 4.2 Lattakia Time Line**

Task/Week	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1. Proposal	X	X												
2. Language Specification			X	X	X									
3. Lexer / Parser			X	X	X									
4. LRM				X	X									
5. AST Generation					X	X								
6. Java Code Interface					X	X	X							
7. Code Generation					X	X	X							
8. Java Code Implementation							X	X	X					
9. New Lattice Structure											X	X		
10. Semantic Check												X	X	X
11. Lattice Evaluation												X	X	X
12. Standard Library													X	X
13. Testing														X
14. Final Reporting														X

### 4.4 Roles and responsibilities of each team member

**Table 4.3: Lattakia Roles and Duties.**

Person	Development Duties	Project Duties
Heba	Evaluation Parser Print Function Old Semantic Analysis	Language Reference Manual Final Report
Kat	Code Generation(Java) Unit Test Some Semantic Analysis	Language Reference Manual (old group) LRM Update Final Report

	Print Function	Project Slides
Wael (leader)	Parser Lattice Creation AST Semantic Analysis Code Generation (Java) Print Function	Language Reference Manual Final Report
Li		

## 4.5 Software development environment used (tools and languages)

### 4.5.1 Java Development

During the initial phase of development all java development used a stock distribution of the Eclipse Java IDE and java version 1.6. As discussed previously java development was scrapped in favor of developing an interpreter.

### 4.5.2 O'Caml Development

For O'Caml development the team primarily used Eclipse with the Ocalde plug-in for O'Caml development (<http://www.algo-prog.info/ocaide/>). For most of the project Kat opted to use emacs along with a package that allowed for O'Caml syntax highlighting and debugging (<http://www.cs.jhu.edu/~scott/pl/caml/emacs.html>). Kat notes that the auto-completion in eclipse makes life a lot easier when you are still learning O'Caml.

### 4.5.3 Source Control

The group initially used drop-box as the mechanism for source control. Once Kat came on board the decision was made to transition to a traditional source control mechanism such as SVN. Our SVN repository is hosted on Google code and can be found here: <http://code.google.com/p/lattakia/>. The main trunk of the project has four branches, docs – for documents, lat-compiler – the scanner/parser/interpreter, latte-java – the deprecated java back end, test-cases – the testing system.

## 4.6 Project log

Below is our project log pulled from our SVN repository.

- r143 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-22 14:02:02 -0500 (Thu, 22 Dec 2011)
  - fixed test cases
- r142 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-22 13:23:38 -0500 (Thu, 22 Dec 2011)
  - Added code signing
- r141 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-22 11:25:21 -0500 (Thu, 22 Dec 2011)
  - moar
- r140 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-22 11:22:42 -0500 (Thu, 22 Dec 2011)
  - some eval bugs solved. most of evaluation is done, except NameList, DirectAccess, Assign, Define, FuncCall, Tilde. Semantic still have bugs. -3
- r139 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-22 11:22:00 -0500 (Thu, 22 Dec 2011)
  - added source to document

- r138 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-21 21:47:37 -0500 (Wed, 21 Dec 2011)
  - more documents
- r137 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-21 19:23:18 -0500 (Wed, 21 Dec 2011)
  - changing the LRM according to the final specs
- r136 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-21 19:14:07 -0500 (Wed, 21 Dec 2011)
  - process-name-list
- r135 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-21 19:08:29 -0500 (Wed, 21 Dec 2011)
  - added pretty print
- r134 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-21 18:03:12 -0500 (Wed, 21 Dec 2011) | 1 line
- r134 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-21 18:03:12 -0500 (Wed, 21 Dec 2011)
  - some eval bugs solved. most of evaluation is done, except NameList, DirectAccess, Assign, Define, FuncCall, Tilde. Semantic still have bugs. -3
- r133 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-21 16:53:36 -0500 (Wed, 21 Dec 2011)
  - some eval bugs solved. most of evaluation is done, except NameList, DirectAccess, Assign, Define, FuncCall, Tilde. Semantic still have bugs. -2
- r132 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-21 14:36:01 -0500 (Wed, 21 Dec 2011)
  - report figures
- r131 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-21 14:33:19 -0500 (Wed, 21 Dec 2011)
  - added block diagrams for ast
- r130 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-21 08:18:56 -0500 (Wed, 21 Dec 2011)
  - some eval bugs solved. most of evaluation is done, except NameList, DirectAccess, Assign, Define, FuncCall, Tilde. Semantic still have bugs.
- r129 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-21 06:49:55 -0500 (Wed, 21 Dec 2011)
  - most of evaluation is done, except NameList, DirectAccess, Assign, Define, FuncCall, Tilde. Semantic still have bugs
- r128 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-20 23:06:21 -0500 (Tue, 20 Dec 2011)
  - added quick sort
- r127 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-20 23:05:54 -0500 (Tue, 20 Dec 2011)
  - uhg calling it a night
- r126 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-20 23:05:14 -0500 (Tue, 20 Dec 2011)
  - semantic analysis version 1 finished
- r125 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-20 19:59:54 -0500 (Tue, 20 Dec 2011)
  - safety commit
- r124 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-20 17:34:50 -0500 (Tue, 20 Dec 2011)
  - symbol table bugs were solved
- r123 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-20 15:32:04 -0500 (Tue, 20 Dec 2011)
  - two symbol Table bugs were solved. there is still more :(
- r122 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-20 14:52:16 -0500 (Tue, 20 Dec 2011)
  - semantic check: Parameter types checked (param type inference from FuncCall) + most ops handled (only Assign and Define left) + NameListExpr is not handled yet.
- r121 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-20 13:42:59 -0500 (Tue, 20 Dec 2011)
  - small changes to the tester
- r120 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-20 02:39:42 -0500 (Tue, 20 Dec 2011)
  - semantic check: Parameter types checked (param type inference from FuncCall) + most ops handled (only Assign and Define left) + NameListExpr is not handled yet
- r119 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-20 00:38:13 -0500 (Tue, 20 Dec 2011)
  - more evaluate stuff

- r118 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 21:58:27 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - Need to fill in the functional tests.
- r117 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 21:54:11 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - Added functional tests
- r116 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 21:21:59 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - semantic check -- 3
- r115 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 21:12:49 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - This looks good
- r114 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 21:07:15 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - cleaning up test names
- r113 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 20:40:02 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - semantic check -- 3
- r112 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 20:37:45 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - semantic check -- 4
- r111 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 20:35:44 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - semantic check -- 3
- r110 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 20:20:08 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - semantic check -- 2
- r109 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 20:06:50 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - we really need to work in the same directory
- r108 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 19:55:56 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - okay this should get us closer to god
- r107 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 19:08:22 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - this is a start
- r106 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 18:18:06 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - adding output
- r105 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-19 17:19:45 -0500 (Mon, 19 Dec 2011)
  - got some basic tests going
- r104 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-18 21:49:59 -0500 (Sun, 18 Dec 2011)
  - semantic check -- 2
- r103 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-18 19:09:26 -0500 (Sun, 18 Dec 2011)
  - semantic check -- 1
- r102 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-18 17:57:31 -0500 (Sun, 18 Dec 2011)
  - semantics are broken I suck
- r101 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-18 17:21:10 -0500 (Sun, 18 Dec 2011)
  - expressions finished. still working on a bug in SymbolTable. error handling for both parsing and scanning is done. printLattice is done. -- 4
- r100 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-18 16:54:15 -0500 (Sun, 18 Dec 2011)
  - working on semantic analysis
- r99 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-18 14:32:37 -0500 (Sun, 18 Dec 2011)
  - Expressions finished. still working on a bug in SymbolTable. error handling for both parsing and scanning is done. printLattice is done. -- 2
- r98 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-18 11:22:18 -0500 (Sun, 18 Dec 2011)
  - Expressions finished. still working on a bug in SymbolTable. error handling for both parsing and scanning is done. printLattice is done.
- r97 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-18 05:32:46 -0500 (Sun, 18 Dec 2011)
  - updated expression and namelist (but not final) -- 3
- r96 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-18 02:05:00 -0500 (Sun, 18 Dec 2011)
  - updated expression and namelist (but not final) -- 2

- r95 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 19:56:55 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - process-altlat
- r94 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 19:46:46 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - process-seqlat almost working
- r93 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 19:08:59 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - fixing indentation
- r92 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 19:02:58 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - evaluation of some expressions
- r91 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 17:42:02 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - forgot svn is directory specific
- r90 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 17:41:26 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - changed tester to spit out stderr, working on semantic analysis make test! note change to latte.ml
- r89 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 14:56:30 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - okay tests done
- r88 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 14:56:05 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - Okay, testing should now work from makefile
- r87 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 14:41:43 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - testing almost done
- r86 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 14:36:43 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - adding diff output files
- r85 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 14:26:19 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - close to done, just gotta put in the make file
- r84 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 14:19:02 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - unit tests are close, just gotta capture diff output and do makefile integration
- r83 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 13:23:19 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - working on unit tests - sed is not right
- r82 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 12:38:29 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
  - updated expression and namelist (but not final)
- r81 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 12:36:37 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
- r80 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-17 10:48:56 -0500 (Sat, 17 Dec 2011)
- r79 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 21:56:07 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011)
  - print is kinda working
- r78 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 21:50:02 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011)
  - added print lattice back
- r77 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 21:32:07 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011)
  - still working on the print function
- r76 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 21:17:35 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011)
  - working on dump function
- r75 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 19:59:06 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011)
  - lattice has output now
- r74 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 19:45:25 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011)
  - delete extra files
- r73 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 19:45:13 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011)
  - delete extra files
- r72 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 19:02:53 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011)
- r71 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 18:02:54 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011)
  - moving lattice tools
- r70 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 17:58:34 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011)

- notes from meeting and dump functions
- r69 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 17:57:57 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011) | 1 lin
- r68 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 16:48:42 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011)
  - delete ml file
- r67 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 16:33:03 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011)
- r66 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-16 16:17:12 -0500 (Fri, 16 Dec 2011)
- r65 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-15 13:26:52 -0500 (Thu, 15 Dec 2011)
  - moved stray test files
- r64 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-15 13:25:15 -0500 (Thu, 15 Dec 2011)
  - okay we're done with dropbox
- r63 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-15 13:17:30 -0500 (Thu, 15 Dec 2011)
  - going to help Heba
- r62 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-15 13:15:19 -0500 (Thu, 15 Dec 2011)
  - working on getting this running, still don't have the compiler
- r61 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-15 13:02:06 -0500 (Thu, 15 Dec 2011)
- r60 | wael.salloum@gmail.com | 2011-12-15 12:58:32 -0500 (Thu, 15 Dec 2011)
  - interpreter
- r59 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-15 12:56:40 -0500 (Thu, 15 Dec 2011)
  - getting testing going
- r58 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-08 14:15:14 -0500 (Thu, 08 Dec 2011)
- r57 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-08 14:11:46 -0500 (Thu, 08 Dec 2011)
- r56 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-07 23:17:16 -0500 (Wed, 07 Dec 2011)
- r55 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-07 14:55:00 -0500 (Wed, 07 Dec 2011)
- r54 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-07 14:28:52 -0500 (Wed, 07 Dec 2011)
- r53 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-07 13:19:24 -0500 (Wed, 07 Dec 2011)
- r52 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-07 13:18:04 -0500 (Wed, 07 Dec 2011)
- r51 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-07 12:13:45 -0500 (Wed, 07 Dec 2011)
- r50 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-07 02:25:46 -0500 (Wed, 07 Dec 2011)
- r49 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-07 01:37:48 -0500 (Wed, 07 Dec 2011)
- r48 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-07 01:37:22 -0500 (Wed, 07 Dec 2011)
- r47 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-07 01:28:06 -0500 (Wed, 07 Dec 2011)
- r46 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-06 17:25:20 -0500 (Tue, 06 Dec 2011)
- r45 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-05 23:07:46 -0500 (Mon, 05 Dec 2011)
  - added operations
- r44 | katherineAScott@gmail.com | 2011-12-05 22:14:09 -0500 (Mon, 05 Dec 2011)
  - moved this over from the drop box
- r43 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-05 09:54:28 -0500 (Mon, 05 Dec 2011)
- r42 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-12-01 19:24:05 -0500 (Thu, 01 Dec 2011)
- r41 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-24 20:49:34 -0500 (Thu, 24 Nov 2011)
- 2011)
- r40 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-24 20:40:27 -0500 (Thu, 24 Nov 2011)
  - translate
- r39 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-24 20:38:17 -0500 (Thu, 24 Nov 2011)
- code-generation-version 1.0
- r38 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-23 21:56:35 -0500 (Wed, 23 Nov 2011)
- code-generation-version 0.0
- r37 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-20 21:23:38 -0500 (Sun, 20 Nov 2011)
  - Copied the code in mli to ml

- r36 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-20 21:20:13 -0500 (Sun, 20 Nov 2011)
- r35 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 19:05:26 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r34 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 19:05:19 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r33 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 19:05:02 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r32 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 19:04:28 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r31 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 19:04:21 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r30 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 19:04:15 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r29 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 19:04:06 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r28 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 19:02:31 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
  - ocaml
- r27 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:41:01 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r26 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:40:40 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r25 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:36:11 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
  - java
- r24 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:34:47 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- 2011)
  - java
- r23 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:34:21 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
  - java
- r22 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:33:42 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r21 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:33:35 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r20 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:32:29 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
  - 2011)
  - test-case 2
- r19 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:32:15 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
  - test-case 1
- r18 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:20:20 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r17 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:19:48 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r16 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:19:33 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r15 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:19:17 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r14 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:19:11 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r13 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:18:57 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r12 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:18:22 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r11 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:18:14 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r10 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:18:08 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r9 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:17:57 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r8 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:17:52 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r7 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:17:42 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r6 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:17:33 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r5 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:17:20 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r4 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:17:12 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)
- r3 | heba.elfardy@gmail.com | 2011-11-14 18:14:21 -0500 (Mon, 14 Nov 2011)

## Chapter 5: Architectural Design

### 5.1 Major Architecture Discussion

Our initial project goal was to create a translator that would take in a valid Lattakia program and translate it into a java lattice implementation that could be executed. This design proved to be too technically challenging and complex for the scope of this project. This initial design is displayed in Figure 5.1. This design was challenging for a number of reasons, but one of the most serious concerns was the vast amount of code that needed to be generated to implement a working lattice structure in java. This project began with a working Java lattice library from which we could work, and there were no open source packages upon which we could draw. This meant that in addition to writing our translator we would need to build an entire java lattice library from scratch. One of the major concerns we encountered as we were developing our Java library was the number of arithmetic operations that we had to write. Initially, we intended for lattice arithmetic operations to support a complex type promotion system where lesser types would be promoted to superior types. For example, the addition of the float seqlat (1.0;2.0,3.0) with a string seqlat ("A";"B";"C") would result in the float implementation being promoted to strings and result in ("1A";"2B";"3C"). To realize this in a java library would require that for each integral type, and each lattice type, we would need to define a complex arithmetic function. With three base types (int,float,string), three lattice types (seq,alt,word), and over a dozen operation (+,-,\*,%,/,,unary -, ==,!>=,>,<,<=) the combinatorics of this arrangement were prohibitive.

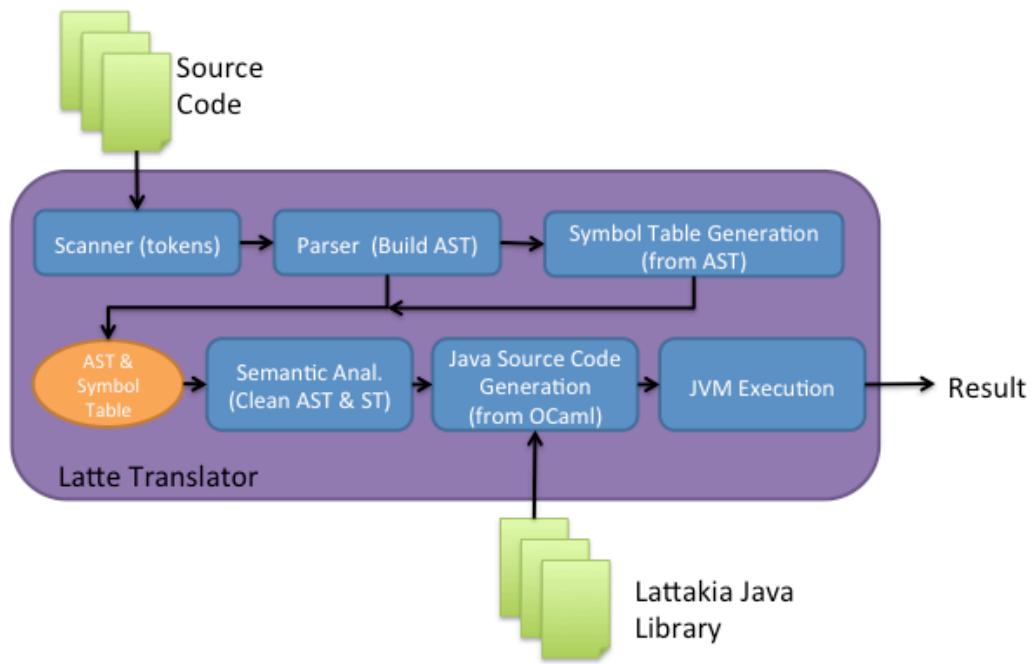


Figure 2: Original Lattakia Block Diagram – translation from Lattakia source to java source code.

The template method we concocted to perform a lattice arithmetic operation was almost 200 lines of code, given that Lattakia has three integral types and a dozen operations we would need to write six permutations of each for each of the dozen comparison and arithmetic operations. Implemented naively this would require roughly 14000 lines of code. We discussed a number of solutions to simplify this process, the first being the use of a polymorphic type to encapsulate operations, and then applying it to our template function. While this approach would have sped up the development process significantly, it was vetoed for fear of the run-time polymorphism being too computationally expensive. A second approach was to have the java code generated automatically using either a Python or Perl script. However there were fears that this approach might be error prone and difficult.

In addition to Java Library concerns, our original design has a number of components that would be difficult to integrate into a final translator. For example, this design required separate code for generating the AST and the symbol table, followed by code to generate the lattice structures in Java. This java source code generation in OCaml is a nightmare from a development process standpoint; as it would be difficult to maintain the code “inside” of our translator. One potential solution would have been for OCaml to parse our java source files directly to generate lattice code, but we were unsure of how to do this. Another possible solution was to use fixed java code snippets within our OCaml code generation module, but this approach would be difficult to debug and update.

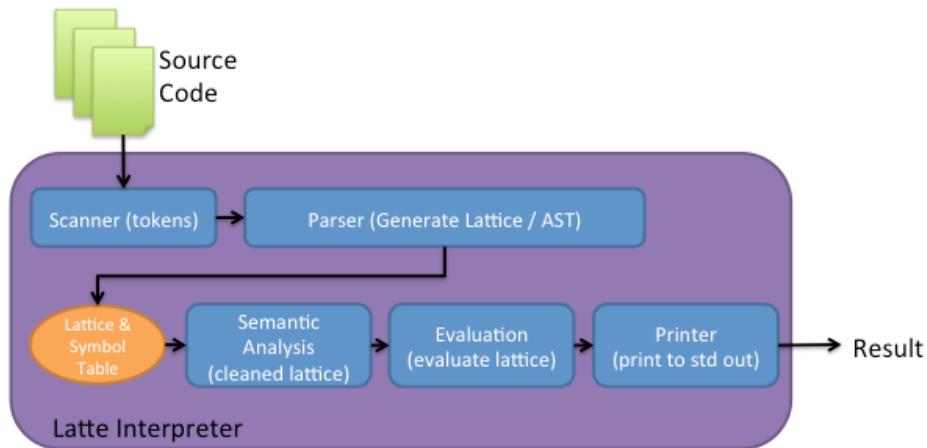


Figure 3: Revised Lattakia Interpreter Block Diagram

At this point in the development process we decided to radically change of project architecture and to dramatically limit the scope of the Lattakia language. A revised system block diagram is given in figure 5.2. As evident in the figure our most significant change was to transition Lattakia from being a language translator to an interpreter. This step allowed us to collapse AST generation, symbol table generation, and lattice formation down to a single step. This change allowed us to treat our AST as our lattice structure and evaluate it directly. Since Lattakia is a functional language doing this allowed us to use the functional tools built into OCaml versus trying to impose functional constructs onto Java. The complex list iteration that we would have had to perform in Java could be replaced with recursion in OCaml and dramatically reduce the amount of code we would need to write. By switching to an interpreter we also avoided the hassle of having a code generation step that would require we place java code snippets into OCaml and the complex testing and debugging

process that would require. We also imposed a number of constraints on Lattakia that differ from the original Language Reference Manual. For example, types are no longer automatically promoted, which makes Lattakia more strongly typed than we would like, but also simplified our development process.

An overview of the revised Lattakia architecture is given in Figure 5.2. The main entry point for the interpreter is the latte module. The latte module holds the O'Caml modules for the scanner, parser and lexer to translate source files into our abstract syntax tree and symbol table. The scanner is contained in scanner.mll and uses the lattice parser and lattice creation package to generate a single lattice structure that functions as both our AST, an initial symbol table, and a set of warning tables, which we collectively call the environment. If scanning proceeds successfully then the environment is passed to the semantic analysis module. If there are any errors during scanning they are reported via the error table in the environment. After scanning is completed the core lattice is passed to the semantic analysis module that performs a limited set of semantic checks, such as making sure all predicates evaluate to a Boolean type, comparing the return types of expressions, and scope errors. If an error is found, an error message is pushed onto the lattice error table and it is printed at the end of semantic analysis. After semantic analysis the lattice structure is passed to evaluation, which traverses and evaluates the lattice structure and reports the results of evaluation. During evaluation the print statement makes heavy use of the print library to print any user output. This output is used to heavily by the testing system.

As discussed previously the entirety of a Lattakia program is treated as a lattice structure (i.e. a seqlat of atomic expressions and labels). This greatly simplifies the evaluation process of the Lattakia language by allowing us to work recursively with a single lattice structure that holds all of the lattices in any given program as well as the global symbol table. When the lattice structure is traversed scoping is performed by creating local copies of the global symbol table. Our implementation of Lattakia is very simplistic at this point, and the entire code base can be contained in only a couple of files. Table 5.1 summarizes all of the Lattakia O'Caml source files (we have omitted the Java files that were deprecated). Each of these modules is discussed in details in the next section.

**Table 5.1 : Lattakia Modules**

Source File	Modules Defined	Function Description
ast.ml	Lattice (the ast) Symbol Table (env)	AST and Symbol Table definition and helper functions.
evaluate.ml	Eval lattice	Evaluates a lattice structure and returns the result.
latparser.ml/latparser.mly	Parser	Lattice semantic definition Expression semantic definition
latte.ml	Latte Interpreter	Main entry point for all modules.
latticeCreation.ml	Lattice manipulation and creation.	Creates lattices from the latte parser.
printLattice.ml	Helper function for debugging and printing output.	Text output.
scanner.mll	O'Caml Scanner	Translates raw code files into

		tokens.
semanticAnalysis.ml	semanticAnalysis	Does basic semantic analysis via type checking.

## 5.2 Components and Interfaces

### 5.2.1 Scanner (Token Generation)

The Lattakia scanner is a vanilla scanner implementation in OCaml. The scanner takes the basic Lattakia input file and converts it to a set of tokens that are passed to the parser.

### 5.2.2 Parser (Lattice, Symbol Table, and AST Generation)

In our interpreter, parsing, AST generation, and AST conversion to a lattice structure are all done in a single pass. Since all code and data in Lattakia is contained in lattices, these lattices are equivalent to the abstract syntax tree, and we are able to bypass the translation step. Specifically, the code in latparser.mly matches Lattakia patterns and generates an equivalent lattice data structure (defined in ast.ml) using the helper functions defined in latticeCreation.ml. During parsing we use a global environment data structure, of type “envType” ; this environment data structure holds a local symbol table, the current lattice, a set of lists for error and warning handling, and assorted book-keeping variables for tracing our path back up the parse tree. When a parse error is encountered we create an errorType data structure, report the results, place the error in the environment, and continue to parse the file. When parsing completes we check the error table in the environment and report any errors. Errors during parsing are specified using a errorCategoryType and errorMessageType, the category of the error will be either a warning, syntactic, or lexical, while the message type will either be a SynParseError, or a LexUndefinedSymbol. These parse errors are handled in the main latte.ml function and are printed to the screen.

### 5.2.3 Lattice/Environment

The Lattakia parser returns an environment data type which contains a list of lattice fields and, the symbol table, and various other data types. After parsing this data type is piped to the semantic analysis, evaluation, and printing modules. Within the environment data type, the lattice field list data structure serves as a representation of the source code (see Figure 5.2). The lattice field list data structure contains the dataStructureTypeType which is a tuple of the dataTypeType (e.g. float, int, string, Boolean, or general) and the structureTypeType (either word, altlat, seqlat, or unknown). The lattice field data structure also contains latticeType which is a polymorphic data type that holds either a seqlat, an altlat, an expression, or a predicate. The seqlat lattice type holds a list of lattice fields for each element, while the altlat lattice holds a list of lattice fields for each alternative. The expression lattice type holds the expression type (e.g. constant, an operation, a lookup, lattice operation), and the return type of the expression (constant, lattice, or unknown). Predicate lattice types hold two expression types, one for the conditional, and one for the resulting condition if action evaluates to true. The latEval member of a lattice field holds a list of other lattice fields which may be part of the current lattice. Finally the lattice field has a set of list for parameters and types if the lattice represents a function..

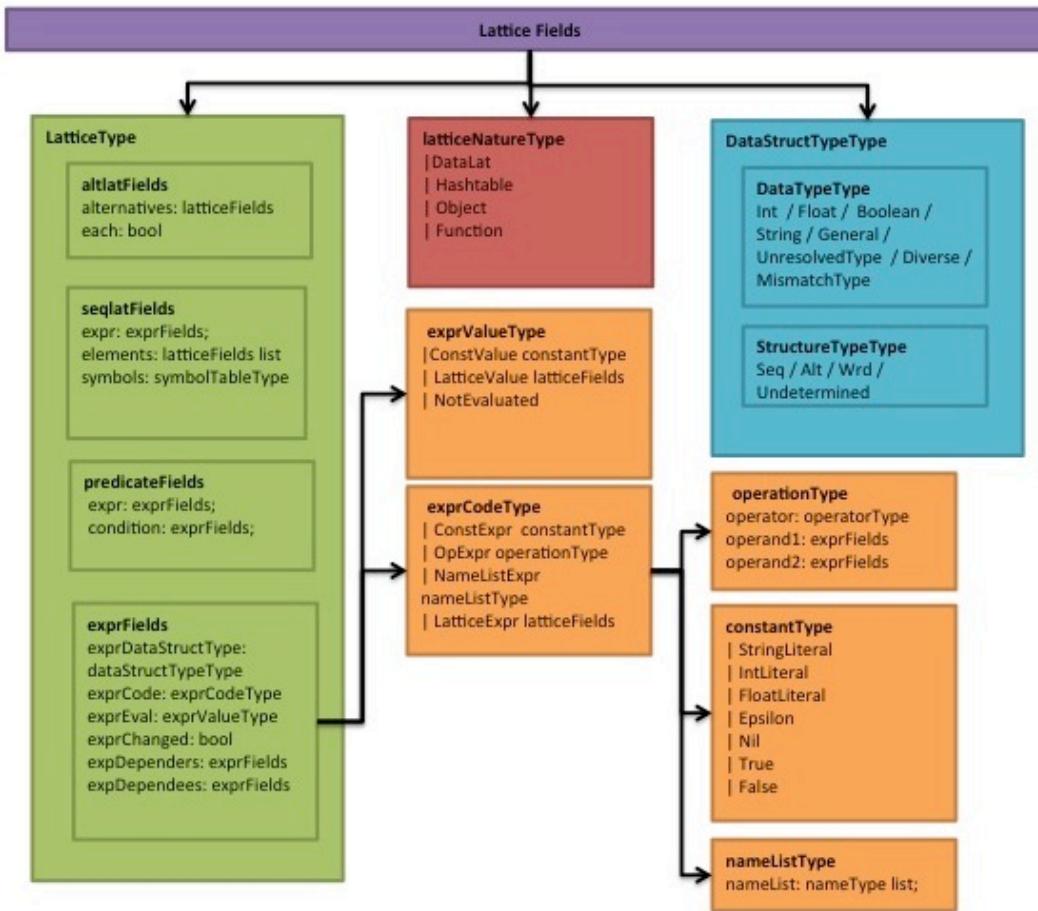


Figure 4.2 The Lattice Field Data Structure take from ast.ml

The symbol table data structure contains a string map between symbol names and a symbolType data structure (see Figure 5.3). The symbolType data structure holds a description of the dataType (lattice type, and integral type), the symbol value, a value indicating the scope of the symbol, and the symbol name. This symbol table is then used in the environment data type. The environment data structure holds a symbol table, a stack identification number generator, a table of warnings and errors, a pointer to the symbol table entry of the current lattice, and a number for the current code line and column.

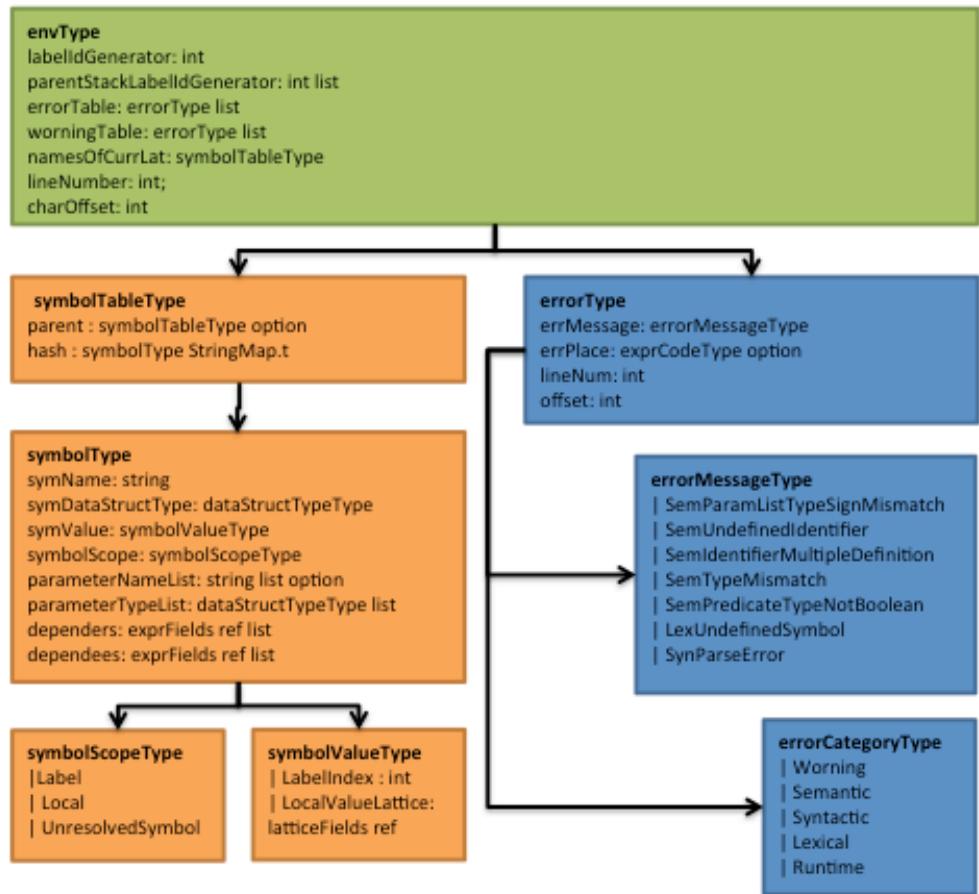


Figure 5.3: The envType data structure – this data structure holds the lattice, the symbol table, and the warning and error tables.

#### **5.2.4 Semantic Analysis**

All of the Lattakia semantic analysis is performed in the semanticAnalysis.ml file, using the root lattice data structure and the environment data type. The majority of the semantic checks performed by Lattakia fall into the category of type match checking. Semantic type checking is performed by descending the lattice structure until only constant types are encountered and then comparing the returned types used in every expression. For example, in arithmetic operations all of the variables and constants must have the same type, and this value must match the value on the left hand side of an assignment. Any deviation from rule will result in semantic error that will be placed in the environment's error table. We perform other, additional, semantic checks on the lattice during the recursion for basic type checking. For example, the Lattakia interpreter checks that all predicates evaluate to a Boolean type, and that all variables are defined only once in the scope of the symbol table. Lattakia also checks the semantics of function calls to validate that functions are defined and that the number of parameters passed to a function are correct.

#### **5.2.5 Evaluation**

After semantic analysis Lattakia proceeds to evaluate the lattice structure by descending the lattice structure and processing each lattice until the end of the tree is reached. Lattakia evaluates each lattice expression and returns the results of the operation as values in the symbol table. Print statements are handled by the Lattakia print utility. During evaluation if any type mismatch occurs between the components in an expression Lattakia throws a run-time type mismatch exception.

#### **5.2.6 Latte (interpreter)**

The latte interpreter integrates all of the other Lattakia modules together into a single executable interpreter. Once compiled the Latte, or the Lattakia interpreter takes in a single Lattakia file, attempts to parse it, and if this succeeds executes the program.

### **5.3 Work Breakdown**

#### **5.3.1 Kat's Work**

For my old group I did a lot of the initial language design and I wrote the vast majority of the LRM. With this group I started off by doing the Java implementation of the lattice library, and I brought the problems with lattice arithmetic to Wael's attention. When the team decided to pivot from making an interpreter to a translator I wrote the first draft of the semantic analysis and the print function. I also wrote the testing scripts and all of the test case and the majority of the final report and final presentation.

#### **5.3.2 Heba's Work**

At the beginning of the project, I worked on testing the parser by tracing the output of each rule.(To make sure it's working and to give me a better understanding of the language). Then I worked on building the AST, code-generation and type checking in ocaml.(Basically calling the functions that Kat was working on in Java) However we then decided that we will not continue in this direction and will implement an ocaml interpreter instead so I worked on implementing this interpreter given the new lattice data-structure. I also worked on writing the Language Reference Manual and the final report.

### **5.3.3 Wael's Work**

I worked on defining the language, writing and solving the grammar, writing backend Java code for the compiler, writing the new Lattice data structure for the interpreter, creating the lattice in the parser, writing code for semantic analysis and evaluation.

### **5.3.4 Li's Work**

I wrote an annotated grammar, in the format that is similar to the grammar of the C-language-manual. And I tested part of the java-code of our language, to find if the java code correctly captures the format of the basic element of our language-the lattice. And in the last half of our period, I took an independent task of writing a test editor which can highlight the tokens of our grammar, but haven't got a working version on it yet.

# Chapter 6: Test Plan

## 6.1 Testing Overview

```
&> cd ./lattakia/test-cases/  
&> make tests
```

For this project we put together a very primitive black-box unit testing suite similar to the one discussed in class. Each test looked solely at the interpreter output and attempted to pick apart a single application of the language. The testing suite consists of a body of source code file each with a “ground truth” text output file (e.g. foo.lat has a matching foo.txt file), and a testing shell script. The testing suite was integrated with our project Makefiles so that testing could be performed after each build. The testing shell script works by consuming all of the lattika source files in a directory one at a time and applying the files to the latte interpreter. If the interpreter fails to parse the file this result is sent to a log file and printed to the screen. If the interpreter does parse the file, the output is placed in a file with the “.out” extension. This “.out” file is then diffed with the ground truth text file. If there is no difference between the two files the test passes and this is noted on the screen and log file. If the test fails this is also noted on the screen and in the log file; in this case the diff file and out files are also kept for debugging purposes. Our test cases fall into three main categories: functional tests written directly from the LRM, ad-hoc tests written to specifically examine bugs, and integration or system testing intended to look at the function of the system as a whole. The testing suite can be run from the command line by following examples:

## 6.2 Testing Examples

```
let z = 1;  
def foo(x,y) = 1;  
def bar(x,y) = x*y;  
def fnord(x,y) = x*y*z;  
let a = foo(1,2);  
let b = bar(1,2);  
let c = fnord(2,3);  
print(a);  
print(b);  
print(c);
```

The code below gives and example of unit test 16 (TEST16Functions.lat) which tests the application of simple functions. This code segmented is provided to give and example of a representative unit test. The output of this code is diffed against the TEST16Functions.txt file which contains the following values.

```
1  
2  
6
```

Once the test is applied the following information is printed to the log file.

```
-----  
Starting test  
Base File Name: ./TEST16Functions  
Truth File: ./TEST16Functions.txt  
Output File: ./TEST16Functions.out  
Diff File: ./TEST16Functions.diff  
--->FAILED: latte terminated - DUMPING
```

### 6.3 Test Case Burn Down

The following section contains three tables that summarizes each of the tests found in our testing suite. Table 6.1 provides our unit tests used to validate our language reference manual. Table 6.2 gives a list of the ad-hoc unit tests we used to debug our code in process. Table 6.3 gives complex functional tests and example programs we created to demonstrate our language

**Table 6.1 Lattakia Functional Tests**

Test Name	Description	Pass	Author
TEST01BasicLat	Creation of basic alt and seq lats	Yes	KAS
TEST02Expressions	Complex mathematical expressions on ints and floats	NO	KAS
TEST03Concatenation	Concatenating lattices	NO	KAS
TEST04DepPred	Lattices with dependent predicates	NO	KAS
TEST05ForEach	For each looping constructs	NO	KAS
TEST06Floats	Floating point number lattice representations	NO	KAS
TEST07IndepPred	Parsing lattice predicates	NO	KAS
TEST08Indexing	Indexing into lattices	NO	KAS
TEST09Ints	Basic ints and int lattices	NO	KAS
TEST10BadID	Test basic identifiers	Yes	KAS
TEST11BadString	Catch malformed strings	Yes	KAS
TEST12Looping	More looping constructs	NO	KAS
TEST13Print	Test the print() method	Yes	KAS
TEST14Comment	Test parsing multi-line comments.	Yes	KAS
TEST15Strings	Test parsing strings.	Yes	KAS
TEST16Functions	Test basic single parameter functions.	NO	KAS
TEST17Functions	Test multiple parameter functions	NO	KAS
TEST18Identifiers	Test parsing of valid identifiers.	Yes	KAS
TEST19Variables	Test parsing of int/float/string variables.	Yes	KAS
TEST20DepVars	Test basic variable expressions (e.g. x=y*3)	NO	KAS
TEST21LatAdd	Basic Lattice arithmetic operations.	NO	KAS
TEST22Labels	Lattice Labels	NO	KAS
TEST23ParseError	Parse Error	YES	KAS
TEST24MultipleDef	Multiply defined variables	YES	KAS
TEST25PredicateTest	Basic predicates tests	YES	KAS
TEST26TypeMismatch	Comparison between two types	YES	KAS
TEST27Undef	Variable not defined	YES	KaS
TEST28Functions	Really really basic functions	YES	KAS
TEST29Identifiers	Basic Identifiers	YES	KAS
TEST30NestedLats	Test nested lattices	YES	KAS
TEST31Predicates	Test predicates	YES	KAS
TEST32WordOps	Test operations on strings	YES	KAS

**Table 6.2 Lattakia Functional Tests**

Test Name	Description	Pass	Author
FTEST01-Heba	????	YES	Heba
FTEST02-GCD	Greatest common denominator of two digits	YES	Wael

FTEST03-FIB	Calculate the nth digit of the Fibonnaci sequence	YES	Wael
FTEST04-POS	Parts of speech tagger.	YES	Wael
FTEST05-Factorial	Calculate the factorial of n	YES	Kat
FTEST06-quicksort	Quicksort example	YES	Wael

## **Chapter 7: Lessons Learned**

### **7.1 General Lessons Learned**

The group consensus is that fundamentally our language was much too difficult for the scope of a semester project. It was difficult enough working in O'Caml to build a compiler and the complexities of the lattice structure further slowed our progress. Additionally, we tried to work independently on the project for too long and we would have made much more progress on the project working together to team from the outset.

### **7.2 Kat Lessons Learned**

I think the general lessons I learned for this project were in team management. This project would have been manageable if the language was straight forward, but with such a complex language it was important to have everyone in a room working together. My initial gut reaction upon joining group was the project was not being managed correctly. For example, there was no source control, and it was extremely difficult to get everyone in a room to work together. I should have been more assertive about getting the project moving forward. Furthermore, not everyone was always clear about the language constructs. This made it difficult for me to move forward with doing semantic analysis or code generation. Aside from language difficulties, I could have been more assertive about getting a subset of the language working first and then expanding upon it. Our development process was such that semantic analysis and code generation were done concurrently and I would have liked to see evaluation completed before moving on to semantic analysis. I devoted a significant amount of time to generating a testing framework that never really got used because we didn't have an easy way to remove the copious debugging information printed by the translator. I think if I could have gotten Wael to use the test cases we could have made more progress.

### **7.3 Heba Lessons Learned**

It's always better to start with a simple kernel that captures the basic idea, get it working then work on adding more pieces to it because overwhelming yourself with many details will at some point make you lose the big picture. Define your language in such a way that you spend more time learning concepts needed to build a compiler rather than spend much time learning your own language. Make sure all team-members have the same target

### **7.4 Wael Lessons Learned**

I should've learned more about functional language theory before defining the language and should've looked at different interesting functional languages. Now, I find functional languages more interesting especially OCaml and its type inference (because I faced some similar problems). I learned that I should always think a lot of what I'm doing before implementing and do always what make more sense not the easy way out, for example, defining a powerful lattice data structure in OCaml make my life easier when I advance to the next steps. I used SVN for the first time, and I gained knowledge and experience in many theoretical and technical issues.

## **7.5 Li Lessons Learned**

The compiler that we build let me learn that write a language is not easy. And actually what we built likes a subversion of Ocaml, which is quite complicated. Before I haven't done like thousands of programs like my teammates, I only did some in hardware, or in C or Java because I am an EE student. We have several meetings before I get the independent work, and we argue on it and discuss on it and made improvements. And an editor with the functionality to highlight the grammar looks simple but isn't actually that simple because of the new language has a new interface that is not easy to implement.

## Appendix A: Source Code

### Ast.ml source code

```
(**
** Latakia Compiler
** Columbia University COMS-4115
** Programming Languages and Translators
** Authors:
** Wael Salloum
**)
module StringMap = Map.Make(String);;

type operatorType =
    Plus | Minus | Times | Divide | Percent | Or | And | Equal | NotEqual | Less
  | LessOrEqual | Greater | GreaterOrEqual | Tilde
    | UniMinus | Not | Eval | DontOpt | Let | DirectAccess | Assign | FuncCall |
Define

type latticeNatureType = DataLat (* No label or conditions *) | Hashtable (*at least
on hash label *) | Object (*at
least on ID label *) | Funcion (*at least on condition *)
type structureTypeType = Seq | Alt | Wrld | UndeterminedStruct
type dataTypeType = Int | Float | Boolean | String | General (*for epsilon and nil*)
                                         | UnresolvedType | Diverse
| MismatchType

and dataStructTypeType = dataTypeType * structureTypeType

type predefinedLabelType = LENGTH | COUNT | LABELS | CLONE | REVERSE | RETURN | LOOP |
GET_LOST | INDEX | SUBJECT
(*****)
type latticeFields = {
  mutable latDataStructType: dataStructTypeType;
  mutable latNature: latticeNatureType; (*Not used yet*)
  mutable lateEval: exprValueType list option;
  mutable lattice: latticeType; (* Seqlat | Altlat | Predicate | Expr *)
  mutable paramNameList: string list option; (*used when created in parser*)
  mutable paramTypeList: dataStructTypeType list option; (*used when processed in
semantic analysis*)
  mutable hasChanged: bool; (*Not used yet*) (*true if at least one dependee has
changed*)
  mutable optimize: bool;
}

and latticeType = Seqlat of seqlatFields
                  | Altlat of altlatFields
                  | Predicate of predicateFields
                  | Expr of exprFields

and predicateFields = {
  mutable expr: exprFields;
  mutable condition: exprFields;
}

and altlatFields = {
  mutable alternatives: latticeFields list;
  mutable each: bool;
}
```

```

and seqLatFields = {
    mutable elements: latticeFields list;
    mutable symbols: symbolTableType;
}

and symbolTableType = {
    mutable parent : symbolTableType option;
    mutable hash : symbolType StringMap.t;
}

and symbolType = {
    mutable symName: string;
    mutable symDataStructType: dataStructTypeType;
    mutable symValue: symbolValueType;
    mutable symbolScope: symbolScopeType;
    mutable parameterNameList: string list option; (*used when created in parser*)
    mutable parameterTypeList: dataStructTypeType list option; (*used when
processed in semantic analysis*)
    mutable dependers: exprFields ref list; (*Not used yet*)
    mutable dependees: exprFields ref list; (*Not used yet*)
}

and symbolValueType = LabelIndex of int | LocalValueLattice of latticeFields ref

and symbolScopeType = Label | Local | UnresolvedSymbol

(*****)
and exprFields = {
    mutable exprDataStructType: dataStructTypeType;
    mutable exprCode: exprCodeType; (*ConstExpr | LatticeExpr | OpExpr |
NameListExpr *)
    mutable exprEval: exprValueType; (*ConstValue | LatticeValue | NotEvaluated *)
    mutable exprChanged: bool; (*Not used yet*) (*true if at least one dependee has
changed*)
    mutable expDependers: exprFields list; (*Not used yet*)
    mutable expDependees: exprFields list; (*Not used yet*)
}
and exprCodeType = ConstExpr of constantType | OpExpr of operationType | NameListExpr
of nameListType | LatticeExpr of latticeFields
and exprValueType = ConstValue of constantType | LatticeValue of latticeFields | NotEvaluated

and constantType = StringLiteral of string | IntLiteral of int | FloatLiteral of float
| Epsilon | Nil | True | False

and operationType = {
    mutable operator: operatorType;
    mutable operand1: exprFields;
    mutable operand2: exprFields option;
}
(*****)

and nameListType = {
    mutable nameList: nameType list;
}

and nameType = This | PredefinedLabel of predefinedLabelType
    | IndexingOp of structureTypeType * latticeType (*uses: Seq (for []), Alt
(for {}), and UndeterminedStruct (for @)*)
    | HashOp of exprFields | Id of string
    | Each of latticeType

```

```

(******)
(******)
(******)
and errorCategoryType = Warning | Semantic | Syntactic | Lexical | Runtime
and errorMessageType =
    SemParamListTypeSignMismatch
  | SemUndefinedIdentifier of string
  | SemIdentifierMultipleDefinition
  | SemTypeMismatch
  | SemPredicateTypeNotBoolean
  | LexUndefinedSymbol of string
  | SynParseError

and errorType = {
    mutable errMessage: errorMessageType;
    mutable errPlace: exprCodeType option;
    mutable lineNumber: int;
    mutable offset: int;
}

and envType = {
    mutable labelIdGenerator: int;
    mutable parentStackLabelIdGenerator: int list;
    mutable errorTable: errorType list;
    mutable warningTable: errorType list;
    mutable namesOfCurrLat: symbolTableType; (*The SymbolTable of the current
lattice *)
    mutable poppedSymbolTable: symbolTableType;
    mutable lineNumber: int; (*cursor position in source code*)
    mutable charOffset: int; (*cursor position in source code*)
}

let env = {
    labelIdGenerator = -1;
    parentStackLabelIdGenerator = [];
    errorTable = [];
    warningTable = [];
    namesOfCurrLat = {parent = None; hash = StringMap.empty};
    poppedSymbolTable = {parent = None; hash = StringMap.empty};
    lineNumber = 0;
    charOffset = 0;
    (*pos = {pos_fname=""}; pos_lnum=0; pos_bol=0; pos_cnum=0*)
};;

let rec symbolTableSearchFor (scope : symbolTableType) name =
  try
    StringMap.find name scope.hash
  with Not_found ->
    match scope.parent with
      Some(parent) -> symbolTableSearchFor parent name
    | _ -> raise Not_found

let rec symbolTableSearchForLabel (scope : symbolTableType) name =
  let sym = StringMap.find name scope.hash in
  match sym.symbolScope with
    | Label -> sym
    | _ -> raise Not_found

(******)
(******)
(******)
type lattice = (latticeFields list) * envType

```

## Clone.ml Source Code

```

(*
** Latakia Compiler
** Columbia University COMS-4115
** Programming Languages and Translators
** Authors:
** Wael Salloum
**)
(* Clone Lattice *)

open Ast
open LatticeCreation
open PrintLattice

(*-----*)
(*-----*)
(*-----*)
(*-----*)

type cloneEnv = {
    mutable currentLat: latticeFields;
    mutable parentStack: latticeFields list;
}
let clnEnv = {currentLat = LatticeCreation.createEmptyLattice []; parentStack = []}

let rec cloneLattice _lattice _doCloneCode = (*return an error string -if it is empty
we are good*)
    processLattice _lattice _doCloneCode

and processLattice (_lattice: latticeFields) _doCloneCode = (*input a latticeFields,
which is our AST*)
{
    latDataStructType = _lattice.latDataStructType;
    latNature = _lattice.latNature;
    latEval = _lattice.latEval;
    paramNameList = _lattice.paramNameList;
    paramTypeList = _lattice.paramTypeList;
    hasChanged = _lattice.hasChanged;
    optimize = _lattice.optimize;
    lattice = if _doCloneCode = false then _lattice.lattice
              else (match _lattice.lattice with
                     | Seqlat(seqlat) -> (
                         clnEnv.parentStack <-
                         clnEnv.currentLat :: clnEnv.parentStack (*PUSH*);;
                         Seqlat(processSeqlat seqlat _doCloneCode) in
                         clnEnv.parentStack (*POP*);;
                         clnEnv.parentStack (*Remove*);;
                         seqlatClone
                     )
                     | Altlat(altnat) -> Altlat(processAltlat altnat
                         _doCloneCode)
                     | Predicate(pred) -> Predicate(processPredicate pred
                         _doCloneCode)
                     | Expr(expr) -> Expr(processExpr expr _doCloneCode)
                     )
    )
}

(*-----*)
and processSeqlat _seqlat _doCloneCode = (*do the seq lat *)

```

```

(*List.map (processLattice) _seqlat.elements*)
rf("Not Implemented.")
(*****)

and processAltlat _altlat _doCloneCode = (*do the alt lat *)
    (*List.map (processLattice) _altlat.alternatives*)
    rf("Not Implemented.")
(*****)
(* go through a lattice list and make sure all of the types are the same *)
and getLatticeListType(_latticeList, (_prevType: dataStructTypeType), (_mismatchType: dataStructTypeType)) _doCloneCode=
    (*match _latticeList with
    | [] -> _prevType
    | hd::tl -> let (hdType: dataStructTypeType) = processLattice hd in
        if ((fst _prevType) = (fst hdType)) && ((snd _prevType) = (snd hdType)) then
            (getLatticeListType(tl, hdType, _mismatchType))
        else (_mismatchType, UndeterminedStruct)*)
    rf("Not Implemented.")
(*****)

and processPredicate _pred _doCloneCode =
    (* Use the symbol table to compare predicate types - i.e no int < string *)
    (*let cond = (processExpr _pred.condition) in
        let pred = processExpr _pred.expr in
        match cond with
            | (Boolean, Wrd) -> pred
            | (_, _) -> addToErrorTable(SemPredicateTypeNotBoolean, None);*)
    (MismatchType, UndeterminedStruct*)
    rf("Not Implemented.")
(*****)
(* Do a expression return a type*)
and processExpr (_expr: exprFields) _doCloneCode =
    {
        exprDataStructType = _expr.exprDataStructType;
        exprCode = if _doCloneCode = false then
            _expr.exprCode
        else rf("Not Implemented.")
        (*match _expr.exprCode with
        | ConstExpr(const) -> processConst const
        | OpExpr(op) -> processOp op (*lookup from
symbol table*)
        | NameListExpr(nameList) ->
            processNameList(cjnEnv.currentLat, nameList.nameList)
        | LatticeExpr(lattice) -> processLattice
lattice _doCloneCode
        *)
        ; (*ConstExpr | LatticeExpr | OpExpr |
NameListExpr *)
        exprEval = cloneExprEval _expr.exprEval; (*ConstExpr
| LatticeExpr *)
        exprChanged = _expr.exprChanged; (*a constant cannot
change*)
        expDependers = _expr.expDependers;
        expDependees = _expr.expDependees;
    }

and cloneExprEval _exprEval =
    match _exprEval with
        | ConstValue(x) -> ConstValue(x)
        | LatticeValue(lat) -> LatticeValue(processLattice lat true)
        | NotEvaluated -> NotEvaluated
(*****)

and isWordOperator = function
    | Plus -> true | Minus -> true | Times -> true | Divide -> true | Percent ->
true | Or -> true | And -> true | Less -> true

```

```

    | UniMinus -> true | Not -> true | LessOrEqual -> true | Greater -> true |
GreaterOrEqual -> true
    | _ -> false
    (*Tilde | Eval | DontOpt | Let | DirectAccess | Assign | FuncCall | Define |
Equal | NotEqual*)
and doCheckOperandsBeforeCheckingOperator = function
    | Plus -> true | Minus -> true | Times -> true | Divide -> true | Percent ->
true | Or -> true | And -> true | Less -> true
    | UniMinus -> true | Not -> true | LessOrEqual -> true | Greater -> true |
GreaterOrEqual -> true
    | Tilde -> true | Eval -> true | DontOpt -> true | Let -> true | DirectAccess -
> false | Assign -> true
    | FuncCall -> true | Define -> false | Equal -> true | NotEqual -> true

(* given an operation expression return the type it _should_ return *)
and processOp op =
    rf("Not Implemented.")
(*           let op1type = if doCheckOperandsBeforeCheckingOperator op.operator then
processExpr op.operand1 else (General, Wrd) in
    let op2type = if doCheckOperandsBeforeCheckingOperator op.operator then
        (match op.operand2 with
        | None -> (General, Wrd) (*Apply to all: most general case*)
        | Some(opr) -> (processExpr opr)) else (General, Wrd) in
    if (isWordOperator op.operator)
        && (match (snd op1type, snd op2type) with
            | (Wrd, Wrd) -> false (*No problem*)
            | (_, _) -> true)
        then (MismatchType, UndeterminedStruct)
        else
            (match op.operator with
(* Arithmetic Operations *)
    | Plus -> (
        match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
        | (Int, Int) -> (Int, Wrd)
        | (Float, Float) -> (Float, Wrd)
        | (String, String) -> (String, Wrd)
        | (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
    )
    | Minus -> (
        match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
        | (Int, Int) -> (Int, Wrd)
        | (Float, Float) -> (Float, Wrd)
        | (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
    )
    | Times -> (
        match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
        | (Int, Int) -> (Int, Wrd)
        | (Float, Float) -> (Float, Wrd)
        | (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
    )
    | Divide -> (
        match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
        | (Int, Int) -> (Int, Wrd)
        | (Float, Float) -> (Float, Wrd)
        | (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
    )

```

```

        )
| Percent -> (
    match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
        | (Int, Int) -> (Int, Wrd)
        | (Float, Float) -> (Float, Wrd)
        | (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
    )
| UniMinus -> (
    match (fst op1type) with
        | (Int) -> (Int, Wrd)
        | (Float) -> (Float, Wrd)
        | (General) -> (General, Wrd)
        | (_) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
    )
(* Logical Operations *)
| Or -> (
    match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
        | (Boolean, Boolean) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
    )
| And -> (
    match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
        | (Boolean, Boolean) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
    )
| Not -> (
    match (fst op1type) with
        | (Boolean) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (General) -> (General, Wrd)
        | (_) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
    )
(* Comparison Operations *)
| Equal -> (
    match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
        | (Int, Int) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (Float, Float) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (String, String) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (General, t) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (t, General) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
    )
| NotEqual -> (
    match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
        | (Int, Int) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (Float, Float) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (String, String) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (General, t) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (t, General) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
    )
| Less -> (
    match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
        | (Int, Int) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (Float, Float) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (String, String) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (General, t) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
        | (t, General) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    )

```

```

) | ( _, _ ) -> ( MismatchType, Wrd )
)
| LessOrEqual -> (
  match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
    | (Int, Int) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (Float, Float) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (String, String) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (General, t) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (t, General) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | ( _, _ ) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
  )
| Greater -> (
  match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
    | (Int, Int) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (Float, Float) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (String, String) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (General, t) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (t, General) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | ( _, _ ) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
  )
| GreaterOrEqual -> (
  match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
    | (Int, Int) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (Float, Float) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (String, String) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (General, t) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (t, General) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | ( _, _ ) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
  )
)
(* Misc Operations: Tilde | Eval | DontOpt | Let | DirectAccess | Assign | FuncCall |
Define | Equal | NotEqual*)

| Tilde ->
  let structType = (match (snd op1type, snd op2type)
with
  | (Wrd, Wrd) -> Seq
  | (Wrd, x) -> x
  | (Seq, _) -> Seq
  | (Alt, _) -> Alt
  | (UndeterminedStruct, _) ->
    UndeterminedStruct
  )
in
let dataType = (match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
  | (Int, Int) -> Int
  | (Float, Float) -> Float
  | (String, String) -> String
  | (Boolean, Boolean) -> Boolean
  | (General, t) -> t
  | (t, General) -> t
  | (UnresolvedType, _) ->
    UnresolvedType
  | ( _, UnresolvedType) ->
    UnresolvedType
  | (MismatchType, _) ->
    MismatchType
  | ( _, MismatchType) ->
    MismatchType
  | ( _, _) -> Diverse
  )
in
(match (dataType, structType) with
  | (Diverse, Alt) -> (MismatchType, Alt)
  | ( _, _) -> (dataType, structType))
)
| Eval -> (

```

```

        match (fst op1type, snd op1type) with
        | (x, Wrd) -> (x, Wrd)
        | (x, Seq) -> (x, UndeterminedStruct)
        | (x, Alt) -> (x, UndeterminedStruct)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
    )
| DontOpt -> op1type
| Let -> (General, Wrd)
| DirectAccess ->
    let nameList = (match (gs op.operand2 "") .exprCode with
NameListExpr(nameListEx) -> nameListEx.nameList | _ -> rf("BUG:
SemanticAnalysis.processOp(): DirectAccess: nameList!"))
    let lattice = (match op.operand1.exprCode with
LatticeExpr(lat) -> lat | _ -> rf("BUG: SemanticAnalysis.processOp(): DirectAccesss:
lattice!"))
    processNameList(lattice, nameList)
| FuncCall ->
    let funcNameList = (match op.operand1.exprCode with
NameListExpr(nameListEx) -> nameListEx.nameList | _ -> rf("BUG:
SemanticAnalysis.processOp(): FuncCall: funcLattice!"))
    let (idSymOpt, idLatOpt) = try
LatticeCreation.findNameListSymbolInLatticeFields(clnEnv.currentLat, funcNameList)
    with Not_found ->
addToErrorTable(SemUndefinedIdentifier(PrintLattice.processNameList {parent = None;
hash = StringMap.empty} funcNameList), None); (None, None)
    in
    (match idLatOpt with
    | None -> (UnresolvedType, UndeterminedStruct)
    | Some(funcLattice) -> (
        let expr = (gs op.operand2 "") in
        let lattice = (match expr.exprCode with
LatticeExpr(lat) -> lat | _ -> createEmptyLattice [createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType
(Expr(expr))]) in
        if funcLattice.paramNameList = None
    then (MismatchType, UndeterminedStruct)
        else if funcLattice.paramTypeList =
None then (
            calcParamTypeList(lattice,
funcLattice) then
                processLattice(funcLattice)
            else
                (MismatchType,
UndeterminedStruct)
        )
        else
            if
checkParameterTypes(funcLattice.paramTypeList, lattice) then
                funcLattice.latDataStructType
            else
                (MismatchType,
UndeterminedStruct)
        )))
    | Assign ->
        let nameList = (match op.operand1.exprCode with
NameListExpr(n) -> n.nameList | _ -> rf("BUG: SymanticAnalysis: Assign: NameList-2!"))
        in
        let (idSymOpt, idLatOpt) = try
LatticeCreation.findNameListSymbolInLatticeFields(clnEnv.currentLat, nameList)
        with Not_found ->
addToErrorTable(SemUndefinedIdentifier(PrintLattice.processNameList {parent = None;
hash = StringMap.empty} nameList), None); (None, None)

```

```

                in
let idSymbolType = (match idSymOpt with
    | None -> (UnresolvedType, UndeterminedStruct)
    | Some(idSymbol) -> idSymbol.symDataStructType) in
let rvalueType =
    (match (fst idSymbolType, fst op2type) with
        | (General, t) -> (t, snd op2type)
        | (t, General) -> (t, snd op2type)
        | (x, y) -> if x = y then (x, snd
op2type) else (MismatchType, snd op2type)
    ) in rvalueType
| Define ->
    let idSymbolOpt =
LatticeCreation.findInSymbolTable((LatticeCreation.getSymbolTableFromSeqlat
cInEnv.currentLat),
                                    (match op.operand1.exprCode with
NameListExpr(n) ->
                                        (match List.hd n.nameList with Id(x) ->
x | _ -> rf("BUG: SymanticAnalysis: Define: NameList-1!"))
                                        | _ -> rf("BUG: SymanticAnalysis:
Define: NameList-2!")))
                                    in
                                        let rvalueType = processExpr (gs op.operand2 "") in
                                        match idSymbolOpt with
                                            | None -> rf("BUG: SymanticAnalysis: Define:
NameList-3!")
                                            | Some(idSymbol) -> (idSymbol.symDataStructType <-
rvalueType; rvalueType)
(******)
and processConst = function (*return the type so we can do type checking*)
| StringLiteral(_) -> (String, Wrd)
| IntLiteral(_) -> (Int, Wrd)
| FloatLiteral(_) -> (Float, Wrd)
| Epsilon -> (General, Wrd)
| Nil -> (General, Wrd)
| True -> (Boolean, Wrd)
| False -> (Boolean, Wrd)
(******)
(* make sure that x.y.z is in the right symbol table scope*)
and processNameList(_lattice, _nameList) =
(*
    let (idSymOpt, idLatOpt) = try
LatticeCreation.findNameListSymbolInLatticeFields(_lattice, _nameList)
        with Not_found ->
addToErrorTable(SemUndefinedIdentifier(PrintLattice.processNameList {parent = None;
hash = StringMap.empty} _nameList), None); (None, None)
    in
        let idSymbolType = (match idSymOpt with
            | None -> (UnresolvedType, UndeterminedStruct)
            | Some(idSymbol) -> idSymbol.symDataStructType
        ) in idSymbolType
*)
rf("Not Implemented.")
(******)
and checkParameterTypes(_paramTypeList, _paramValueLattice) =
(*let elements = getSeqlatElementsFromLatticeFields _paramValueLattice in
List.fold_left2 (fun a b c -> a && (b == c.latDataStructType)) true (gs
_paramTypeList "BUG: checkParameterTypes!") elements*)
rf("Not Implemented.")

and calcParamTypeList(_paramLattice, _funcLattice) =
(*let elements = getSeqlatElementsFromLatticeFields _paramLattice in
if (List.length elements) <> (List.length (gs _funcLattice.paramNameList
"BUG: calcParamTypeList")) then false

```

```
else let paramTypeList = List.map (fun x -> x.latDataStructType) elements
in
    _funcLattice.paramTypeList <- Some(paramTypeList); true*)
rf("Not Implemented.")
```

## evaluate.ml Source Code

```

open Ast
open LatticeCreation
open PrintLattice
open SemanticAnalysis
open Clone

(******)
(******)
type comparison = Eq | Lt | Gt | NilEncountered

type evalEnvType = {
    mutable parentStack: latticeFields list;
    mutable currentLat: latticeFields;
}

let evalEnv = {
    parentStack = [];
    currentLat = LatticeCreation.createEmptyLattice [];
}

let preEvalEnv = {
    parentStack = [];
    currentLat = LatticeCreation.createEmptyLattice [];
}

let isValueEpsilon = function
| ConstValue(Epsilon) -> true
| _ -> false

(******)
(******)
let isBooleanValue = function ConstValue(True) -> true | ConstValue(False) -> true |
ConstValue(Nil) -> true | ConstValue(Epsilon) -> true | _ -> false

(******)
(******)
(*-----*)
let rec eval lattice =
    evalEnv.currentLat <- lattice;
    processLattice lattice

and processLattice lattice = (*input a latticeFields, which is our AST*)
    let listOfEval = (match lattice.lattice with
        | Seqlat(seqlat) ->
            evalEnv.parentStack <- evalEnv.currentLat :: evalEnv.parentStack (*PUSH*);
            evalEnv.currentLat <- lattice;
            let listOfEval = processSeqlat seqlat in
            (if (List.length evalEnv.parentStack) > 0 then
                evalEnv.currentLat <- List.hd evalEnv.parentStack (*POP*)
            else rf("BUG: Stack is not being built Correctly!!!\n");
            evalEnv.parentStack <- List.tl evalEnv.parentStack; (*Remove*)
            listOfEval)
        | Altlat(altn) ->
            let listOfEval = processAltlat altn in listOfEval
        | Predicate(pred) -> [processPredicate pred]
        | Expr(expr) -> [processExpr expr]
        ) in
    let optListOfEval = if lattice.optimize then
        List.fold_left (fun x y -> x @ (if isValueEpsilon(y) then [] else
[y])) [] listOfEval

```

```

        else
            listOfEval
        in (
            let latClone = Clone.cloneLattice lattice false in
            latClone.latEval <- Some(optListOfEval);
            if (List.length optListOfEval)>1 then LatticeValue(latClone) else if
(List.length optListOfEval)>0 then (List.hd optListOfEval)
            else ConstValue(Epsilon)
        )
    )

(*-----*)
and processSeqlat _seqlat = (*do the seq lat *)
    if (List.length _seqlat.elements) > 0 then
        List.map (processLattice) _seqlat.elements
    else rf ("BUG: Seqlat has no elements!")

(*-----*)
and processAlternatives = function
    | [] -> []
    | hd::tl ->
        let headEval = (processLattice hd) in
        (*match headEval.lattice with
        | Expr(expr) ->*)
        (match headEval with
        | ConstValue(Nil) -> (processAlternatives tl)
        | _ -> [headEval]
        )
        (*| _ -> [headEval]
        *)
    )

(*-----*)
and processAltlat _altlat = (*do the alt lat *)
    if _altlat.each then
        List.map processLattice _altlat.alternatives
    else
        processAlternatives _altlat.alternatives

(*-----*)
and processPredicate _pred =
    let condExpr = processExpr _pred.condition in
    _pred.condition.exprEval <- condExpr;
    let condVal = (match condExpr with
    | ConstValue(constVal) -> ( match constVal with
        | True -> true
        | False -> false
        | _ -> false
        )
    | _ -> false (*Lattice*)
    ) in
    if condVal = true then
        processExpr _pred.expr
    else
        ConstValue(Nil)

(*=====*)
and processExpr _expr =
    _expr.exprEval <-
    (match _expr.exprCode with
    | ConstExpr(const) -> processConst const
    | OpExpr(op) -> processOperation op
    | NameListExpr(nameList) -> processNameList nameList.nameList
    | LatticeExpr(latticeFields) -> processLattice latticeFields
    );

```

```

_expr.exprEval

(*-----*)
and processConst const =
  match const with
  | StringLiteral(stringLit) -> ConstValue(StringLiteral(stringLit))
  | IntLiteral(intLit) -> ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit))
  | FloatLiteral(floatLit) -> ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit))
  | Epsilon -> ConstValue(Epsilon)
  | Nil -> ConstValue(Nil)
  | True -> ConstValue(True)
  | False -> ConstValue(False)

(*-----*)
and processOperation op =
  let op1Val = if doCheckOperandsBeforeCheckingOperator op.operator then processExpr
op.operand1 else ConstValue(Nil) in
  let op2Val = if doCheckOperandsBeforeCheckingOperator op.operator then (
    match op.operand2 with
    | None -> ConstValue(Nil)
    | Some(opr) -> processExpr opr
  ) else ConstValue(Nil) in

  (match op.operator with
  | Plus -> (match (op1Val, op2Val) with
    |
  (ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit1)), ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit2))) ->
  ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit1+intLit2))
  |
  (ConstValue(StringLiteral(strLit1)), ConstValue(StringLiteral(strLit2))) ->
  ConstValue(StringLiteral(strLit1^strLit2))
  |
  (ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit1)), ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit2))) ->
  ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit1 +. floatLit2))
  | (ConstValue(Nil), x) -> ConstValue(Nil)
  | (x, ConstValue(Nil)) -> ConstValue(Nil)
  | (ConstValue(Epsilon), x) -> x
  | (x, ConstValue(Epsilon)) -> x
  | _ -> raise (Failure("Runtime Exception: Type
Mismatch.\n"))
  (*.....*)
  ...*)

  | Minus -> (match (op1Val, op2Val) with
    |
  (ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit1)), ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit2))) ->
  ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit1-intLit2))
  |
  (ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit1)), ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit2))) ->
  ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit1 -. floatLit2))
  | (ConstValue(Nil), x) -> ConstValue(Nil)
  | (x, ConstValue(Nil)) -> ConstValue(Nil)
  | (ConstValue(Epsilon), x) -> x
  | (x, ConstValue(Epsilon)) -> x
  | _ -> raise (Failure("Runtime Exception: Type
Mismatch.\n"))
  (*.....*)
  ...*)

  | Times -> (match (op1Val, op2Val) with
    |
  (ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit1)), ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit2))) ->
  ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit1*intLit2)))

```

```

        |
        | (ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit1)), ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit2))) ->
        ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit1 * floatLit2))
        | (ConstValue(Nil), x) -> ConstValue(Nil)
        | (x, ConstValue(Nil)) -> ConstValue(Nil)
        | (ConstValue(Epsilon), x) -> x
        | (x, ConstValue(Epsilon)) -> x
        | _ -> raise (Failure("Runtime Exception: Type
Mismatch.\n"))
    (*.....*)
    ...*)
    | Divide -> (match (op1Val, op2Val) with
        |
        (ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit1)), ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit2))) -> if intLit2 = 0
        then raise (Division_by_zero) else ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit1/intLit2))
        |
        (ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit1)), ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit2))) -> if
        floatLit2 = 0.0 then raise (Division_by_zero) else ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit1
        / floatLit2))
        | (ConstValue(Nil), x) -> ConstValue(Nil)
        | (x, ConstValue(Nil)) -> ConstValue(Nil)
        | (ConstValue(Epsilon), x) -> x
        | (x, ConstValue(Epsilon)) -> x
        | _ -> raise (Failure("Runtime Exception: Type
Mismatch.\n"))
    (*.....*)
    ...*)
    | Percent -> (match (op1Val, op2Val) with
        |
        (ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit1)), ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit2))) ->
        ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit1 mod intLit2))
        | (ConstValue(Nil), x) -> ConstValue(Nil)
        | (x, ConstValue(Nil)) -> ConstValue(Nil)
        | (ConstValue(Epsilon), x) -> x
        | (x, ConstValue(Epsilon)) -> x
        | _ -> raise (Failure("Runtime Exception: Type
Mismatch.\n"))
    (*.....*)
    ...*)
    | UniMinus -> (match (op1Val) with
        | (ConstValue(IntLiteral(intLit1))) ->
        ConstValue(IntLiteral(-intLit1))
        | (ConstValue(FloatLiteral(floatLit1))) ->
        ConstValue(FloatLiteral(0.0 -. floatLit1))
        | (ConstValue(Nil)) -> ConstValue(Nil)
        | (ConstValue(Epsilon)) -> ConstValue(Epsilon)
        | _ -> raise (Failure("Runtime Exception: Type Mismatch
in '-' (unary minus) operand!\n"))
    (*.....*)
    ...*)
    | Less -> (match compareExprValues(op1Val, op2Val) with
        | NilEncountered -> ConstValue(Nil)
        | Gt -> ConstValue(False)
        | Eq -> ConstValue(False)
        | Lt -> ConstValue(True)
        )
    (*.....*)
    ...*)
    | LessOrEqual -> (match compareExprValues(op1Val, op2Val) with
        | NilEncountered -> ConstValue(Nil)
        | Gt -> ConstValue(False)
        | Eq -> ConstValue(True)
        | Lt -> ConstValue(True)

```

```

        )
(*.....)
| Greater -> (match compareExprValues(op1Val, op2Val) with
    | NilEncountered -> ConstValue(Nil)
    | Gt -> ConstValue(True)
    | Eq -> ConstValue(False)
    | Lt -> ConstValue(False)
)
(*.....)
| GreaterOrEqual -> (match compareExprValues(op1Val, op2Val) with
    | NilEncountered -> ConstValue(Nil)
    | Gt -> ConstValue(True)
    | Eq -> ConstValue(True)
    | Lt -> ConstValue(False)
)
(*.....)
| Equal -> (match compareExprValues(op1Val, op2Val) with
    | NilEncountered -> ConstValue(Nil)
    | Gt -> ConstValue(False)
    | Eq -> ConstValue(True)
    | Lt -> ConstValue(False)
)
(*.....)
| NotEqual -> (match compareExprValues(op1Val, op2Val) with
    | NilEncountered -> ConstValue(Nil)
    | Gt -> ConstValue(True)
    | Eq -> ConstValue(False)
    | Lt -> ConstValue(True)
)
(*.....)
| And -> if isBooleanValue(op1Val) && isBooleanValue(op2Val) then
    (match (op1Val, op2Val) with
    | (ConstValue(Nil), x) -> ConstValue(Nil)
    | (x, ConstValue(Nil)) -> ConstValue(Nil)
    | (ConstValue(Epsilon), x) -> x
    | (x, ConstValue(Epsilon)) -> x
    | (ConstValue(False), _) | (_, ConstValue(False)) ->
ConstValue(False)
    | _ -> ConstValue(True)
) else raise (Failure("Runtime Exception: Type Mismatch:
'&&' operands must be of type boolean!\n"))
(*.....)
| Or -> if isBooleanValue(op1Val) && isBooleanValue(op2Val) then
    (match (op1Val, op2Val) with
    | (ConstValue(Nil), x) -> ConstValue(Nil)
    | (x, ConstValue(Nil)) -> ConstValue(Nil)
    | (ConstValue(Epsilon), x) -> x
    | (x, ConstValue(Epsilon)) -> x
    | (ConstValue(False), ConstValue(False)) ->
ConstValue(False)
    | _ -> ConstValue(True)
) else raise (Failure("Runtime Exception: Type Mismatch:
'||' operands must be of type boolean!\n\n\tFound: "^(gs (processExprValue op1Val)
"FATAL ERROR: NOT EVALUATED")^" || "^(gs (processExprValue op2Val) "FATAL ERROR: NOT
EVALUATED"))))
(*.....)
|_

```

```

| Not -> (match (op1Val) with
    | ConstValue(Nil) -> ConstValue(Nil)
    | ConstValue(Epsilon) -> ConstValue(Epsilon)
    | ConstValue(False) -> ConstValue(True)
    | ConstValue(True) -> ConstValue(False)
    | _ -> raise (Failure("Runtime Exception: Type
Mismatch: !!! (negation) operand must be of type boolean!\n")))
(*................................................................*)
(*................................................................*)
| Tilde -> raise (Failure("Err2.\n")) (*op1Val ^ "~" ^ op2Val *)
(*................................................................*)
(*................................................................*)
| Eval -> op1Val (*Maybe here we should clone the expression*)
(*................................................................*)
(*................................................................*)
| DontOpt -> raise (Failure("Err5.\n")) (*"^" ^ op1Val*)
(*................................................................*)
(*................................................................*)
| Let -> ConstValue(Epsilon)
(*................................................................*)
(*................................................................*)
| DirectAccess -> raise (Failure("Err11.\n"))
(*................................................................*)
(*................................................................*)
| FuncCall ->
    let funcNameList = (match op.operand1.exprCode with
NameListExpr(nameListEx) -> nameListEx.nameList | _ -> rf("BUG:
SemanticAnalysis.processOpReturnType(): FuncCall: funcLattice!"))
in
    let (idSymOpt, idLatOpt) = try
        findNameListSymbolAndLatticeInLatticeFields(ref (evalEnv.currentLat), funcNameList)
        with Not_found ->
            addToErrorTable(SemUndefinedIdentifier(PrintLattice.processNameList {parent = None;
hash = StringMap.empty} funcNameList), None); (None, None)
    in
        (match idLatOpt with
        | None -> raise (Failure ("Runtime Exception: error
in function call: function not declared:\n\t" ^ PrintLattice.processOperation (op)))
        | Some(funcLatticeRef) -> ( let funcLattice
= !funcLatticeRef in
            let expr = (gs op.operand2 "") in
            let lattice = (match expr.exprCode with
LatticeExpr(lat) -> lat | _ -> createEmptyLattice [createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType
(Expr(expr))]) in
            let funcLattice = (if
                funcLattice.paramNameList = None then
                    (match funcLattice.lattice with
                    Expr(expr) ->
                        LatticeExpr(lat) -> lat | _ -> funcLattice)
                    else
                        funcLattice)
                else
                    doRunFunc = (if
                        funcLattice.paramNameList = None then (*no param list*)
                            raise (Failure ("Runtime
Exception: error in function call: Not a function:\n\t" ^ PrintLattice.processOperation
(op)))
                        else if funcLattice.paramTypeList =
                            None then (*first call*)
                                funcLattice) then
                                    true
                                else
                                    calcParamTypeList(lattice,
                                    true)
                                else
                                    calcParamTypeList(lattice,
                                    false)
                            else
                                calcParamTypeList(lattice,
                                false)
                        else
                            calcParamTypeList(lattice,
                            true)
                    else
                        calcParamTypeList(lattice,
                        false))
                end
            end
        end
    end
end

```

```

                                raise (Failure ("Runtime
Exception: error in function call: Parameter List Signature Length
Difference:\n\t" ^ PrintLattice.processOperation (op)))
)
else false) in
if (doRunFunc) then (
if
SemanticAnalysis.checkParameterTypes(funcLattice.paramTypeList, lattice) then (
funcLattice.lattice <-
(! (setSymbolTableInLattice(ref funcLattice, (getSymbolTableFromSeqlat
funcLattice).hash)).lattice);
processLattice
(funcLattice)
)
else
raise (Failure ("Runtime
Exception: error in function call: Parameter List Signature Type
Mismatch:\n\t" ^ PrintLattice.processOperation (op)))
)
else
ConstValue (Nil)
))
(*.......................................................................
...*)
| Assign -> assignExprToNameList(op.operand1, op.operand2); processExpr
op.operand1
(*.......................................................................
...*)
| Define -> assignExprToNameList(op.operand1, op.operand2); processExpr
op.operand1
(*.......................................................................
...*)
)
)

and calcParamTypeList(_paramLattice, _funcLattice) =
let elements = getSeqlatElementsFromLatticeFields _paramLattice in
if (List.length elements) <> (List.length (gs _funcLattice.paramNameList
"BUG: calcParamTypeList")) then false
else let paramTypeList = List.map (fun x -> x.latDataStructType) elements
in
_funcLattice.paramTypeList <- Some(paramTypeList); true

and compareExprValues(_val1, _val2) =
match (_val1, _val2) with
| (ConstValue(IntLiteral(val1)), ConstValue(IntLiteral(val2))) ->
if val1 < val2 then Lt else if val1 > val2 then Gt else Eq
| (ConstValue(FloatLiteral(val1)), ConstValue(FloatLiteral(val2))) ->
if val1 < val2 then Lt else if val1 > val2 then Gt else Eq
|
(ConstValue(StringLiteral(val1)), ConstValue(StringLiteral(val2))) ->
let res = String.compare val1 val2 in if res <
0 then Lt else if res > 0 then Gt else Eq
| (ConstValue(Nil), ConstValue(Nil)) -> Eq
| (ConstValue(Nil), x) -> NilEncountered
| (x, ConstValue(Nil)) -> NilEncountered
| (ConstValue(Epsilon), ConstValue(Epsilon)) -> Eq
| (ConstValue(Epsilon), x) -> Lt
| (x, ConstValue(Epsilon)) -> Gt

```

```

| _ -> raise (Failure("Runtime Exception: Type Mismatch.\n"))

and processNameList _nameList =
    let (idSymOpt, idLatOpt) = try
    findNameListSymbolAndLatticeInLatticeFields(ref (evalEnv.currentLat), _nameList)
        with Not_found ->
    addToErrorTable(SemUndefinedIdentifier(PrintLattice.processNameList {parent = None;
    hash = StringMap.empty} _nameList), None); (None, None)
        in
    (match idLatOpt with
     | None -> ConstValue(Nil)
     | Some(lat) -> processLattice (!lat)
    )
)

(******)
(******                                         Pre-Evaluate Lattice
*****)
(******)
(******)
and preEvalLattice lattice =
    if lattice.paramNameList = None then
    match lattice.lattice with
    | Seqlat(seqlat) -> (
        preEvalEnv.parentStack <- preEvalEnv.currentLat :::
    preEvalEnv.parentStack (*PUSH*);
        preEvalEnv.currentLat <- lattice;
        ignore(List.map (preEvalLattice) seqlat.elements);
        if (List.length preEvalEnv.parentStack) > 0 then
            preEvalEnv.currentLat <- List.hd preEvalEnv.parentStack
    (*POP*)
        else rf("BUG: preEvalLattice(): Stack is not being
built Correctly!!!\n");
        preEvalEnv.parentStack <- List.tl preEvalEnv.parentStack;
    (*Remove*)
        )
    | Altlat(altnat) -> ignore(List.map (preEvalLattice)
altnat.alternatives)
        | Predicate(pred) -> ignore(preEvalExpr pred.condition); ignore(preEvalExpr
pred.expr)
        | Expr(expr) -> ignore(preEvalExpr expr)

(*-----*)
and preEvalExpr _expr =
    _expr.exprEval <-
    (match _expr.exprCode with
     | OpExpr(op) -> preEvalOperation op
     | _ -> NotEvaluated
    );
    _expr.exprEval

(*-----*)
and preEvalOperation op =
    let _ = preEvalExpr op.operand1 in
    let _ = ( match op.operand2 with
              | None -> NotEvaluated
              | Some(opr) -> preEvalExpr opr
            ) in
    (match op.operator with
(*.....*))

```

```

| Assign ->
    assignExprToNameList(op.operand1, op.operand2);
NotEvaluated
(*.....*)
...*)

| Define ->
    assignExprToNameList(op.operand1, op.operand2);
NotEvaluated
(*.....*)
...*)

| Eval -> processExpr op.operand1
(*.....*)
...*)

| _ -> NotEvaluated
    )

(*-----*)
and assignExprToNameList(_lvalueExpr, _rvalueExpr) =
    let nameList = (match _lvalueExpr.exprCode with NameListExpr(n) ->
n.nameList | _ -> rf("BUG: Evaluate: preEvalOperation(): Assign: NameList-2!")) in
    let (idSymOpt, idLatOpt) = try
        findNameListSymbolAndLatticeInLatticeFields(ref (evalEnv.currentLat), nameList)
        with Not_found ->
            addToErrorTable(SemUndefinedIdentifier(PrintLattice.processNameList {parent = None;
hash = StringMap.empty} nameList), None); (None, None)
            in
            (match idSymOpt with
            | None -> ()
            | Some(idSymbol) -> (*let exprF =
                createExprFieldsFromExprCodeType(convertExprValueTypeToExprCodeType op2Val) in*
                    (match (!idSymbol).symValue with
                    | LabelIndex(index) -> (
                        try
                            setSeqlatElementForLatticeFields(ref evalEnv.currentLat, index,
                                createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType (Expr(gs _rvalueExpr ""))
                                with Invalid_argument(_) ->
                                    rf("BUG: preEvalOperation! Not a seqlat") )
                            | LocalValueLattice(latFRef) ->
                                (!idSymbol).symValue <- (LocalValueLattice(ref (createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType
                                (Expr(gs _rvalueExpr "")))))) ;
                                ignore(setNameListSymbolInLatticeFields(ref
                                (evalEnv.currentLat), nameList, (!idSymbol)) ) )
                        )
                    )
            )
    )
(******)
*****)
and setSeqlatElementForLatticeFields(_latticeRef, _index, (_value: latticeFields)) =
    let seqlatRef = try getSeqlatFromLatticeFields(_latticeRef) with e ->
        raise (Invalid_argument("Not found!!"))
    in
        let array = Array.of_list (!seqlatRef).elements in
        Array.set array _index _value;
        (!seqlatRef).elements <- Array.to_list array;
        _latticeRef := !(setSeqlatFromLatticeFields(_latticeRef, seqlatRef))

(*-----*)
and findNameListSymbolAndLatticeInLatticeFields(_latticeF, _nameList) =
    match _nameList with
    | [hd] -> findNameTypeSymbolAndLatticeInLatticeFields(_latticeF,
hd)

```

```

        | hd::tl -> let (symOpt, latOpt) =
findNameTypeSymbolAndLatticeInLatticeFields(_latticeF, hd) in
            (match latOpt with
                | None -> (symOpt, None)
                | Some(lat) ->
findNameListSymbolAndLatticeInLatticeFields(lat, tl)
            )
        | [] -> rf("BUG: getNameListFromSymbolTable!")

and findNameTypeSymbolAndLatticeInLatticeFields(_latticeF, _nameType) =
    let symbolTable = try getSymbolTableFromSeqlat (!_latticeF) with e ->
raise Not_found in
    match _nameType with
        | This -> rf("Not Implemented: 'This'!")
        | PredefinedLabel(predefinedLabel) -> rf("Not Implemented:
'This'!")
        | IndexingOp(structureType, latticeT) -> (*uses: Seq (for []), Alt
(for {}), and UndeterminedStruct (for @)*)
                    rf("Not Implemented: 'This'!")
        | HashOp(exprF) -> rf("Not Implemented: 'Hash'!")
        | Id(str) ->
            let symbolOpt = findRefInSymbolTable(symbolTable,
str) in
            let latticeOpt = (match symbolOpt with
                | None -> raise (Not_found)
                | Some(symbolRef) -> (match
(!symbolRef).symValue with
                | LabelIndex(ind) -> Some(ref
(getLatticeFieldsByIndex(!_latticeF, ind)))
                | LocalValueLattice(latFRef) ->
Some(latFRef)
            )) in
            (symbolOpt, latticeOpt)
        | Each(latticeT) -> rf("Not Implemented: 'This'!")

(*-----*)
and setNameListSymbolInLatticeFields(_latticeF, _nameList, _symbol) =
    match _nameList with
        | [hd] -> setNameTypeSymbolInLatticeFields(_latticeF, hd, _symbol,
true)
        | hd::tl -> let (symOpt, latOpt) =
setNameTypeSymbolInLatticeFields(_latticeF, hd, _symbol, false) in
            (match latOpt with
                | None -> (symOpt, None)
                | Some(lat) -> setNameListSymbolInLatticeFields(lat,
tl, _symbol)
            )
        | [] -> rf("BUG: getNameListFromSymbolTable!")

and setNameTypeSymbolInLatticeFields(_latticeF, _nameType, _symbol, _doSave) =
    let symbolTable = try getSymbolTableFromSeqlat (!_latticeF) with e ->
raise Not_found in
    match _nameType with
        | This -> rf("Not Implemented: 'This'!")
        | PredefinedLabel(predefinedLabel) -> rf("Not Implemented:
'This'!")
        | IndexingOp(structureType, latticeT) -> (*uses: Seq (for []), Alt
(for {}), and UndeterminedStruct (for @)*)
                    rf("Not Implemented: 'This'!")
        | HashOp(exprF) -> rf("Not Implemented: 'Hash'!")
        | Id(str) ->
            let symbolOpt = findRefInSymbolTable(symbolTable,
str) in

```

```

        if (_doSave) then (
            symbolTable.hash <- StringMap.add str _symbol
symbolTable.hash;
            ignore(_latticeF =
setSymbolTableInLattice(_latticeF, symbolTable.hash));
            (None, None)
        )
    else
        let latticeOpt = (match symbolOpt with
            | None -> raise (Not_found)
            | Some(symbolRef) -> (match
(!symbolRef).symValue with
            | Some(ref (getLatticeFieldsByIndex(!_latticeF, ind))) -> LabelIndex(ind) ->
LocalValueLattice(latFRef) -> Some(latFRef)
            )) in
            (symbolOpt, latticeOpt)
        | Each(latticeT) -> rf("Not Implemented: 'This'!")
    )
and setSymbolTableInLattice(_latticeF, _symbolTableHash) =
    match (!_latticeF).lattice with
        | Seqlat(seqlat) -> (seqlat.symbols.hash <- _symbolTableHash;
(!_latticeF).lattice <- Seqlat(seqlat)); _latticeF
        | Expr(expr) -> (match expr.exprCode with
            | LatticeExpr(lat) -> let _ = setSymbolTableInLattice(ref lat,
_symbolTableHash) in _latticeF
            | _ -> rf("BUG: getSymbolTableFromSeqlat()!")
        )
        | _ -> rf("BUG: getSymbolTableFromSeqlat()!")

(*Deprecated*)
(*=====
=====
=====*)
and processCurNameList _curNamesList =
    match _curNamesList with
    | [] -> raise (Failure("Bug"))
    | hd::tl -> if (List.length tl > 0) then
    (
        match hd with
        | Id(id) -> (
            match evalEnv.currentLat.lattice with
            | Seqlat(seqlat) -> (
                let mySymbol = StringMap.find id seqlat.symbols.hash in
                match mySymbol.symValue with
                    | LabelIndex(index) -> (
                        evalEnv.parentStack <- evalEnv.currentLat :: evalEnv.parentStack
(*PUSH*);
                        let curLat = List.nth seqlat.elements index in
                        evalEnv.currentLat <- curLat;
                        let res = processCurNameList tl in res
                        (* evalEnv.currentLat <- List.hd evalEnv.parentStack; (*POP*),
evalEnv.parentStack <- List.tl evalEnv.parentStack; (*Remove*)
*)
                    )
            )
        )
        | LocalValueLattice(newLatFields) ->
        (
            (* let nextLatFields = !newLatFields in
processCurNameList tl *)
            raise (Failure("Local"))
        )
    )

```

```

        )
    )
    | _ -> raise (Failure("Bug"))
)
| _ -> raise (Failure("Still Not Handled"))

)
else
(
match hd with
| Id(id) -> (
    match evalEnv.currentLat.lattice with
    | Seqlat(seqlat) -> (
        let mySymbol = StringMap.find id seqlat.symbols.hash in
        match mySymbol.symValue with
        | LabelIndex(index) ->
            let curElement = List.nth seqlat.elements index in
            let result = (match curElement.lattice with
            | Seqlat(seq) -> raise (Failure("Seq "))
            | Altlat(alt) -> raise (Failure("Alt"))
            | Predicate(pred) -> raise (Failure("Pred"))
            | Expr(expr) -> processExpr expr
            ) in result
        | LocalValueLattice(newlatFields) ->

            let nextLatFields = !newlatFields in
            let result = (match nextLatFields.lattice with
            | Seqlat(seq) -> raise (Failure("Seq-local"))
            | Altlat(alt) -> raise (Failure("Alt-Local"))
            | Predicate(pred) -> raise (Failure("Pred-Local"))
            | Expr(expr) -> processExpr expr
            ) in result
        )
    | Altlat(altlat) -> raise (Failure("altlat"))
    | Predicate(pred) -> raise (Failure("pred"))
    | Expr(expr) -> raise (Failure("expr"))
(*let res = createExprFieldsFromExprCodeType(ConstExpr(IntLiteral(2))) in res
*)
    )
| IndexingOp(structType, lattice) -> raise (Failure("Still Not Handled"))
    | _ -> raise (Failure("Still Not Handled"))

)

```

## latparser.mly Source Code

```
%{
    open Ast ;
    open LatticeCreation
%}

%token LPAREN RPAREN LBRACE RBRACE LSQBRACKET RSQBRACKET EOF
%token PLUS MINUS TIMES DIVIDE PERCENT PLUS_PLUS_MINUS_MINUS
%token PIPE TILDE QUEST SEMI COLON DOT AT CARET
%token ASSIGN QUEST_ASSIGN DEF
%token AND OR EQ NEQ EXCLAMATION LT GT LEQ GEQ
%token EPSILON NIL TRUE FALSE
%token LET THIS NO_TOKEN FUNC_CALL
/*LENGTH COUNT LABELS CLONE REVERSE RETURN LOOP GET_LOST*/
%token <int> PREDEFINED_LABEL
%token <string> STRING_LITERAL
%token <string> ID
%token <float> FLOAT
%token <int> INTEGER

%left NO_TOKEN
%left COLON
%left LET
/* Assignment Operators: */
%right ASSIGN QUEST_ASSIGN
/* Lattice Operators: */
%left SEMI
%left PIPE
%left TILDE
/* Logical Operators: */
%left OR
%left AND
/* Comparison Operators: */
%left EQ NEQ
%left LT LEQ GT GEQ
/* Arithmetic Operators: */
%left PLUS MINUS
%left TIMES DIVIDE PERCENT
/* Unary Operators Operators: */
%left UNI_MINUS EXCLAMATION PLUS_PLUS_MINUS_MINUS QUEST CARET
/* Name Operators: */
%left LBRACE LSQBRACKET LPAREN
%left DOT
%left AT
%left DEF

%start lattice
%type <Ast.lattice> lattice

%%
/*=====
===== DEFINING LATTICES =====
=====
lattice:
    labeled_altlat
    { ([(createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType $1)], env) }
    | labeled_altlat SEMI lattice
{ (appendListForSeqlat((createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType $1), (fst $3)), env) }
    | error SEMI lattice           { addToErrorTable(SynParseError, None);
(appendListForSeqlat((createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType(Expr(newExprFields(ConstExpr
Nil)))), (fst $3)), env) }
```

```

    | error                                { addToErrorTable(SynParseError, None); }
    ([createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType(Expr(newExprFields(ConstExpr(Nil))))], env) }

labeled_altlat:
    altlat
    { incLabelIdGen env.labelIdGenerator; $1 }
    | label COLON altlat
    { incLabelIdGen env.labelIdGenerator; createLabeledAltlat($1, $3) }
    | function_header COLON altlat { incLabelIdGen env.labelIdGenerator;
createParamLabeledAltlat(fst $1, snd $1, $3) }

function_header:
    DEF ID LPAREN param_list RPAREN      { popOldSymbolTable(env); ($2, $4) }

param_list:
    ID
{ [$1] }
    | param_list SEMI ID
                                { $3:::$1 }

altlat:
    /*epsilon*/
    { Expr(newExprFields(ConstExpr(Epsilon))) }
    | expr
    { Expr($1) }
    | LSQBRACKET expr RSQBRACKET expr     { createPredicateLattice($2, $4) }
    | altlat PIPE altlat                  { appendListForAltlat($1, $3) }

label:
    ID { $1 }
/*=====
===== Defining Expressions =====
===== */

expr:
    lvalue
    { $1 }
    | name QUEST_ASSIGN expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1, Assign, newExprFields(createUnaryOp(Eval, $3)))) }
    | lvalue ASSIGN expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1, Assign, $3)) }
    | DEF ID ASSIGN expr
    { createLocal($2, $4) }
    | function_header ASSIGN expr
    { createParamLocal(fst $1, snd $1,
$3) }
    | QUEST lvalue
{ newExprFields(createUnaryOp(Eval, $2)) }

    | LET expr
    { newExprFields(createUnaryOp(Let, $2)) }
    | LPAREN lattice RPAREN DOT rest_of_name { createDirectAccessExprFields($2,
$5) }
    | name LPAREN lattice RPAREN
    { newExprFields(createBinOp($1, FuncCall,
createParenthesizedLattice($3))) }

    | number
    { $1 }
    | STRING_LITERAL
{ newExprFields(ConstExpr(StringLiteral($1))) }
    | EPSILON
{ newExprFields(ConstExpr(Epsilon)) }
    | NIL
    { newExprFields(ConstExpr(Nil)) }
    | TRUE
    { newExprFields(ConstExpr(True)) }
    | FALSE
    { newExprFields(ConstExpr(False)) }

```

```

    | expr PLUS expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,Plus,$3)) }
    | expr MINUS expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,Minus,$3)) }
    | expr TIMES expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,Times,$3)) }
    | expr DIVIDE expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,Divide,$3)) }
    | expr PERCENT expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,Percent,$3)) }

    | expr OR expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,Or,$3)) }
    | expr AND expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,And,$3)) }

    | expr EQ expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,Equal,$3)) }
    | expr NEQ expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,NotEqual,$3)) }
    | expr LT expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,Less,$3)) }
    | expr LEQ expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,LessOrEqual,$3)) }
    | expr GT expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,Greater,$3)) }
    | expr GEQ expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,GreaterOrEqual,$3)) }

    | expr TILDE expr
{ newExprFields(createBinOp($1,Tilde,$3)) }

    | MINUS expr %prec UNI_MINUS
{ newExprFields(createUnaryOp(UniMinus, $2)) }

    | EXCLAMATION expr
{ newExprFields(createUnaryOp(Not, $2)) }

    | CARET LPAREN lattice RPAREN           { newExprFields(createUnaryOp(DontOpt,
createParenthesizedLattice($3))) }

/*=====
===== Defining Left-Value Names =====
=====*/
lvalue:
    name                                { $1 }
    | LPAREN lattice RPAREN
{ createParenthesizedLattice($2) }
    | CARET name
{ newExprFields(createUnaryOp(DontOpt, $2)) }

name:
    rest_of_name
{ newExprFields(NameListExpr($1)) }
    | at_operation
{ newExprFields(NameListExpr($1)) }
        | at_operation DOT rest_of_name
{ newExprFields(NameListExpr(combineTwoNameLists($1, $3))) }

rest_of_name:
    PREDEFINED_LABEL                   { {nameList =
[PredefinedLabel(getPredefinedLabel($1))]} }
    | label %prec NO_TOKEN             { {nameList = [Id($1)]} }

```

```

| rest_of_name DOT rest_of_name
| rest_of_name LSQBRACKET altlat RSQBRACKET
{nameList=[IndexingOp(Seq, $3)]}) }
| rest_of_name LBRACE altlat RBRACE
{nameList=[IndexingOp(Alt, $3)] })
| LBRACE altlat RBRACE

at_operation:
    AT INTEGER
    | AT ID
    | AT LPAREN altlat RPAREN

number:
    INTEGER
{ newExprFields(ConstExpr(IntLiteral($1))) }
    | FLOAT
{ newExprFields(ConstExpr(FloatLiteral($1))) }

```

## latte.ml Source Code

```
(**  
** Lattakia Compiler  
** Columbia University COMS-4115  
** Programming Languages and Translators  
** Authors:  
** Wael Salloum  
** Heba ElFardy  
** Katherine Scott  
**)  
  
open Ast  
open LatticeCreation  
open SemanticAnalysis  
open Evaluate  
open PrintLattice  
  
let testMode = false;;  
  
let _ =  
(* Lexical Analysis *)  
  let lexbuf = Lexing.from_channel stdin in  
(* Syntactic Analysis *)  
  let latticeAndEnv = Latparser.lattice Scanner.token lexbuf in  
  let env = snd latticeAndEnv in  
  let lattice = createNewLatFromLatEnvTuple(latticeAndEnv, env.namesOfCurrLat) in  
  if testMode then  
    print_endline ("\\n\\t>>>> Parser Output <<<<\\n" ^ (PrintLattice.toString  
lattice {printEnv.options with doProcessSymbolTable = false; doAnnotateTypes=false}));  
  
(* Semantic Analysis *)  
  let (lattice, latticeType) = SemanticAnalysis.analyzeSemantics lattice in  
  if testMode then ( print_endline ("\\n\\t>>>> Semantic Output <<<<\\n" ^  
(PrintLattice.toString lattice {printEnv.options with doProcessSymbolTable=true;  
doAnnotateTypes=true}));  
    print_endline (if List.length env.errorTable != 0 then ("\\n\\t>>>> Errors  
<<<<\\n"^(stringOfErrorTable env.errorTable)) else "No Errors")  
  );  
  if (match latticeType with  
      | (MismatchType, _) -> print_endline("Semantic Analysis >> Error: Type  
Mismatch: "^(PrintLattice.dataStructTypeToString latticeType)); true  
      | (UnresolvedType, _) -> if testMode then print_endline("Semantic  
Analysis >> Ambiguity: Unresolved Type: "^(PrintLattice.dataStructTypeToString  
latticeType)); false  
      | (x, y) -> if testMode then print_endline("Semantic Analysis >>  
Succeeded! Lattice Type: "^(PrintLattice.dataStructTypeToString latticeType)); false  
    ) then () else (*Continue*)  
  
    if (List.length env.errorTable) > 0 then () else (  
(* Execution (The Interpreter) *)  
  let exprValue = Evaluate.eval lattice in  
(* Output *)  
  PrintLattice.printEnv.options <- {processCode=false; doProcessSymbolTable  
= false; doAnnotateTypes=false};  
  let result = gs (PrintLattice.processExprValue exprValue) "FATAL ERROR: COULD  
NOT EVALUATE THE LATTICE!" in  
  print_endline ( (if testMode then "\\n\\t>>>> Final Output <<<<\\n" else  
"")^ result ^ "\n")  
)
```



## **latticeCreation.ml Source Code**

```

open Ast
(* ****
)
(* *****      Helpers (Auxiliary Function)
*****)
(* ****
)

let rf (*raise failure*) str = raise (Failure(str))
let gs (*get Some*) opt msg = match opt with Some(value) -> value | _ ->
(rf(if(String.length msg) = 0 then "BUG" else msg))
let incr_linenum lexbuf =
    let pos = lexbuf.Lexing.lex_curr_p in
    lexbuf.Lexing.lex_curr_p <- { pos with
        Lexing.pos_lnum = pos.Lexing.pos_lnum + 1;
        Lexing.pos_bol = pos.Lexing.pos_cnum;
    };
    env.lineNumber <- pos.Lexing.pos_lnum;
    env.charOffset <- pos.Lexing.pos_cnum;
;;
let addToErrorTable ((_errorMessage: errorMessageType), (_errorPlace: exprCodeType
option)) =
(*     let start_pos = Parsing.rhs_start_pos 3 in Parsing.
    let end_pos = Parsing.rhs_end_pos 3 in
    printf "%d.%d-%d.%d: division by zero"
start_pos.pos_lnum (start_pos.pos_cnum - start_pos.pos_bol)
end_pos.pos_lnum (end_pos.pos_cnum - end_pos.pos_bol);*)
    env.errorTable <- {errMessage = _errorMessage; errPlace = _errorPlace; lineNum
= env.lineNumber; offset = env.charOffset} :: env.errorTable;
;;
let addToWorningTable ((_errorMessage: errorMessageType), (_errorPlace: exprCodeType
option)) =
    env.worningTable <- {errMessage = _errorMessage; errPlace = _errorPlace;
lineNum = env.lineNumber; offset = env.charOffset} :: env.worningTable
;;
let createEmptyLattice _elements =
{
    latDataStructType = (UnresolvedType, Seq);
    latNature = Object;
    latEval = None;
    paramNameList = None;
    paramTypeList = None;
    hasChanged = true;
    optimize = true;
    lattice = Seqlat {elements = _elements; symbols =
{parent=None; hash=StringMap.empty}};
}
;;
let createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType latticeTypeRecord=
{
    latDataStructType = (UnresolvedType, UndeterminedStruct);
    latNature = Object;
    latEval = None;
    paramNameList = None;
    paramTypeList = None;
    hasChanged = true;
    optimize = true;
    lattice = latticeTypeRecord;
}
;
```

```

;;
let createNewLatFromLatEnvTuple (_latticeEnvTuple, (_symbolTable: symbolTableType)) =
  let (latticeElements, latEnv) = _latticeEnvTuple in
    if (List.length latticeElements <= 1) && (StringMap.is_empty
    _symbolTable.hash) && false then
      let innerLatFields = List.hd latticeElements in (match
    innerLatFields.lattice with
      | Seqlat(innerSeqlat) -> innerSeqlat.symbols.parent <-
    _symbolTable.parent
      | _ -> ());
    innerLatFields
  else
    let innerSeqlat =
      Seqlat {
        elements = latticeElements;
        symbols = _symbolTable;
      } in
    createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType innerSeqlat

let createExprFieldsFromLatticeFields (_latFields: Ast.latticeFields) =
{
  exprDataStructType = _latFields.latDataStructType;
  exprCode = LatticeExpr(_latFields); (*ConstExpr |
LatticeExpr | OpExpr | NameListExpr *)
  exprEval = NotEvaluated; (*ConstExpr | LatticeExpr *)
  exprChanged = true; (*a constant cannot change*)
  expDependers = [];
  expDependees = [];
}

let createExprFieldsFromExprCodeType(exprCode: Ast.exprCodeType) =
{
  exprDataStructType = (UnresolvedType,
UndeterminedStruct);
  exprCode = exprCode; (*ConstExpr | LatticeExpr |
OpExpr | NameListExpr *)
  exprEval = NotEvaluated; (*ConstExpr | LatticeExpr *)
  exprChanged = true; (*a constant cannot change*)
  expDependers = [];
  expDependees = [];
}

let convertExprValueTypeToExprCodeType(exprValue: Ast.exprValueType) =
  match exprValue with
  | ConstValue(const) -> ConstExpr(const)
  | LatticeValue(lat) -> LatticeExpr(lat)
  | NotEvaluated -> ConstExpr(Nil)
()

(*A shorter name only*)
let newExprFields (exprCode: Ast.exprCodeType) = createExprFieldsFromExprCodeType
exprCode

let getDataTypeForPredefinedLabel id = match id with
  0 -> Int (*LENGTH*)
  | 1 -> Int (*COUNT*)
  | 2 -> UnresolvedType (*CLONE*)
  | 3 -> UnresolvedType (*REVERSE*)
  | 4 -> UnresolvedType (*RETURN*)
  | 5 -> UnresolvedType (*LOOP*)
  | 6 -> General (*GET_LOST*)

```

```

| 10 -> UnresolvedType (*LABELS*)
| _ -> raise (Failure ("BUG: getPredefinedLabel(): id out of range: id =
"^(string_of_int id)))
;;

let getPredefinedLabel id = match id with
  0 -> LENGTH
  1 -> COUNT
  2 -> CLONE
  3 -> REVERSE
  4 -> RETURN
  5 -> LOOP
  6 -> GET_LOST

  | 10 -> LABELS
  | _ -> raise (Failure ("BUG: getPredefinedLabel(): id out of range: id =
"^(string_of_int id)))

let rec createNewSymbol (_name, _scope, _paramList, _dependers, _dependees,
(_alLatFields: Ast.latticeFields)) =
  let symbolValue = (match _scope with
    | Local -> LocalValueLattice(ref (_alLatFields))
    | Label -> LabelIndex(env.labelIdGenerator)
    | UnresolvedSymbol -> rf("Runtime Exception: createNewSymbol():
UnresolvedSymbol!"))
  ) in
  {
    symName = _name;
    symDataStructType = _alLatFields.latDataStructType;
    symValue = symbolValue;
    symbolScope = _scope;
    parameterNameList = _paramList;
    parameterTypeList = None;
    dependers = _dependers;
    dependees = _dependees;
  }

and addParamListToSeqLatSymbols (_paramList, _symbolTable) =
  let symTable = (match _paramList with
    | [] -> _symbolTable
    | paramName::tl -> (
      if StringMap.mem paramName _symbolTable.hash then
        addToErrorTable(SemIdentifierMultipleDefinition,
None)
      else
        let paramSymbol = createNewSymbol (paramName, Local,
None, [], [], (createEmptyLattice [])) in
          _symbolTable.hash <- StringMap.add paramName
paramSymbol _symbolTable.hash);
      addParamListToSeqLatSymbols(tl, _symbolTable)
    )
  )
  in symTable

and createNewIntLiteralLattice i =
  {
    exprDataStructType = (Int, Wrd);
    exprCode = ConstExpr(IntLiteral(i)); (*ConstExpr |
LatticeExpr | OpExpr | NameListExpr *)
    exprEval = ConstValue(IntLiteral(i)); (*ConstExpr |
LatticeExpr *)
  }

```

```

        exprChanged = false; (*a constant cannot change*)
        expDependers = [];
        expDependees = [];
    }

and getSymbolTableFromSeqlat _latticeFieldsSeqlat = match _latticeFieldsSeqlat.lattice
with
| Seqlat(seqlat) -> seqlat.symbols
| Expr(expr) -> (match expr.exprCode with LatticeExpr(lat) ->
getSymbolTableFromSeqlat lat | _ -> rf("BUG: getSymbolTableFromSeqlat() !"))
| _ -> rf("BUG: getSymbolTableFromSeqlat() !")

(******
*)

(*For Evaluation*)
and getLatticeFieldsByIndex(_latticeFields, _index) =
    match _latticeFields.lattice with
    | Seqlat(seqlat) -> List.nth seqlat.elements _index
    | Expr(expr) -> (match expr.exprCode with LatticeExpr(lat) ->
getLatticeFieldsByIndex(lat, _index) | _ -> raise(Not_found))
    | _ -> raise(Not_found)

(******)

(*Symbol Table*)
and findInCurrentSymbolTable(_symbolTable, _symName) =
    if StringMap.mem _symName _symbolTable.hash then
        Some((StringMap.find _symName _symbolTable.hash))
    else
        None

and findInSymbolTable(_symbolTable, _symName) =
    if StringMap.mem _symName _symbolTable.hash then
        Some((StringMap.find _symName _symbolTable.hash))
    else
        match _symbolTable.parent with
        | None -> None
        | Some(_symbolTable) ->
findInSymbolTable(_symbolTable, _symName)

and findRefInSymbolTable(_symbolTable, _symName) =
    if StringMap.mem _symName _symbolTable.hash then
        Some(ref (StringMap.find _symName _symbolTable.hash))
    else
        match _symbolTable.parent with
        | None -> None
        | Some(_symbolTable) ->
findRefInSymbolTable(_symbolTable, _symName)

(*-----*)

and findNameTypeSymbolInLatticeFields(_latticeF, _nameType) =
    let symbolTable = try getSymbolTableFromSeqlat _latticeF with e -> raise
Not_found in
    match _nameType with
    | This -> rf("Not Implemented: 'This' !")
    | PredefinedLabel(predefinedLabel) -> (None, None)
    | IndexingOp(structureType, latticeT) -> (*uses: Seq (for []), Alt
(for {}), and UndeterminedStruct (for @)*)
                                (None, None)
    | HashOp(exprF) -> rf("Not Implemented: 'Hash' !")
    | Id(str) ->

```

```

        let symbolOpt = findInSymbolTable(symbolTable, str)
in
        let latticeOpt = (match symbolOpt with
            | None -> raise (Not_found)
            | Some(symbol) -> (match (symbol).symValue
with
                | LabelIndex(ind) ->
                    Some(getLatticeFieldsByIndex(_latticeF, ind))
                | LocalValueLattice(latFRef) ->
                    Some(!latFRef)
            )) in
            (symbolOpt, latticeOpt)
        | Each(latticeT) -> (None, None)

and findNameListSymbolInLatticeFields(_latticeF, _nameList) =
    match _nameList with
        | [hd] -> findNameTypeSymbolInLatticeFields(_latticeF, hd)
        | hd::tl -> let (symOpt, latOpt) =
            findNameTypeSymbolInLatticeFields(_latticeF, hd) in
            (match latOpt with
                | None -> (symOpt, None)
                | Some(lat) -> findNameListSymbolInLatticeFields(lat,
                    tl)
            )
        | [] -> rf("BUG: getNameListFromSymbolTable!")

(*deprecated*)
and findNameListSymbolInLatticeFieldsOpt(_latticeF, _nameList) =
    try Some(findNameListSymbolInLatticeFields(_latticeF, _nameList))
    with _ -> None
(*-----*)

and addLocalToSymbolTable(_symbolTable, _symName, _paramList, (expr: Ast.exprFields)) =
    let found = (match findInCurrentSymbolTable(_symbolTable, _symName) with
        | None -> false
        | Some(_) -> true) in
    if found then
        addToErrorTable(SemIdentifierMultipleDefinition, None)
    else
        let symbol = createNewSymbol(_symName, Local, _paramList, [], [], [])
            createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType (Expr(expr))) in
            _symbolTable.hash <- StringMap.add _symName symbol
    _symbolTable.hash

(******)
)
(******      Lattice Creation Functions
*****)
(******)
let incLabelIdGen lastId =
    env.labelIdGenerator <- lastId + 1
;;
(* >>> lattice: Append lattice list for building a Seqlat <<< *)
let appendListForSeqlat(_labAltlat, _lattice) =
    (_labAltlat::_lattice)
;;
(******)
)
(* >>> labeled_altlat: Create Labeled Altlat <<< *)

```

```

let createLabeledAltlat(_label, (_altlat: Ast.latticeType)) =
    let altlatFields = createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType _altlat in
        ignore (match findInCurrentSymbolTable(env.namesOfCurrLat, _label) with
            | None ->
                let newLabel = createNewSymbol(_label, Label, None,
                [], [ref (createExprFieldsFromLatticeFields altlatFields)], altlatFields) in
                    env.namesOfCurrLat.hash <- StringMap.add _label
                    newLabel env.namesOfCurrLat.hash;
                newLabel
            | Some(oldLabel) ->
                addToErrorTable(SemIdentifierMultipleDefinition,
                Some(LatticeExpr(altlatFields)));
                oldLabel
        );
    _altlat
;

(* >>>> labeled_altlat: Create Parameterized Labeled Altlat <<<< *)
let createParamLabeledAltlat(_label, _paramList, (_altlat: Ast.latticeType)) =
    let altlatFields = createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType _altlat in
        ignore (match findInCurrentSymbolTable(env.namesOfCurrLat, _label) with
            | None ->
                let newLabel = createNewSymbol(_label, Label, Some(_paramList),
                [], [ref (createExprFieldsFromLatticeFields altlatFields)], altlatFields) in
                    env.namesOfCurrLat.hash <- StringMap.add
                    _label newLabel env.namesOfCurrLat.hash;
                newLabel
            | Some(oldLabel) ->
                addToErrorTable(SemIdentifierMultipleDefinition,
                Some(LatticeExpr(altlatFields)));
                oldLabel
        );
    let newParamSeqlat = createEmptyLattice [altlatFields] in
    let innerSeqlat = (match newParamSeqlat.lattice with
        | Seqlat(seqlat) ->
            seqlat.symbols <- (addParamListToSeqlatSymbols(_paramList,
            seqlat.symbols)); seqlat
        | _ -> rf("BUG: createParamLabeledAltlat()")
    ) in
    newParamSeqlat.lattice <- Seqlat(innerSeqlat);
    newParamSeqlat.paramNameList <- Some(_paramList);
    Expr(createExprFieldsFromLatticeFields(newParamSeqlat))
;

(* ****
)
(* >>>> altlat: Create Parameterized Labeled Altlat <<<< *)
let createPredicateLattice(_condition, _expr) = Predicate
{
    expr = _expr;
    condition = _condition;
}
;

(* >>>> altlat: Concatenate two list of alternatives to create an Altlat <<<< *)
let appendListForAltlat((_alt1: latticeType), (_alt2: latticeType)) =
    let list1 = (match _alt1 with
        | Altlat(alt1) -> alt1.alternatives
        | _ -> [createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType(_alt1)]) in
    let list2 = (match _alt2 with
        | Altlat(alt2) -> alt2.alternatives

```

```

        | _ -> [createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType(_alt2)]) in
    Altlat {
        alternatives = list1 @ list2;
        each = false;
    }
};

(****** Expression Creation Functions *****)
(****** Expression Creation Functions *)
let processSymbolTableKeys _symbolTable =
    let keyList = StringMap.fold(fun x y z -> x ^", " ^ z) _symbolTable.hash
    in
    keyList

let pushNewSymbolTable =
    let newSymTab = {parent = Some(env.namesOfCurrLat); hash =
StringMap.empty} in
    env.namesOfCurrLat <- newSymTab;
    env.parentStackLabelIdGenerator <- env.labelIdGenerator :::
env.parentStackLabelIdGenerator;
    env.labelIdGenerator <- -1

let popOldSymbolTable =
    env.poppedSymbolTable <- env.namesOfCurrLat;
    (match env.namesOfCurrLat.parent with
     | None -> rf("BUG: createParenthesizedLattice(): No Parent Symbol
Table!")
     | Some(parent) -> env.namesOfCurrLat <- parent);
    env.labelIdGenerator <- (List.hd env.parentStackLabelIdGenerator);
    env.parentStackLabelIdGenerator <- (List.tl
env.parentStackLabelIdGenerator)
;

let createParenthesizedLattice(lattice) =
    popOldSymbolTable(env);
    let parenthesizedLat = createNewLatFromLatEnvTuple(lattice,
env.poppedSymbolTable) in
    let latExpr = newExprFields(match parenthesizedLat.lattice with
        | Expr(ex) -> ex.exprCode
        | _ -> LatticeExpr(parenthesizedLat)
    ) in
    latExpr

(* >>>> expr: <<<< *)
let createBinOp(op1, op, op2) =
    OpExpr({operator = op; operand1 = op1; operand2 = Some(op2)})

let createUnaryOp(_operator, _operand) =
    OpExpr({operator = _operator; operand1 = _operand; operand2 = None})

let createParamLocal (_id, _paramList, (expr: Ast.exprFields)) =
    addLocalToSymbolTable(env.namesOfCurrLat, _id, Some(_paramList), expr);
    let newParamSeqlat = createEmptyLattice
[createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType(Expr(expr))] in
    let innerSeqlat = (match newParamSeqlat.lattice with
        | Seqlat(seqlat) ->
            seqlat.symbols <- (addParamListToSeqlatSymbols(_paramList,
seqlat.symbols)); seqlat
        | _ -> rf("BUG: createParamLabeledAltlat()")
    ) in

```

```

        newParamSeqlat.lattice <- Seqlat(innerSeqlat);
        newParamSeqlat.paramNameList <- Some(_paramList);
        let newExpr = (createExprFieldsFromLatticeFields(newParamSeqlat)) in
            newExprFields(createBinOp(newExprFields(NameListExpr({nameList =
[Id(_id)]})), Define, newExpr))

let createLocal (_id: string), (expr: Ast.exprFields) =
    addLocalToSymbolTable(env.namesOfCurrLat, _id, None, expr);
    newExprFields(createBinOp(newExprFields(NameListExpr({nameList =
[Id(_id)]})), Define, expr))

let createDirectAccessExprFields(_lattice, _nameList) =
    let latticeExpr = createParenthesizedLattice(_lattice) in
    let seqlatExpr = match latticeExpr.exprCode with
        | LatticeExpr(_) -> latticeExpr
        | _ -> newExprFields(LatticeExpr(createEmptyLattice
[createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType (Expr(latticeExpr))]))
            in newExprFields(createBinOp(seqlatExpr, DirectAccess,
newExprFields(NameListExpr(_nameList)))))

(* >>>> lvalue: <<<< *)

(* >>>> name: AND rest_of_name: <<<< *)
let combineTwoNameLists(first, second) = first.nameList <- first.nameList @
second.nameList; first

(* >>>> at_operation: <<<< *)
let createAtOperation (_offsetExprFields: exprFields)=
    let (offsetExprFields: exprFields) = _offsetExprFields in
    let currentIndex = newExprFields(NameListExpr({nameList =
[PredefinedLabel(INDEX)]})) in
        let calculatedIndex =
newExprFields(createBinOp(currentIndex, Plus, offsetExprFields)) in
            { nameList = [PredefinedLabel(SUBJECT); IndexingOp(UndeterminedStruct,
Expr(calculatedIndex))] }

let createAtOperationOfInt (_offset: int) =
    let (offsetExprFields: exprFields) =
newExprFields(ConstExpr(IntLiteral(_offset))) in
        createAtOperation(offsetExprFields)

let createAtOperationOfId (_offset: string) =
    let (offsetExprFields: exprFields) = newExprFields(NameListExpr({nameList =
[Id(_offset)]})) in
        createAtOperation(offsetExprFields)

let createAtOperationOfAltlat (_offset: latticeType) =
    let (offsetExprFields: exprFields) =
        newExprFields(LatticeExpr(createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType(_offset))) in
            createAtOperation(offsetExprFields)

(******)
(******)
let rec getSeqlatFromLatticeFields _latticeFRef = match (!_latticeFRef).lattice with
    | Seqlat(seqlat) -> ref seqlat
    | Expr(expr) -> (match expr.exprCode with LatticeExpr(lat) ->
getSeqlatFromLatticeFields (ref lat) | _ -> rf("BUG: getSymbolTableFromSeqlat() !"))
    | _ -> rf("BUG: Expected Seqlat but not found!")

```

```

let rec setSeqlatFromLatticeFields(_latticeFRef, _seqlat) = match
  (!_latticeFRef).lattice with
    | Seqlat(seqlat) -> ((!_latticeFRef).lattice <- Seqlat(!_seqlat));
  _latticeFRef
    | Expr(expr) -> (match expr.exprCode with
      | LatticeExpr(lat) -> (let resLat =
        setSeqlatFromLatticeFields((ref lat), _seqlat) in
          expr.exprCode <- LatticeExpr(!resLat));
    (!_latticeFRef).lattice <- Expr(expr); _latticeFRef)
      | _ -> rf("BUG: getSymbolTableFromSeqlat() !"))
    | _ -> rf("BUG: Expected Seqlat but not found!")

let getSeqlatElementsFromLatticeFields _latticeF = match _latticeF.lattice with
  | Seqlat(seqlat) -> seqlat.elements
  | _ -> [_latticeF]

```

## Scanner.ml Source Code

```

(*
** Lattakia Compiler
** Columbia University COMS-4115
** Programming Languages and Translators
** Authors:
** Wael Salloum
**)
{ open Ast
    open LatticeCreation
    open Latparser
    let length=0;; let count=1;; let clone=2;; let reverse=3;; let return=4;; let
loop=5;; let getlost=6;;
    let labels=10;;
}

rule token = parse
[ ' ' '\t'] { token lexbuf }      (* Whitespace *)
| ['\r' '\n'] { incr_linenumber lexbuf; token lexbuf }      (* Whitespace *)
| '..' { singleLineComment lexbuf }
| "***" { multiLineComment lexbuf }
| '(' { pushNewSymbolTable(env); LPAREN }      | ')' { RPAREN }      (* Punctuation *)
| '{' { LBRACE }      | '}' { RBRACE }
| '[' { LSQBRACKET }      | ']' { RSQBRACKET }
| '^' { CARET }
| '+' { PLUS }      | '-' { MINUS }
| '*' { TIMES }      | '/' { DIVIDE }
| '%' { PERCENT }

| '||' { PIPE }
| '!' { EXCLAMATION }      | '~' { TILDE }
| ';' { SEMI }      | ':' { COLON }
| '@' { AT }
| '.' { DOT }
| "def" { DEF }

| '=' { ASSIGN }      | "?=" { QUEST_ASSIGN }

| "==" { EQ }      | "!=" { NEQ }
| "&&" { AND }      | "||" { OR }

| '<' { LT }      | '>' { GT }
| "<=" { LEQ }      | ">=" { GEQ }

| "let" { LET }

| "true" { TRUE }      | "false" { FALSE }
| "this" { THIS }      | "nil" { NIL }
| "epsilon" { EPSILON }
| "length" { PREDEFINED_LABEL(length) }      | "count"
    { PREDEFINED_LABEL(count) }
| "clone" { PREDEFINED_LABEL(clone) }      | "labels" { PREDEFINED_LABEL(labels) }
| "return" { PREDEFINED_LABEL(return) }      | "loop" { PREDEFINED_LABEL(loop) }
| "getlost" { PREDEFINED_LABEL(getlost) }
| eof { EOF }

| '\\"([^\\"\\'])*\\" as lxm { STRING_LITERAL(String.sub lxm 1 ((String.length lxm)-
2)) }

| ('-'?)?['0'-'9']+.'['0'-'9']+ as lxm { FLOAT(float_of_string lxm) }
| ['0'-'9']+ as lxm { INTEGER(int_of_string lxm) }
| ['a'-'z' 'A'-'Z' '_'][['a'-'z' 'A'-'Z' '0'-'9' '_']* as lxm { ID(lxm) }
| _ as char { addToErrorTable(LexUndefinedSymbol(Char.escaped char), None); NIL}

```

```
and singleLineComment = parse
"\n" { token lexbuf }
| eof { EOF }
| _ { singleLineComment lexbuf }

and multiLineComment = parse
"**" { token lexbuf }
| eof { EOF }
| _ { multiLineComment lexbuf }
```

## semanticAnalysis.ml Source Code

```
(**
** Lattakia Compiler
** Columbia University COMS-4115
** Programming Languages and Translators
** Authors:
** Wael Salloum
** Katherine Scott
**)
(* Semantic Analysis *)

open Ast
open LatticeCreation
open PrintLattice
(*
*** Basic concept here:
*** descend down the AST and drag the envType with us
*** - if we can find a check to do, do it, if we hit an error
*** add it to the environment
*)

(***
*** FOR THE REPORT
*** Each lattakia type is made up of:
*** dataStructTypeType = dataTypeType * structureTypeType
*** We need to have multiple levels of semantic checking
*** We have three primitive types (structureTypeType)
*** (seqlat, altlat, wrd) These can only do operations
*** between ones of the same type
*** i.e.
*** seqlat(op)seqlat ...
***
*** Additionally inside each primitive type there is what
*** we call a specific type (dataTypeType) which is int, float, string, boolean.
*** If the primitive type matches then we need to on and check that
*** each specific type also matches.
***)
(*)

let dataTypeToString _dataType =
    match _dataType with Int -> "int" | Float -> "float" | Boolean -> "boolean" |
String -> "string" | General -> "general"
    | UnresolvedType ->
"unresolved" | Diverse -> "diverse" | MismatchType -> "mismatch"

let structTypeToString _dataType =
    match _dataType with Seq -> "seqlat" | Alt -> "altlat" | Wrd -> "predicate" |
UndeterminedStruct -> "undetermined"

let dataStructTypeToString _dataStructTuple = "("^(dataTypeToString(fst
 _dataStructTuple))^", "^(structTypeToString(snd _dataStructTuple)) ^ ")"

(*-----*)
(*-----*)
(*-----*)
(*-----*)
type symanticEnv = {
    mutable currentLat: latticeFields;
    mutable parentStack: latticeFields list;
}
let symEnv = {currentLat = LatticeCreation.createEmptyLattice []; parentStack = []}
```

```

let rec analyzeSemantics _lattice = (*return an error string -if it is empty we are
good*)
    let latticeType = processLatticeReturnType _lattice in (_lattice,
latticeType)

and processLatticeReturnType (_lattice: latticeFields) = (*input a latticeFields,
which is our AST*)
    let latticeType = (match _lattice.lattice with
    | Seqlat(seqlat) -> (
        symEnv.parentStack <- symEnv.currentLat :: symEnv.parentStack (*PUSH*);
        symEnv.currentLat <- _lattice;
        let seqlatString = processSeqlatReturnType seqlat in
        symEnv.currentLat <- List.hd symEnv.parentStack (*POP*);
        symEnv.parentStack <- List.tl symEnv.parentStack
        (*Remove*);
        seqlatString
    )
    | Altlat(altnat) -> processAltlatReturnType altnat
    | Predicate(pred) -> processPredicateReturnType pred
    | Expr(expr) -> processExprReturnType expr
        ) in _lattice.latDataStructType <- latticeType; latticeType

(*****)
and processSeqlatReturnType _seqlat = (*do the seq lat *)
    let hd = (List.hd _seqlat.elements) in
    getLatticeListType(_seqlat.elements, processLatticeReturnType hd, Diverse)
(*****)

and processAltlatReturnType _altnat = (*do the alt lat *)
    let hd = (List.hd _altnat.alternatives) in
    let resultType = getLatticeListType(_altnat.alternatives, processLatticeReturnType
hd, MismatchType) in
        if (fst resultType) = MismatchType then addErrorTable(SemTypeMismatch,
None) else (); resultType
(*****)
(* go through a lattice list and make sure all of the types are the same *)
and getLatticeListType(_latticeList, (_prevType: dataStructTypeType), (_mismatchType:
dataTypeType)) =
    match _latticeList with
    | [] -> _prevType
    | hd::tl -> let (hdType: dataStructTypeType) = processLatticeReturnType hd in
        if ((fst _prevType) = (fst hdType)) && ((snd _prevType) = (snd hdType)) then
        (getLatticeListType(tl, hdType, _mismatchType))
        else (_mismatchType, UndeterminedStruct)
(*****)
and processPredicateReturnType _pred =
    (* Use the symbol table to compare predicate types - i.e no int < string *)
    let condReturnType = (processExprReturnType _pred.condition) in
        let predReturnType = processExprReturnType _pred.expr in
        match condReturnType with
        | (Boolean, Wrd) -> predReturnType
        | (_, _) -> addErrorTable(SemPredicateTypeNotBoolean, None);
(MismatchType, UndeterminedStruct)
(*****)
(* Do a expression return a type*)
and processExprReturnType (_expr: exprFields) =
    let exprType = (match _expr.exprCode with
    | ConstExpr(const) -> processConstReturnType const
    | OpExpr(op) -> processOpReturnType op (*lookup from symbol table*)
    | NameListExpr(nameList) -> processNameListReturnType(symEnv.currentLat,
nameList.nameList)
    | LatticeExpr(lattice) -> processLatticeReturnType lattice

```

```

        ) in _expr.exprDataStructType <- exprType;
    exprType
(******)
and isWordOperator = function
  | Plus -> true | Minus -> true | Times -> true | Divide -> true | Percent ->
true | Or -> true | And -> true | Less -> true
  | UniMinus -> true | Not -> true | LessOrEqual -> true | Greater -> true |
GreaterOrEqual -> true
  | _ -> false
  (*Tilde | Eval | DontOpt | Let | DirectAccess | Assign | FuncCall | Define |
Equal | NotEqual*)
and doCheckOperandsBeforeCheckingOperator = function
  | Plus -> true | Minus -> true | Times -> true | Divide -> true | Percent ->
true | Or -> true | And -> true | Less -> true
  | UniMinus -> true | Not -> true | LessOrEqual -> true | Greater -> true |
GreaterOrEqual -> true
  | Tilde -> true | Eval -> true | DontOpt -> true | Let -> true | DirectAccess -
> false | Assign -> true
  | FuncCall -> true | Define -> false | Equal -> true | NotEqual -> true

(* given an operation expression return the type it _should_ return *)
and processOpReturnType op =
  let op1type = if doCheckOperandsBeforeCheckingOperator op.operator then
processExprReturnType op.operand1 else (General, Wrd) in
  let op2type = if doCheckOperandsBeforeCheckingOperator op.operator then
    (match op.operand2 with
    | None -> (General, Wrd) (*Apply to all: most general case*)
    | Some(opr) -> (processExprReturnType opr)) else (General, Wrd) in
  if (isWordOperator op.operator)
    && (match (snd op1type, snd op2type) with
          | (Wrd, Wrd) -> false (*No problem*)
          | (_, _) -> true)
      then (MismatchType, UndeterminedStruct)
    else
      (match op.operator with
(* Arithmetic Operations *)
  | Plus -> (
        match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
        | (Int, Int) -> (Int, Wrd)
        | (Float, Float) -> (Float, Wrd)
        | (String, String) -> (String, Wrd)
        | (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
      )
  | Minus -> (
        match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
        | (Int, Int) -> (Int, Wrd)
        | (Float, Float) -> (Float, Wrd)
        | (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
      )
  | Times -> (
        match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
        | (Int, Int) -> (Int, Wrd)
        | (Float, Float) -> (Float, Wrd)
        | (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
      )
  | Divide -> (
        match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with

```

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| (Int, Int) -> (Int, Wrd)
| (Float, Float) -> (Float, Wrd)
| (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
| (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
| (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
)
)
| Percent -> (
  match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
    | (Int, Int) -> (Int, Wrd)
    | (Float, Float) -> (Float, Wrd)
    | (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
    | (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
    | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
)
)
| UniMinus -> (
  match (fst op1type) with
    | (Int) -> (Int, Wrd)
    | (Float) -> (Float, Wrd)
    | (General) -> (General, Wrd)
    | (_) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
)
)
(* Logical Operations *)
| Or -> (
  match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
    | (Boolean, Boolean) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
    | (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
    | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
)
)
| And -> (
  match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
    | (Boolean, Boolean) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (General, t) -> (t, Wrd)
    | (t, General) -> (t, Wrd)
    | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
)
)
| Not -> (
  match (fst op1type) with
    | (Boolean) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (General) -> (General, Wrd)
    | (_) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
)
)
(* Comparison Operations *)
| Equal -> (
  match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
    | (Int, Int) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (Float, Float) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (String, String) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (General, t) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (t, General) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
)
)
| NotEqual -> (
  match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
    | (Int, Int) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (Float, Float) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (String, String) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (General, t) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (t, General) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
    | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
)
)
| Less -> (
  match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with

```

```

| (Int, Int) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
| (Float, Float) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
| (String, String) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
| (General, t) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
| (t, General) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
| (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
)
)
| LessOrEqual -> (
  match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
  | (Int, Int) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (Float, Float) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (String, String) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (General, t) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (t, General) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
)
)
| Greater -> (
  match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
  | (Int, Int) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (Float, Float) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (String, String) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (General, t) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (t, General) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
)
)
| GreaterOrEqual -> (
  match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
  | (Int, Int) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (Float, Float) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (String, String) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (General, t) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (t, General) -> (Boolean, Wrd)
  | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
)
)
(* Misc Operations: Tilde | Eval | DontOpt | Let | DirectAccess | Assign | FuncCall |
Define | Equal | NotEqual*)

| Tilde ->
  let structType = (match (snd op1type, snd op2type)
with
  | (Wrd, Wrd) -> Seq
  | (Wrd, x) -> x
  | (Seq, _) -> Seq
  | (Alt, _) -> Alt
  | (UndeterminedStruct, _) ->
UndeterminedStruct
  ) in
  let dataType = (match (fst op1type, fst op2type) with
  | (Int, Int) -> Int
  | (Float, Float) -> Float
  | (String, String) -> String
  | (Boolean, Boolean) -> Boolean
  | (General, t) -> t
  | (t, General) -> t
  | (UnresolvedType, _) ->
UnresolvedType
  | (_, UnresolvedType) ->
UnresolvedType
  | (MismatchType, _) ->
MismatchType
  | (_, MismatchType) ->
MismatchType
  | (_, _) -> Diverse
)

```

```

        ) in
      (match (dataType, structType) with
        | (Diverse, Alt) -> (MismatchType, Alt)
        | (_, _) -> (dataType, structType))
    | Eval -> (
      match (fst op1type, snd op1type) with
        | (x, Wrd) -> (x, Wrd)
        | (x, Seq) -> (x, UndeterminedStruct)
        | (x, Alt) -> (x, UndeterminedStruct)
        | (_, _) -> (MismatchType, Wrd)
      )
    | DontOpt -> op1type
    | Let -> (General, Wrd)
    | DirectAccess ->
      let nameList = (match (gs op.operand2 "").exprCode with
NameListExpr(nameListEx) -> nameListEx.nameList | _ -> rf("BUG:
SemanticAnalysis.processOpReturnType(): DirectAccessss: nameList!"))
      in
      let lattice = (match op.operand1.exprCode with
LatticeExpr(lat) -> lat | _ -> rf("BUG: SemanticAnalysis.processOpReturnType():
DirectAccessss: lattice!"))
      in
      processNameListReturnType(lattice, nameList)
    | FuncCall ->
      let funcNameList = (match op.operand1.exprCode with
NameListExpr(nameListEx) -> nameListEx.nameList | _ -> rf("BUG:
SemanticAnalysis.processOpReturnType(): FuncCall: funcLattice!"))
      in
      let (idSymOpt, idLatOpt) = try
LatticeCreation.findNameListSymbolInLatticeFields(symEnv.currentLat, funcNameList)
      with Not_found ->
addToErrorTable(SemUndefinedIdentifier(PrintLattice.processNameList {parent = None;
hash = StringMap.empty} funcNameList), None); (None, None)
      in
      (match idLatOpt with
        | None -> (UnresolvedType, UndeterminedStruct)
        | Some(funcLattice) -> (
          let expr = (gs op.operand2 "") in
          let lattice = (match expr.exprCode with
LatticeExpr(lat) -> lat | _ -> createEmptyLattice [createLatticeFieldsFromLatticeType
(Expr(expr))]) in
          if funcLattice.paramNameList = None
          then (MismatchType, UndeterminedStruct)
          else if funcLattice.paramTypeList =
None then (
            calcParamTypeList(lattice,
funcLattice) then
            processLatticeReturnType(funcLattice)
            else
              (MismatchType,
UndeterminedStruct)
          )
          else
            if
checkParameterTypes(funcLattice.paramTypeList, lattice) then
              funcLattice.latDataStructType
              else
                (MismatchType,
UndeterminedStruct)
            )))
        | Assign ->
          let nameList = (match op.operand1.exprCode with
NameListExpr(n) -> n.nameList | _ -> rf("BUG: SymanticAnalysis: Assign: NameList-2!"))
          in

```

```

        let (idSymOpt, idLatOpt) = try
LatticeCreation.findNameListSymbolInLatticeFields(symEnv.currentLat, nameList)
            with Not_found ->
addToErrorTable(SemUndefinedIdentifier(PrintLattice.processNameList {parent = None;
hash = StringMap.empty} nameList), None); (None, None)
            in
let idSymbolType = (match idSymOpt with
| None -> (UnresolvedType, UndeterminedStruct)
| Some(idSymbol) -> idSymbol.symDataStructType) in
let rvalueType =
    (match (fst idSymbolType, fst op2type) with
     | (General, t) -> (t, snd op2type)
     | (t, General) -> (t, snd op2type)
     | (x, y) -> if x = y then (x, snd
op2type) else (MismatchType, snd op2type)
    ) in rvalueType
| Define ->
    let idSymbolOpt =
LatticeCreation.findInSymbolTable((LatticeCreation.getSymbolTableFromSeqlat
symEnv.currentLat),
                                    (match op.operand1.exprCode with
NameListExpr(n) ->
                                        (match List.hd n.nameList with Id(x) ->
x | _ -> rf("BUG: SymanticAnalysis: Define: NameList-1!"))
                                         | _ -> rf("BUG: SymanticAnalysis:
Define: NameList-2!"))
                                    ) in
    let rvalueType = processExprReturnType (gs op.operand2 "") in
match idSymbolOpt with
| None -> rf("BUG: SymanticAnalysis: Define:
NameList-3!")
| Some(idSymbol) -> (idSymbol.symDataStructType <-
rvalueType; rvalueType)
(******)
and processConstReturnType = function (*return the type so we can do type checking*)
| StringLiteral(_) -> (String, Wrd)
| IntLiteral(_) -> (Int, Wrd)
| FloatLiteral(_) -> (Float, Wrd)
| Epsilon -> (General, Wrd)
| Nil -> (General, Wrd)
| True -> (Boolean, Wrd)
| False -> (Boolean, Wrd)
(******)
(* make sure that x.y.z is in the right symbol table scope*)
and processNameListReturnType(_lattice, _nameList) =
    let (idSymOpt, idLatOpt) = try
LatticeCreation.findNameListSymbolInLatticeFields(_lattice, _nameList)
            with Not_found ->
addToErrorTable(SemUndefinedIdentifier(PrintLattice.processNameList {parent = None;
hash = StringMap.empty} _nameList), None); (None, None)
            in
    let idSymbolType = (match idSymOpt with
| None -> (UnresolvedType, UndeterminedStruct)
| Some(idSymbol) -> idSymbol.symDataStructType
    ) in idSymbolType
(******)
and checkParameterTypes(_paramTypeList, _paramValueLattice) =
    let elements = getSeqlatElementsFromLatticeFields _paramValueLattice in
    List.fold_left2 (fun a b c -> a && (b == c.latDataStructType)) true (gs
_paramTypeList "BUG: checkParameterTypes!") elements

```

```
and calcParamTypeList(_paramLattice, _funcLattice) =
    let elements = getSeqlatElementsFromLatticeFields _paramLattice in
        if (List.length elements) <> (List.length (gs _funcLattice.paramNameList
"BUG: calcParamTypeList")) then false
        else let paramTypeList = List.map (fun x -> x.latDataStructType) elements
in
    _funcLattice.paramTypeList <- Some(paramTypeList); true
```