



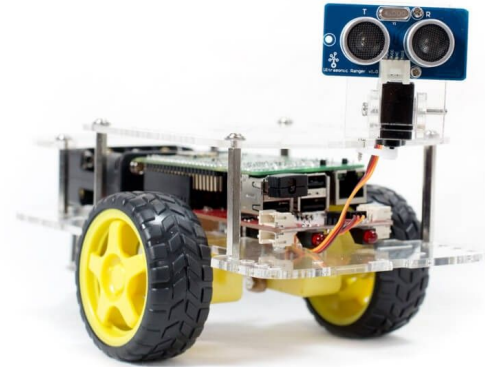
# Introduction to GoPiGo

9/12/2017

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# What is a GoPiGo?

- The GoPiGo is a complete kit to build your own robot car.
- Easy to use API (with multiple language support)
- Raspberry Pi with Debian based OS





# What you will receive

- A router
  - A GoPiGo with:
    - Camera
    - Ultrasonic sensor
    - USB wifi adaptor
  - Toolbox with tools
  - USB connector
  - Step 0 of HW1: Check that you have all of the supplies listed on the site
- 
- Batteries not included! You can also buy a USB Battery Charger



# How do I program it?

- Configure the WiFi on your GoPiGo
- SSH into your GoPiGo
- Run commands through ssh or VNC
- Moving the GoPiGo around
- Using the ultrasonic sensor
- Using the camera



# Configure your wifi on the GoPiGo

- Each of you will receive a router
- You'll need to make sure your GoPiGo connects to the router
- Make sure your batteries are charged!!!



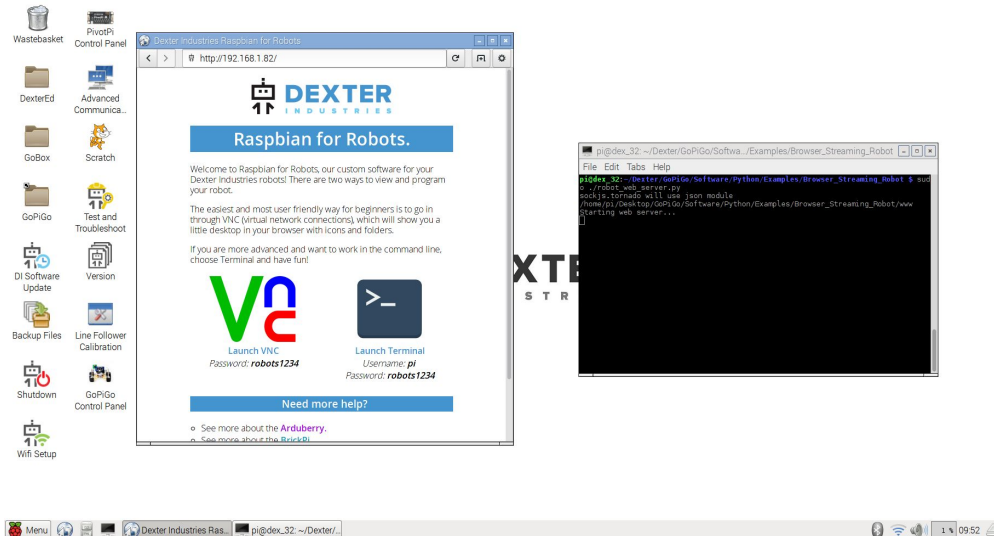


# Connecting to the router

- The wifi password is located on the bottom of the router
- Connect to the WiFi broadcasted by the router - it will likely be named either “team\_X” or “TP-link”
- Connect to the router by going to [tplinklogin.net](http://tplinklogin.net) after connecting
- Login to the console with username “admin” and password “admin”
- Go to DHCP->DHCP clients list and find the IP address of your GoPiGo
- Record this address, it should look like “192.168.0.101”

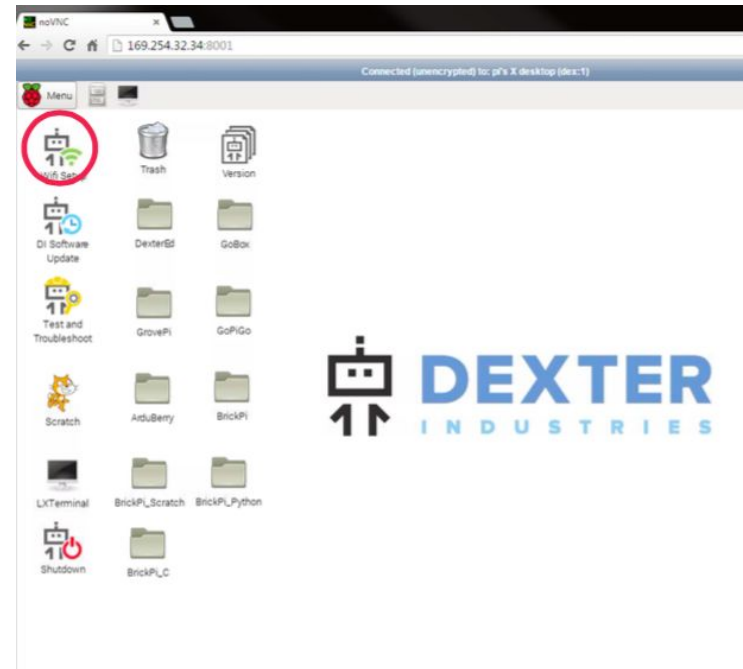
# Login to the GoPiGo via VNC

- Open a browser and enter “192.168.0.101” or the IP address you found in the previous step. You should see:
- Use password robots1234



# Open VNC

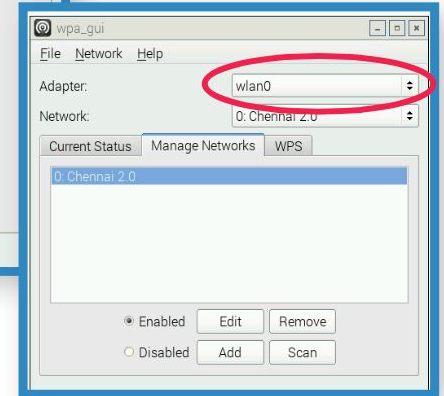
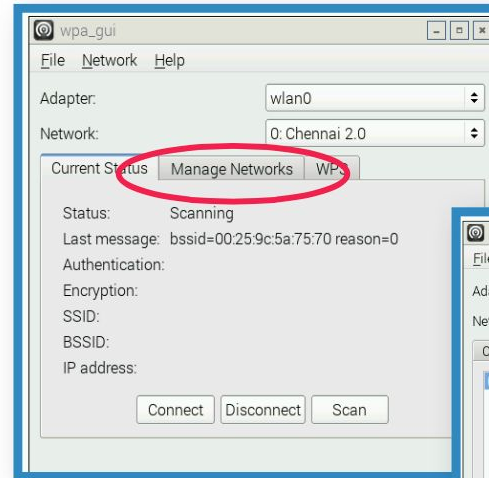
- The VNC view will give you a classic desktop like interface
- Open the wifi setup on the desktop





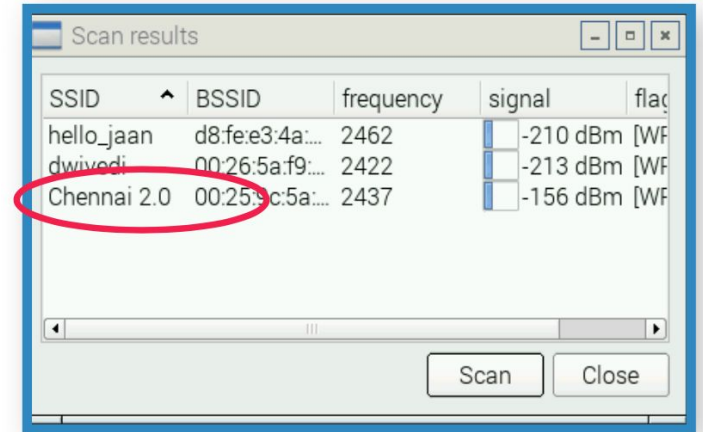
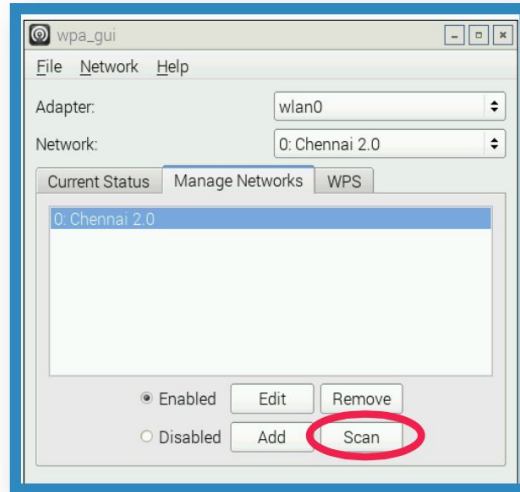
# Select Manage Networks

Make sure the first field of Adapter is set to “wlan0”



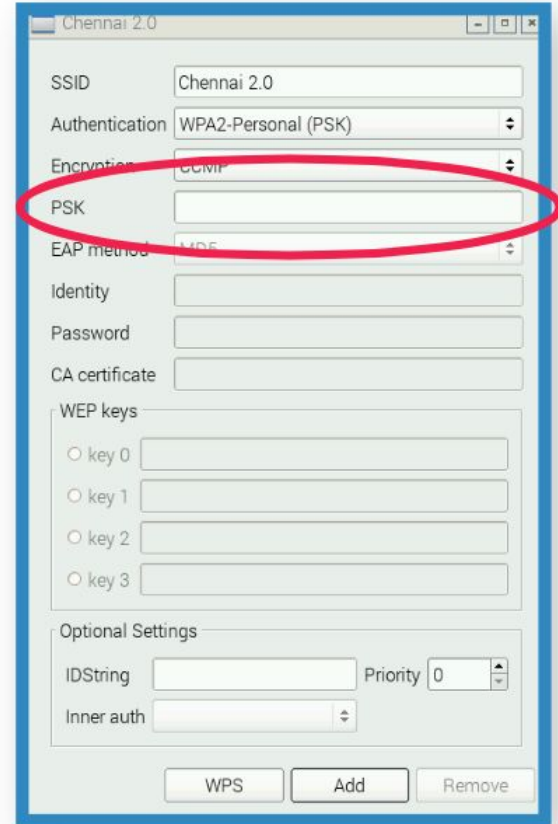
# Scan for WiFi

Press the “scan” button on the bottom right of the window. Then select the wifi network found in the router in a previous step



# Enter WiFi password

Double check that you have entered the password that is located on the router



The image shows a screenshot of a Windows WPS configuration window titled "Chennai 2.0". The window contains several fields for configuration:

- SSID: Chennai 2.0
- Authentication: WPA2-Personal (PSK)
- Encryption: CCMP
- PSK: (This field is highlighted with a red oval)
- EAP method: MD5
- Identity: (empty)
- Password: (empty)
- CA certificate: (empty)
- WEP keys: (empty)
- Optional Settings: IDString (empty), Priority 0, Inner auth (empty)

At the bottom of the window, there are three buttons: WPS, Add, and Remove.



## More comprehensive tutorial:

<https://www.dexterindustries.com/GoPiGo/getting-started-with-your-gopigo-raspberry-pi-robot-kit-2/1-assemble-the-gopigo-2/assemble-gopigo-raspberry-pi-robot/1-assemble-the-gopigo2/2-connect-the-gopigo2/>



## Now connect via SSH!

- If you are on Windows - use MobaXterm or Putty
- If you are on Linux/Mac you should have ssh installed already
- Once your GoPiGo and computer are on the same wifi network - enter the following in a terminal window:

```
$ ssh pi@dex.local
```

```
password: robots1234
```



# SSH Interface

- We can now run programs
- `cd ~/Desktop/GoPiGo/Software/Python/Examples/Basic_Robot_Control/basic_robot.py`
- `cd`  
`~/Desktop/GoPiGo/Software/Python/Examples/Ultrasonic_Basic_Obstacle_Avoider/basic_obstacle_avoid.py`



# Components of basic\_robot.py

- Movement functions
- Speed augmentation
- This tutorial does not cover Python - see meeting on Thursday 9/14 at 7pm for a tutorial in Python
  
- All Python functions are within the 'gopigo' module



# Movement

- fwd() - Move the robot forward
  - left() - turn the robot left
  - right() - turn the robot right
  - bwd() - move the robot backward
  - stop() - stop all motion
- 
- All movement actions will continue until a stop is called





# Speed Augmentation

- `increase_speed()`
- `decrease_speed()`
  
- The speed of the GoPiGo can be between 0-255. The default speed is 200. `increase_speed()` increases the speed by 10 and `decrease_speed()` decreases the speed 10. Returns 1 on success, -1 on error



# Putting basic\_robot.py together

```
from gopigo import *
import sys
while True:
    print "Enter the Command:",
    a=raw_input() # Fetch the input from the terminal
    if a=='w':
        fwd() # Move forward
    elif a=='a':
        left() # Turn left
    elif a=='d':
        right() # Turn Right
    elif a=='s':
        bwd() # Move back
    elif a=='x':
        right() # Turn Right
    elif a=='s':
        bwd() # Move back
    elif a=='x':
        stop() # Stop
    elif a=='t':
        increase_speed() # Increase speed
    elif a=='g':
        decrease_speed() # Decrease speed
    elif a=='z':
        sys.exit()
    else:
        print "Wrong Command, Please Enter Again"
    time.sleep(.1)
```



# Reading from the ultrasonic sensor

- `us_dist(pin)`
- Pin is the connection where the ultrasonic sensor is connected (in our case it is pin 15)
  
- This will return the distance in cms from the nearest object detected by the ultrasonic sensor.
- The sensor tends to be erroneous when pointed at an angle from an object
- Reads values up to 200cm semi-accurately



# Using that in a movement paradigm

```
from gopigo import *
import time
distance_to_stop=20          #Distance from obstacle where the GoPiGo should stop
print "Press ENTER to start"
raw_input()                 #Wait for input to start
fwd()                       #Start moving
while True:
    dist=us_dist(15)        #Find the distance of the object in front
    print "Dist:",dist,'cm'
    if dist<distance_to_stop: #If the object is closer than the "distance_to_stop" distance, stop the GoPiGo
        print "Stopping"
        stop()              #Stop the GoPiGo
        break
    time.sleep(.1)
```



# More documentation

- List of all potentially useful Python functions [here](#)
- [GoPiGo Github repo](#)
- If you have questions please contact your TAs