

# Topics to be Covered

- Coordinate frames and representations.
- Use of homogeneous transformations in robotics.
- Specification of position and orientation
- Manipulator forward and inverse kinematics
- Mobile Robots: Algorithms and methods for mobile robot navigation, path planning and sensing.
- Robotic sensing: Vision, touch, proximity, force/torque.
- Humanoid Robots
- Robotic Hands, Grasping and Manipulation
- Planning strategies in robotics. Application of Artificial Intelligence techniques to complex planning problems such as assembly, manipulation, locomotion and navigation.
- New and interesting Robotic Domains: Medicine, Space, Micro and Nano scale

# 2 AMR 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition Available Now!

- Revised and extended
  - 150+ pages heavier
  - Perception treated more thoroughly
- Accompanies this course

Roland SIEGWART  
Illah R. NOURBAKHS  
Davide SCARAMUZZA



# Robotics: Origin and Meaning

- Robot etymology
  - Robota: Czech for useful (and forced) forms of labor
  - Coined by Karel Čapek in his 1921 play „Rossums Universal Robots“
  - Represents today’s understanding of an android
- By this definition, the field of robotics is ancient
  - Clepsydra: water clocks of ancient greece
  - Windmills
  - Steam engine



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4000 BC

800 AD

1763 AD

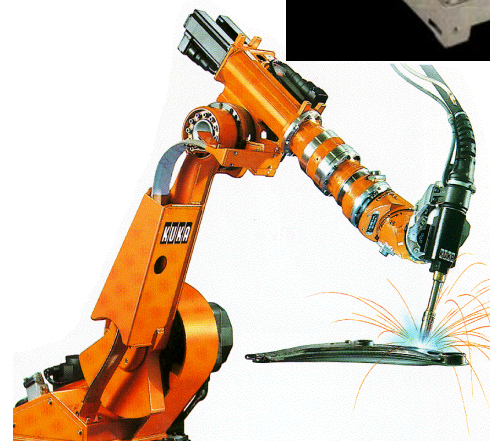
# 5 Robotics: Modern Developments (1950 – 1990)

## ■ Milestones in stationary robotics (industry)

- Pick and place Unimates, 1956
- Stanford arm, 6 dof, 1969
- ABB and KUKA industrial arms, 1973
- ...

## ■ Milestones in mobile robotics

- Shakey the robot, 1966
- NASA Viking program, 1975
- Brooks „subsumption architecture“, 1986
- ...



## 6 Robotics: Modern Developments (1950 – 1990)

- Shakey the robot



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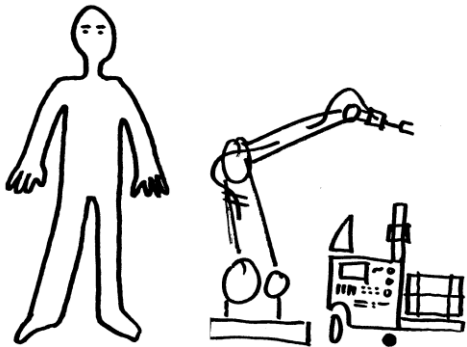
## 7 Robotics: Modern Developments (1950 – 1990)

- Brooks' subsumption architecture

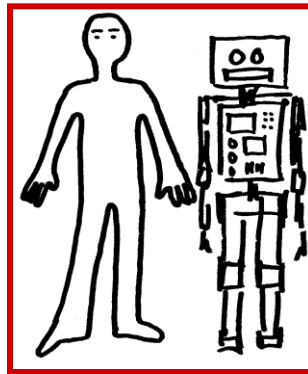


## 8 Trend: Robots are Getting Closer

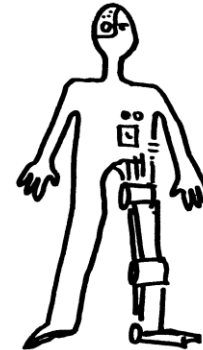
- Technical systems can be characterized by the increasing physical and psychological **closeness and interaction** between man and machine



*Industrial Robots*



*Service and  
Personal Robots*



*Cyborgs*



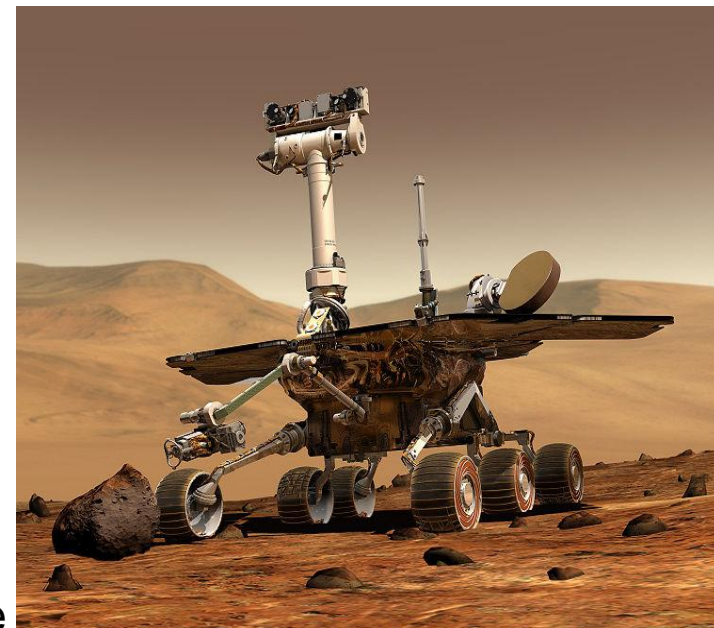
# 9 Mobile Robotics: Case Studies from the Last Two Decades

- Space Rovers
  - NASA and ESA Mars programs
  - Key issues: mobility in rough terrain, time delay, temperatures
  
- Autonomous Robotic Cars
  - DARPA grand and urban challenges
  - Autonomous Google car
  - Key issues: dynamic environments, safety
  
- Flying Robots
  - sFly
  - Key issues: limited computation power and payload
  
- Personal Robots
  - Humanoids: ASIMO
  - Willow Garage PR2
  - Key issues: safety, human-friendliness



# 10 NASA: Mars Exploration Rover Mission

- Mission overview
  - Two rovers: Spirit and Opportunity to survey Martian surface & geology
  - Original mission duration was set to 90 sol
  - Total cost of close to 1 Billion US\$
- Communication
  - X band radio, ca. 20 minutes delay (two ways)
  - Thus, remote real-time operation is not feasible
- Autonomous Systems
  - Horizontal velocity control via vision system before landing (DIMES)
  - Stereo vision for local mapping and reactive planning (GESTALT)
  - Visual odometry in areas of high slippage
  - On May 01, 2009 Spirit got stuck in soft soil
  - On Jan. 26, 2010 it was reassigned as a stationary science platform



Spirit

1  
11 **NASA: Mars Exploration Rover Mission**



# 13 DARPA: Grand & Urban Challenges

- Darpa Grand Challenge 2004
  - 130 mile course in Mojave desert
  - None of the teams finished the course
- Darpa Grand Challenge 2005
  - Again a desert course, but with added complications
  - 5 Teams finished
- DARPA Urban Challenge 2007
  - Inner-city course
  - Obedience of traffic rules
  - Frequent denial of global positioning (GPS)

# 14 DARPA: Grand & Urban Challenges

- Grand Challenge 2005 Trials



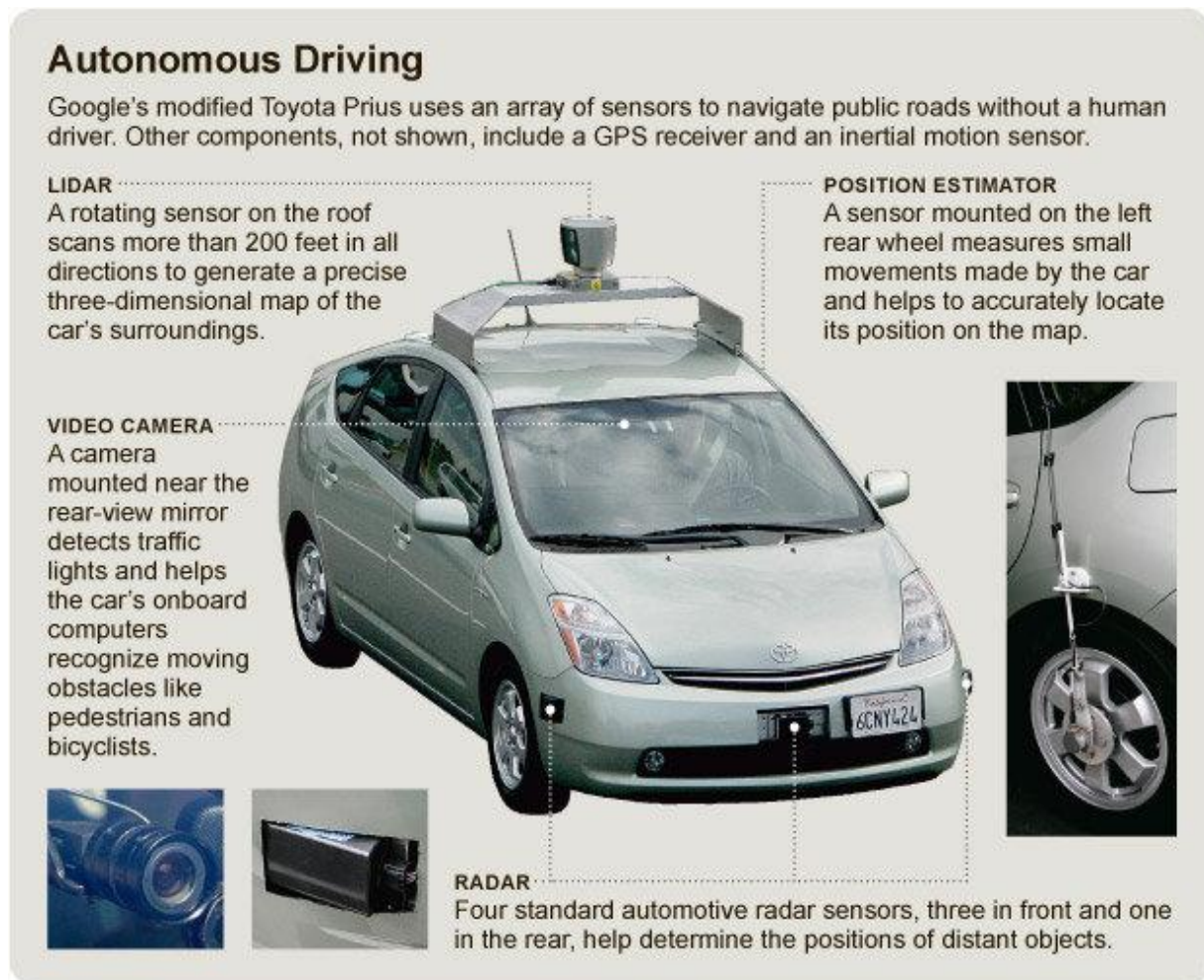
# 1 15 DARPA: Grand & Urban Challenges

- Urban Challenge 2007



# 1 17 Google: Autonomous Driving in traffic

- October 2010
- Self-driving car in real traffic
- Toyota Prius + a variety of sensors:
  - Lidar,
  - Video camera,
  - Radars,
  - GPS receiver,
  - etc.
- Autonomous Driving:
  - sense the surroundings
  - mimic the decisions of a human driver



Source: Google

THE NEW YORK TIMES; PHOTOGRAPHS BY RAMIN RAHIMIAN FOR THE NEW YORK TIMES

# Google: Autonomous Driving in traffic

- Plan route like a GPS navigator but use extra data to decide on driving actions
- Boost safety & efficiency
- 7 cars, 140 000 miles with minimal human intervention
- Autonomous cars are still years from mass production

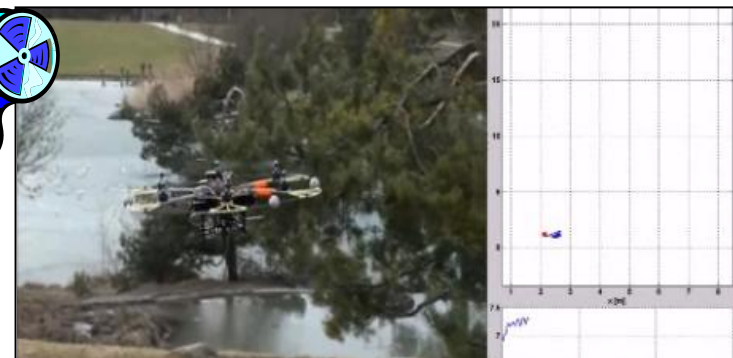


Video: ABC News

# sFly: Swarm of micro Flying Robots



- Ongoing EU project
- Coordinated flight in small swarms over previously unknown areas
- Autonomous micro helicopters for:
  - inspection,
  - exploration,
  - search & rescue,
  - monitoring & surveillance
- Access to:
  - environments where no human or other vehicles can get access to
  - GPS-denied environments
- Vision-based fully autonomous navigation





# Humanoid Robot: ASIMO

**HONDA**  
The Power of Dreams

- Honda's ASIMO:  
**Advanced Step in Innovative MObility**
- Designed to help people in their everyday lives
- One of the most advanced humanoid robots
  - Compact, lightweight
  - Sophisticated walk technology
  - Human-friendly design



Video: Honda

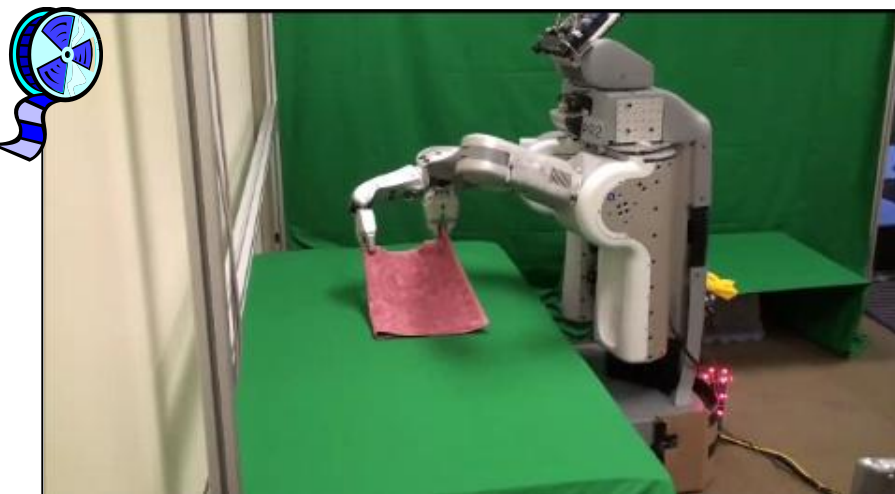
## PR2: Personal Robot 2



- Robot for reasearch and experimentation
- Development platform:
  - Cameras, Laser scanners, Accelerometer, Tactile sensors
  - 16 CPU cores
  - Sophisticated joints design for safety
  - Variety of networking tools for communicating data
- ROS: Robot Operating System **free, open source**, software development platform integrating libraries and tools
- Cost: \$400 000



# PR2: applications



Fold towels



Fetch beer



Clean-up with cart



Navigation