Wildlife Census via LSH-based animal tracking

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Jim Corbett National Park, India



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The Challenge

- Surveillance around the sanctuary
- Tracking animals and their lifestyle
- Finding the habitat of animals, especially rare species
- Carrying out animal census eg: number of tigers in the sanctuary?

Current techniques

- Video surveillance through cameras at specific locations around the sanctuary territory.
- Manual surveillance
 - Tedious to manually process large amounts of video data collected through various sources and answer questions.

From Data to Solutions ...

- Video Processing for foreground/background estimation
 - Additive Matrix Factorization

Hybridized with

- Image Processing for Object recognition
 - LSH based object recognition

Additive Matrix Factorization

Decompose matrix **Z** such that,

$$Z = L + S$$

Where **L** is a low-rank matrix and **S** is sparse

- Used extensively in foreground/background separation for videos
- Can be solved efficiently by Convex Optimization techniques





















LSH-based object recognition

Decompose matrix **Z** such that,

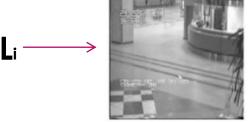
- Process the sparse matrix \$ to recognize the mobile object
- Relevant work in Liu, Wei, et al. "Supervised hashing with kernels." Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR), 2012 IEEE Conference on. IEEE, 2012.





















Pipeline



Video Feed

Surveillance camera in some area of the sanctuary

Video Processor recognizes objects (animals) and stores in file.

Rare species?

Alert!!!



Keep track of the animals found in a file

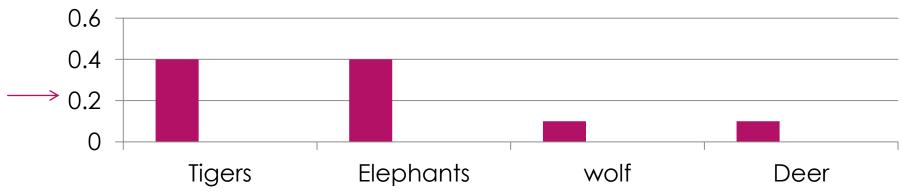
Animal Census

- Certain animals are recognizable by certain features
 - For example, every tiger has a unique pattern of stripes on their body
 - Similarly for zebras
- Can train LSH for identifying different individuals within the same specie.
- ► This can lead to a more accurate estimate of the number of individuals within a specie than manual counting and saves time.

And Topic Modeling ...

- Each file corresponds to a video.
- Can run topic modeling algorithms on the file corpus to organize the data.
- Topic modeling can help to analyze composition of species according to geographic area

For some geographic area within the sanctuary



Tools and Evaluation

Tools:

- 1) Lin, Zhouchen, Minming Chen, and Yi Ma. "The augmented lagrange multiplier method for exact recovery of corrupted low-rank matrices." arXiv preprint arXiv:1009.5055 (2010). [Matlab code]
- 2) Kulis, Brian, and Kristen Grauman. "Kernelized locality-sensitive hashing for scalable image search." Computer Vision, 2009 IEEE 12th International Conference on. IEEE, 2009. [Matlab code]

Evaluation:

Motion-based Segmentation and Recognition Dataset

- Brostow, Gabriel J., et al. "Segmentation and recognition using structure from motion point clouds." Computer Vision–ECCV 2008. Springer Berlin Heidelberg, 2008. 44-57.
- Brostow, Gabriel J., Julien Fauqueur, and Roberto Cipolla. "Semantic object classes in video: A high-definition ground truth database." *Pattern Recognition Letters* 30.2 (2009): 88-97.

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- http://www.mouthshut.com/product-reviews/Jim-Corbett-National-Park-reviews-925003708
- http://www.radiomastfm.com/amboseli-national-park-kenya-4955
- https://www.safaribookings.com/tours/t1407
- Surveillance camera: http://ipcameraguide.com/2016/04/protectingyourself-using-home-surveillance-cameras/
- ► He, Jun, Laura Balzano, and John Lui. "Online robust subspace tracking from partial information." arXiv preprint arXiv:1109.3827 (2011).