Cybersecurity: A Systems Problem

Steven M. Bellovin https://www.cs.columbia.edu/~smb



Protecting a Web Site

- You want to buy something online
- You enter your credit card number
- How do we protect it from being stolen from the Web?



(Photos by the author except as noted)

Security Questions

- What are you trying to protect?
- From whom?
 - Different attackers have different powers
 - They also have different goals
 - What are you trying to protect <u>from whom</u>?
- This is the first security question to ask



Getting the Threat Model Wrong

- What if you don't understand what the enemy wants?
- What if you get the enemy's abilities wrong?
- You'll protect the wrong thing or your defenses will be inadequate





(Photo source unknown)

Ordinary Thieves

- They want money or something easily convertible to money
 - Credit card numbers are good
 - Defense secrets are bad—they can't easily monetize them
- They know how to hack
- They don't have 007-grade skills or devices; they aren't foreign intelligence agencies!
 - They're ordinary criminals with some technical skills

Stealing Card Numbers in Transit

- Can the attacker monitor your conversation?
- Can they steal things in midflight?



Encrypt the Communication!

- Ordinary thieves can't break encryption
- Internet encryption isn't perfect—but again, we're not dealing with intelligence agencies

Hack Into the Site?

- Web sites have to have credit card numbers to bill you
- Many store them
- Can the attacker hack into a site and get your credit card number that way?



It's Not Just a Website

- All modern web sites use databases, often on separate computers
- If the web site is programmed incorrectly, an attacker can go *through* the web server to attack the database
- One of those databases might hold your credit card number



Site Defenses

- Harden the site
- Many defenses, including firewalls



Phishing Attacks

- Can the attacker get your password?
- Guessing your password?
- "Phishing"—trick you into entering your password into a fake version of the web site



Defenses



- Strong passwords
- Two-factor authentication

Think About It

- No one defense will suffice
- You have to protect all parts of the system
- Defenders have to *think* about the *entire* system, and not just one or two pieces

Security is a systems problem



Skills

- Cryptology, for the encryption
- Human factors, to protect against phishing
- Networking, to build firewalls
- Programming
- Many more, including system administration and operation
- A systems perspective

Questions?

