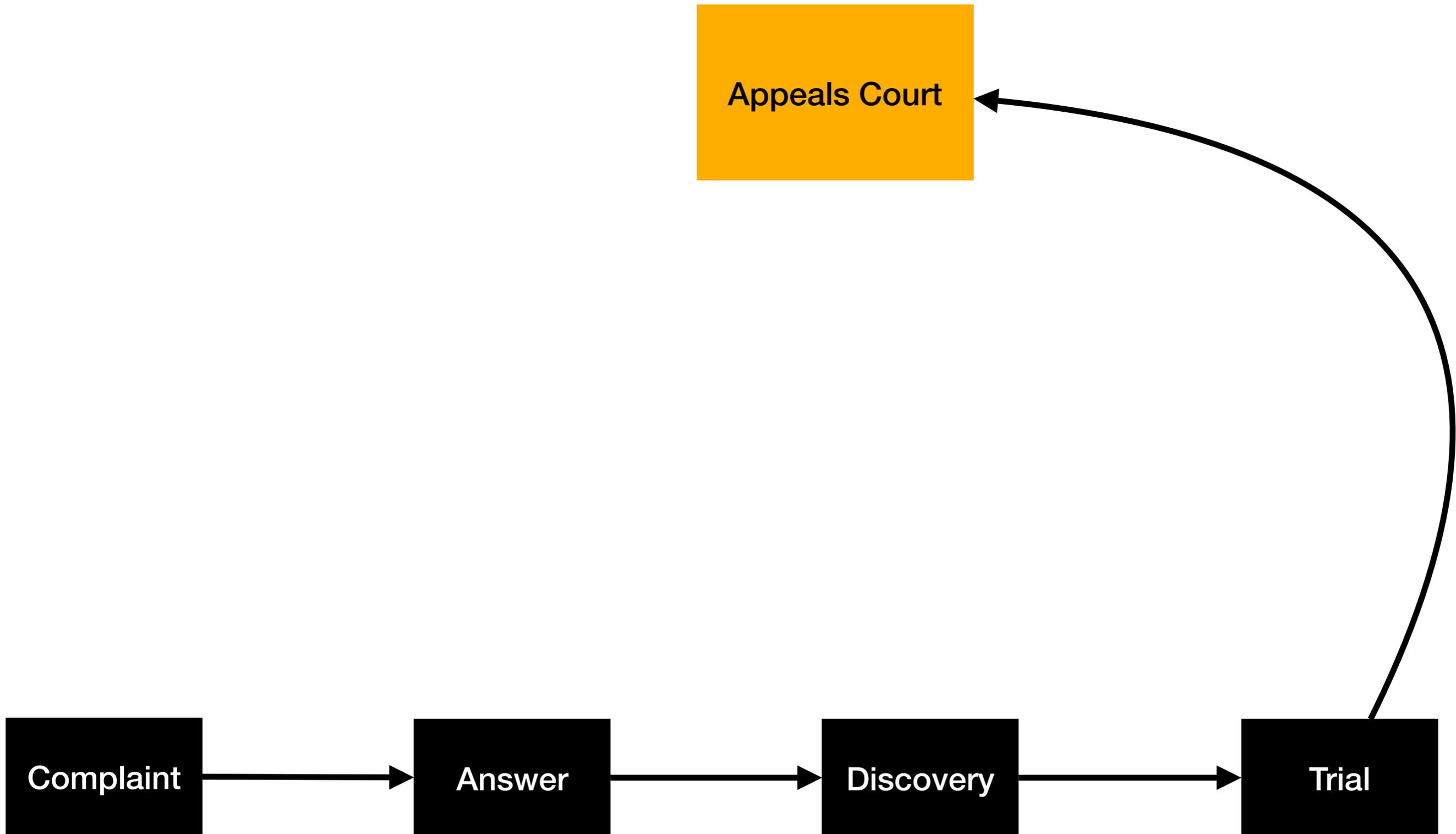


# **Introduction to litigation**

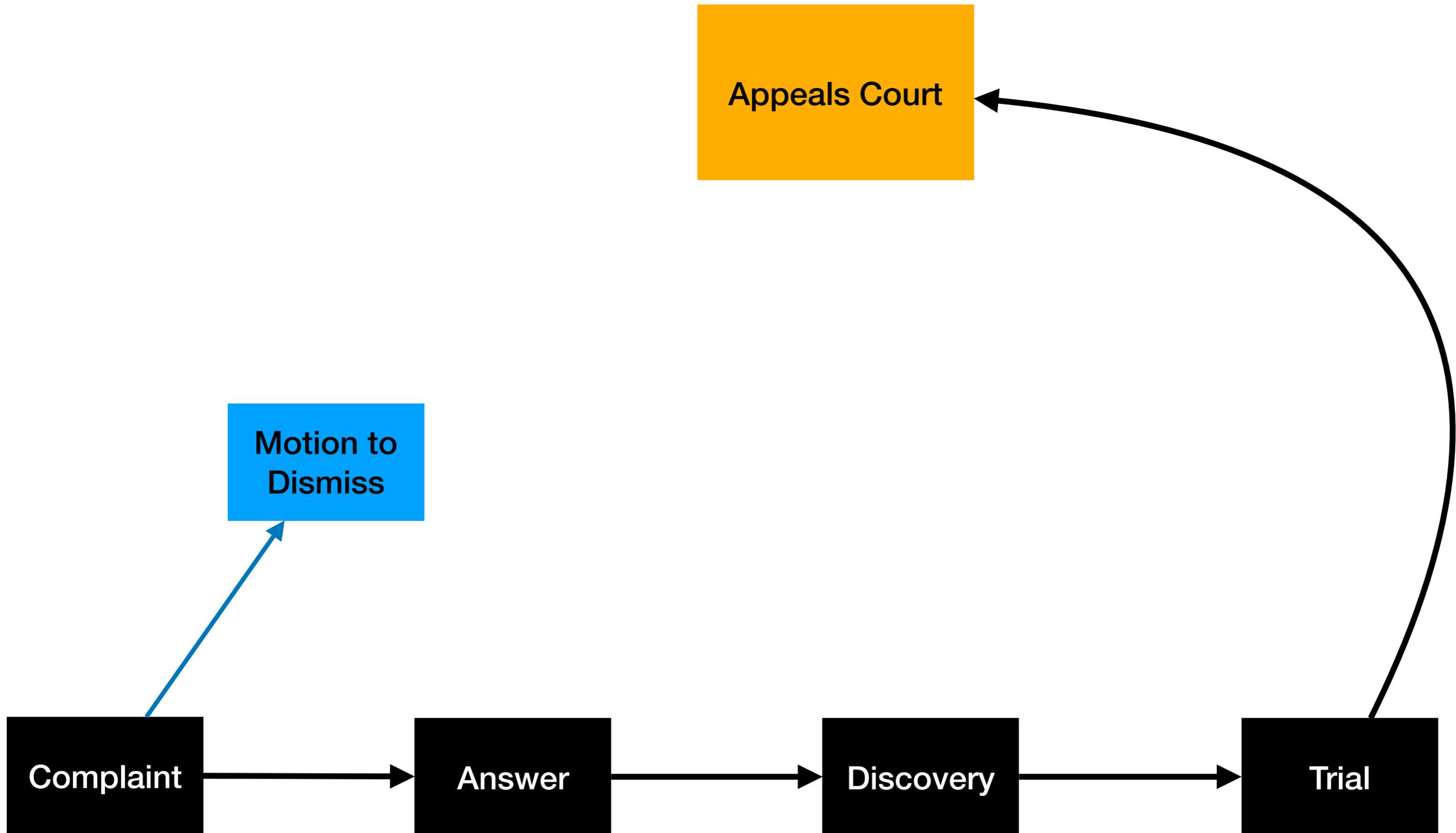
**COMS E6184, LAW L7777**

**Alex Abdo (2022)**

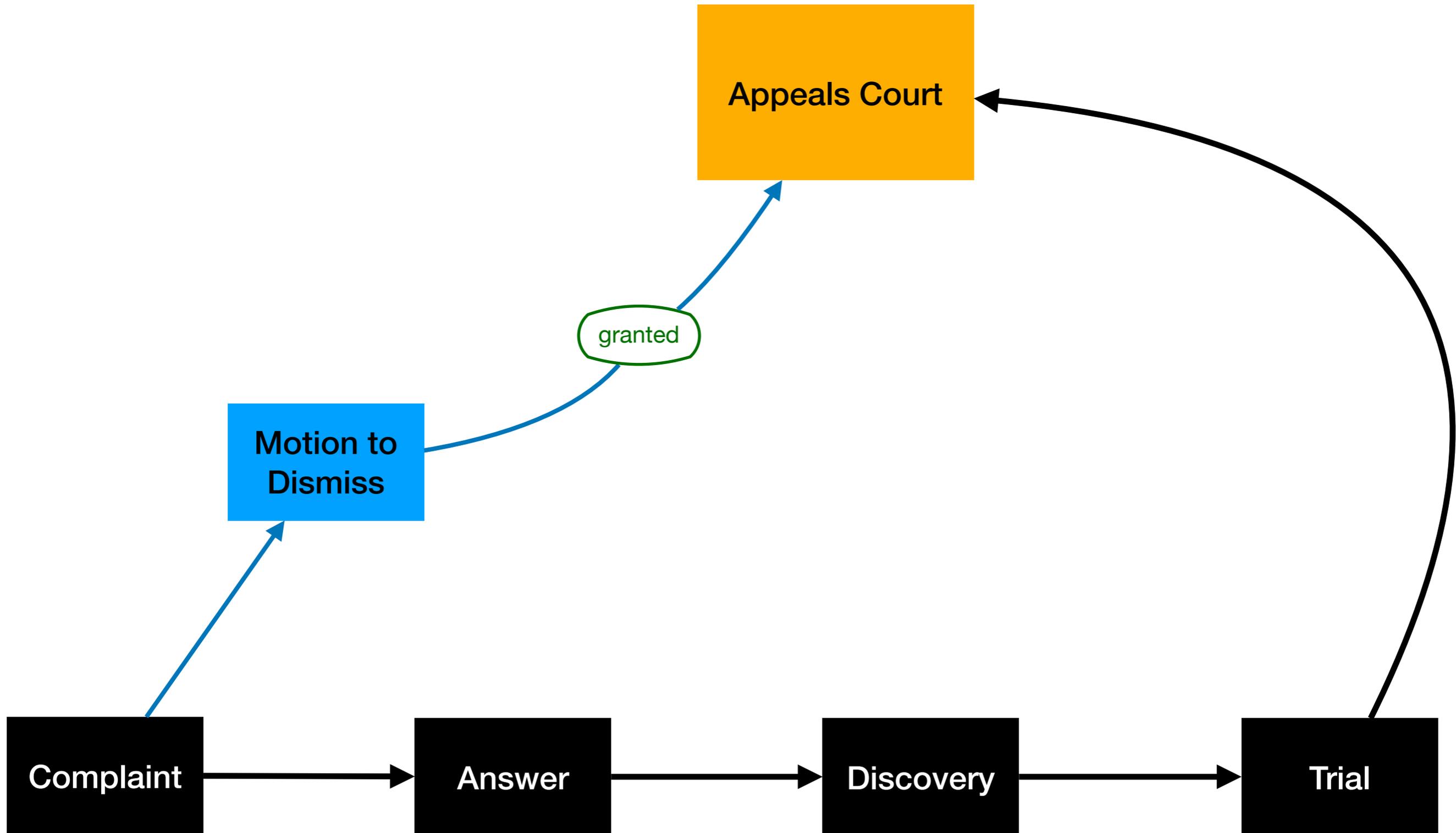
# Anatomy of a civil case (simplified)



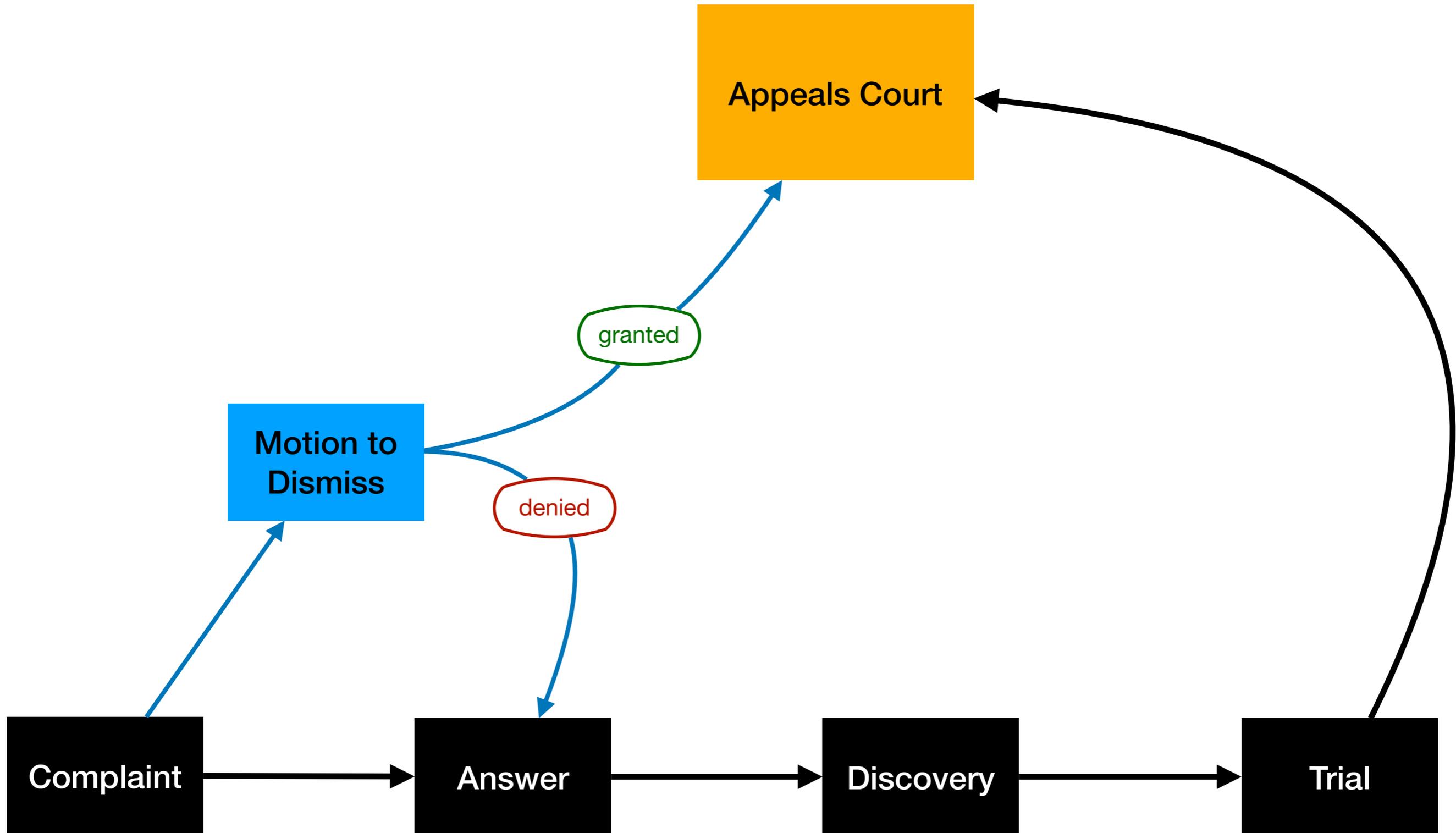
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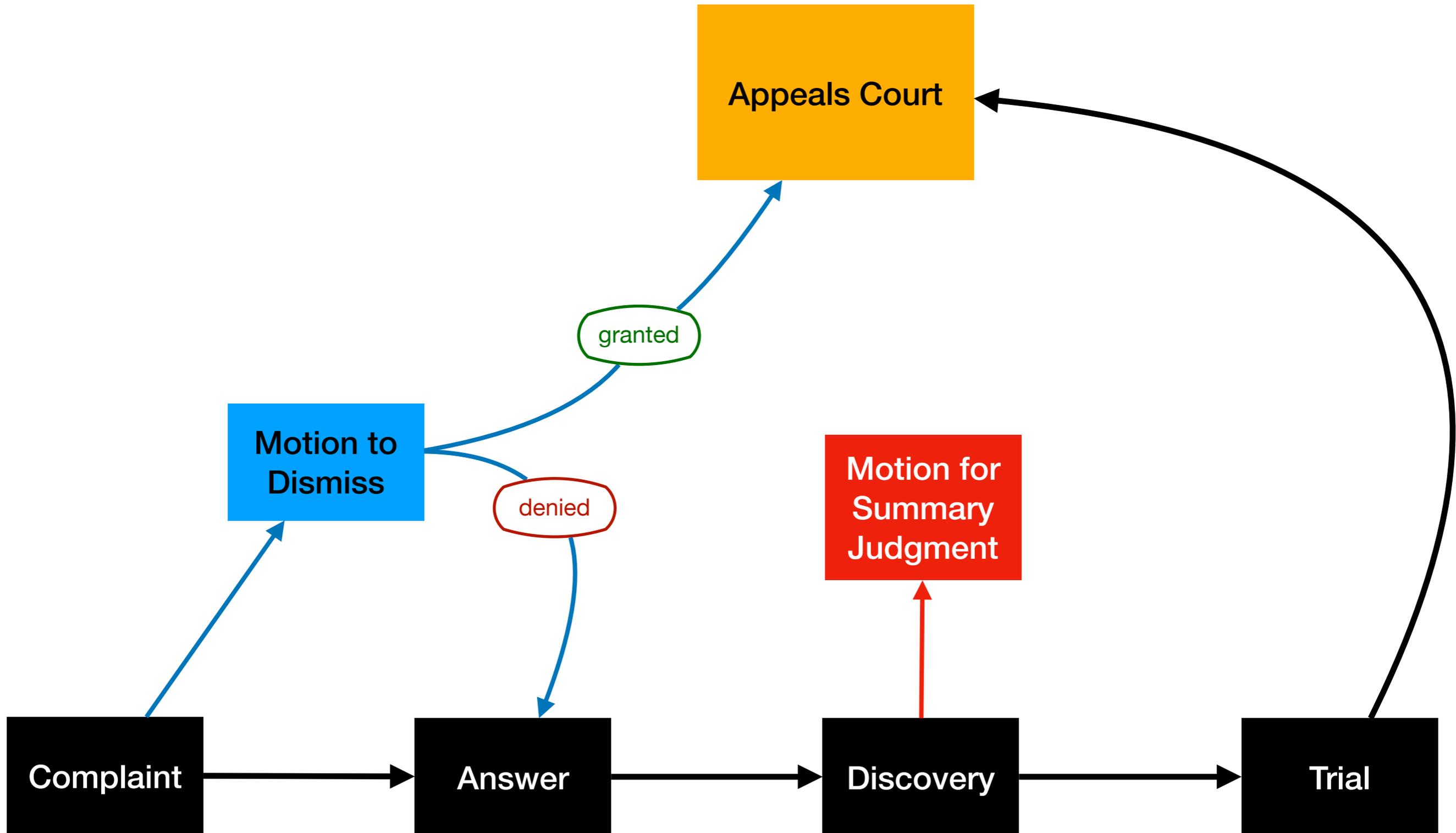
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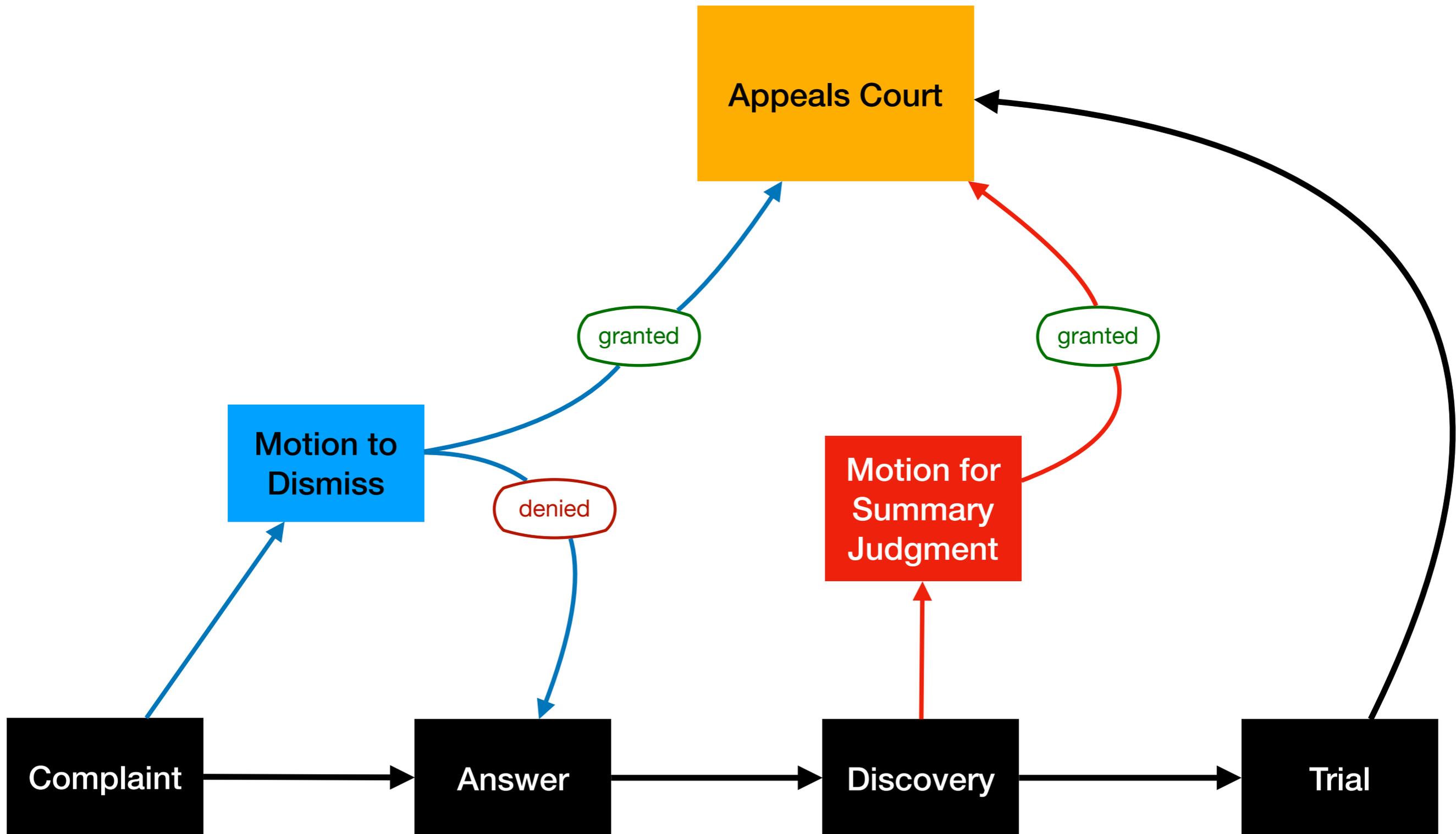
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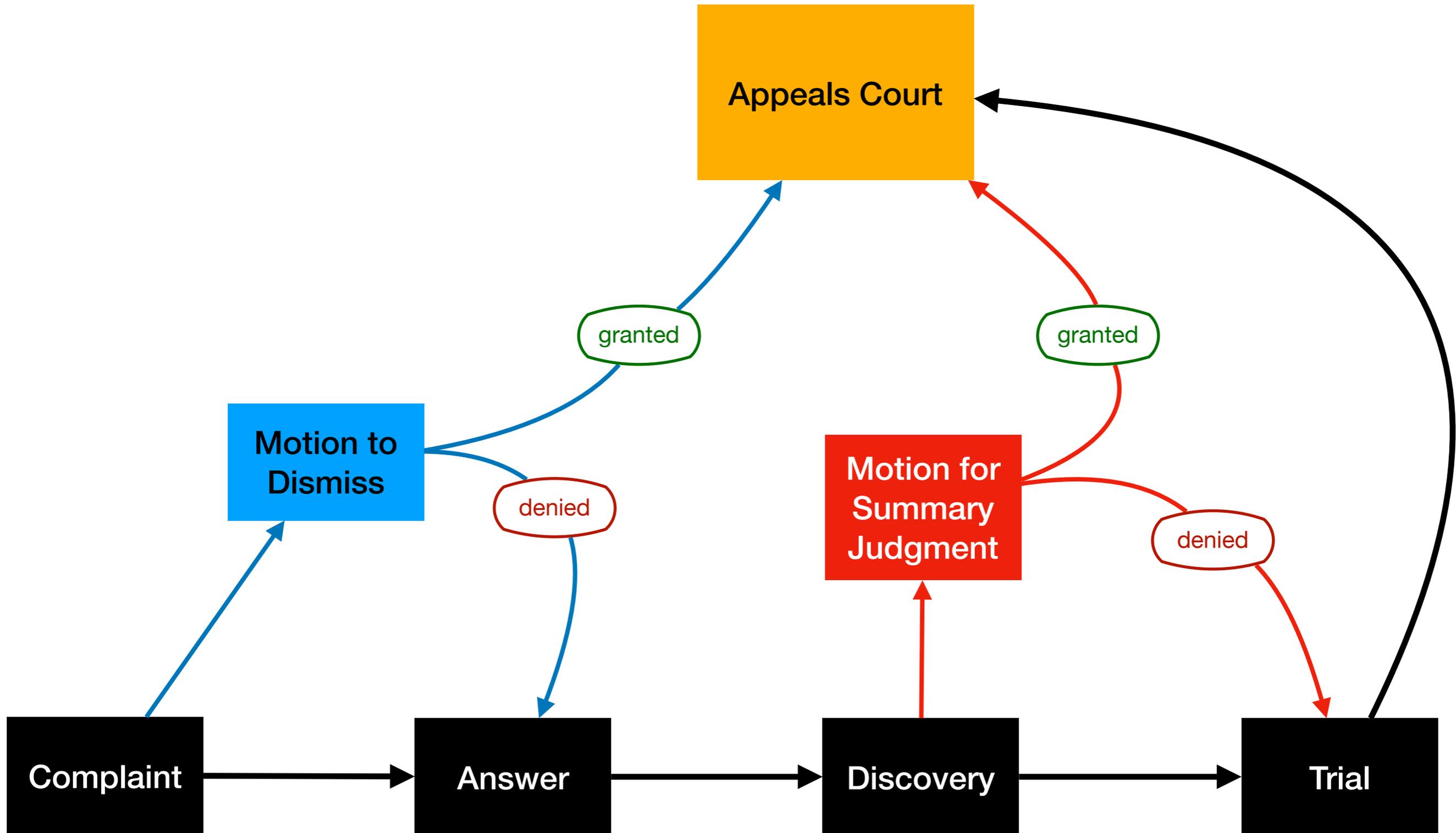
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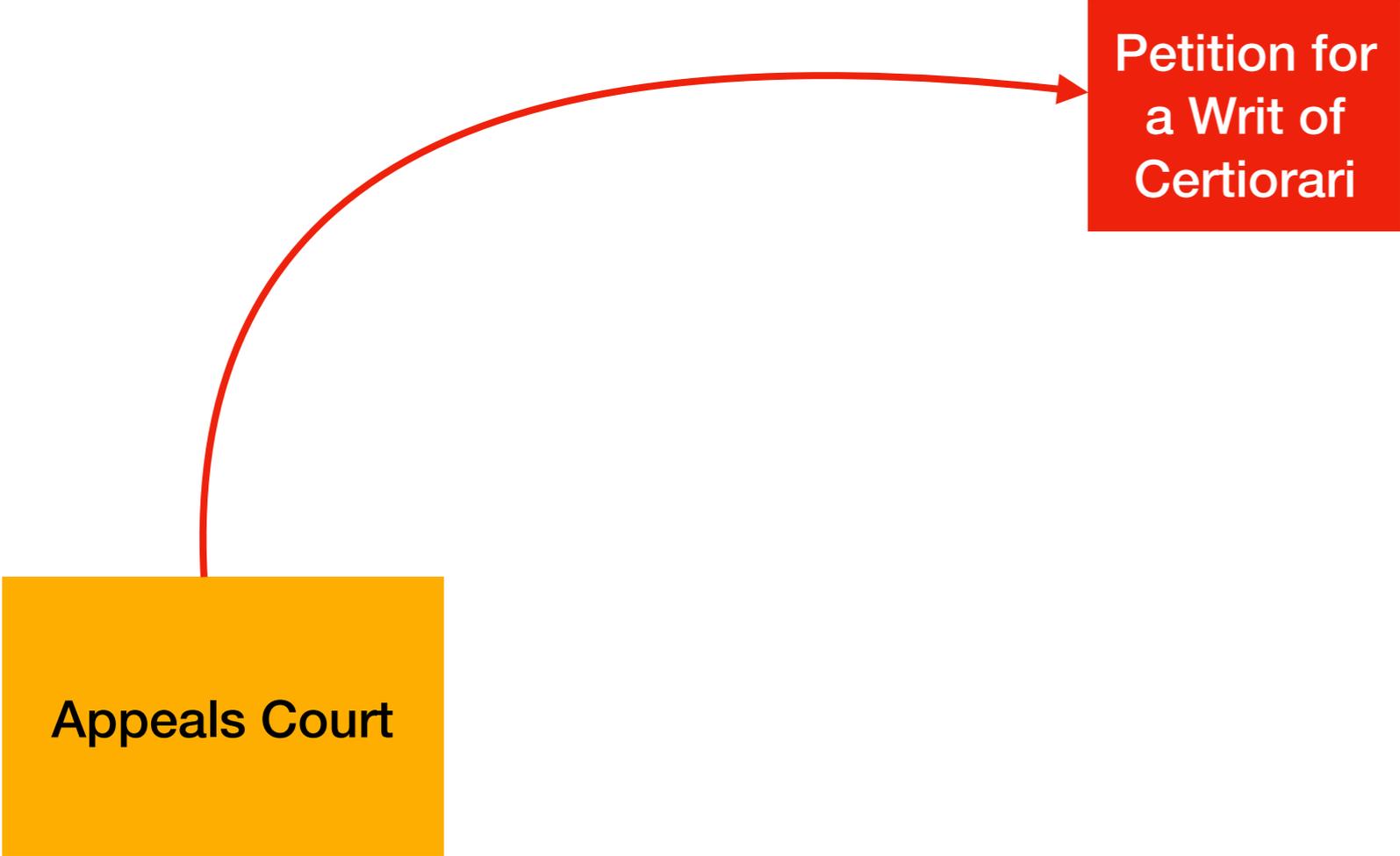
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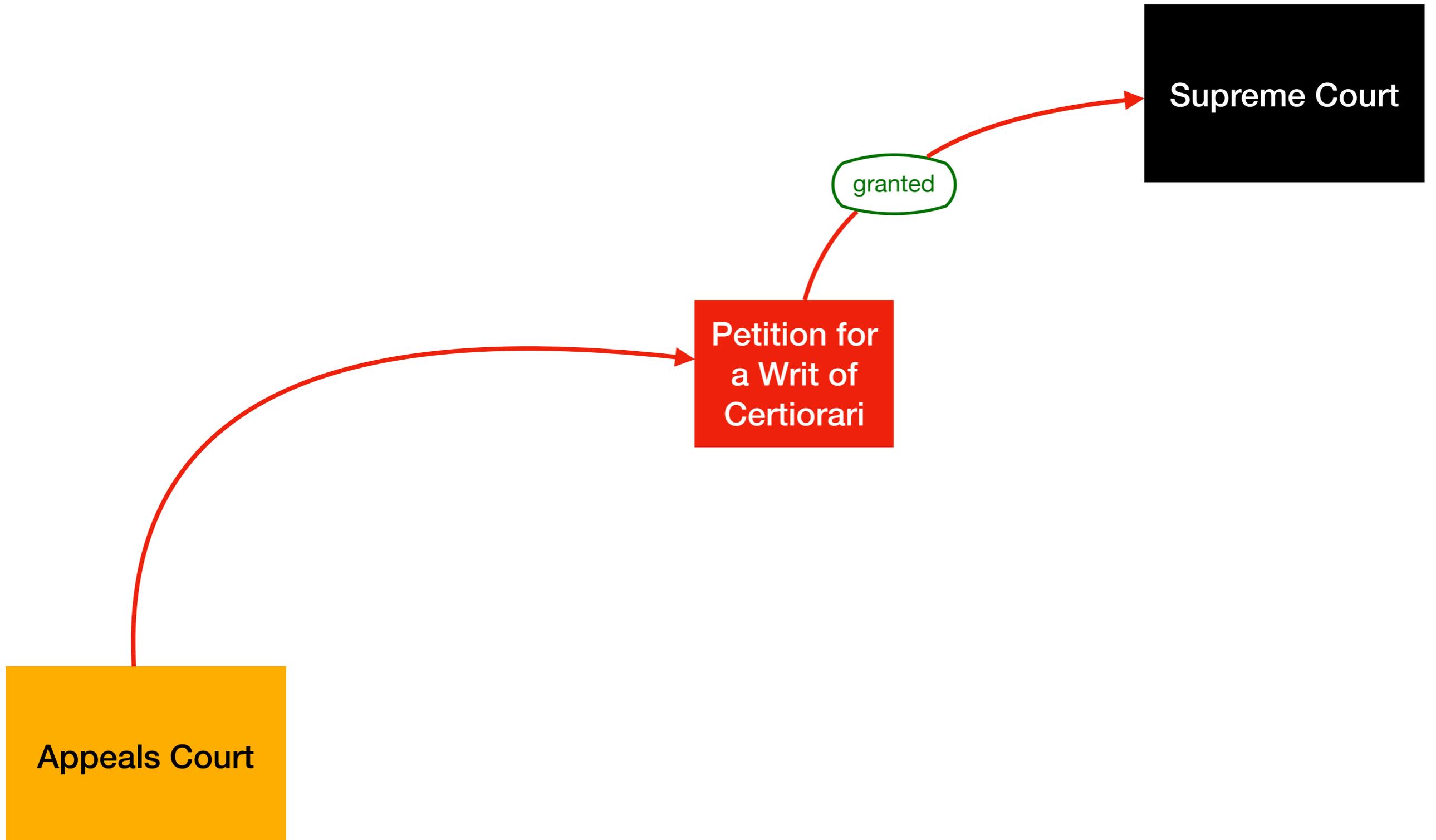
# Anatomy of a civil case (simplified)

Appeals Court

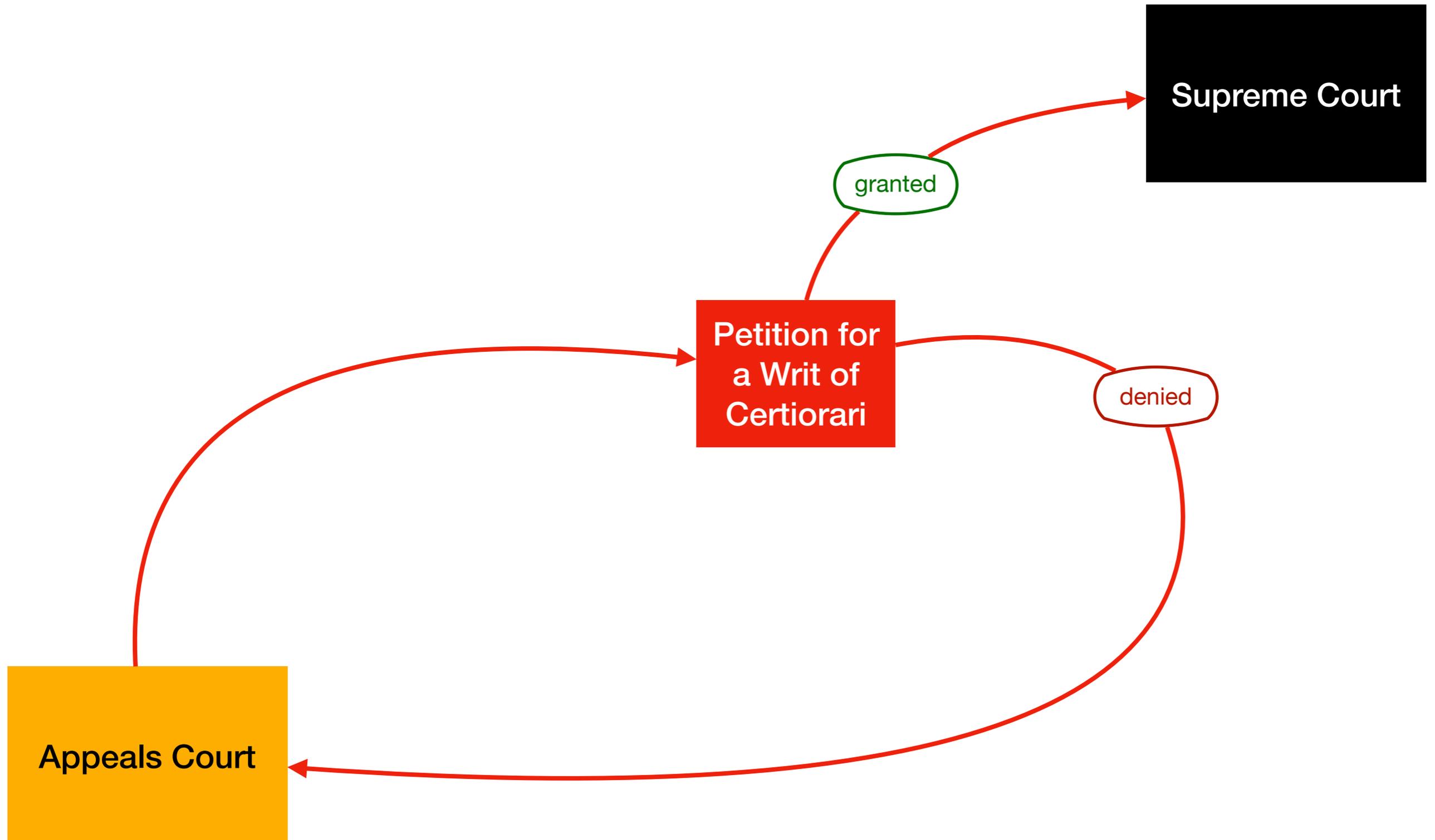
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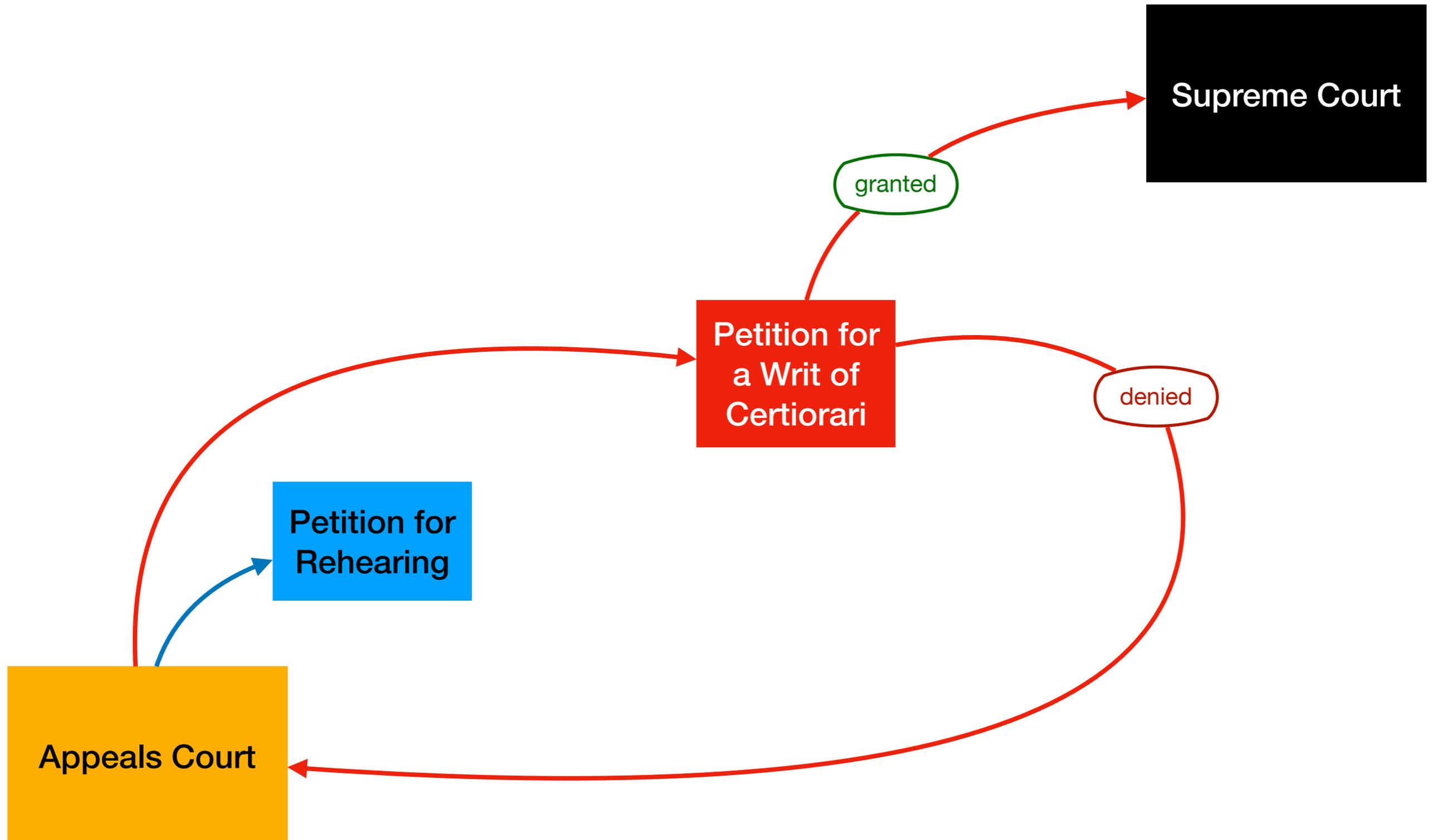
# Anatomy of a civil case (simplified)



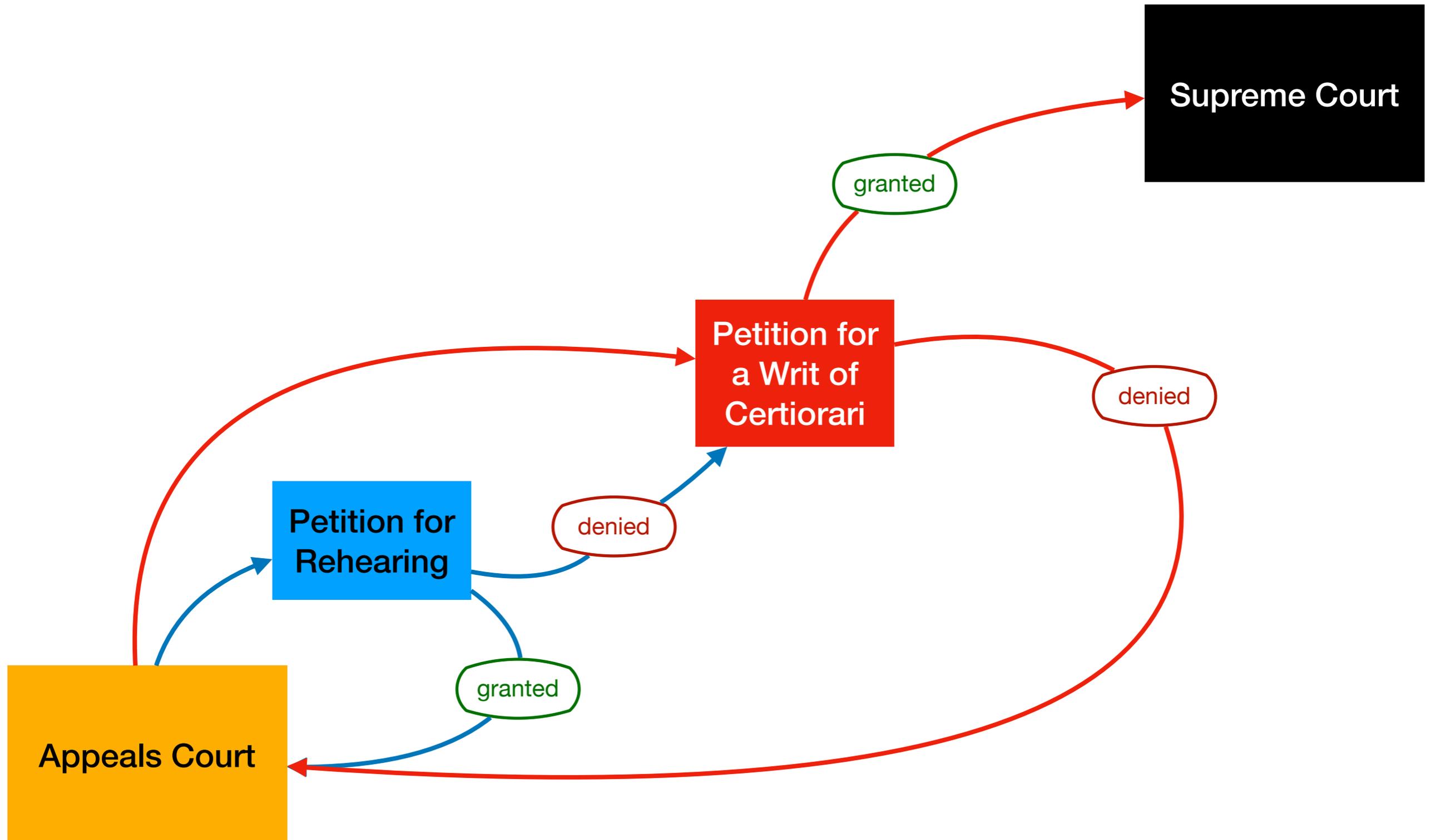
# Anatomy of a civil case (simplified)



# Anatomy of a civil case (simplified)



# Anatomy of a civil case (simplified)



# Fourth Amendment

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

# First Amendment

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

# Legal citations

## U.S. Code

18 U.S.C. § 2518

## Cases

*United States v. Jones*, 565 U.S. 400 (2012)

*Bernstein v. U.S. Dep't of Justice*, 176 F.3d 1132 (9th Cir. 1999)

*Seo v. Indiana*, 148 N.E.3d 952 (Ind. 2019)

# Legal resources

**Cornell Law School LII** — [www.law.cornell.edu/](http://www.law.cornell.edu/)

**LexisNexis (Nexis Uni)** — [clio.columbia.edu](http://clio.columbia.edu)

**Google Scholar** — [scholar.google.com](http://scholar.google.com)

**Ravel Law** — [www.ravellaw.com](http://www.ravellaw.com)