American Pool Video Game

Group Name: Pool-Maniac CSEE 4840 Embedded System Design



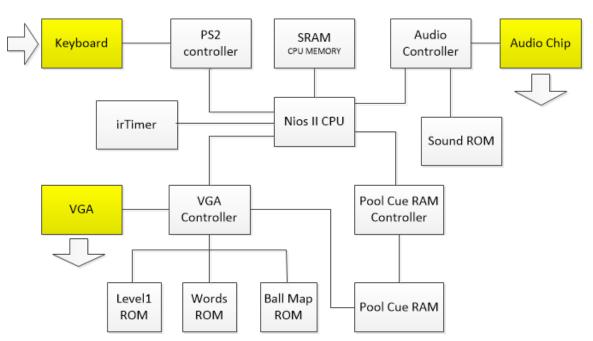
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1. Project Introduction

In this project, we designed a 2-D American Pool Video Game for two players following the basic American pool rules based on the DE2 board. We have VGA, Keyboard and Audio in our project. We also made the pool game software to realistically simulate the physical movement of the balls on FPGA.

2. Architecture

We wrote the VGA controller, SRAM controller, PS2 controller and Audio Controller to control the peripherals. We also wrote the Pool Cue RAM Controller to use part of the on chip memory as RAM for pool cue display. The irTimer is used to help fix the runtime of the loops.



*The yellow blocks are peripherals.

3. VGA

1. Colors and Sprites

The interface needs only 31 colors, so we made a color table for them. Each color is represented by a 5-bit color code. The color code range from "00001" to "11111" for the 31 colors, and "00000" is saved for transparent. The images are stored with the color codes, so memory could be saved.

	Contents
Level 0	a. Frames of spool table and serve line
	b. Strength bar
	c. Background

Level 1	a. 6 pockets and around areas
Level 2	a. 16 balls
Level 3	a. Pool cue
Level 4	a. Instruction words

Level 4 is the top level and all the way down to Level 0. The level is enabled when the raster scans into the areas of the images on the level and the point is not transparent. If one level is enabled, and none of its upper level is, the RGB outputs of the VGA controller will be given with the color code of this level.

2. Inputs	-	
	Inputs	function
From Nios CPU	x, y positions for 16 balls	Decide the positions of the
		centers of the balls.
	x, y biases for 16 balls	Decide the positions of the
		masks related to the ball map
		for rotation.
	strength	Update the strength bar
	Serve line enable	Show or clear the serve line
	x, y positions for instructions	Decide the positions of the
		instruction words
	Enable signals for instruction	Show or hide the instruction
	words	words
	Highlight signals for	Highlight the instruction
	instruction words	words
	x, y positions of the	Give the positions of the
	instruction words	instruction words
From Ball_Map_rom	The color codes of ball maps	Give the color code of balls
		(Level 2) for current pixel
Form Level1_rom	n Level1_rom The color codes for pockets	
	and round areas	(Level 1) for current pixel
From Words_rom	The color codes for instruction	Give the color code of
	words	
		current pixel
From PoolCue_ram	The start and end positions for	Give the start and end
	the pool cue image of each	positions of the pool cue
	line on screen	image for the line being
		scanned (Level 3)

3. Balls

First, in order to make the balls look real, we used three colors for the base image of each ball to give a 3-D visual effect. In the VHDL code, we made a 2-bit 14*14 mask for the balls. "00" represents transparent, "01" represents color 1, "10" represents color 2, and "11" represents color 3. When the raster scans into the area of a ball, we give the color code and level enable signals of

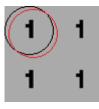
this level (Level 2) according to the number in the ball mask and the number of ball.

Second, to make the balls rotate, we made a 2-bit 27*27 map for each ball, which are stored in Ball_Map_rom (on chip memory). Some part of the maps will cover on the base images of the balls. In the map, "00" represents transparent, "10" represents black, and "11" represents white. For example, the map for ball 1, 2, 9 and 10 is shown below.



*Gray represents transparent here.

We also have the 'biases to map' of both direction x and y (from 0 to 13) for each ball, which indicate which part of map will be shown on the ball. For example, for ball 1, as shown in the following figure, the black cycle includes the area that will show on the ball, when bias x and y are 0. When the ball moves, we move its bias to the map with an opposite direction. For example, if ball 1 moves up and left by 1 pixel respectively, then the bias increase in both x and y by 1, so the part shown on the ball is now what the red cycle included. This is our trick to make the balls look like rotate.



4. Pool Cue

In order to store enough images for the pool cue's rotation with limited memory, we made some improvements to reduce the memory needed to store the images. First, we use only 2*355 16-bit data for one image, which gives only the start and end positions of the cue in each line of the image. The data for the images is written in the C code, and we made a PoolCue_ram (using on chip memory) for the VGA controller to use it. The RAM can store 2*480 16-bit data, one start point and one end point for each line on the screen. In the C code, when updating the cue, we first choose an image according the angle of the cue, and then compute the data for the RAM with the image data and the position of the cue, and write it to the RAM. In the VHDL, when scan to certain line, we first read the corresponding data from the RAM, and then enable the level for pool cue (Level 3) from the start position to the end position for each scanning line. The cue is single colored, so a fixed color code is given for this level.

Besides, in order to reduce the number of images needed, we use only 31 images to generate 120 different forms of the cue. The 31 images give all the forms of cue in the 4th quadrant, and generate the forms in other quadrants with mirror image.

5. Others

For all the rectangle things, like table frames and strength bar, we defined the vertexes of them in VHDL, and enable the certain level (Level 0) when the raster scan into the rectangle areas. They are all single color, so their color codes are fixed.

For the pockets (Level 1) and instruction words (Level 4), their images are stored on the Level1_rom (on chip memory) and Words_rom(on chip memory). The data is stored as color codes, and "00000" means transparent. The positions of pockets are written in VHDL as constant .The positions of instruction words are given by the software. When the raster scan into the image area, data will be read from the ROM's, and generate the enable signals and color codes for VGA controller outputs.

4. Keyboard

The keyboard is the only controller for the pool video game. The players use the PS/2 keyboard to send operations, like starting the game, controlling the position of cue ball and the state of pool cue.

The arrow keys, space key and enter key are used in our game. The arrow keys are used to realize position control, including left, right, up and down. Besides, the arrow key is also used to control the state of pool cue. The up and right key will both realize the clockwise rotate, while down and left key used for anticlockwise. If the player wants to rotate a big angle, he can use the up and down key, and if he just need to tune the pool cue a small angle, the left or right key will be used. The space key is used to adjust the strength of the pool cue, with a red bar shown on the screen to indicate the current strength. After settling the strength and angle, press the enter key and release the pool cue which will hit the cue ball. If a key is hold, the keyboard will continuously send the signal of this key's code, and this information will be stored in a buffer. When the enter key is pressed and the release code of a key is received, the hold buffer will be cleared and set the angle and strength to its initial value.

The hardware setup for this keyboard controller is to put the PS2 controller based on lab3, into SOPC and connect the PS/2 signal CLK and DATA correspondingly to the top-level board pins.

5. Audio

In our game, the audio block can generate a corresponding sound when the pool cue or the table hits the ball, and the collision happened between different balls. Besides, the volume of the sound is based on the speed of the balls. The collision happened with a fast speed will generate a loud sound while the sound for the slower speed is smaller. Before we use the sound, we utilize the Matlab to quantity the sound. We use 16 bits to represent 1 point of the data. Audio chip clock is 18MHz and sample rate is 48 KHz.

After these preprocess, we got the needy information of the sound and stored them in the on chip ROM with different character bit for different audio data. The total memory used by the sound is 20KB. We successfully solved the interference of the hardware on the Avalon bus and made each part work correctly. When a collision happens, the start audio signal will be generate and enable the corresponding data in the ROM to generate that sound. Once the hardware sending the starting audio signal, the ROM address will start to count and shift out the audio information. When the processes have been done, the address counting buffer will be reset to 0 and the starting audio signal will also set to 0.

In this way, for the software part, we just need to give a start signal to to audio block and generate the corresponding sound according to the writedata signal from the software part. We make the different bit of writedata signal to represent different sound which can generate different volume of the sound. We calculated the ball speed in the software and combined it with the audio writedata interface. When the speed is fast enough, it will send the last bit or the third bit of writedate to be one and enable the correspond louder sound. While the speed is slow, the second or forth bit of writedate signal will be set to one and generate a small sound. If the speed is very small that will generate a sound we cannot heard, there will not be a sound produced.

6. irTimer

The timer is actually a 16-bit down-counter, whose initial data is given by the software. The counter count from the initial data to 0, and stay 0 still a new initial data is sent again. This timer is used to fix the runtime of the ball scan loop. When the software run to the end of the loop, it read the output of the counter, until read a 0. And then write the timer the initial data (3000 for example). We guaranteed that the longest runtime of the loop is small than the time needed for the counter to count from initial data to $0(T_{count})$. Therefore, the runtime is fixed to T_{count} , where $T_{count} = (1/50 \text{MHz}) * 3000 = 60 \text{us}$

7. Software Design

Software is the control part of the whole project, since all hardware components are functioning according to the commands received from the software program. In our design, software part needs to handle the following situations.

1. The overall game logic control

Software part controls the stages of the game. stage1: the welcoming at the beginning, stage2: waiting for a cue ball placement, stage3: waiting the player to adjust the angle and strength of the cue ball, stage4: the physical movement of every ball on the table. When all the balls on the table stops, program will go back to stage 3; when the cue ball is pocketed, program will back to stage2; when the black ball 8 is pocketed, program will back to stage1.

2. The collision between balls and the moving parameters afterwards

Whenever two balls collide with each other, the program will enter the function "bound_balls" and conduct physical calculation on the direction and velocity of every ball involved in this collision incident, and update their corresponding parameters. Also there will be sounds coming out when the collision happens according to their relative

vecolity.

3. The collision between ball and table edges and the moving parameters afterwards.

Aiming for more realistic performance of the game, we separate the case of the collision with six pockets apart from general collision of the table edge. Because the six pockets have slopes near them, we program a realistic bouncing calculation to this case. The general case of edge collision will follow the mirror reflection.

4. The pocketing of the balls and player changing logic.

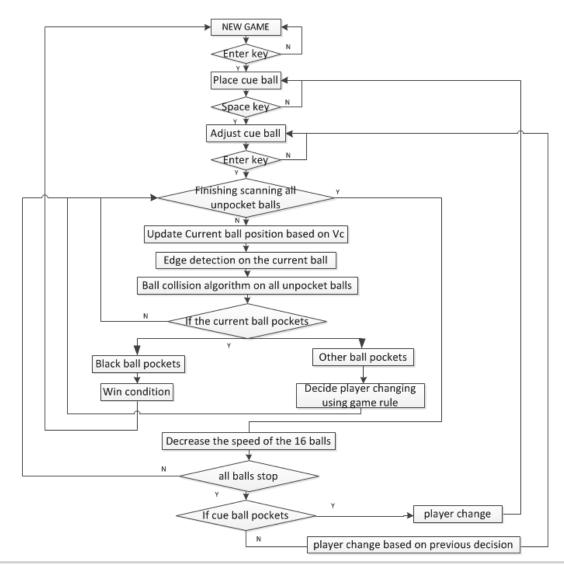
The poolgame rule is also reflected in the software. The change of player will based on whether there's a ball pockets, whether the pocket ball is of the legal type, and whether the cue ball is pocked. And the winning condition will solely base on whether the black ball is pocketed legally.

Challenge Part

After working out the first algorithm for collision and movement between balls (this algorithm is commonly used in computer), we realized the running speed is too slow, and there's serious overlapping of ball pixels. After analyzing the problem, we change a faster CPU platform, and remove and rewrite some commands which cost a long time (etc. pow), the running speed improved significantly, but the overlapping of pixels still exists.

The main reason of the overlapping is: the old "bound_ball" function updates directly the distance that the ball moves for a fixed time, which means the ball will possibly update more than 1 pixel a time (say 5), though it works fine in computer (because the resolution is pretty high in computer, there may be 10 pixels buffer for overlapping, the overlap can be detected and prevented before two balls actually overlap, at least not detected by human eyes.), this method will completely break down in our project, because our VGA resolution is pretty low, and the ball is 14*14 pixels, thus whenever there is a 1 pixel overlap, it will be obvious in human eyes. Therefore, we have to limit the ball movement to only 1 pixel a time. This is the motivation for our own algorithm: "Count Based Speed Control".

The basic idea of our algorithm is: we take in the results from function "bound_ball", and assign the speed (X axis and Y axis) into a variable "Vc" (for actual operation we use "vc" in code). We also make a variable "count", which is given the value of corresponding "Vc" after it count down with step of 1 to 0. The movement operation on this ball (only allow 1 pixel movement a time) will not activate until the variable "count" decreases to 0 inside the ball scan loop (the loop's runtime is fixed with the help of hardware). By this mean we successfully transform the velocity into a countdown-time. The faster the velocity of a ball, the smaller its variable "Vc" will be, meaning it will not wait a long time before it is allowed to make a 1 pixel movement. Then the variable "Vc" is updated once a while with multiplying a parameter (friction in physics), making it possible and realistic to simulate the speed decreasing movement of every ball.



Flow Chart of the Software

8. Ethernet & User Interface Exploration

In the project, we also tried to implement the network between the DE2 Board and laptop, with the DE2 Board runs a version with the ball game while the MacBook runs another. The laptop communicates with DE2 board through Ethernet cable. The protocols used for communicating game messages are IP and the unreliable but simple UDP packets.

We first set on testing and allowing communication between the DE2 Board and the MacBook, running the Nios II code on top of the compiled VHDL code provided in lab 2, which includes the Ethernet. We used ARP and designed an appropriate response packet that will assist the MacBook to map our board's IP address to its physical MAC address. By changing the communication method from port-to-port transportation to UDP broadcasting and allowing the DM9000A some delay time to initialize its configuration before we asked it to send a packet, we

can fully receive UDP packets sent from the board. Therefore, the communication between DE2 board and the laptop was successfully set up based on lab2 program.

Additionally, we designed GUI using JAVA programming, and completely finished a separated version of the pool game. But some more work have to be down to successfully setup the Ethernet between the DE2 board and laptop, and this could be solve in the future.

9. Tutorial and rules of this game

Tutorial

- (1) Welcoming interface (NEW GAME): press enter key to continue.
- (2) Main interface:
 - (a) player can choose the position to place the cue ball along the serve line by pressing **arrow keys.**

Move slowly: left, right arrow Move quickly: upper arrow, down arrow Confirm placement: press **space key**

- (b) Adjust the pool cue's direction and strength Left, right arrow: minor adjustment on angle Upper arrow, down arrow: major adjustment on angle
- (c) **Space key:** change the strength (will reverse when it hits the maximum or minimum thresholds).
- (d) Enter key: release the cue ball.
- (3) At the top of the screen the current player will be highlighted, indicating the player's turn. The pocketed ball will be shown accordingly behind the two players, so they can be aware how many balls they still need to pocket.

Rule

Once a player pockets his first ball, he should stick to pocketing the same type of balls (i.e. solid color or stripes), while another player should pocket another group. A player is allowed to continue shooting until he fails to legally pocket a ball of his type. After a player has legally pocketed all his type of balls, he can pocket the 8-ball and win the game. Otherwise, he will lose the game. If the cue ball is pocketed, the player switch, and the next player is allowed to place the cue ball along the serve line and start shooting afterwards. Only when all the balls have stopped moving does it allow player to adjust the pool cue and shoot again.

10. Summary

In this project, we implemented a 2-D American Pool Video Game on DE2 board. The game simulated a physical realistic trajectory of the balls movement, and displayed the game interface on a VGA screen with resolution 640*480. It also followed strictly the traditional American pool game rule.

Moreover, a sound is produced whenever a ball collision happens, and the volume of the sound is linearly dependent on the colliding ball speed. The whole project incorporated the hardware part written in VHDL with the software part written in C language and displayed on the VGA screen. DE2 board FPGA with Nios CPU entity is used as the project platform.

Also, we give a try for an extra function of the project: the network communication between the FPGA and the laptop.

11. Overview of Personal Responsibilities

In this project, there were several key components that we need to work out, including VGA driver, Key Board, Audio, Software and Pool game algorithm. We broke down the work according to everyone's interests and skills at the beginning to make clear of each one's responsibility. However, we continuously helped each other as a team.

Jiawan Zhang: She is the group leader of our group and it is she that helped our group work properly and efficiently. She developed the VGA controller and the relative software to use the VGA components. She helped with the main software and came up with the idea of "Count Based Speed Control" method, which is the critical to the game. She also actively joined the debug works of the software. Additionally, she is the problem solver of our group. When there is a problem occurred and she always eager to help and often came up with some creative ideas and successfully solves the problem.

Xunchi Wu: When the problem of balls overlapping happens, he and Jiawan worked together to fix it. When Jiawan brought up the idea of "Count Based Speed Control" method, which turned out to be a turning point for the project, he put this method into practice and implemented in program successfully. He's also in charge of the overall performance of the program. (eg. adding more realistic bouncing movement of balls near the pocket area, main game interface initialization and displaying, etc.) He's hard working and had good comminication.

Yichen Liu: She was in charge of the Ethernet. She used lab 2 and edited the codes to build the communication between DE2 board and laptop (Mac operation). She also made a user interface on the laptop with JAVA. However, she overlooked the importance of hardware and didn't give much attention and time to this project. She failed to inform other members the acture progress of her part, which directly results in our late realization that this part actually can't work.

Yuhan Zhang: She and Xunchi together did the study on the physical movement after collision between two balls, and she successfully worked out a practical algorithm for the project. When realizing the speed of the original version is unacceptably slow, she also improved the algorithm to make it work faster. She also implemented the general rules (including player changing, winning condition, cue ball pocketing, etc.) of the game in the program. She is strict, and we are

encouraged by her to make things better.

Zeshi Wang was in charge of the PS2 Keyboard and the audio block in our project. He implemented the hardware for each module with VHDL, and also wrote the C code for these two parts in the software. He successfully debugged several problems both in the hardware and software and made the system work correctly. He is cooperative, friendly and always eager and able to help. After finished his own works in the keyboard and audio, he still worked on the project, and helped others.

VHDL Codes:

-- Top Level

--Editor: Zeshi Wang; Jiawan Zhang -- Data: 2013

library ieee; use ieee.std_logic_1164.all; use ieee.numeric_std.all; entity top_level is port (signal CLOCK_50 : in std_logic; --50 MHz --signal LEDR : out std_logic_vector(17 downto 0); --LEDs -- PS/2 port PS2_DAT, -- Data PS2_CLK : in std_logic; -- Clock

> SRAM_DQ : inout std_logic_vector(15 downto 0); SRAM_ADDR : out std_logic_vector(17 downto 0); SRAM_UB_N, --Highbyte Data Mask SRAM_LB_N, --Lowbyte Data Mask SRAM_WE_N, --Write Enable SRAM_CE_N, --Chip Enable SRAM_OE_N : out std_logic; --Output Enable

vga		
VGA_CLK,	Clock	
VGA_HS,	H_SYNC	
VGA_VS,	V_SYNC	
VGA_BLANK,	BLANK	
VGA_SYNC : out std_logic;	SYNC	
VGA_R,	Red[9:0]	
VGA_G,	Green[9:0]	
VGA_B : out std_logic_vector	(9 downto 0);	Blue[9:0]

-- Audio CODEC

AUD_ADCLRCK : inout std_logic; -- ADC LR Clock

AUD_ADCDAT : in std_logic; AUD_DACLRCK : inout std_logic; AUD_DACDAT : out std_logic; AUD_BCLK : inout std_logic; AUD_XCK : out std_logic;

-- ADC Data -- DAC LR Clock -- DAC Data -- Bit-Stream Clock -- Chip Clock

-- I2C bus

I2C_SDAT : inout std_logic; -- I2C Data I2C_SCLK : out std_logic; -- I2C Clock

-- Ethernet Interface

ENET_DATA : inout std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);-- DATA bus 16BitsENET_CMD,-- Command/Data Select, 0 = Command, 1 = DataENET_CS_N,-- Chip SelectENET_WR_N,-- WriteENET_RD_N,-- ReadENET_RST_N,-- ResetENET_CLK : out std_logic;-- Clock 25 MHzENET_INT : in std_logic;-- Interrupt

LEDG : out std_logic_vector(8 downto 0); -- Green LEDs LEDR : out std_logic_vector(17 downto 0) -- Red LED); end top_level;

architecture rtl of top_level is

signal counter : unsigned(15 downto 0); signal reset_n : std_logic;

signal clk25 : std_logic := '0'; signal audio_clock : unsigned(1 downto 0) := "00"; signal network_clock : unsigned(1 downto 0) := "00"; signal clk_18 : std_logic;

--signals for PoolCue_ram

signal CueRam_rdaddress_VGA : std_logic_vector(8 downto 0); signal CueRam_rdclk_VGA : std_logic; signal CueRam_q_VGA : std_logic_vector(31 downto 0); signal CueRam_rdaddress_RAM : std_logic_vector(8 downto 0); signal CueRam_rdclk_RAM : std_logic; signal CueRam_q_RAM : std_logic_vector(31 downto 0);

```
component de2_i2c_av_config is
port (
    iCLK : in std_logic;
    iRST_N : in std_logic;
    I2C_SCLK : out std_logic;
    I2C_SDAT : inout std_logic
);
end component;
```

```
begin
```

```
CueRam_rdaddress_RAM <= CueRam_rdaddress_VGA;
CueRam_rdclk_RAM <= CueRam_rdclk_VGA;
CueRam_q_VGA <= CueRam_q_RAM;
```

```
process (CLOCK_50)
begin
if rising_edge(CLOCK_50) then
if counter = x"ffff" then
reset_n <= '1';
else
reset_n <= '0';
counter <= counter + 1;
end if;
end if;
```

end process;

process (CLOCK_50) begin if rising_edge(CLOCK_50) then

```
if audio_clock = "11" then
          audio_clock <= "00";</pre>
                     AUD_XCK <= '1';
       else
   audio_clock <= audio_clock + "1";</pre>
             AUD_XCK <= '0';
             end if;
  end if;
 end process;
process (CLOCK_50)
 begin
  if rising_edge(CLOCK_50) then
       if network_clock = "01" then
          network clock <= "00";
                     ENET_CLK \ll '1';
       else
   network_clock <= network_clock + "1";</pre>
             ENET_CLK <= '0';
             end if;
  end if;
 end process;
 i2c : de2_i2c_av_config port map (
  iCLK => CLOCK_50,
  iRST_n => '1',
  I2C\_SCLK => I2C\_SCLK,
  I2C\_SDAT => I2C\_SDAT
 );
nios : entity work.nios_system port map (
      -- the_de2_ps2_inst
      PS2_Clk_to_the_de2_ps2_0 => PS2_CLK,
      PS2_Data_to_the_de2_ps2_0 => PS2_DAT,
      clk_0 => CLOCK_50,
      reset_n => reset_n,
      --leds_from_the_leds => LEDR(15 downto 0),
      SRAM_ADDR_from_the_sram_0 => SRAM_ADDR,
```

SRAM_CE_N_from_the_sram_0 => SRAM_CE_N, SRAM_DQ_to_and_from_the_sram_0 => SRAM_DQ, SRAM_LB_N_from_the_sram_0 => SRAM_LB_N, SRAM_OE_N_from_the_sram_0 => SRAM_OE_N, SRAM_UB_N_from_the_sram_0 => SRAM_UB_N, SRAM_WE_N_from_the_sram_0 => SRAM_WE_N,

--the audio instruction

AUD_ADCDAT_to_the_audio_0 => AUD_ADCDAT, AUD_ADCLRCK_from_the_audio_0 => AUD_ADCLRCK, AUD_BCLK_to_and_from_the_audio_0 => AUD_BCLK, AUD_DACDAT_from_the_audio_0 => AUD_DACDAT, AUD_DACLRCK_from_the_audio_0 => AUD_DACLRCK,

-- Ethernet Interface

ENET_DATA_to_and_from_the_DM9000A	$_0 => ENET_DATA,$
ENET_CMD_from_the_DM9000A_0	$=>$ ENET_CMD,
ENET_CS_N_from_the_DM9000A_0	$=>$ ENET_CS_N,
ENET_WR_N_from_the_DM9000A_0	$=>$ ENET_WR_N,
ENET_RD_N_from_the_DM9000A_0	$=>$ ENET_RD_N,
ENET_RST_N_from_the_DM9000A_0	=> ENET_RST_N,
ENET_INT_to_the_DM9000A_0	$=>$ ENET_INT,

-- the_de2_vga_raster VGA_BLANK_from_the_de2_vga_raster_0 => VGA_BLANK, VGA_B_from_the_de2_vga_raster_0 => VGA_B, VGA_CLK_from_the_de2_vga_raster_0 => VGA_CLK, VGA_G_from_the_de2_vga_raster_0 => VGA_G, VGA_HS_from_the_de2_vga_raster_0 => VGA_HS, VGA_R_from_the_de2_vga_raster_0 => VGA_R, VGA_SYNC_from_the_de2_vga_raster_0 => VGA_SYNC, VGA_VS_from_the_de2_vga_raster_0 => VGA_VS, CUERAM_addr_from_the_de2_vga_raster_0 => CueRam_rdaddress_VGA, CUERAM_clk_from_the_de2_vga_raster_0 => CueRam_rdclk_VGA, CUERAM_q_to_the_de2_vga_raster_0 => CueRam_q_VGA,

--LED LEDG_from_the_de2_vga_raster_0 => LEDG, LEDR_from_the_de2_vga_raster_0 => LEDR,

-- PoolCue_ram

CUE_q_from_the_PoolCue_ram_controller_0 => CueRam_q_RAM,

 $CUE_rdaddress_to_the_PoolCue_ram_controller_0 => CueRam_rdaddress_RAM, \\ CUE_rdclock_to_the_PoolCue_ram_controller_0 => CueRam_rdclk_RAM \\ \label{eq:cuerce}$

);

end rtl;

-- VGA Controller

-- VGA controller for American Pool Game -- Eidtor: Jiawan Zhang -- Data: 2013 __ _____ library ieee; use ieee.std_logic_1164.all; use ieee.numeric_std.all; entity de2_vga_raster is port (reset : in std_logic; clk50 : in std_logic; -- Should be 25.125 MHz : in std_logic; read write : in std_logic; chipselect : in std_logic; address : in std_logic_vector(6 downto 0); --7 bits 128 addresses readdata : out std_logic_vector(15 downto 0); writedata : in std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);

irq : out std_logic;

VGA CLK, -- Clock VGA_HS, -- H_SYNC VGA_VS, -- V_SYNC VGA BLANK, -- BLANK VGA SYNC : out std logic; -- SYNC VGA_R, -- Red[9:0] VGA_G, -- Green[9:0] VGA_B : out std_logic_vector(9 downto 0); -- Blue[9:0] CUERAM clk : out std logic; CUERAM_addr : out std_logic_vector(8 downto 0); CUERAM_q : in std_logic_vector(31 downto 0); LEDR : out std_logic_vector (17 downto 0); LEDG : out std_logic_vector (8 downto 0)); end de2 vga raster; architecture rtl of de2_vga_raster is component Ball_Map_rom port (address : in std_logic_vector(13 downto 0); clock : in std_logic; q : out std_logic_vector(1 downto 0)); end component; component PoolCue1_rom port (address : in std_logic_vector(15 downto 0); clock : in std_logic; q : out std_logic_vector(3 downto 0)); end component; component Level1_rom port (address : in std_logic_vector(13 downto 0); clock : in std_logic; q : out std_logic_vector(4 downto 0)

);

end component;

```
component Words_rom port
```

```
(
```

);

```
address: IN STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (12 DOWNTO 0);clock: IN STD_LOGIC := '1';q: OUT STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (0 DOWNTO 0)
```

end component;

--clock
signal clk : std_logic := '0';
signal clk_count : unsigned(1 downto 0) := "00";

--Interrupt signal Interrupt : std_logic;

```
-- Video parameters
--Keep as oringinal
constant HTOTAL : integer := 800;
constant HSYNC : integer := 96;
constant HBACK_PORCH : integer := 48;
constant HACTIVE : integer := 640;
constant HFRONT_PORCH : integer := 16;
```

constant VTOTAL : integer := 525; constant VSYNC : integer := 2; constant VBACK_PORCH : integer := 33; constant VACTIVE : integer := 480; constant VFRONT_PORCH : integer := 10; --End: Keep as oringinal

-- Signals for the video controller
--Keep as oringinal
signal Hcount : unsigned(9 downto 0); -- Horizontal position (0-800)
signal Vcount : unsigned(9 downto 0); -- Vertical position (0-524)
signal EndOfLine, EndOfField : std_logic;

signal vga_hblank, vga_hsync, vga_vblank, vga_vsync : std_logic; -- Sync. signals --End: Keep as oringinal

--Color table type colortable_type is array(1 to 31) of std_logic_vector(7 downto 0); constant COLOR_TABLE_R : colortable_type :=("00110010", -- 1. table bed color : limegreen "11001101", -- 2. pool cue color !!!! "11111111", -- 3. yellow 1 "111111111", -- 4. yellow 2 "11111010", -- 5. yellow 3 "00000000", -- 6. blue 1 "00000000", -- 7. blue 2 "10100101", -- 8. blue 3 "11111111", -- 9. red 1 "111111111", -- 10. red 2 "111111111", -- 11. red 3 "11011100", -- 12. purple 1 "11101011", -- 13. purple 2 "11101110", -- 14. purple 3 "111111111", -- 15. orange 1 "111111111", -- 16. orange 2 "111111111", -- 17. orange 3 "00000000", -- 18. green 1 "00000000", -- 19. green 2 "11011010", -- 20. green 3 "10100000", -- 21. brown 1 "10110100", -- 22. brown 2 "11110100", -- 23. brown 3 "00000000", -- 24. black 1 "00101000", -- 25. black 2 "01101001", -- 26. black 3 "11100000", -- 27. while 1 "11110101", -- 28. while 2 "111111111", -- 29. while 3 "10000000", -- 30. table edge 1: marron "01000000" -- 31. table edge 2: oliverdrab);

```
constant COLOR_TABLE_G : colortable_type :=(
"11001101", -- 1. table bed color : limegreen
"10000101", -- 2. pool cue color
"11110000", -- 3. yellow 1
"111111111", -- 4. yellow 2
"11111010", -- 5. yellow 3
"00000000", -- 6. blue 1
"00000000", -- 7. blue 2
"11010000", -- 8. blue 3
"00000000", -- 9. red 1
"01000101", -- 10. red 2
"10100000", -- 11. red 3
"00010101", -- 12. purple 1
"00000000", -- 13. purple 2
"10000010", -- 14. purple 3
"10001100", -- 15. orange 1
"10100101", -- 16. orange 2
"11100100", -- 17. orange 3
"01100100", -- 18. green 1
"01110110", -- 19. green 2
"11001101", -- 20. green 3
"01010010", -- 21. brown 1
"01101001", -- 22. brown 2
"10100100", -- 23. brown 3
"00000000", -- 24. black 1
"00101000", -- 25. black 2
"01101001", -- 26. black 3
"11100000", -- 27. while 1
"11110101", -- 28. while 2
"11111111", -- 29. while 3
"00000000", -- 30. table edge 1: marron
"10001110" -- 31. table edge 2: oliverdrab
);
```

constant COLOR_TABLE_B : colortable_type :=("00110010", -- 1. table bed color : limegreen "00111111", -- 2. pool cue color "00000000", -- 3. yellow 1 "00000000", -- 4. yellow 2

```
"10110100", -- 5. yellow 3
"11001101", -- 6. blue 1
"11111111", -- 7. blue 2
"11000110", -- 8. blue 3
"00000000", -- 9. red 1
"00000000", -- 10. red 2
"01111010", -- 11. red 3
"11001000", -- 12. purple 1
"11101011", -- 13. purple 2
"11101110", -- 14. purple 3
"00000000", -- 15. orange 1
"00000000", -- 16. orange 2
"10110101", -- 17. orange 3
"00000000", -- 18. green 1
"00000000", -- 19. green 2
"00110010", -- 20. green 3
"00101101", -- 21. brown 1
"00011110", -- 22. brown 2
"01100000", -- 23. brown 3
"00000000", -- 24. black 1
"00101000", -- 25. black 2
"01101001", -- 26. black 3
"11100000", -- 27. while 1
"11110101", -- 28. while 2
"11111111", -- 29. while 3
"00000000", -- 30. table edge 1: marron
"00100011" -- 31. table edge 2: oliverdrab
);
```

--VGA Ram type ram_type is array(127 downto 0) of std_logic_vector(15 downto 0); signal VGA_RAM : ram_type; signal vga_ram_address : unsigned(6 downto 0);

signal x_coord, y_coord : unsigned(9 downto 0); --scan positions in screen signal level0_active, level1_active, level2_active, level3_active : std_logic; -- = 1 means certain level has something to print --Level 0 --Pool Table parameters constant TABLE1_HSTART : integer := 0; constant TABLE1_HEND : integer := 639; constant TABLE1_VSTART : integer := 140; constant TABLE1_VEND : integer := 479;

constant TABLE2_HSTART : integer := 20; constant TABLE2_HEND : integer := 619; constant TABLE2_VSTART : integer := 155; constant TABLE2_VEND : integer := 464;

constant TABLE3_HSTART : integer := 32; constant TABLE3_HEND : integer := 607; constant TABLE3_VSTART : integer := 166; constant TABLE3_VEND : integer := 453;

signal table1 : std_logic; -- table areas signal table2 : std_logic; -- table areas signal table3 : std_logic; -- table areas -- strength bar constant SBAR_HSTART : integer := 197; constant SBAR_HEND : integer := 444; constant SBAR_VSTART : integer := 124; constant SBAR_VEND : integer := 138; signal SBAR_Strength : integer;

signal Strength : unsigned(7 downto 0) := "00011100"; --!!from ram 32 levels use 5 bits

signal sbar_h, sbar_v, sbar : std_logic; -- strength bar areas signal sstrengh_h, sstrengh_v, sstrengh : std_logic; -- strength bar areas

-- Serve line constant SERVELINE_H : integer := 172; signal serveline_en : std_logic; signal serveline : std_logic;

signal colorcode_level0 : unsigned(4 downto 0);

signal ball data : std logic vector(1 downto 0); signal ball_data_vga : integer; --signal ball1_map_addr : unsigned(9 downto 0);

signal ball_map_address : unsigned(13 downto 0);

signal ball_map_addr : ball_map_addrtype;

--signal ball1 mask addr : integer;

signal ball mask addr: ball mask addrtype; signal ball_mask_addr2 : ball_mask_addrtype;

type ball_map_addrtype is array(0 to 15) of unsigned(9 downto 0);

type ball_mask_addrtype is array(0 to 15) of integer;

"01", "01", "01", "01", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "01", "01", "01", --9 "00", "01", "01", "01", "01", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "01", "01", "01", "01", "00", --10

"00", "01", "01", "01", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "01", "01", "01", "00", --4 "00", "01", "01", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "11", "11", "10", "10", "01", "00", --5 "01", "01", "01", "10", "10", "10", "10", "11", "11", "11", "11", "10", "01", "01", --6 "01", "01", "01", "10", "10", "10", "10", "11", "11", "11", "11", "10", "01", "01", --7 "01", "01", "01", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "11", "11", "10", "10", "01", "01", --8

"00", "00", "00", "00", "00", "01", "01", "01", "01", "00", "00", "00", "00", "00", --1 "00", "00", "00", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "00", "00", "00", --2 "00", "00", "01", "01", "01", "10", "10", "10", "10", "01", "01", "01", "00", "00", --3

"00", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "00", --11 "00", "00", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "00", "00", --12 "00", "00", "00", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "01", "00", "00", "00", --13 "00", "00", "00", "00", "00", "01", "01", "01", "01", "00",""00","0

constant BallMask : ball_type :=(

type ball type is array(0 to 195) of unsigned(1 downto 0);

signal pocket_flag1, pocket_flag2 : std_logic_vector(5 downto 0); type pocket eachaddrtype is array(0 to 5) of unsigned(10 downto 0);

signal level1_data, level1_data_vga : std_logic_vector(4 downto 0);

signal pocket_eachaddr : pocket_eachaddrtype;

signal level1_vga : std_logic;

signal level1_address : unsigned(13 downto 0);

--Level 1

--Level 2

);

signal ball_mask_flag1 : std_logic_vector(15 downto 0); signal ball_mask_flag2 : std_logic_vector(15 downto 0); signal level2_vga : std_logic; signal ball_mask_color : integer; type ball_pos is array(0 to 15) of unsigned(15 downto 0); signal BALL_X : ball_pos; signal BALL_Y : ball_pos; type ball_bias is array(0 to 15) of unsigned(3 downto 0); signal BALL_BIAS_X : ball_bias; signal BALL_BIAS_Y : ball_bias;

--Level 3 Pool cue signal cue_line_begin : unsigned(15 downto 0) := "0000000000000000"; signal cue_line_end : unsigned(15 downto 0) := "0000000000011000";

signal level3_vga : std_logic;

--Level 4 Words type word_type is array(0 to 7) of unsigned(15 downto 0); signal Word_start_x : word_type; signal Word_start_y : word_type; type word_eachaddrtype is array(0 to 7) of unsigned(9 downto 0); signal Word_eachaddr : word_eachaddrtype; signal Word_address : unsigned(12 downto 0); signal Word_en : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0); signal Word_hl_en : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0); --hight light signal Word_hl : std_logic; signal Word_flag1, Word_flag2 : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0); signal Word_data : std_logic_vector(0 downto 0); signal Word_color : integer; signal level4_vga : std_logic; signal level4_vga : std_logic;

begin

x_coord <= Hcount - (HSYNC + HBACK_PORCH) + 1; y_coord <= Vcount - (VSYNC + VBACK_PORCH);</pre>

CUERAM_clk <= clk;

```
irq <= Interrupt;
 --25MHz clock generator
CLOCK25: process(clk50)
 begin
       if rising_edge(clk50) then
              clk <= not clk;
       end if;
 end process;
 --VGA Ram
 vga_ram_address <= unsigned(address(6 downto 0));</pre>
 VGARAM : process(clk50)
 begin
       if rising_edge(clk50) then
              if reset = '1' then
                      readdata <= (others => '0');
              else
                      if chipselect = '1' then
                             if read = '1' then
         readdata <= VGA_RAM(to_integer(vga_ram_address));</pre>
___
       elsif write = '1' then
        VGA_RAM(to_integer(vga_ram_address)) <= writedata;
       end if:
                      end if;
              end if;
       end if;
 end process VGARAM;
 Updata : process(clk)
 begin
  if rising_edge(clk) then
         if reset = '1' then
```

```
Strength <= "00011100";
for I in 0 to 15 loop
```

```
BALL_X(I) <= "000000000000000";
                          BALL_Y(I) <= "000000000000000";
                          BALL_BIAS_X(I) <= "0000";
                          BALL_BIAS_Y(I) <= "0000";
                    end loop;
                    Word en <= "00000000";
                    Word_hl_en <= "00000000";
                    for I in 0 to 7 loop
                          Word_start_x(I) <= "000000000000000";
                          Word_start_y(I) <= "0000000000000000";
                    end loop;
                    Interrupt \leq 0';
                    elsif (Hcount = 0 and Vcount = 0) then
                          for I in 0 to 15 loop
                                 BALL_X(I) \le unsigned(VGA_RAM(4*I + 0));
                                 BALL_Y(I) \le unsigned(VGA_RAM(4*I + 1));
                                 if unsigned(VGA_RAM(4*I + 2)) <= 13 then
                                        BALL_BIAS_X(I) \le unsigned(VGA_RAM(4*I +
2)(3 downto 0));
                                 else
                                        BALL_BIAS_X(I) \le "0000";
                                 end if;
                                 if unsigned(VGA_RAM(4*I + 3)) <= 13 then
                                        BALL_BIAS_Y(I) \le unsigned(VGA_RAM(4*I +
3)(3 downto 0));
                                 else
                                        BALL_BIAS_Y(I) <= "0000";
                                 end if:
                          end loop;
                          Strength <= unsigned(VGA_RAM(64)(7 downto 0)); --Strength:
Addr 1 (7 to 0)
                          serveline_en <= VGA_RAM(65)(0); --Enable show serveline
                          Word_en \leq VGA_RAM(66)(7 downto 0);
```

```
Word_hl_en <= VGA_RAM(67)(7 downto 0);
```

```
for I in 0 to 7 loop
Word_start_x(I) <= unsigned(VGA_RAM(68 + 2*I));
Word_start_y(I) <= unsigned(VGA_RAM(68 + 2*I + 1));
end loop;
```

Interrupt <= '1';

else

Interrupt <= '0';

end if; end if; end process Updata;

LEDR(17) <= Interrupt;

-- Horizontal and vertical counters HCounter : process (clk) begin if rising_edge(clk) then if reset = '1' then Hcount <= (others => '0'); elsif EndOfLine = '1' then Hcount <= (others => '0'); else Hcount <= Hcount + 1; end if; end if; end process HCounter;

EndOfLine <= '1' when Hcount = HTOTAL - 1 else '0';

VCounter: process (clk) begin if rising_edge(clk) then if reset = '1' then Vcount <= (others => '0'); elsif EndOfLine = '1' then

```
if EndOfField = '1' then
    Vcount <= (others => '0');
    else
    Vcount <= Vcount + 1;
    end if;
    end if;
end if;
end if;</pre>
```

```
EndOfField <= '1' when Vcount = VTOTAL - 1 else '0';
```

```
-- State machines to generate HSYNC, VSYNC, HBLANK, and VBLANK
```

```
HSyncGen : process (clk)
begin
 if rising_edge(clk) then
  if reset = '1' or EndOfLine = '1' then
   vga_hsync <= '1';
  elsif Hcount = HSYNC - 1 then
   vga_hsync \ll 0';
  end if;
 end if;
end process HSyncGen;
HBlankGen : process (clk)
begin
 if rising_edge(clk) then
  if reset = '1' then
   vga_hblank <= '1';
  elsif Hcount = HSYNC + HBACK_PORCH then
   vga_hblank <= '0';
  elsif Hcount = HSYNC + HBACK_PORCH + HACTIVE then
   vga_hblank <= '1';
  end if;
 end if;
end process HBlankGen;
VSyncGen : process (clk)
begin
```

```
if rising_edge(clk) then
  if reset = '1' then
   vga_vsync <= '1';
  elsif EndOfLine ='1' then
   if EndOfField = '1' then
     vga_vsync <= '1';
   elsif Vcount = VSYNC - 1 then
     vga_vsync <= '0';
   end if:
  end if;
 end if;
end process VSyncGen;
VBlankGen : process (clk)
begin
 if rising_edge(clk) then
  if reset = '1' then
   vga_vblank <= '1';
  elsif EndOfLine = '1' then
   if Vcount = VSYNC + VBACK_PORCH - 1 then
     vga_vblank <= '0';
   elsif Vcount = VSYNC + VBACK_PORCH + VACTIVE - 1 then
    vga_vblank <= '1';
   end if;
  end if;
 end if;
end process VBlankGen;
-- Rectangle generator
-- Generate Table flags
Level0_Gen : process (clk)
variable tempStrength : unsigned(7 downto 0);
begin
 if rising_edge(clk) then
             --serveline
             if reset = '1' then
                    serveline <= '0';
```

```
elsif serveline_en = '1' and x_coord = SERVELINE_H and y_coord >=
TABLE3_VSTART and y_coord <= TABLE3_VEND then
                    serveline <= '1';
             else
                    serveline \leq 0';
             end if;
             --table1
             if reset = '1' then
                    table1 <= '0':
             elsif x_coord >= TABLE1_HSTART and x_coord <= TABLE1_HEND and
y_coord >= TABLE1_VSTART and y_coord <= TABLE1_VEND then
                    table1 <= '1';
             else
                    table1 <= '0';
             end if;
             --table2
             if reset = '1' then
                    table2 <= '0';
             elsif x_coord >= TABLE2_HSTART and x_coord <= TABLE2_HEND and
y_coord >= TABLE2_VSTART and y_coord <= TABLE2_VEND then
                    table2 <= '1';
             else
                    table2 <= '0';
             end if;
             --table3
             if reset = '1' then
                    table3 <= '0';
             elsif x_coord >= TABLE3_HSTART and x_coord <= TABLE3_HEND and
y_coord >= TABLE3_VSTART and y_coord <= TABLE3_VEND then
                    table3 <= '1';
             else
                    table3 <= '0';
             end if;
             -- Strength Bar
```

```
tempStrength(2 downto 0) := "000";
              tempStrength(7 downto 3) := Strength(4 downto 0);
              SBAR_Strength <= SBAR_HSTART + to_integer(tempStrength);
              if reset = '1' or y_coord = SBAR_VEND then
    sbar v \le 0';
               sstrengh_v <= '0';</pre>
   elsif y_coord = SBAR_VSTART then
    sbar_v <= '1';
               sstrengh_v <= '1';</pre>
   end if;
              if reset = '1' then
                     sbar <= '0';
              elsif x_coord >= SBAR_HSTART and x_coord <= SBAR_HEND and
y_coord >= SBAR_VSTART and y_coord <= SBAR_VEND then
                     sbar <= '1';
              else
                     sbar <= '0';
              end if;
              if reset = '1' then
                     sstrengh \leq 0';
              elsif x_coord >= SBAR_HSTART and x_coord <= SBAR_Strength and
y_coord >= SBAR_VSTART and y_coord <= SBAR_VEND then
                     sstrengh <= '1';
              else
                     sstrengh <= '0';
              end if;
              level0_active <= table1 or table2 or table3 or sbar or sstrengh;
              if serveline = '1' then
                     colorcode_level0 <= "11101";
              elsif table3 = '1' then
                     colorcode_level0 <= "00001";
              elsif table2 = '1' then
                     colorcode_level0 <= "11111";
              elsif table 1 = 1' then
```

```
colorcode_level0 <= "11110";
             elsif sstrengh = '1' then
                    colorcode level0 \le "01001";
             elsif sbar = '1' then
                    colorcode_level0 <= "10101";
             end if;
  end if;
 end process Level0_Gen;
     _____
 --Level 1
 Level1_rom_inst : Level1_rom port map(
      address => std_logic_vector(level1_address),
      clock => clk,
      q => level1_data
      );
 Level1_FLAG_Gen : process(clk)
 begin
      if rising_edge(clk) then
             if reset = '1' then
                    for I in 0 to 5 loop
                          pocket_flag1(I) <= '0';</pre>
                    end loop;
             else
                    if (x_coord + 2) = TABLE3_HSTART - 19 and x_coord + 2 < 2
TABLE3_HSTART + 16 and y_coord >= TABLE3_VSTART - 19 and y_coord <
TABLE3_VSTART + 16) then
                           pocket_flag1(0) \le '1'; --pocket 1
                    else
                           pocket_flag1(0) \le '0';
                    end if:
                    if(x\_coord + 2 \ge TABLE3\_HSTART + 272 and x\_coord + 2 <
TABLE3_HSTART + 307 and y_coord >= TABLE3_VSTART - 23 and y_coord <
TABLE3_VSTART + 12) then
                          pocket_flag1(1) \le '1'; --pocket 2
                    else
                           pocket_flag1(1) \le '0';
                    end if;
```

```
if(x\_coord + 2 \ge TABLE3\_HEND - 16 and x\_coord + 2 <
TABLE3_HEND + 19 and y_coord >= TABLE3_VSTART - 19 and y_coord <
TABLE3_VSTART + 16) then
                           pocket_flag1(2) \le '1'; --pocket 3
                    else
                           pocket_flag1(2) \le '0';
                    end if;
                    if (x_coord + 2) = TABLE3_HSTART - 19 and x_coord + 2 < 10
TABLE3_HSTART + 16 and y_coord >= TABLE3_VEND - 19 and y_coord <
TABLE3 VEND + 16) then
                           pocket_flag1(3) \le '1'; --pocket 4
                    else
                           pocket_flag1(3) \le '0';
                    end if;
                    if (x coord + 2 >= TABLE3 HSTART + 272 and x coord + 2 <
TABLE3_HSTART + 307 and y_coord >= TABLE3_VEND and y_coord < TABLE3_VEND +
35) then
                           pocket_flag1(4) <= '1'; --pocket 5</pre>
                    else
                           pocket_flag1(4) <= '0';
                    end if;
                    if(x_coord + 2 >= TABLE3_HEND - 16 and x_coord + 2 <
TABLE3_HEND + 19 and y_coord >= TABLE3_VEND - 16 and y_coord < TABLE3_VEND +
19) then
                           pocket_flag1(5) \le '1'; --pocket 6
                    else
                           pocket_flag1(5) <= '0';
                    end if;
             end if;
      end if:
 end process Level1_FLAG_Gen;
 Level1_AddrGen1 : process(clk)
```

begin

if rising_edge(clk) then if reset = '1' then for I in 0 to 5 loop

```
pocket_eachaddr(I) <= "00000000000"; --11 bits
                    end loop;
             else
                    -- pocket 1
                    if(x_coord = TABLE3_HSTART + 16 and y_coord = TABLE3_VSTART
+16) then
                           pocket eachaddr(0) \leq "0000000000"; --11 bits
                    elsif(x_cord + 1 \ge TABLE3_HSTART - 19 and x_cord + 1 <
TABLE3_HSTART + 16 and y_coord >= TABLE3_VSTART - 19 and y_coord <
TABLE3 VSTART + 16) then
                          pocket_eachaddr(0) \le pocket_eachaddr(0) + 1;
                    end if:
                    -- pocket 2
                    if (x \text{ coord} = TABLE3 \text{ HSTART} + 307 \text{ and } y \text{ coord} =
TABLE3 VSTART + 12) then
                           pocket_eachaddr(1) <= "00000000000"; --11 bits
                    elsif(x_cord + 1) \ge TABLE3_HSTART + 272 and x_coord + 1 < 1
TABLE3_HSTART + 307 and y_coord >= TABLE3_VSTART - 23 and y_coord <
TABLE3_VSTART + 12) then
                           pocket_eachaddr(1) <= pocket_eachaddr(1) + 1;</pre>
                    end if;
                    -- pocket 3
                    if(x_coord = TABLE3_HEND + 19 and y_coord = TABLE3_VSTART +
16) then
                           pocket_eachaddr(2) <= "00000000000"; --11 bits
                    elsif(x_coord + 1 >= TABLE3_HEND - 16 and x_coord + 1 <
TABLE3_HEND + 19 and y_coord >= TABLE3_VSTART - 19 and y_coord <
TABLE3_VSTART + 16) then
                           pocket_eachaddr(2) \le pocket_eachaddr(2) + 1;
                    end if;
                    -- pocket 4
                    if(x_coord = TABLE3_HSTART + 16 and y_coord = TABLE3_VSTART
+16) then
                           pocket_eachaddr(3) <= "00000000000"; --11 bits
                    elsif(x_cord + 1 \ge TABLE3_HSTART - 19 and x_cord + 1 <
TABLE3_HSTART + 16 and y_coord >= TABLE3_VEND - 19 and y_coord <
TABLE3 VEND + 16) then
                           pocket eachaddr(3) \leq pocket eachaddr(3) + 1;
                    end if:
```

```
-- pocket 5
                     if(x_coord = TABLE3_HSTART + 307 and y_coord = TABLE3_VEND
+35) then
                             pocket_eachaddr(4) <= "00000000000"; --11 bits
                     elsif(x coord + 1 >= TABLE3_HSTART + 272 and x_coord + 1 <
TABLE3_HSTART + 307 and y_coord >= TABLE3_VEND and y_coord < TABLE3_VEND +
35) then
                             pocket_eachaddr(4) \le pocket_eachaddr(4) + 1;
                     end if:
                     -- pocket 6
                     if(x_coord = TABLE3_HEND + 19 and y_coord = TABLE3_VEND + 19)
then
                             pocket_eachaddr(5) <= "00000000000"; --11 bits
                     elsif(x \text{ coord} + 1) \ge TABLE3 \text{ HEND} - 16 \text{ and } x \text{ coord} + 1 < 16
TABLE3 HEND + 19 and y coord >= TABLE3 VEND - 16 and y coord < TABLE3 VEND +
19) then
                             pocket_eachaddr(5) \le pocket_eachaddr(5) + 1;
                     end if;
              end if;
       end if:
 end process Level1_AddrGen1;
 Level1_AddrGen2 : process(clk)
 begin
       if rising_edge(clk) then
                      Generate ball address
              if reset = '1' then
                     level1_address <= "0000000000000"; -- 14 bits
              elsif pocket_flag1(0) = '1' then
                     level1 address(13 downto 3) \leq pocket eachaddr(0);
                     level1_address(2 downto 0) \le "000";
              elsif pocket_flag1(1) = '1' then
                     level1_address(13 downto 3) <= pocket_eachaddr(1);</pre>
                     level1_address(2 downto 0) <= "001";</pre>
              elsif pocket_flag1(2) = '1' then
                     level1_address(13 downto 3) <= pocket_eachaddr(2);</pre>
                     level1 address(2 downto 0) \leq "010";
              elsif pocket flag_1(3) = '1' then
                     level1_address(13 downto 3) <= pocket_eachaddr(3);</pre>
```

```
level1_address(2 downto 0) <= "011";</pre>
               elsif pocket_flag1(4) = '1' then
                       level1_address(13 downto 3) <= pocket_eachaddr(4);</pre>
                       level1_address(2 downto 0) <= "100";</pre>
               elsif pocket_flag1(5) = '1' then
                       level1_address(13 downto 3) <= pocket_eachaddr(5);</pre>
                       level1_address(2 downto 0) <= "101";</pre>
               else
                       level1_address <= "0000000000000"; -- 14 bits
               end if;
               pocket_flag2 <= pocket_flag1;</pre>
       end if:
 end process Level1_AddrGen2;
 Level1_ActiveFGen : process(clk)
 begin
       if rising_edge(clk) then
               if reset = '1' then
                       level1_active <= '0';</pre>
               else
                 level1_active <= pocket_flag2(0) or pocket_flag2(1) or pocket_flag2(2) or
                                                                      pocket_flag2(3) or
pocket_flag2(4) or pocket_flag2(5);
               end if;
       end if:
 end process Level1_ActiveFGen;
 Level1_Gen : process(clk)
       begin
       if rising_edge(clk) then
               if reset = '1' then
                       level1_vga <= '0';
               elsif (level1_active = '1' and (not (level1_data = "00000"))) then
                 level1_vga <= '1';</pre>
               else
                       level1_vga <= '0';
               end if:
```

```
level1_data_vga <= level1_data;
      end if:
end process Level1_Gen;
          _____
          --Level 2
 BALLMaskFLAG_Gen : process(clk)
 begin
      if rising_edge(clk) then
             if reset = '1' then
                   ball_mask_flag1 <= "000000000000000";
             else
                    for I in 0 to 15 loop
                          if (x\_coord + 2 \ge BALL\_X(I) - 7 and x\_coord + 2 \le BALL\_X(I) + 2 \le BALL\_X(I)
7 and y_coord>= BALL_Y(I) - 7 and y_coord< BALL_Y(I) + 7) then
                                 ball_mask_flag1(I) <= '1';</pre>
                          else
                                 ball_mask_flag1(I) <= '0';</pre>
                          end if;
                    end loop;
             end if;
      end if;
 end process BALLMaskFLAG_Gen;
      Ball_mask_AddrGen : process(clk)
 begin
      if rising_edge(clk) then
             if reset = '1' then
                    for I in 0 to 15 loop
                          ball_mask_addr(I) <= -1;</pre>
                          ball_mask_addr2(I) <= -1;</pre>
                    end loop;
             else
                    for I in 0 to 15 loop
                          if (x_coord = BALL_X(I) + 7 \text{ and } y_coord = BALL_Y(I) + 7) then
```

```
\label{eq:ball_mask_addr(I) <= -1;} \\ elsif (x_coord + 1 + 7 >= BALL_X(I) \ and \ x_coord + 1 < \\ BALL_X(I) + 7 \ and \ y_coord + 7 >= BALL_Y(I) \ and \ y_coord < BALL_Y(I) + 7) \ then \\ \ ball_mask_addr(I) <= ball_mask_addr(I) + 1; \\ end \ if; \\ \end{cases}
```

 $\label{eq:started_st$

end if;

end loop;

end if;

end if;

end process Ball_mask_AddrGen;

Ball_map_AddrGen1 : process(clk)

begin

if rising_edge(clk) then

if reset = '1' then

for I in 0 to 15 loop

ball_map_addr(I) <= "0000000000"; --10 bits

end loop;

else

for I in 0 to 15 loop

```
if (x_coord + BALL_BIAS_X(I) = BALL_X(I) + 20 and y_coord + BALL_BIAS_Y(I) = BALL_Y(I) + 20) then
```

ball_map_addr(I) <= "0000000000";

```
\label{eq:sif} \begin{array}{l} elsif \ (x\_coord + 1 + BALL\_BIAS\_X(I) + 7 \!\!> = BALL\_X(I) \ and \\ x\_coord + 1 + BALL\_BIAS\_X(I) < BALL\_X(I) + 20 \ and \ y\_coord + BALL\_BIAS\_Y(I) + 7 \!\!> = \\ BALL\_Y(I) \ and \ y\_coord + BALL\_BIAS\_Y(I) \!\!< BALL\_Y(I) + 20) \ then \\ ball\_map\_addr(I) <= ball\_map\_addr(I) + 1; \end{array}
```

end if;

end loop;

end if;

end if;

```
end process Ball_map_AddrGen1;
 Ball map AddrGen2 : process(clk)
 begin
       if rising_edge(clk) then
                      Generate ball address
              if reset = '1' then
                     ball_map_address <= "0000000000000"; --14 bits
              --elsif ball_mask_flag1(15) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(15) + 1) =
"00")) then
           --ball number 16
              elsif ball mask flag1(15) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball mask addr2(15)) = "00"))
then --ball number 16
                     ball map_address(13 downto 4) <= ball_map_addr(15);
                     ball map address(3 downto 0) \leq "1111";
              --elsif ball mask flag1(0) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball mask addr(0) + 1) =
"00")) then --ball number 1
              elsif ball_mask_flag1(0) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr2(0)) = "00"))
then --ball number 1
                     ball_map_address(13 downto 4) <= ball_map_addr(0);
                     ball_map_address(3 \text{ downto } 0) \le "0000";
              --elsif ball_mask_flag1(1) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(1) + 1) = 
"00")) then --ball number 2
              elsif ball_mask_flag1(1) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr2(1)) = "00"))
then
     --ball number 2
                     ball_map_address(13 downto 4) <= ball_map_addr(1);</pre>
                     ball map address(3 downto 0) \leq  "0001";
              --elsif ball_mask_flag1(2) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(2) + 1) =
"00")) then --ball number 3
              elsif ball_mask_flag1(2) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr2(2)) = "00"))
then --ball number 3
                     ball_map_address(13 downto 4) <= ball_map_addr(2);
                     ball_map_address(3 downto 0) <= "0010";
              --elsif ball_mask_flag1(3) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(3) + 1) =
"00")) then --ball number 4
              elsif ball_mask_flag1(3) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr2(3)) = "00"))
then --ball number 4
                     ball map address(13 downto 4) \leq ball map addr(3);
                     ball map address(3 downto 0) \leq "0011";
```

		elsif ball_mask_flag1(4) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(4) + 1) =	
"00"))	then	ball number 5	
		elsif ball_mask_flag1(4) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr2(4)) = "00"))	
thenball number 5			
		<pre>ball_map_address(13 downto 4) <= ball_map_addr(4);</pre>	
		ball_map_address(3 downto 0) <= "0100";	
		elsif ball_mask_flag1(5) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(5) + 1) =	
"00"))	then	ball number 6	
		elsif ball_mask_flag1(5) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr2(5)) = "00"))	
thenbal		number 6	
		<pre>ball_map_address(13 downto 4) <= ball_map_addr(5);</pre>	
		ball_map_address(3 downto 0) \leq "0101";	
		elsif ball_mask_flag1(6) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(6) + 1) =	
"00"))	then	ball number 7	
		elsif ball_mask_flag1(6) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr2(6)) = "00"))	
then	ball	number 7	
		<pre>ball_map_address(13 downto 4) <= ball_map_addr(6);</pre>	
		ball_map_address(3 downto 0) <= "0110";	
		elsif ball_mask_flag1(7) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(7) + 1) =	
"00"))	then	ball number 8	
		elsif ball_mask_flag1(7) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr2(7)) = "00"))	
thenball number 8			
		<pre>ball_map_address(13 downto 4) <= ball_map_addr(7);</pre>	
		<pre>ball_map_address(3 downto 0) <= "0111";</pre>	
		elsif ball_mask_flag1(8) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(8) + 1) =	
"00"))	then	ball number 9	
		elsif ball_mask_flag1(8) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr2(8)) = "00"))	
then	ball	number 9	
		<pre>ball_map_address(13 downto 4) <= ball_map_addr(8);</pre>	
		<pre>ball_map_address(3 downto 0) <= "1000";</pre>	
		elsif ball_mask_flag1(9) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(9) + 1) =	
"00"))	then	ball number 10	
		elsif ball_mask_flag1(9) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr2(9)) = "00"))	
then	ball	number 10	
		<pre>ball_map_address(13 downto 4) <= ball_map_addr(9);</pre>	
		<pre>ball_map_address(3 downto 0) <= "1001";</pre>	
		elsif ball_mask_flag1(10) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(10) + 1) = $(1 + 1)$	
"00"))	then	ball number 11	

```
elsif ball_mask_flag1(10) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr2(10)) = "00"))
     --ball number 11
then
                     ball map address(13 downto 4) \leq ball map addr(10);
                     ball_map_address(3 \text{ downto } 0) \le "1010";
              --elsif ball_mask_flag1(11) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(11) + 1) =
"00")) then --ball number 12
              elsif ball mask flag1(11) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball mask addr2(11)) = "00"))
then --ball number 12
                     ball map_address(13 downto 4) <= ball_map_addr(11);</pre>
                     ball map address(3 downto 0) \leq "1011";
              --elsif ball mask flag1(12) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball mask addr(12) + 1) =
"00")) then --ball number 13
              elsif ball_mask_flag1(12) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr2(12)) = "00"))
then --ball number 13
                     ball map address(13 downto 4) \leq ball map addr(12);
                     ball_map_address(3 downto 0) \leq "1100";
              --elsif ball_mask_flag1(13) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(13) + 1) =
"00")) then
             --ball number 14
              elsif ball_mask_flag1(13) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr2(13)) = "00"))
then
     --ball number 14
                     ball_map_address(13 downto 4) <= ball_map_addr(13);
                     ball_map_address(3 \text{ downto } 0) \le "1101";
              --elsif ball_mask_flag1(14) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(14) + 1) =
"00")) then --ball number 15
              elsif ball mask flag1(14) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball mask addr2(14)) = "00"))
then --ball number 15
                     ball_map_address(13 downto 4) <= ball_map_addr(14);
                     ball_map_address(3 \text{ downto } 0) \le "1110";
              else
                     ball_map_address <= "0000000000000";
              end if:
              ball mask flag2 <= ball mask flag1;
       end if:
 end process Ball_map_AddrGen2;
 Ball Map inst : Ball Map rom port map(
       address => std logic vector(ball map address),
       clock => clk,
```

```
Ball_mask_colorGen : process(clk)
       begin
              if rising_edge(clk) then
                     if reset = '1' then
                             ball mask color \leq 0;
                      elsif (ball_mask_flag2(15) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(15)) =
"00"))) then -- ball num 16
                             ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(15))) +
26;
                      elsif (ball mask flag2(0) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball mask addr(0)) = \frac{1}{2}
"00"))) then -- ball num 1
                             ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(0))) + 2;
                      elsif (ball_mask_flag2(1) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(1)) =
"00"))) then -- ball num 2
                             ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(1))) + 5;</pre>
                      elsif (ball_mask_flag2(2) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(2)) =
"00"))) then -- ball num 3
                             ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(2))) + 8;
                      elsif (ball_mask_flag2(3) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(3)) =
"00"))) then -- ball num 4
                             ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(3))) +
11;
                      elsif (ball_mask_flag2(4) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(4)) =
"00"))) then -- ball num 5
                             ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(4))) +
14;
                      elsif (ball_mask_flag2(5) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(5)) =
"00"))) then -- ball num 6
                             ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(5))) +
17;
                      elsif(ball_mask_flag2(6) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(6)) =
"00"))) then -- ball num 7
                             ball mask color \leq to integer(BallMask(ball mask addr(6))) +
```

20;

elsif (ball_mask_flag2(7) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(7)) =
"00"))) then ball num 8
ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(7))) +
23;
elsif (ball_mask_flag2(8) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(8)) =
"00"))) then ball num 9
<pre>ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(8))) + 2;</pre>
elsif (ball_mask_flag2(9) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(9)) =
"00"))) then ball num 10
ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(9))) + 5;
elsif (ball_mask_flag2(10) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(10)) =
"00"))) then ball num 11
ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(10))) +
8;
elsif (ball_mask_flag2(11) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(11)) =
"00"))) then ball num 12
ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(11))) +
11;
elsif (ball_mask_flag2(12) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(12)) =
"00"))) then ball num 13
ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(12))) +
14;
elsif (ball_mask_flag2(13) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(13)) =
"00"))) then ball num 14
ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(13))) +
17;
elsif (ball_mask_flag2(14) = '1' and (not(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(14)) =
"00"))) then ball num 15
ball_mask_color <= to_integer(BallMask(ball_mask_addr(14))) +
20;
else
ball_mask_color <= 0;
end if;
end if;
end process Ball_mask_colorGen;
Level2_ActiveFGen : process(clk)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
begin

if rising_edge(clk) then

```
if reset = '1' then
                      level2_active <= '0';
              else
                 level2_active <= ball_mask_flag2(0) or ball_mask_flag2(1) or
ball_mask_flag2(2) or ball_mask_flag2(3) or
                                                                    ball_mask_flag2(4) or
ball_mask_flag2(5) or ball_mask_flag2(6) or ball_mask_flag2(7) or
                                                                    ball_mask_flag2(8) or
ball_mask_flag2(9) or ball_mask_flag2(10) or ball_mask_flag2(11) or
                                                                    ball_mask_flag2(12) or
ball_mask_flag2(13) or ball_mask_flag2(14) or ball_mask_flag2(15);
              end if:
       end if:
 end process Level2 ActiveFGen;
 Level2_Gen : process(clk)
       begin
       if rising_edge(clk) then
              if reset = '1' then
                      level2_vga <= '0';
              elsif ((level2_active = '1') and (not (ball_mask_color = 0))) then
              elsif (level2_active = '1') then
                level2_vga <= '1';
              else
                      level2_vga \ll 0';
              end if;
              if reset = '1' then
                      ball_data_vga <= 0;
              elsif ball_data(1) = '1' then
                      if ball_data(0) = '0' then
                              ball_data_vga <= 24; --black
                      elsif ball_data(0) = '1' then
                              ball_data_vga <= 29; --while
                      end if;
              else --ball_data(1) = '0'
                      ball_data_vga <= ball_mask_color;
              end if;
       end if;
```

end process Level2_Gen;

```
_____
--Level 3
--level 3
     PoolCueRAM : process(clk)
      begin
      if rising_edge(clk) then
           if reset = '1' then
                  CUERAM_addr <= "000000000"; -- 9 bits std_logic_vector
                  cue_line_begin <= "000000000000000";
                  cue_line_end <= "000000000000000";
           else
                  CUERAM_addr <= std_logic_vector(y_coord(8 downto 0));
                  cue_line_begin <= unsigned(CUERAM_q(31 downto 16));
                  cue_line_end <= unsigned(CUERAM_q(15 downto 0));</pre>
           end if;
      end if;
     end process PoolCueRAM;
     Level3_Gen : process(clk)
      begin
      if rising_edge(clk) then
           if reset = '1' then
                  level3_vga <= '0';
                  --cue_line_begin <= "0000"
           else
                  if (x_coord >= cue_line_begin and x_coord < cue_line_end) then
                         level3_vga <= '1';
                  else
                         level3_vga <= '0';
                  end if;
           end if:
      end if;
     end process Level3_Gen;
```

_____ _____ --Level 4 Words_rom_inst : Words_rom port map(address => std_logic_vector(Word_address), clock => clk, $q => Word_data$); Word_FLAG_Gen : process(clk) begin if rising_edge(clk) then if reset = '1' then Word_flag1 <= (others => '0'); else for I in 0 to 7 loop if $(Word_en(I) = '1' and x_coord + 2 \ge Word_start_x(I) and$ $x_coord + 2 < Word_start_x(I) + 40$ and $y_coord \ge Word_start_y(I)$ and $y_coord <$ Word_start_y(I) + 16) then Word_flag1(I) <= '1'; else Word_flag1(I) $\leq 0'$; end if; end loop; end if; end if; end process Word_FLAG_Gen; Word_AddrGen1 : process(clk) begin if rising_edge(clk) then if reset = '1' then for I in 0 to 7 loop Word_eachaddr(I) \leq (others = '0'); end loop; else

```
for I in 0 to 7 loop
                        if(x\_coord = Word\_start\_x(I) + 40 and y\_coord = Word\_start\_y(I) + 16)
then
                                     Word_eachaddr(I) \leq (others = '0');
                             elsif(x_cord + 1 \ge Word_start_x(I) \text{ and } x_coord + 1 <
Word\_start\_x(I) + 40 and y\_coord \ge Word\_start\_y(I) and y\_coord < Word\_start\_y(I) + 16)
then
                                     Word eachaddr(I) \leq Word eachaddr(I) + 1;
                             end if;
                      end loop;
              end if;
       end if;
 end process Word AddrGen1;
 Word_AddrGen2 : process(clk)
 begin
       if rising edge(clk) then
                      Generate ball address
              if reset = '1' then
                      Word_address \leq (others \geq '0');
              elsif word_flag1(0) = '1' then
                      Word_address(12 downto 3) <= Word_eachaddr(0);
                      Word_address(2 downto 0) \leq "000";
                      Word_hl <= Word_hl_en(0);
              elsif word_flag1(1) = '1' then
                      Word_address(12 downto 3) <= Word_eachaddr(1);
                      Word_address(2 downto 0) \leq "001";
```

```
Word_hl <= Word_hl_en(1);
```

```
elsif word_flag1(2) = '1' then
```

```
Word_address(12 downto 3) <= Word_eachaddr(2);</pre>
```

```
Word_address(2 downto 0) <= "010";
```

```
Word_hl <= Word_hl_en(2);
```

```
elsif word_flag1(3) = '1' then
```

```
Word_address(12 downto 3) <= Word_eachaddr(3);</pre>
```

```
Word_address(2 downto 0) <= "011";
```

```
Word_hl <= Word_hl_en(3);
```

```
elsif word_flag1(4) = '1' then
```

```
Word_address(12 downto 3) <= Word_eachaddr(4);</pre>
```

```
Word_address(2 downto 0) \leq "100";
                     Word_hl <= Word_hl_en(4);
              elsif word_flag1(5) = '1' then
                     Word_address(12 downto 3) <= Word_eachaddr(5);
                     Word_address(2 downto 0) <= "101";
                     Word_hl <= Word_hl_en(5);
              elsif word_flag1(6) = '1' then
                     Word_address(12 downto 3) <= Word_eachaddr(6);
                     Word_address(2 downto 0) \leq "110";
                     Word_hl <= Word_hl_en(6);
              elsif word flag1(7) = '1' then
                     Word_address(12 downto 3) <= Word_eachaddr(7);
                     Word_address(2 downto 0) <= "111";
                     Word hl \leq Word hl en(7);
              else
                     Word_address \leq (others \geq '0');
                     Word_hl <= '0';
              end if;
              Word_flag2 <= Word_flag1;
       end if;
 end process Word_AddrGen2;
 Level4_ActiveFGen : process(clk)
 begin
       if rising_edge(clk) then
              if reset = '1' then
                     level4_active <= '0';
              else
                level4_active <= word_flag2(0) or word_flag2(1) or word_flag2(2) or
                                                                word_flag2(3) or
word_flag2(4) or word_flag2(5) or
                                                                word_flag2(6) or
word_flag2(7);
              end if:
       end if:
```

end process Level4_ActiveFGen;

```
Level4_Gen : process(clk)
      begin
      if rising_edge(clk) then
             if reset = '1' then
                     level4_vga <= '0';
                     Word color \leq 0;
             elsif level4 active = '1' then
                     if Word_data = "1" then
                             level4_vga <= '1';
                             Word color \leq 24;
                     elsif Word hl = '1' then
                             level4_vga <= '1';
                             Word_color \leq 15;
                     else
                             level4_vga \leq 0';
                     end if;
             else
                     level4_vga <= '0';
```

end if;

end if; end process Level4_Gen;

-- Registered video signals going to the video DAC

```
VideoOut: process (clk, reset)
begin
VGA_R(1 downto 0) <= "00";
VGA_G(1 downto 0) <= "00";
VGA_B(1 downto 0) <= "00";
if reset = '1' then
VGA_R(9 downto 2) <= "00000000";
VGA_G(9 downto 2) <= "00000000";
VGA_B(9 downto 2) <= "00000000";
elsif clk'event and clk = '1' then
if vga_hblank = '1' or vga_vblank ='1' then
VGA_R(9 downto 2) <= "00000000";
```

```
VGA_G(9 downto 2) <= "00000000";
    VGA_B(9 downto 2) <= "00000000";
             elsif level4 vga = '1' then
               VGA_R(9 downto 2) <= COLOR_TABLE_R(Word_color);
    VGA_G(9 downto 2) <= COLOR_TABLE_G(Word_color);
    VGA_B(9 downto 2) <= COLOR_TABLE_B(Word_color);
             elsif level3 vga = '1' then
               VGA_R(9 \text{ downto } 2) \leq COLOR_TABLE_R(2);
    VGA_G(9 \text{ downto } 2) \leq COLOR_TABLE_G(2);
    VGA B(9 downto 2) \leq COLOR TABLE B(2);
             elsif level2 vga = '1' then
               VGA_R(9 downto 2) <= COLOR_TABLE_R(ball_data_vga);
    VGA G(9 \text{ downto } 2) \leq COLOR TABLE G(ball \text{ data } vga);
    VGA B(9 downto 2) <= COLOR TABLE B(ball data vga);
             elsif level 1 \text{ vga} = 1^{\circ} \text{ then}
               VGA_R(9 \text{ downto } 2) \leq 
COLOR_TABLE_R(to_integer(unsigned(level1_data_vga)));
    VGA_G(9 downto 2) <= COLOR_TABLE_G(to_integer(unsigned(level1_data_vga)));
    VGA_B(9 downto 2) <= COLOR_TABLE_B(to_integer(unsigned(level1_data_vga)));
   elsif level0_active = '1' then
    VGA_R(9 downto 2) <= COLOR_TABLE_R(to_integer(colorcode_level0));
    VGA_G(9 downto 2) <= COLOR_TABLE_G(to_integer(colorcode_level0));
    VGA_B(9 downto 2) <= COLOR_TABLE_B(to_integer(colorcode_level0));
   else --background color
    VGA R(9 \text{ downto } 2) \leq COLOR TABLE R(5);
    VGA_G(9 \text{ downto } 2) \leq COLOR_TABLE_G(5);
    VGA_B(9 \text{ downto } 2) \leq COLOR_TABLE_B(5);
   end if;
  end if:
 end process VideoOut;
 VGA_CLK \leq  clk;
 VGA_HS <= not vga_hsync;
```

```
VGA_BLANK <= not (vga_hsync or vga_vsync);
```

VGA_VS <= not vga_vsync;

VGA SYNC $\leq 0'$;

end rtl;

```
-- Pool Cue Ram Controller
--Editor: Jiawan Zhang
--Data: 2013
```

library ieee; use ieee.std_logic_1164.all; use ieee.numeric_std.all;

entity PoolCue_ram_controller is port(

);

end entity PoolCue_ram_controller;

architecture blockram of PoolCue_ram_controller is

```
component PoolCue_ram IS
```

PORT

(

);

data	: IN STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (31 DOWNTO 0);
rdaddress	: IN STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (8 DOWNTO 0);
rdclock	: IN STD_LOGIC ;
wraddress	: IN STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (8 DOWNTO 0);
wrclock	: IN STD_LOGIC;
wren	: IN STD_LOGIC;
q	: OUT STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (31 DOWNTO 0)

end component PoolCue_ram;

signal inter_CUE_rdaddress : std_logic_vector(8 downto 0); signal inter_CUE_rdclock : std_logic; signal inter_CUE_q : std_logic_vector(31 downto 0);

begin

end blockram;

-- Keyboard Controller

-- Simple (receive-only) PS/2 controller for the Altera Avalon bus -- Presents a two-word interface: -- Byte 0: LSB is a status bit: 1 = data received, 0 = no new data-- Byte 4: least significant byte is received data, reading it clears the input register __ -- Make sure "Slave addressing" in the interfaces tab of SOPC Builder's -- "New Component" dialog is set to "Register" mode. __ ___ -- Stephen A. Edwards and Yingjian Gu -- Columbia University, sedwards@cs.columbia.edu ___ -- From an original by Bert Cuzeau -- (c) ALSE. http://www.alse-fr.com __

- -- Simplified PS/2 Controller (kbd, mouse...)
- -- Only the Receive function is implemented !
- -- (c) ALSE. http://www.alse-fr.com
- -- Author : Bert Cuzeau.
- -- Fully synchronous solution, same Filter on PS2_Clk.
- -- Still as compact as "Plain_wrong" ...
- -- Possible improvement : add TIMEOUT on PS2_Clk while shifting
- -- Note: PS2_Data is resynchronized though this should not be
- -- necessary (qualified by Fall_Clk and does not change at that time).
- -- Note the tricks to correctly interpret 'H' as '1' in RTL simulation.

-- Editor Zeshi Wang

-- Data: 2013

library ieee; use ieee.std_logic_1164.all; use ieee.numeric_std.all;

```
entity PS2_Ctrl is
port(
  Clk : in std_logic; -- System Clock
  Reset : in std_logic; -- System Reset
  PS2_Clk : in std_logic; -- Keyboard Clock Line
  PS2_Data : in std_logic; -- Keyboard Data Line
  DoRead : in std_logic; -- From outside when reading the scan code
  Scan_Err : out std_logic; -- To outside : Parity or Overflow error
  Scan_DAV : out std_logic; -- To outside when a scan code has arrived
  Scan_Code : out std_logic; -- To outside when a scan code has arrived
  Scan_Code : out std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) -- Eight bits Data Out
  );
end PS2_Ctrl;
```

architecture rtl of PS2_Ctrl is

signal PS2_Datr : std_logic;

subtype Filter_t is std_logic_vector(7 downto 0); signal Filter : Filter_t; signal Fall_Clk : std_logic; signal Bit_Cnt : unsigned (3 downto 0); signal Parity : std_logic; signal Scan_DAVi : std_logic;

signal S_Reg : std_logic_vector(8 downto 0);

signal PS2_Clk_f : std_logic;

Type State_t is (Idle, Shifting); signal State : State_t;

begin

Scan_DAV <= Scan_DAVi;

-- This filters digitally the raw clock signal coming from the keyboard :

-- * Eight consecutive PS2_Clk=1 makes the filtered_clock go high

-- * Eight consecutive PS2_Clk=0 makes the filtered_clock go low

-- Implies a (FilterSize+1) x Tsys_clock delay on Fall_Clk wrt Data

-- Also in charge of the re-synchronization of PS2_Data

```
process (Clk)
begin
if rising_edge(Clk) then
if Reset = '1' then
PS2_Datr <= '0';
PS2_Clk_f <= '0';
Filter <= (others => '0');
Fall_Clk <= '0';
else
PS2_Datr <= PS2_Data and PS2_Data; -- also turns 'H' into '1'
Fall_Clk <= '0';
Filter <= (PS2_Clk and PS2_CLK) & Filter(Filter'high downto 1);
if Filter = Filter_t'(others=>'1') then
```

```
PS2_Clk_f <= '1';
elsif Filter = Filter_t'(others=>'0') then
PS2_Clk_f <= '0';
if PS2_Clk_f = '1' then
Fall_Clk <= '1';
end if;
end if;
end if;
end if;
end if;
end if;
```

-- This simple State Machine reads in the Serial Data

```
-- coming from the PS/2 peripheral.
```

```
process(Clk)
begin
 if rising_edge(Clk) then
  if Reset = '1' then
   State <= Idle;
   Bit_Cnt <= (others => '0');
   S_Reg <= (others \Rightarrow 0');
   Scan_Code \leq (others \geq '0');
   Parity \langle = '0';
   Scan_DAVi <= '0';
   Scan_Err <= '0';
  else
   if DoRead = '1' then
     Scan_DAVi <= '0'; -- note: this assgnmnt can be overriden
   end if;
   case State is
     when Idle =>
      Parity \leq 0';
      Bit_Cnt \leq (others \geq '0');
```

-- note that we do not need to clear the Shift Register

```
if Fall_Clk='1' and PS2_Datr='0' then -- Start bit
```

```
Scan_Err <= '0';
```

```
State <= Shifting;
       end if;
      when Shifting =>
       if Bit_Cnt >= 9 then
        if Fall_Clk = '1' then -- Stop Bit
         -- Error is (wrong Parity) or (Stop='0') or Overflow
         Scan_Err <= (not Parity) or (not PS2_Datr) or Scan_DAVi;</pre>
         Scan_Davi <= '1';</pre>
         Scan_Code <= S_Reg(7 downto 0);</pre>
         State <= Idle;
        end if;
       elsif Fall_Clk = '1' then
        Bit_Cnt <= Bit_Cnt + 1;
        S_Reg <= PS2_Datr & S_Reg (S_Reg'high downto 1); -- Shift right
        Parity <= Parity xor PS2_Datr;
       end if;
      when others => -- never reached
       State <= Idle;
    end case;
    --Scan_Err <= '0'; -- to create a deliberate error
   end if;
  end if;
 end process;
end rtl;
        _____
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
use ieee.numeric_std.all;
```

```
entity de2_ps2 is
 port (
  avs_s1_clk
                 : in std_logic;
                  : in std_logic;
  avs_s1_reset
  avs_s1_address : in std_logic;
  avs_s1_read
                  : in std_logic;
  avs_s1_chipselect : in std_logic;
  avs_s1_readdata : out std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
  PS2_Clk
                 : in std_logic;
  PS2_Data
                 : in std_logic
  );
end de2_ps2;
architecture rtl of de2_ps2 is
                  : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
 signal Data
 signal DataAvailable : std_logic;
 signal DoRead
                   : std_logic;
begin
 U1: entity work.PS2_CTRL port map(
  Clk
         => avs_s1_clk,
  Reset
          => avs_s1_reset,
  DoRead => DoRead,
  PS2_Clk => PS2_Clk,
  PS2_Data => PS2_Data,
  Scan_Code => Data,
  Scan_DAV => DataAvailable );
 process (avs_s1_clk)
 begin
  if rising_edge(avs_s1_clk) then
   DoRead <= avs_s1_read and avs_s1_chipselect and avs_s1_address;
  end if;
 end process;
```

```
process (Data, DataAvailable, avs_s1_address, avs_s1_chipselect)
begin
if avs_s1_chipselect = '1' then
    if avs_s1_address = '1' then
        avs_s1_readdata <= Data;
    else
        avs_s1_readdata <= "0000000" & DataAvailable;
    end if;
else
        avs_s1_readdata <= "00000000";
end if;
end process;</pre>
```

```
end rtl;
```

-- Audio Controller

--Editor: Zeshi Wang --Data: 2013

library ieee; use ieee.std_logic_1164.all; use ieee.numeric_std.all;

```
entity de2_wm8731_audio is
port (
    clk : in std_logic; -- Audio CODEC Chip Clock AUD_XCK (18.43 MHz)
    reset_n : in std_logic;
    data : in std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "000000000";
    write : in std_logic;
    chipselect : in std_logic;
```

-- Audio interface signals AUD_ADCLRCK : out std_logic; -- Audio CODEC ADC LR Clock AUD_ADCDAT : in std_logic; -- Audio CODEC ADC Data AUD_DACLRCK : out std_logic; -- Audio CODEC DAC LR Clock AUD_DACDAT : out std_logic; -- Audio CODEC DAC Data AUD_BCLK : inout std_logic -- Audio CODEC Bit-Stream Clock); end de2_wm8731_audio;

```
architecture rtl of de2_wm8731_audio is
  signal lrck : std_logic;
  signal bclk : std_logic;
  signal xck : std_logic;
  signal lrck_divider : unsigned(15 downto 0);
  signal bclk_divider : unsigned(11 downto 0);
  signal set_bclk : std_logic;
  signal set_lrck : std_logic;
  signal clr_bclk : std_logic;
  signal lrck_lat : std_logic;
  signal shift_out : unsigned(15 downto 0);
       signal start_audio : std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
       type count_type is array(0 to 3) of unsigned(11 downto 0);
       signal count
                          : count_type;
       --signal ram_address : count_type;
       signal data_in : std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
       signal ram_address : std_logic_vector(13 downto 0);
component sound_rom IS
       PORT
       (
              address
                            : IN STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (13 DOWNTO 0);
              clock
                            : IN STD_LOGIC := '1';
                            : OUT STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 DOWNTO 0)
              q
       );
END component;
```

begin

-- LRCK divider

-- Audio chip main clock is 18.432MHz / Sample rate 48KHz

-- Divider is 18.432 MHz / 48KHz = 192 (X"C0")

-- Left justify mode set by I2C controller

```
--Set start_audio signal
process (clk)
begin
 if rising_edge(clk) then
          if reset_n = '0' then
      start_audio <= (others => '0');
          else
                               for I in 0 to 3 loop
                                       if (write = '1' and chipselect = '1' and data(I) = '1') then
                                               start_audio(I) <= '1';</pre>
                                       elsif count(I) = x"08ae" then
                                               start_audio(I) <= '0';</pre>
                                       end if;
                               end loop;
               end if;
       end if;
end process;
process (clk)
begin
 if rising_edge(clk) then
```

if reset_n = '0' then

lrck_divider <= (others => '0');

```
elsif lrck_divider = X"08FF" then -- "C0" minus 1
     lrck_divider <= X"0000";</pre>
    else
     lrck_divider <= lrck_divider + 1;</pre>
   end if;
  end if;
 end process;
 process (clk)
 begin
  if rising_edge(clk) then
   if reset_n = '0' then
     bclk_divider <= (others => '0');
   elsif bclk_divider = X"08F" or set_lrck = '1' then
     bclk divider <= X"000";
    else
     bclk_divider <= bclk_divider + 1;</pre>
   end if;
  end if;
 end process;
 set_lrck <= '1' when lrck_divider = X"08FF" else '0';</pre>
 process (clk)
 begin
  if rising_edge(clk) then
   if reset_n = '0' then
     lrck <= '0';
   elsif set_lrck = '1' then
     lrck <= not lrck;
   end if;
  end if;
 end process;
process(clk)
  begin
   if rising_edge(clk) then
     lrck_lat <= lrck;</pre>
   end if;
```

end process;

```
-- BCLK divider
set_bclk <= '1' when bclk_divider(11 downto 0) = X"047" else '0';
clr_bclk <= '1' when bclk_divider(11 downto 0) = X"08F" else '0';
process (clk)
begin
 if rising_edge(clk) then
   if reset_n = '0' then
    bclk <= '0';
   elsif set_lrck = '1' or clr_bclk = '1' then
    bclk <= '0';
   elsif set bclk = '1' then
    bclk <= '1';
   end if;
 end if;
end process;
-- Audio data shift output
process (clk)
begin
 if rising_edge(clk) then
   if reset_n = '0' then
    shift_out <= (others => '0');
               elsif (start_audio(0) or start_audio(1) or start_audio(2) or start_audio(3)) = '1' then
    if set lrck = '1' then
       shift_out <= unsigned(data_in);</pre>
                elsif clr_bclk = '1' then
                               shift_out <= shift_out (14 downto 0) & '0';</pre>
                end if;
               else
                 shift_out <= (others => '0');
               end if:
 end if;
end process;
```

```
-- Audio outputs
  AUD_ADCLRCK <= lrck;
  AUD_DACLRCK <= lrck;
  AUD_DACDAT <= shift_out(15);
  AUD_BCLK <= bclk;
  -- ram address counter
        -- counter for ball_hit audio
-- Update count
       process(clk)
  begin
   if rising_edge(clk) then
    if reset_n = '0' then
       for I in 0 to 3 loop
                                     count(I) \le (others \implies '0');
                              end loop;
    elsif lrck_lat = '1' and lrck = '0' then
                              for I in 0 to 3 loop
                                     if count(I) = x"8ae" then
                                             count(I) \le (others \implies '0');
                                     elsif (start_audio(I) = '1') then
                                             count(I) \le count(I) + 1;
                                     end if;
                              end loop;
```

end if; end if; end process;

```
--Update Address

process(clk)

begin

if rising_edge(clk) then

if reset_n = '0' then

ram_address <= (others => '0');

elsif start_audio(0) = '1' then
```

```
ram_address(13 \text{ downto } 2) \le std_logic\_vector(count(0));

ram_address(1 \text{ downto } 0) \le "00";

elsif start_audio(1) = '1' then

ram_address(13 \text{ downto } 2) \le std_logic\_vector(count(1));

ram_address(1 \text{ downto } 0) \le "01";

elsif start_audio(2) = '1' then

ram_address(13 \text{ downto } 2) \le std_logic\_vector(count(2));

ram_address(1 \text{ downto } 0) \le "10";

elsif start_audio(3) = '1' then

ram_address(13 \text{ downto } 2) \le std_logic\_vector(count(3));

ram_address(1 \text{ downto } 0) <= "11";

else

ram_address(1 \text{ downto } 0) <= "11";

else

ram\_address <= (others => '0');

end if;
```

end if; end process;

end architecture;

-- SRAM_Controller

--Legal Notice: (C)2007 Altera Corporation. All rights reserved. Your --use of Altera Corporation's design tools, logic functions and other --software and tools, and its AMPP partner logic functions, and any --output files any of the foregoing (including device programming or --simulation files), and any associated documentation or information are --expressly subject to the terms and conditions of the Altera Program --License Subscription Agreement or other applicable license agreement, --including, without limitation, that your use is for the sole purpose --of programming logic devices manufactured by Altera and sold by Altera --or its authorized distributors. Please refer to the applicable --agreement for further details.

-- turn off superfluous VHDL processor warnings

-- altera message_level Level1

-- altera message_off 10034 10035 10036 10037 10230 10240 10030

- -- Editor: Zeshi Wang
- -- Data: 2013

```
library altera;
use altera.altera_europa_support_lib.all;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
use ieee.std_logic_arith.all;
use ieee.std_logic_unsigned.all;
entity sram is
    port (
       -- inputs:
         signal address : IN STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (17 DOWNTO 0);
         signal byteenable : IN STD LOGIC VECTOR (1 DOWNTO 0);
         signal chipselect : IN STD LOGIC;
         signal read : IN STD_LOGIC;
         signal write : IN STD_LOGIC;
         signal writedata : IN STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 DOWNTO 0);
       -- outputs:
         signal SRAM_ADDR : OUT STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (17 DOWNTO 0);
         signal SRAM_CE_N : OUT STD_LOGIC;
         signal SRAM_DQ : INOUT STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 DOWNTO 0);
         signal SRAM_LB_N : OUT STD_LOGIC;
         signal SRAM_OE_N : OUT STD_LOGIC;
         signal SRAM_UB_N : OUT STD_LOGIC;
         signal SRAM_WE_N : OUT STD_LOGIC;
         signal readdata : OUT STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 DOWNTO 0)
       );
end entity sram;
architecture europa of sram is
component de2_sram_controller is
      port (
         -- inputs:
```

signal address : IN STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (17 DOWNTO 0); signal byteenable : IN STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (1 DOWNTO 0); signal chipselect : IN STD_LOGIC; signal read : IN STD_LOGIC; signal write : IN STD_LOGIC; signal writedata : IN STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 DOWNTO 0);

-- outputs:

signal SRAM_ADDR : OUT STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (17 DOWNTO 0); signal SRAM_CE_N : OUT STD_LOGIC; signal SRAM_DQ : INOUT STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 DOWNTO 0); signal SRAM_LB_N : OUT STD_LOGIC; signal SRAM_OE_N : OUT STD_LOGIC; signal SRAM_UB_N : OUT STD_LOGIC; signal SRAM_WE_N : OUT STD_LOGIC; signal readdata : OUT STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 DOWNTO 0));

end component de2_sram_controller;

signal internal_SRAM_ADDR : STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (17 DOWNTO 0); signal internal_SRAM_CE_N : STD_LOGIC; signal internal_SRAM_LB_N : STD_LOGIC; signal internal_SRAM_OE_N : STD_LOGIC; signal internal_SRAM_UB_N : STD_LOGIC; signal internal_SRAM_WE_N : STD_LOGIC; signal internal_readdata : STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 DOWNTO 0);

begin

```
--the_de2_sram_controller, which is an e_instance
the_de2_sram_controller : de2_sram_controller
port map(
SRAM_ADDR => internal_SRAM_ADDR,
SRAM_CE_N => internal_SRAM_CE_N,
SRAM_DQ => SRAM_DQ,
SRAM_LB_N => internal_SRAM_LB_N,
SRAM_OE_N => internal_SRAM_OE_N,
SRAM_UB_N => internal_SRAM_UB_N,
SRAM_WE_N => internal_SRAM_WE_N,
readdata => internal_readdata,
address => address,
byteenable => byteenable,
```

```
chipselect => chipselect,
read => read,
write => write,
writedata => writedata
);
```

```
--vhdl renameroo for output signals
SRAM_ADDR <= internal_SRAM_ADDR;</li>
--vhdl renameroo for output signals
SRAM_CE_N <= internal_SRAM_CE_N;</li>
--vhdl renameroo for output signals
SRAM_LB_N <= internal_SRAM_LB_N;</li>
--vhdl renameroo for output signals
SRAM_OE_N <= internal_SRAM_OE_N;</li>
--vhdl renameroo for output signals
SRAM_UB_N <= internal_SRAM_UB_N;</li>
--vhdl renameroo for output signals
SRAM_UB_N <= internal_SRAM_UB_N;</li>
--vhdl renameroo for output signals
SRAM_UB_N <= internal_SRAM_UB_N;</li>
--vhdl renameroo for output signals
SRAM_WE_N <= internal_SRAM_WE_N;</li>
--vhdl renameroo for output signals
```

end europa;

entity de2_sram_controller is

port (

signal chipselect : in std_logic; signal write, read : in std_logic; signal address : in std_logic_vector(17 downto 0); signal readdata : out std_logic_vector(15 downto 0); signal writedata : in std_logic_vector(15 downto 0); signal byteenable : in std_logic_vector(1 downto 0);

signal SRAM_DQ : inout std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);

```
signal SRAM_ADDR : out std_logic_vector(17 downto 0);
signal SRAM_UB_N, SRAM_LB_N : out std_logic;
signal SRAM_WE_N, SRAM_CE_N : out std_logic;
signal SRAM_OE_N : out std_logic
);
```

end de2_sram_controller;

architecture dp of de2_sram_controller is begin

SRAM_DQ <= writedata when write = '1'
 else (others => 'Z');
readdata <= SRAM_DQ;
SRAM_ADDR <= address;
SRAM_UB_N <= not byteenable(1);
SRAM_LB_N <= not byteenable(0);
SRAM_WE_N <= not write;
SRAM_CE_N <= not chipselect;
SRAM_OE_N <= not read;</pre>

end dp;

-- irTimer

-- Editor: Jiawan Zhang

-- Data: 2013

library IEEE; use IEEE.std_logic_1164.all; use IEEE.numeric_std.all;

entity irTimer is port (
 clk_50 : in std_logic;
 reset : in std_logic;
 chipselect : in std_logic;
 read : in std_logic;

```
write : in std_logic;
 address : in std_logic;
 readdata : out std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
 writedata : in std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
 irq
         : out std_logic);
end irTimer;
architecture rtl of irTimer is
 signal counter : unsigned(15 downto 0);
 --signal ms : unsigned(15 downto 0);
 signal data : std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
begin
 process(clk_50)
 begin
       if rising_edge(clk_50) then
                if reset = '1' then
                        readdata \leq (others \Rightarrow '0');
                        counter \langle = (others = \rangle '0');
                else
                        if chipselect = '1' and address = '0' then
                                if write = '1' then
                                        counter <= unsigned(writedata);</pre>
                                elsif read = '1' then
                                        readdata <= std_logic_vector(counter);</pre>
                                        if not (counter = x''0000'') then
                                                counter \leq counter - x"0001";
                                        end if;
                                end if;
                        else
                                if not (counter = x''0000'') then
                                        counter <= counter - x"0001";
                                end if;
                        end if;
                end if;
       end if;
 end process;
```

```
process (clk_50)

begin

if rising_edge(clk_50) then

if reset = '1' then

irq <= '0';

else

if counter = 0 then

irq <= '1';

elsif chipselect = '1' and write = '1' then

irq <= '0';

end if;

end if;

end if;

end process;
```

```
end rtl;
```

Software Codes:

-- Main function for Pool Game

//Editors: XunChi Wu; Yuhan Zhang; Jiawan Zhang; Zeshi Wang //Data: 2013

#include <stdio.h>
#include <io.h>
#include <io.h>
#include <system.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>

#include "poolcue.h"
#include "poolball.h"
#include "keyboard.h"

#define VC_MAX 3200
#define ACC 100
#define pi 3.1415926
#define angle_trans 0.05236 //

```
#define zero 0.0001
#define n_zero -0.0001
#define sq_zero 0.01
#define PRODUCT 0.34 // PRODUCT = dx * vc , when dx = min(zero), vc = vc_max
#define edge_acc 0.95
```

```
//Audio
//1 = loud; 2 = low
#define IOWR_AUDIO_EN(data)\
IOWR_8DIRECT(AUDIO_0_BASE, 0, data);
```

//Write to vga ram

```
#define IOWR_VGA_STRENGTHBAR(data) \
```

IOWR_16DIRECT(DE2_VGA_RASTER_0_BASE, 128, data) #define SERVELINE_EN(flag)\ IOWR_16DIRECT(DE2_VGA_RASTER_0_BASE, 130, flag)

//Words

```
//Enable
//6:WIN! ; 5: GAME ; 4: NEW ; 3: network ; 2: single ; 1: PLR 2 ; 0: PLR1
#define IOWR_VGA_WORD_EN(data) \
        IOWR_16DIRECT(DE2_VGA_RASTER_0_BASE, 132, data)
#define IOWR_VGA_WORD_HL_EN(data) \
        IOWR_16DIRECT(DE2_VGA_RASTER_0_BASE, 134, data)
#define IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(n, data) \
        IOWR_16DIRECT(DE2_VGA_RASTER_0_BASE, (68 + 2*n)*2, data)
#define IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(n, data) \
        IOWR_16DIRECT(DE2_VGA_RASTER_0_BASE, (69 + 2*n)*2, data)
```

struct balltype

{

int pos_x,pos_y; int vc_x, vc_y; int count_x, count_y; short int dir_x, dir_y; short int flag; float dx, dy; int force_move;

```
int bias_x, bias_y;
```

}ball[16];

```
int hole[6][2]={\{24,158\},\{320,154\},\{615,158\},
\{24,461\},\{320,465\},\{615,461\}\};
```

```
int player=0;
int change=1;
int oops = 0;
int plball[2]={0,0};
int i_0 =0;
int i_1 =0;
int ex = 1;
int cue_ready = 0;
int angle = 0;
int strength = 0;
int release = 0;
int begin_flag;
float swtich_d;
int dir_strength = 1;
```

```
void decide_movement(int ball_num)
```

{

```
if((ball[ball_num].dx * ball[ball_num].dx + ball[ball_num].dy * ball[ball_num].dy) >= zero) //if the ball speed hasn't reached the stopping threshold
```

```
//decide the moving direction of X axis(either rolling forward or backward)
if(ball[ball_num].dx >= zero)
{
    ball[ball_num].vc_x = (int)(PRODUCT / ball[ball_num].dx);
//velocity of X axis
    ball[ball_num].dir_x = 1; //ball is rolling forward
}
else if (ball[ball_num].dx <= n_zero)
{
    ball[ball_num].vc_x = - (int)(PRODUCT / ball[ball_num].dx);
    ball[ball_num].dir_x = -1; //ball is rolling backward
}</pre>
```

```
else
                             //indicating ball stops in X axis
              {
                      ball[ball_num].vc_x = VC_MAX + 1;
                      ball[ball_num].dir_x = 0;
                      ball[ball_num].dx = 0;
               }
              //decide the moving direction of Y axis(either rolling forward or backward)
              if(ball[ball_num].dy >= zero)
              {
                      ball[ball_num].vc_y = (int)(PRODUCT / ball[ball_num].dy);
       //velocity of Y axis
                      ball[ball_num].dir_y = 1;
                                                          //ball is rolling forward
               }
              else if (ball[ball num].dy <= n zero)
              {
                      ball[ball_num].vc_y = - (int)(PRODUCT / ball[ball_num].dy);
                      ball[ball_num].dir_y = -1;
                                                           //ball is rolling backward
              }
              else
                             //indicating ball stops in Y axis
              {
                      ball[ball_num].vc_y = VC_MAX + 1;
                      ball[ball_num].dir_y = 0;
                      ball[ball_num].dy = 0;
              }
       }
       else
                                    //if the ball speed has reached the stopping threshold, then
both direction stopped moving
       {
              ball[ball_num].vc_x = VC_MAX + 1;
              ball[ball_num].dir_x = 0;
              ball[ball_num].dx = 0;
              ball[ball_num].vc_y = VC_MAX + 1;
              ball[ball_num].dir_y = 0;
              ball[ball_num].dy = 0;
       }
       //assigning the count for the ball
       if(ball_num].vc_x < ball[ball_num].count_x)
       {
```

```
ball[ball_num].count_x = ball[ball_num].vc_x;
}
if(ball[ball_num].vc_y < ball[ball_num].count_y)
{
     ball[ball_num].count_y = ball[ball_num].vc_y;
}</pre>
```

```
}
```

void dir_change(int i, char axle, int change_to) //force the direction to be the one we want(change_to)

```
{
        if(axle == 'x')
        {
                if((change_to == 1 \&\& ball[i].dx < 0) \parallel (change_to == -1 \&\& ball[i].dx > 0))
                {
                        ball[i].dx = -ball[i].dx;
                }
        }
        else if(axle == 'y')
        {
                if((change_to == 1 \&\& ball[i].dy < 0) \parallel (change_to == -1 \&\& ball[i].dy > 0))
                {
                        ball[i].dy = -ball[i].dy;
                }
        }
}
void detect_bound_edge(int i)
{
        int hit_flag = 0;
        float dis_v_sq;
         if(ball[i].pos_x < 45 && ball[i].pos_y < 179) //left_up pocket area
         {
                 if(39 - ball[i].pos_x > 179 - ball[i].pos_y)
                 {
                         swtich_d = ball[i].dx;
                         ball[i].dx = ball[i].dy;
```

```
ball[i].dy = swtich_d;
               dir_change(i, 'x', 1);
               dir_change(i, 'y', -1);
               ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
               ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
               decide_movement (i);
               hit_flag = 1;
        }
       else if(173 - ball[i].pos_y > 45 - ball[i].pos_x)
        {
               swtich_d = ball[i].dx;
               ball[i].dx = ball[i].dy;
               ball[i].dy = swtich_d;
               dir_change(i, 'x', -1);
               dir_change(i, 'y', 1);
               ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
               ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
               decide_movement (i);
               hit_flag = 1;
        }
}
else if(ball[i].pos_x > 594 && ball[i].pos_y < 179) //right_up pocket area
{
       if(ball[i].pos_x - 600 > 179 - ball[i].pos_y)
        {
               swtich_d = ball[i].dx;
               ball[i].dx = ball[i].dy;
               ball[i].dy = swtich_d;
               dir_change(i, 'x', -1);
               dir_change(i, 'y', -1);
               ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
               ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
               decide_movement (i);
               hit_flag = 1;
        }
       else if(173 - ball[i].pos_y > ball[i].pos_x - 594)
        {
               swtich_d = ball[i].dx;
               ball[i].dx = ball[i].dy;
```

```
ball[i].dy = swtich_d;
               dir_change(i, 'x', 1);
               dir_change(i, 'y', 1);
               ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
               ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
               decide_movement (i);
               hit_flag = 1;
        }
}
else if(ball[i].pos_x < 45 && ball[i].pos_y > 440) //left_down pocket area
{
       if(39 - ball[i].pos_x > ball[i].pos_y - 440)
        {
               swtich_d = ball[i].dx;
               ball[i].dx = ball[i].dy;
               ball[i].dy = swtich_d;
               dir_change(i, 'x', 1);
               dir_change(i, 'y', 1);
               ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
               ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
               decide_movement (i);
               hit_flag = 1;
        }
       else if(ball[i].pos_y - 446 > 45 - ball[i].pos_x)
        {
               swtich_d = ball[i].dx;
               ball[i].dx = ball[i].dy;
               ball[i].dy = swtich_d;
               dir_change(i, 'x', -1);
               dir_change(i, 'y', -1);
               ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
               ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
               decide_movement (i);
               hit_flag = 1;
        }
```

```
else if(ball[i].pos_x > 594 && ball[i].pos_y > 440) //right_down pocket area
{
       if(ball[i].pos_x - 600 > ball[i].pos_y - 440)
        {
               swtich_d = ball[i].dx;
               ball[i].dx = ball[i].dy;
               ball[i].dy = swtich_d;
               dir_change(i, 'x', -1);
               dir_change(i, 'y', 1);
               ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
               ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
               decide_movement (i);
               hit_flag = 1;
        }
       else if(ball[i].pos_y - 446 > ball[i].pos_x - 594)
        {
               swtich_d = ball[i].dx;
               ball[i].dx = ball[i].dy;
               ball[i].dy = swtich_d;
               dir_change(i, 'x', 1);
               dir_change(i, 'y', -1);
               ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
               ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
               decide_movement (i);
               hit_flag = 1;
        }
}
else
{
       if(ball[i].pos_x <= 39) //left edge
        {
               ball[i].pos_x = 39;
               dir_change(i, 'x', 1);
               ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
               //ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
               decide_movement (i);
               hit_flag = 1;
        }
```

```
if(ball[i].pos_x >= 600) //right edge
       ball[i].pos_x = 600;
       dir_change(i, 'x', -1);
       ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
       //ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
       decide_movement (i);
       hit_flag = 1;
}
if(ball[i].pos_y <= 173) //up edge
{
       if(ball[i].pos_y > 168) //up_mid pocket area
       {
               if(ball[i].pos_x < 336 && ball[i].pos_x > 304)
               {
                       if(173 - ball[i].pos_y > ball[i].pos_x - 304) //slide edge
                       {
                               swtich_d = ball[i].dx;
                               ball[i].dx = ball[i].dy;
                               ball[i].dy = swtich_d;
                               dir_change(i, 'x', 1);
                               dir_change(i, 'y', 1);
                               ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
                               ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
                               decide_movement (i);
                       }
                       else if(173 - ball[i].pos_y > 336 - ball[i].pos_x)
                       {
                               swtich_d = ball[i].dx;
                               ball[i].dx = ball[i].dy;
                               ball[i].dy = swtich_d;
                               dir_change(i, 'x', -1);
                               dir_change(i, 'y', 1);
                               ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
                               ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
                               decide_movement (i);
```

```
}
               }
               else //up edge normal area
               {
                       ball[i].pos_y = 173;
                       dir_change(i, 'y', 1);
                       //ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
                       ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
                       decide_movement (i);
                       hit_flag = 1;
                }
       }
       else //if the ball lands near the upper mid-hole and not pocket, debug
       {
               if(ball[i].pos_x >= 325) //vertical edge of the upper mid-hole
               {
                       ball[i].pos_x = 325;
                       dir_change(i, 'x', -1);
                       ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
                       //ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
                       decide_movement (i);
                       hit_flag = 1;
               }
               else if(ball[i].pos_x <= 315)
               {
                       //ball[i].pos_x = 315;
                       dir_change(i, 'x', 1);
                       ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
                      //ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
                       decide_movement (i);
                       hit_flag = 1;
               }
       }
}
if(ball[i].pos_y >= 446) //down edge
ł
       if(ball[i].pos_y < 451) //down_mid pocket area
       {
```

```
if(ball[i].pos_x < 336 && ball[i].pos_x > 304)
{
       if(ball[i].pos_y - 446 > ball[i].pos_x - 304)
       {
               swtich_d = ball[i].dx;
               ball[i].dx = ball[i].dy;
               ball[i].dy = swtich_d;
               dir_change(i, 'x', 1);
               dir_change(i, 'y', -1);
               ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
               ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
               decide_movement (i);
               hit_flag = 1;
        }
       else if(ball[i].pos_y - 446 > 336 - ball[i].pos_x)
       {
               swtich_d = ball[i].dx;
               ball[i].dx = ball[i].dy;
               ball[i].dy = swtich_d;
               dir_change(i, 'x', -1);
               dir_change(i, 'y', -1);
               ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
               ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
               decide_movement (i);
               hit_flag = 1;
        }
}
else //normal
{
       ball[i].pos_y = 446;
       dir_change(i, 'y', -1);
       //ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
       ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
       decide_movement (i);
       hit_flag = 1;
```

```
}
               }
               else
               {
                      if(ball[i].pos_x >= 325)
                       {
                              //ball[i].pos_x = 325;
                              dir_change(i, 'x', -1);
                              ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
                              //ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
                              decide_movement (i);
                              hit_flag = 1;
                       }
                      else if(ball[i].pos_x <= 315)
                       {
                              ball[i].pos_x = 315;
                              dir_change(i, 'x', 1);
                              ball[i].dx *= edge_acc;
                              //ball[i].dy *= edge_acc;
                              decide_movement (i);
                              hit_flag = 1;
                       }
               }
        }
}
if(hit_flag == 1) // display the audio
{
       dis_v_sq = ball[i].dx * ball[i].dx + ball[i].dy * ball[i].dy;
       if(dis_v_sq > 0.05)
        {
               IOWR_AUDIO_EN(4);
        }
       else if(dis_v_sq > 0)
       {
               IOWR_AUDIO_EN(8);
        }
}
```

```
void bound_balls(int b1,int b2) //main function for ball collision
{
```

```
float s1=100,s2=100,s,d1,d2,x,y,dx1,dx2,dy1,dy2;
float dis_v_sq;
int dis1_x, dis2_x;
int dis1_y, dis2_y;
x = ball[b2].pos_x - ball[b1].pos_x;
y = ball[b2].pos_y - ball[b1].pos_y;
if(!(fabs(ball[b1].dx) < zero && fabs(ball[b1].dy) < zero))
{
       s1 = atan2(ball[b1].dy,ball[b1].dx);
}
if(!(fabs(ball[b2].dx) < zero && fabs(ball[b2].dy) < zero))
{
       s2 = atan2(ball[b2].dy,ball[b2].dx);
ł
s = atan2(y,x);
if(s1!=100 && fabs(s-s1) < pi/2)
{
       d1 = sqrt(ball[b1].dx * ball[b1].dx + ball[b1].dy * ball[b1].dy)*cos(s-s1);
       dx_{1} = d_{1} \cos(s);
       dy_{1} = d_{1} * sin(s);
       ball[b1].dx = dx1;
       ball[b1].dy = dy1;
       ball[b2].dx += dx1;
       ball[b2].dy += dy1;
       dis_v_sq = dx1^*dx1 + dy1^*dy1;
                                          //display the audio
       if(dis_v_sq > 0.02)
        {
               IOWR_AUDIO_EN(1);
       else if(dis_v_sq > 0)
        {
               IOWR_AUDIO_EN(2);
```

```
}
}
if(s2 != 100 && fabs(s-s2) > pi/2)
{
       d2=sqrt(ball[b2].dx * ball[b2].dx + ball[b2].dy * ball[b2].dy)*cos(pi-(s-s2));
       dx^2 = d^2 \cos(pi-s);
       dy2=d2*sin(pi-s);
       ball[b1].dx += dx2;
       ball[b1].dy += dy2;
       ball[b2].dx = dx2;
       ball[b2].dy = dy2;
       dis_v_sq = dx1^*dx1 + dy1^*dy1;
       if(dis_v_sq > 0.05)
       {
               IOWR_AUDIO_EN(1);
       }
       else if(dis_v_sq > 0)
       {
               IOWR_AUDIO_EN(2);
       }
}
//velocity decrease
ball[b1].dx *= 0.90;
ball[b1].dy *= 0.90;
ball[b2].dx *= 0.90;
ball[b2].dy *= 0.90;
decide_movement (b1);
decide_movement (b2);
//if two balls overlap, then force both balls move one pixel.
if(x^*x + y^*y < 196)
{
       if(x > 0)
       {
              dis2_x = 1;
               dis1_x = -1;
       }
       else
```

```
{
                     dis2_x = -1;
                     dis1_x = 1;
              }
              if(y > 0)
              {
                     dis2_y = 1;
                     dis1_y = -1;
              }
              else
              {
                     dis2_y = -1;
                     dis1_y = 1;
             moveball(b1, &ball[b1].pos_x, &ball[b1].pos_y, dis1_x, dis1_y, &ball[b1].bias_x,
&ball[b1].bias_y);
             moveball(b2, &ball[b2].pos_x, &ball[b2].pos_y, dis2_x, dis2_y, &ball[b2].bias_x,
&ball[b2].bias_y);
              ball[b2].force_move = 1;
              IOWR_AUDIO_EN(2);
       }
}
                // main function for winning condition, and player changing rule.
void win(int b)
{
       int i,m=0;
       if(b==7) // if the black ball pockets
       {
              ex = 0;
              ball[b].pos_x = 120;
              ball[b].pos_y = 48;
              placeball(b, ball[b].pos_x, ball[b].pos_y, 0, 0, &ball[b].bias_x, &ball[b].bias_y);
              if(plball[player]==0) // if player directly pocket the black ball without pocketing
his balls first
              {
                     IOWR_VGA_WORD_EN(67);
                     IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(0, 52);
                     IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(0, 60);
                     IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(1, 52);
```

```
IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(1, 90);
                  //IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(2, 550);
                  //IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(2, 40);
                  if(player == 0)
                  {
                        IOWR_VGA_WORD_HL_EN(64);
                        IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(6, 10);
                        IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(6, 90);
                  }
                  else
                  {
                        IOWR_VGA_WORD_HL_EN(64);
                        IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(6, 10);
                        IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(6, 60);
                  }
            }
            else
            {
                  for(i = plball[player]-1; i < plball[player]+6; i++)</pre>
                  {
                        if(ball[i].flag==1) // if player doesn't pocket all his balls before
pocketing black ball
                        {
                              m=1;
                              break;
                        }
                  }
                  if(m)
                  {
                        printf("win player: %d",!player);
                        IOWR_VGA_WORD_EN(67);
                        IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(0, 52);
                        IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(0, 60);
                        IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(1, 52);
                        IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(1, 90);
                        //IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(2, 550);
                        //IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(2, 40);
                        if(player == 0)
                        {
```

```
IOWR_VGA_WORD_HL_EN(64);
                      IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(6, 10);
                      IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(6, 60);
                 }
                 else
                 {
                      IOWR_VGA_WORD_HL_EN(64);
                      IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(6, 10);
                      IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(6, 90);
                 }
           }
           else
           {
                 printf("win player: %d",player);
                 IOWR_VGA_WORD_EN(71);
                 IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(0, 52);
                 IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(0, 60);
                IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(1, 52);
                 IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(1, 90);
                //IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(2, 550);
                //IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(2, 40);
                if(player == 0)
                 {
                      IOWR_VGA_WORD_HL_EN(64);
                      IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(6, 10);
                      IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(6, 90);
                 }
                 else
                 {
                      IOWR_VGA_WORD_HL_EN(64);
                      IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(6, 10);
                      IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(6, 60);
                 }
           }
     }
else if(b==15)
                //if the cue ball pockets
     oops = 1;
```

```
ball[b].pos_x = 100;
               ball[b].pos_y = 48;
               placeball(b, ball[b].pos_x, ball[b].pos_y, 0, 0, &ball[b].bias_x, &ball[b].bias_y);
       }
       else if(plball[player]==0)
                                      //if player first pockets a ball, then he has to pocket the
same type balls afterwards
       {
               if(b \ge 0 \&\& b < 7)
               {
                       plball[player]=1;
                       plball[!player]=9;
                       if(player == 0)
                       {
                               ball[b].pos_x = 100 + 17 * i_0;
                               ball[b].pos_y = 68;
                               placeball(b, ball[b].pos_x, ball[b].pos_y, 0, 0, &ball[b].bias_x,
&ball[b].bias_y);
                              i_0 ++;
                       }
                       else
                       {
                               ball[b].pos_x = 100 + 17 * i_1;
                               ball[b].pos_y = 98;
                               placeball(b, ball[b].pos_x, ball[b].pos_y, 0, 0, &ball[b].bias_x,
&ball[b].bias_y);
                              i_1 ++;
                       }
               }
               else if(b >= 8\&\&b < 15)
               {
                       plball[player]=9;
                       plball[!player]=1;
                       if(player == 0)
                       {
                               ball[b].pos_x = 100 + 17 * i_0;
                               ball[b].pos_y = 68;
                               placeball(b, ball[b].pos_x, ball[b].pos_y, 0, 0, &ball[b].bias_x,
&ball[b].bias_y);
```

```
i_0 ++;
```

void place_cue_ball() //function for placing the cue ball along the serve line. press space to confirm placement

```
int i;
       int f;
       int buff;
       SERVELINE_EN(1);
       angle = 60;
       buff = strength;
       while(cue_ready == 0)
       {
              get_key(&strength, &dir_strength, &angle, &release);
              ball[15].pos_x = 172;
              ball[15].pos_y = 446 + (int)(-2.3 * angle);
              placeball(15, ball[15].pos_x, ball[15].pos_y, 0, 0, &ball[15].bias_x,
&ball[15].bias_y);
              if(strength != buff)
               {
                      f = 1;
                      for(i = 0; i < 15; i++)
                      {
                              if(ball[i].pos_x >= 158 && ball[i].pos_x <= 186) // if the cue ball
you want to place overlap with other balls, then placement is forbidden
                              {
```

```
if(ball[i].pos_y >= (ball[15].pos_y - 14) && ball[i].pos_y
<= (ball[15].pos_y + 14))
                                        {
                                                f = 0;
                                                buff = strength;
                                        }
                                }
                        }
                        if(f)
                        {
                                cue_ready =1;
                                begin_flag = 0;
                                ball[15].flag = 1;
                                SERVELINE_EN(0);
                                print_poolcue(ball[15].pos_x, ball[15].pos_y, 60);
                        }
                }
        }
        angle = 60;
}
void ball_initial() // initialize all the balls on the table.
{
        int i;
       int ballxy_triangle[15][2]={\{3,4\},\{1,-3\},\{-1,2\},\{-3,-1\},
                                                                 \{3,-4\},\{3,-2\},\{1,-1\},\{-1,0\},\
                                                                 \{-5,0\},\{1,1\},\{3,0\},\{-3,1\},
                                                                 \{-1,-2\},\{1,3\},\{3,2\},\};
       // initialize the position of the balls
        for(i = 0; i < 15; i++)
                                                // initialize the position of the 15 balls
        {
                ball[i].pos_x = 500 + ballxy_triangle[i][0]*8;
                ball[i].pos_y = 310 + ballxy_triangle[i][1]*8;
                placeball(i, ball[i].pos_x, ball[i].pos_y, 0, 0, &ball[i].bias_x, &ball[i].bias_y);
                ball[i].flag = 1;
```

```
ball[i].force_move = 0;
       }
       ball[15].pos_x = 172;
       ball[15].pos_y = 310;
       placeball(15, ball[15].pos_x, ball[15].pos_y, 0, 0, &ball[15].bias_x, &ball[15].bias_y);
       ball[15].flag = 1;
       // initialize the speed and direction of the balls
       for(i = 0; i < 16; i + +)
       {
               ball[i].vc_x = VC_MAX + 1;
               ball[i].vc_y = VC_MAX + 1;
               ball[i].count_x = 0;
               ball[i].count_y = 0;
               ball[i].dir_x = 1;
               ball[i].dir_y = 1;
               ball[i].dx = 0;
               ball[i].dy = 0;
       }
       // initialize the strength bar
       strength = 16;
       IOWR_VGA_STRENGTHBAR(16);
       //initialize pool cue
       print_poolcue(ball[15].pos_x, ball[15].pos_y, 60);
int main()
       printf("Hello from Nios II!\n");
       int i;
       int j;
       int ff;
       float temp_angle;
       int acc_count = 0;
       short int move_flag;
       short int bias_x;
       short int bias_y;
       int dis_x;
```

```
int dis_y;
int hole_dis_x;
int hole_dis_y;
```

```
while(1)
```

```
{
```

```
//start:
```

```
angle = 60;
strength = 0;
release = 0;
cue_ready = 0;
i_0 = 0;
i 1 = 0;
begin_flag = 0;
oops = 0;
//display "NEW GAME"
IOWR_VGA_WORD_EN(48);
IOWR_VGA_WORD_HL_EN(48);
IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(4, 280);
IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(4, 60);
IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(5, 320);
IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(5, 60);
```

ball_initial();

```
//start2:
                wait for the user to press the enter to confirm game start.
        while(release == 0)
```

```
{
```

}

```
get_key(&strength, &dir_strength, &angle, &release);
       //if(release == 0) //wait for player to press "return"
       //{
       //goto start2;
       //}
release = 0;
```

//display main screen printouts IOWR_VGA_WORD_EN(3);

```
IOWR_VGA_WORD_HL_EN(1);
             IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(0, 52);
             IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(0, 60);
             IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(1, 52);
             IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(1, 90);
             //IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(2, 550);
             //IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(2, 40);
             //IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_X(3, 550);
             //IOWR_VGA_WORD_POS_Y(3, 60);
             // wait for the user to place the cue ball, press space to confirm.
             place_cue_ball();
             while(cue_ready)
             {
                    while(ex) // if the game doesn't meet termination condition.
                    {
                           while(begin_flag == 0) // wait for user to adjust the cue ball
direction and strength.press enter to confirm
                           {
                                 cx = ball[15].pos_x;
                                 cy = ball[15].pos_y;
                                 release = 0;
                                 get_key(&strength, &dir_strength, &angle, &release);
                                 print_poolcue(cx, cy, angle);
                                 IOWR_VGA_STRENGTHBAR(strength);
                                 if (release == 1)
                                  {
                                        begin_flag = 1;
                                        temp_angle = angle_trans * angle;
                                        ball[15].dx = - (strength + 1) * sq_zero *
cos(temp_angle);
                                        ball[15].dy = - (strength + 1) * sq_zero *
sin(temp_angle);
                                        decide_movement (15);
                                        ball[15].count_x = ball[15].vc_x;
                                        ball[15].count_y = ball[15].vc_y;
                                  }
                           }
```

// cue ball release, game enter the physical collision and movement

phase.

```
while(begin_flag == 1)
                               {
                                       release = 0;
                                       for(i = 15; i \ge 0; i - -)
                                       {
                                              if(ball[i].flag != 0)
                                               {
                                                      move_flag = 0;
                                                      //Update (Position update) counter. the
larger the count number, the slower the ball moves.
                                                                      if(ball[i].count_x > 0)
                                                                      {
                                                                              ball[i].count_x --;
                                                                              bias_x = 0;
                                                                      }
                                                                      else if(ball[i].vc_x <=
```

{

}

{

VC_MAX)

ball[i].vc_x;

-1)

```
ball[i].count_x =
       move_flag = 1;
       if(ball[i].dir_x == 1)
        {
               bias_x = 1;
        }
       else if(ball[i].dir_x ==
        {
               bias_x = -1;
        }
       else
        {
               bias_x = 0;
        }
else
```

bias_x = 0;} if(ball[i].count_y > 0) { ball[i].count_y --; bias_y = 0; } else if(ball[i].vc_y <= VC_MAX) { ball[i].count_y = ball[i].vc_y; move_flag = 1; $if(ball[i].dir_y == 1)$ { bias_y = 1; } else if(ball[i].dir_y == { bias_y = -1; } else { bias_y = 0;} } else { bias_y = 0;} //Update positions if(move_flag || ball[i].force_move) { if(move_flag)

-1)

{ moveball(i, &ball[i].pos_x, &ball[i].pos_y, bias_x, bias_y, &ball[i].bias_x, &ball[i].bias_y); } ball[i].force_move = 0; //detect and handle the situation when a ball hits edge detect_bound_edge(i); //detect and handle the situation when a ball hits other balls for($j = 15; j \ge 0; j \ge 0$ { if(j != i){ $dis_x =$ abs(ball[i].pos_x - ball[j].pos_x); $dis_y =$ abs(ball[i].pos_y - ball[j].pos_y); $if(dis_x < 14 || dis_y < 14)$ { $if(dis_x * dis_x + dis_y * dis_y \le 196)$ { bound_balls(i, j); } } } } //detect and handle the situation when a ball pockets for(j = 0; j < 6; j++) {

hole_dis_x = ball[i].pos_x - hole[j][0]; hole_dis_y = ball[i].pos_y - hole[j][1]; * hole_dis_x + hole_dis_y * hole_dis_y <= 144) { //printf("pocketed!\n");

```
ball[i].flag = 0;
```

if (plball[player]!=0 && oops == 0) // if player pocket before and it 's not the cue ball pocketed

if (i >= (plball[player]-1) && i <= plball[player]+5) // if player is pocketing his balls, then no need to switch turn

```
{
    change=0;
    if(player == 0)
    {
        ball[i].pos_x = 100 + 17 * i_0;
        ball[i].pos_y = 68;
        placeball(i, ball[i].pos_x, ball[i].pos_y, 0, 0, &ball[i].bias_x, &ball[i].bias_y);
        i_0 ++;
    }
    else
```

```
{
```

```
ball[i].pos_x = 100 + 17 * i_1;
               ball[i].pos_y = 98;
               placeball(i, ball[i].pos_x, ball[i].pos_y, 0, 0, &ball[i].bias_x, &ball[i].bias_y);
               i_1 ++;
       }
                                                                                                    }
       else if (i >= (plball[!player]-1) && i <= plball[!player]+5)
                                                                             // if player is
pocketing other's balls, then need to switch turn
       {
       change=1;
       if(player == 0)
       {
               ball[i].pos_x = 100 + 17 * i_1;
               ball[i].pos_y = 98;
               placeball(i, ball[i].pos_x, ball[i].pos_y, 0, 0, &ball[i].bias_x, &ball[i].bias_y);
               i_1 ++;
       }
```

else

```
ball[i].pos_x = 100 + 17 * i_0;
              ball[i].pos_y = 68;
              placeball(i, ball[i].pos_x, ball[i].pos_y, 0, 0, &ball[i].bias_x, &ball[i].bias_y);
              i_0 ++;
       }
                                                                                               }
                                                                                         }
                                                                                         win(i);
                                                                                 }
                                                                          }
                                                                   }
                                            }
                                            //this function is used to regulate the overall loop
time to be a fixed value.
                                            while(IORD_16DIRECT(IRTIMER_0_BASE,
0) != 0)
                                            {
                                            }
                                            IOWR_16DIRECT(IRTIMER_0_BASE, 0, 3000);
                                     } //16 ball
                                     //Update Speed (dx,dy)
                                     if(acc_count >= ACC)
                                     {
                                            acc_count = 0;
                                            for(i = 16; i >= 0; i--)
                                            {
                                                   ball[i].dx = ball[i].dx * 0.95;
                                                   ball[i].dy = ball[i].dy * 0.95;
```

```
decide_movement(i);
                                            }
                                     }
                                     else
                                     {
                                            acc_count ++;
                                     }
                                     ff=1;
                                     for(j = 15; j >= 0; j--)
                                     {
                                            if(!(ball[j].dx == 0 && ball[j].dy ==0) &&
                     //if there're still balls moving
ball[j].flag == 1)
                                            {
                                                    ff=0;
                                                    break;
                                            }
                                     }
                                     if(ff)
                                                   //if all the balls have stopped
                                     {
                                            begin_flag = 0;
                                            release = 0;
                                            if(ex == 1)
                                            {
                                                    if(change == 1)
                                                    {
                                                           player=!player;
                                                           strength = 16;
                                                           dir_strength = 1;
                                                           if(player == 0)
                                                           {
       IOWR_VGA_WORD_HL_EN(5);
                                                           }
                                                           else
                                                           {
```

```
IOWR_VGA_WORD_HL_EN(6);
                                                          }
                                                   }
                                           }
                                           change=1;
                                           if(oops == 1)
                                                                 //see if the cue ball is
pocketed.
                                           {
                                                  cue_ready = 0;
                                                  place_cue_ball();
                                                  change=1;
                                                   oops = 0;
                                           }
                                    }
                             }
                      } //End: while(ex)
                     get_key(&strength, &dir_strength, &angle, &release);
                     if(release == 1)
                      {
                             release = 0;
                             ex = 1;
                             break;
                             //goto start;
                      }
                     //}
              } //End: while(cue_ready)
  }
       return 0;
}
-- Keyboard.h
/*
* keyboard.h
*
* Created on: Apr 21, 2013
```

```
*
     Author: Zeshi Wang
*/
#ifndef KEYBOARD_H_
#define KEYBOARD_H_
#include <io.h>
#include <system.h>
#include <stdio.h>
unsigned char code;
int cx,cy;
int strength_increase = 1;
void get_key(int *strength, int *dir_strength, int *angle, int *release)
{
       int temp_strength = 0;
       int temp_angle = 0;
       int temp_release = 0;
       strength_increase = *dir_strength;
        temp_strength = *strength;
       temp_angle = *angle;
       temp_release = *release;
       while(IORD_8DIRECT(DE2_PS2_0_BASE,1) != 0x5a)
        {
                     while(!IORD_8DIRECT(DE2_PS2_0_BASE, 0));
                     code = IORD_8DIRECT(DE2_PS2_0_BASE,1);
                     //printf("polled status is %x \n", IORD_8DIRECT(DE2_PS2_0_BASE,
1));
                     //printf("code is %x \n", code);
              switch(code)
```

```
case 0x29: // Space
if(temp\_strength == 31)
{
       strength_increase = -1;
}
else if(temp_strength == 0)
{
  strength_increase = 1;
}
temp_strength = temp_strength + strength_increase;
 break;
case 0x6B: // LEFT Key
  temp_angle = temp_angle - 1;
              if(temp_angle < 0)
                            temp_angle = 119;
              if(temp_angle > 119)
                            temp_angle = 0;
 break;
case 0x75: // UP Key
       temp_angle = temp_angle + 10;
              if(temp_angle < 0)
                   temp_angle = 119;
              if(temp_angle > 119)
                  temp_angle = 0;
              break;
case 0x72: // DOWN Key
       temp_angle = temp_angle - 10;
              if(temp_angle < 0)
                  temp_angle = 119;
              if(temp_angle > 119)
                   temp_angle = 0;
              break;
case 0x74: // RIGHT Key
  temp_angle = temp_angle + 1;
  if(temp_angle < 0)
              temp_angle = 119;
```

```
if(temp_angle > 119)
    temp_angle = 0;
    break;
    case 0x5a: //enter
        temp_release = 1;
        break;
        case 0x76: //escape
        break;
        default:
            break;
        }
        break;
    }
}
```

```
*strength = temp_strength;
*angle = temp_angle;
*release = temp_release;
*dir_strength = strength_increase;
```

```
#endif /* KEYBOARD_H_ */
-- poolcue.h
```

```
/*
```

```
* poolcue.h
```

```
* Created on: Apr 3, 2013
```

```
* Author: Jiawan Zhang
```

```
*/
```

#ifndef POOLCUE_H_
#define POOLCUE_H_

//-----

#include <io.h>
#include <system.h>
#include <stdio.h>

#define IOWR_CUERAM(line,data)\ IOWR_32DIRECT(POOLCUE_RAM_CONTROLLER_0_BASE, line*4, data)

alt_u16 CueBegin[31][355] = {

{0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,14,13,13,14,16,17,19,21,23,24,26,28,30,31,33,33,35,36,38,40,41,43,45, 47,48,50,52,54,55,57,59,60,62,64,66,65,67,69,71,72,74,76,78,79,81,83,84,86,88,90,91,93,95,97, 98,100,102,104,105,107,109,110,112,114,116,117,119,121,123,124,126,128,130,131,133,135,13 $\{0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,13,12,11,11,12,13,14,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,23,24,25,26,26,27,28,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,37,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,46,47,48,49,50,51,50,51,52,53,54,55,56,57,58,59,59,60,61,62,63,64,65,66,67,68,68,69,70,71,72,73,74,75,76,77,78,78,79,80,81,82,83,84,85,86,87,87,88,89,90,91,92,93,94,95,96,96,97,98,99,100,101,102,103,104,105,105,106,107,108,109,110,111,112,113,114,114,115,116,117,118,119,120,121,122,123,123,124,125,123,124,125,123,124,125,123,124,125,12,123,124,125,123,123,124,125,123,123,124,125,123,123,123,124,125,123,123,125,123,125,123,125,123,125,123,123,125,123,1$

 $\{0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,8,6,7,7,7,8,8,8,9,9,9,10,10,10,11,11,11,12,12,12,12,13,13,13,13,13,13,13,14,14,14,15,15,15,16,16,16,17,17,17,18,18,18,19,19,19,20,20,20,21,21,21,22,22,22,22,23,23,23,24,24,24,24,24,24,25,25,25,26,26,26,27,27,27,28,28,28,29,29,29,30,30,30,31,31,31,31,31,32,32,32,32,33,33,34,34,34,35,35,35,36,36,36,37,37,37,38,38,38,39,39,39,40,40,40,41,41,41,42,42,42,43,43,43,44,44,44,45,45,45,45,46,46,46,47,47,47,48,48,48,49,49,49,50,50,50,51,51,51,52,52,53,53,53,54,54,54,55,55,56,56,56,57,57,57,57,58,58,58,59,59,59,60,60,60,61,61,61,62,62,63,63,62,63,63,63,64,64,64,65,65,65,66,66,66,67,67,67,67,68,68,68,69,69,69,70,70,70,71,71,72,72,72,73,73,73,74,74,74,75,75,75,76,76,76,77,77,77,78,78,78,79,79,79,80,80,80,80,81,81,82,82,82,83,83,84,84,84,85,85,85,86,86,87,87,87,88,88,88,89,89,89,90,90,90,90,91,91,91,92,92,92,92,93,93,93,94,94,94,95,95,95,96,96,96,97,97,97,98,98,98,99,99,99,100,100,100,101,$

};

alt_u16 CueEnd[31][355] = {

 $\{0,0,0,0,0,0,0,16,18,20,22,25,27,29,31,34,37,40,43,45,47,49,52,54,56,58,61,63,65,67,70,$

 $\{0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,15,16,17,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,29,30,31,33,34,36,37,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,46,47,48,49,50,51,52,53,54,56,57,58,59,61,63,64,65,66,67,68,69,70,72,73,74,75,76,77,78,79,80,82,83,84,85,86,87,88,89,90,91,93,94,95,96,97,98,99,100,101,103,104,105,106,107,108,109,110,111,113,114,115,116,117,118,119,120,121,123,124,125,126,127,128,129,130,131,13$

 $\{0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,14,14,15,16,17,18,19,19,20,21,22,23,23,24,25,26,27,27,30,30,31,32,33,34,34,35,36,37,38,38,39,40,41,42,42,43,44,45,46,47,47,48,49,50,51,51,52,54,55,56,57,58,32,34,34,35,36,37,38,38,39,40,41,42,42,43,44,45,46,47,47,48,49,50,51,51,52,54,55,56,57,58,32,34,34,35,36,37,38,38,39,40,41,42,42,43,44,45,46,47,47,48,49,50,51,51,52,54,55,56,57,58,36,37,38,38,39,40,41,42,42,43,44,45,46,47,47,48,49,50,51,51,52,54,55,56,57,58,36,37,38,38,39,40,41,42,42,43,44,45,46,47,47,48,49,50,51,51,52,54,55,56,57,58,36,37,38,38,39,40,41,42,42,43,44,45,46,47,47,48,49,50,51,51,52,54,55,56,57,58,56,57,58,56,57,58,56,57,58,$

 $76,76,77,77,77,78,78,78,78,78,79,79,79,79,80,80,80,81,81,81,81,82,82,82,82,83,83,83,83,83,84,84,84,\\85,85,85,85,86,86,86,86,86,87,87,87,87,88,88,88,89,89,89,89,90,90,90,90,91,91,91,91,92,92,92,93,\\93,93,93,94,94,94,94,95,95,95,96,96,96,96,97,97,97,97,98,98,98,98,99,99,99,100,99,99,98,98,94,\\0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\},$

};

//angle >=120 : clean pool cue
void print_poolcue(int x, int y, int angle)

{

//(x, y) position of the top of the cue; angle 0-119, clockwise
int line;
int line_addr;
int datain;
int new_angle;

```
if (angle >= 0 \&\& angle < 30)
       {
               line_addr = 0;
               for(line = y - 5; line < 0; line++)
                      line_addr++;
               }
               for(line = 0; line < y - 5; line++)
               ł
                      IOWR_CUERAM(line, 0);
                      //printf("Write %d to %d\n", datain, line);
               }
               while((line < y + 350) & (line < 480))
               {
                      if(CueEnd[angle][line_addr] != 0)
                      {
                              if (CueBegin[angle][line_addr] + x < 5)
                              {
                                     datain = 0;
                                     if (CueEnd[angle][line_addr] + x \ge 5)
                                      ł
                                             datain = (datain << 16) + CueEnd[angle][line_addr]
+ x - 5;
                                      }
                              }
                              else if (CueEnd[angle][line_addr] + x > 645)
                              {
                                     if (CueBegin[angle][line_addr] + x > 645)
                                      {
                                             datain = 640;
                                      }
                                     else
                                      {
                                             datain = CueBegin[angle][line_addr] + x - 5;
```

```
}
                              datain = (datain << 16) + 640;
                      }
                      else
                      {
                              datain = CueBegin[angle][line_addr] + x - 5;
                              datain = (datain << 16) + CueEnd[angle][line_addr] + x - 5;</pre>
                      }
               }
               else
               {
                      datain = 0;
               }
               IOWR_CUERAM(line, datain);
               line ++;
               line_addr++;
               //printf("Write %d to %d\n", datain, line);
       }
       while(line < 480)
       {
               IOWR_CUERAM(line, 0);
               //printf("Write %d to %d\n", datain, line);
               line ++;
       }
else if(angle >= 30 && angle < 60)
       new_angle = 60 - angle;
       line_addr = 0;
       for(line = y - 5; line < 0; line++)
       {
               line_addr++;
       }
```

{

```
for(line = 0; line < y - 5; line++)
               {
                      IOWR_CUERAM(line, 0);
                      //printf("Write %d to %d\n", datain, line);
               }
              while((line < y + 350) & (line < 480))
               {
                      if(CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] != 0)
                      {
                             if (CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] - x > 6)
                             {
                                    datain = 0;
                                    if (CueBegin[new_angle][line_addr] - x \le 6)
                                     {
                                            datain = (datain \ll 16) + x -
CueBegin[new_angle][line_addr] + 6;
                                     }
                             }
                             else if (x - CueBegin[new_angle][line_addr] > 635)
                             {
                                    if (x - CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] > 635)
                                     {
                                            datain = 640;
                                     }
                                    else
                                     {
                                            datain = x - CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] + 6;
                                     }
                                    datain = (datain << 16) + 640;
                             }
                             else
                             {
                                    datain = x - CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] + 6;
                                    datain = (datain \ll 16) + x -
CueBegin[new_angle][line_addr] + 6;
```

```
}
               }
               else
               {
                      datain = 0;
               }
               IOWR_CUERAM(line, datain);
               line ++;
               line_addr++;
              //printf("Write %d to %d\n", datain, line);
       }
       while(line < 480)
       {
               IOWR_CUERAM(line, 0);
              //printf("Write %d to %d\n", datain, line);
               line ++;
       }
else if(angle \geq 60 && angle < 90)
       new_angle = angle - 60;
       line_addr = 0;
       for(line = y + 5; line >= 480; line--)
       {
               line_addr++;
       }
       for(line = 479; line > y + 5; line--)
       {
               IOWR_CUERAM(line, 0);
               //printf("Write %d to %d\n", datain, line);
       }
```

{

```
while((line > y - 350) & (line > -1))
               {
                      if(CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] != 0)
                      {
                             if (CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] - x > 6)
                             {
                                     datain = 0;
                                     if (CueBegin[new_angle][line_addr] - x <= 6)
                                     {
                                            datain = (datain \ll 16) + x -
CueBegin[new_angle][line_addr] + 6;
                                     }
                             }
                             else if (x - CueBegin[new_angle][line_addr] > 635)
                             {
                                     if (x - CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] > 635)
                                     {
                                            datain = 640;
                                     }
                                     else
                                     {
                                            datain = x - CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] + 6;
                                     }
                                     datain = (datain << 16) + 640;
                             }
                             else
                             {
                                     datain = x - CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] + 6;
                                     datain = (datain \ll 16) + x -
CueBegin[new_angle][line_addr] + 6;
                             }
                      }
                      else
                      {
                             datain = 0;
                      }
```

```
IOWR_CUERAM(line, datain);
               line --;
              line_addr++;
              //printf("Write %d to %d\n", datain, line);
       }
       while(line \geq 0)
       {
               IOWR_CUERAM(line, 0);
              //printf("Write %d to %d\n", datain, line);
               line --;
       }
else if(angle \geq 90 && angle < 120)
       line_addr = 0;
       new_angle = 120 - angle;
       for(line = y + 5; line >= 480; line--)
       {
               line_addr++;
       }
       for(line = 479; line > y + 5; line--)
       {
              IOWR_CUERAM(line, 0);
              //printf("Write %d to %d\n", datain, line);
       }
       while((line > y - 350) & (line > -1))
       {
              if(CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] != 0)
               {
                      if (CueBegin[new_angle][line_addr] + x < 5)
                      {
                             datain = 0;
```

{

```
if (CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] + x \ge 5)
                                     ł
                                            datain = (datain \ll 16) +
CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] + x - 5;
                                     }
                             }
                             else if (CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] + x > 645)
                             {
                                    if (CueBegin[new_angle][line_addr] + x > 645)
                                     {
                                            datain = 640;
                                     }
                                    else
                                     {
                                            datain = CueBegin[new_angle][line_addr] + x - 5;
                                     }
                                    datain = (datain << 16) + 640;
                             }
                             else
                             {
                                    datain = CueBegin[new_angle][line_addr] + x - 5;
                                    datain = (datain << 16) + CueEnd[new_angle][line_addr] +
x - 5;
                             }
                      }
                      else
                      {
                             datain = 0;
                      }
                      IOWR_CUERAM(line, datain);
                      line --;
                      line_addr++;
                      //printf("Write %d to %d\n", datain, line);
```

```
while(line >= 0)
             {
                   IOWR_CUERAM(line, 0);
                   //printf("Write %d to %d\n", datain, line);
                   line --;
             }
      }
      else
      {
            for(line = 0; line < 480; line ++)
             {
                   IOWR_CUERAM(line, 0);
             }
      }
}
//-----
#endif /* POOLCUE_H_ */
-- poolball.h
/*
* poolball.h
*
* Created on: Apr 9, 2013
    Author: Jiawan Zhang
*
*/
```

#ifndef POOLBALL_H_
#define POOLBALL_H_

#include <io.h>
#include <system.h>
#include <stdio.h>

```
#define IOWR_VGA_BALL_POSITION_X(ballnum, data) \
IOWR_16DIRECT(DE2_VGA_RASTER_0_BASE, ((ballnum)*4 + 0)*2, data)
#define IOWR_VGA_BALL_POSITION_Y(ballnum, data) \
IOWR_16DIRECT(DE2_VGA_RASTER_0_BASE, ((ballnum)*4 + 1)*2, data)
#define IOWR_VGA_BALL_BIAS_X(ballnum, bias_x) \
IOWR_16DIRECT(DE2_VGA_RASTER_0_BASE, ((ballnum)*4 + 2)*2, bias_x)
#define IOWR_VGA_BALL_BIAS_Y(ballnum, bias_y) \
IOWR_16DIRECT(DE2_VGA_RASTER_0_BASE, ((ballnum)*4 + 3)*2, bias_y)
```

//int BALL_BIAS_X[16];
//int BALL_BIAS_Y[16];

```
void placeball(int ballnum, int pos_x, int pos_y, int bias_x, int bias_y, int* BiasX, int* BiasY)
{
```

//BALL_BIAS_X[ballnum] = bias_x; //BALL_BIAS_Y[ballnum] = bias_y;

IOWR_VGA_BALL_POSITION_X(ballnum, pos_x); IOWR_VGA_BALL_POSITION_Y(ballnum, pos_y); IOWR_VGA_BALL_BIAS_X(ballnum, bias_x); IOWR_VGA_BALL_BIAS_Y(ballnum, bias_y);

```
*BiasX = bias_x;
*BiasY = bias_y;
```

}

void moveball(int ballnum, int *pos_x, int *pos_y, int flag_x, int flag_y, int* BiasX, int* BiasY)
{

 $//flag_x = 0$, no moving in x direction; = 1 move right 1 pixel in x direction; = -1 move left 1 pixel in x direction

//flag_y = 0, no moving in y direction; = 1 move down 1 pixel in y direction; = -1 move up 1
pixel in y direction

```
//ori_x, x position before moving; ori_y, y position before moving;
       int bias_x;
       int bias_y;
       int new_pos_x;
       int new_pos_y;
       bias_x = *BiasX;
       bias_y = *BiasY;
       new_pos_x = *pos_x + flag_x;
       new_pos_y = *pos_y + flag_y;
       bias_x = bias_x - flag_x;
       bias_y = bias_y - flag_y;
       if(bias_x < 0)
       {
              bias_x = 13;
       }
       else if(bias_x > 13)
       {
              bias_x = 0;
       }
       if(bias_y < 0)
       {
              bias_y = 13;
       }
       else if(bias_y > 13)
       {
              bias_y = 0;
       }
```

```
IOWR_VGA_BALL_POSITION_X(ballnum, new_pos_x);
IOWR_VGA_BALL_POSITION_Y(ballnum, new_pos_y);
IOWR_VGA_BALL_BIAS_X(ballnum, bias_x);
IOWR_VGA_BALL_BIAS_Y(ballnum, bias_y);
```

*BiasX = bias_x; *BiasY = bias_y; *pos_x = new_pos_x; *pos_y = new_pos_y;

}

#endif /* POOLBALL_H_ */