Question 1

$$f_1(y_{-1}, x_1 \dots x_N, j, y) = 1 \text{ if } j = 1 \text{ and } y \in \{A, B\}$$
$$= 0 \text{ otherwise}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} f_2(y_{-1}, x_1 \dots x_N, j, y) &=& 1 \text{ if } j \geq 2 \text{ and} \\ & \mathsf{NOT}(y_{-1}, y \in \{A, B\} \text{ or } y_{-1}, y \in \{C, D\}) \\ &=& 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{array}$$

$$f_3(y_{-1}, x_1 \dots x_N, j, y) = 1 \text{ if } \operatorname{odd}(x_j) \text{ and } y \in \{A, C\}$$
$$= 0 \text{ otherwise}$$

$$f_4(y_{-1}, x_1 \dots x_N, j, y) = 1 \text{ if } even(x_j) \text{ and } y \in \{B, D\}$$
$$= 0 \text{ otherwise}$$

Here odd(x) returns true if x has an odd number of letters. even(x) returns true if x has an even number of letters. NOT(TRUE) = FALSE and NOT(FALSE) = TRUE. Define a feature-vector representation

 $f(t_1\ldots t_m, j, y)$

where:

- ▶ y is the label (STARTS(S), START(VP), START(NP), etc.)
- $t_1 \dots t_m$ are the sequence of subtrees in the current parser state
- j is the index of the left-most subtree that does not have START(...) or JOIN(...) as its root

Question 2 Continued

We can then define the following feature:

 $f(t_1\ldots t_m, j, y) = 1$

if and only if:

- ▶ y = JOIN(VP)
- ▶ root label of $t_{j-1} = \text{START}(\text{VP})$, and head-word of t_{j-1} is *questioned*
- ▶ root label of $t_j = NP$, and head-word of t_j is witness
- ▶ root label of $t_{j+1} = IN$, and head-word of t_{j+1} is about

▶ root label of $t_{j+2} = NP$, and head-word of t_{j+2} is revolver

Note: the feature is 0 if the above conditions are not met. We can introduce a similar feature for each possible value of the label y (e.g., START(NP) etc.)

