Complete the following problems. Be sure to show your work for partial credit.

- 1. Determine the base of the numbers in each equation for the following operations to be correct:
 - (a) 14 / 2 = 5
 - (b) 54 / 4 = 13
 - (c) 24 + 17 = 40
- 2. Demonstrate by means of truth tables the validity of the following identities:
 - (a) DeMorgan's theorem for three variables:
 - $\overline{x+y+z} = \overline{x} \cdot \overline{y} \cdot \overline{z}$; and
 - $\overline{x \cdot y \cdot z} = \overline{x} + \overline{y} + \overline{z}$
 - (b) The distributive law: $x + y \cdot z = (x + y) \cdot (x + z)$
- 3. Given the Boolean functions F_1 and F_2 .
 - (a) Show that the Boolean function $E = F_1 + F_2$ contains the sum of the minterms of F_1 and F_2 .
 - (b) Show that the Boolean function $G = F_1F_2$ contains only the minterms that are common to F_1 and F_2 .

Hint: start by identifying a general expression for minterm i (mi) of F1, F2, E, and G.

- 4. Given the Boolean function: $F = x \cdot y + \overline{x} \cdot \overline{y} + \overline{y} \cdot z$
 - (a) implement it with OR and inverter gates.
 - (b) implement it with AND and inverter gates.
- 5. Show that the dual of the XOR is equal to its complement.
- 6. Give an example of a truth table requiring between 3 billion and 5 billion rows that can be constructed using fewer than 40 (but at least 1) two-input gates.
- 7. Convert the following expressions into sum of products and product of sums, and simplify as much as possible:
 - (a) $(AB+C)(B+\overline{C}D)$
 - (b) $\overline{x} + x(x + \overline{y})(y + \overline{z})$
- 8. Simplify the following Boolean equations using Boolean theorems. Check for correctness using a K-map.
 - (a) $Y = A \cdot C + \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} \cdot C$
 - (b) $Y = \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} + \overline{A} \cdot B \cdot \overline{C} + \overline{(A + \overline{C})}$
 - (c) $Y = \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} \cdot \overline{D} + A \cdot \overline{B} \cdot \overline{C} + A \cdot \overline{B} \cdot C \cdot \overline{D} + A \cdot B \cdot D + \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B} \cdot C \cdot \overline{D} + B \cdot \overline{C} \cdot D + \overline{A}$
- 9. Simplify the following functions using K-maps, and implement them with two-level NOR gate circuits:
 - (a) $F = w \cdot \overline{x} + \overline{y} \cdot \overline{z} + \overline{w} \cdot y \cdot \overline{z}$
 - (b) $F(w, x, y, z) = \Sigma(5, 6, 9, 10)$