

Generating Fast Sequential Code from Concurrent Programs

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Motivation

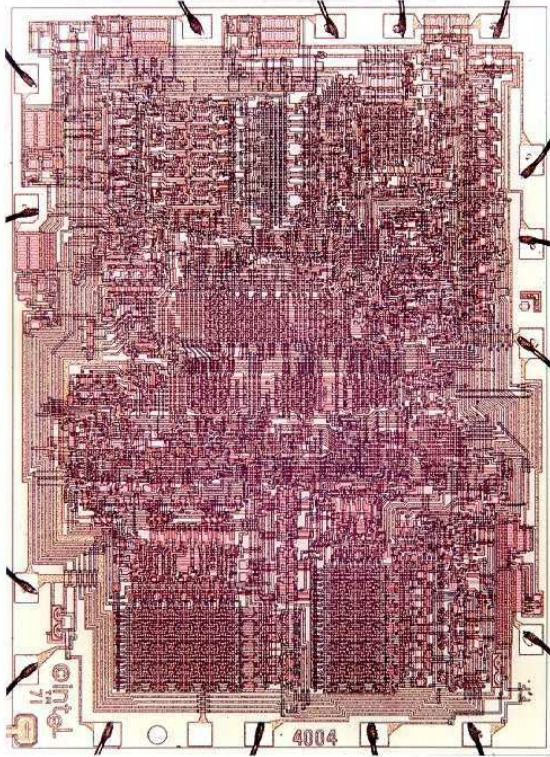
- Dynamic vs. Static Scheduling

	Dynamic	Static
Flexibility	high	low
Overhead	run time	compile time
Behavior	unpredictable	predictable

- Embedded system requirement:
low run-time cost, quick response, predictable
⇒ **Static scheduling**

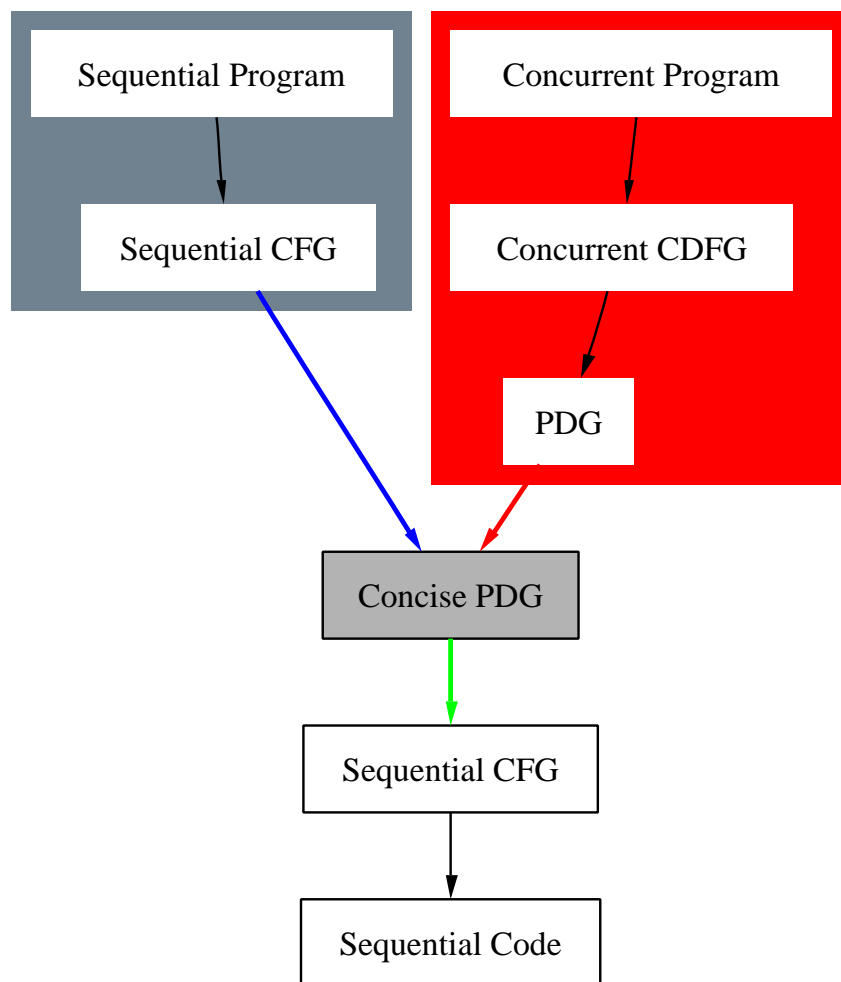
Motivation Cont.

- Hardware Implementation and Simulation



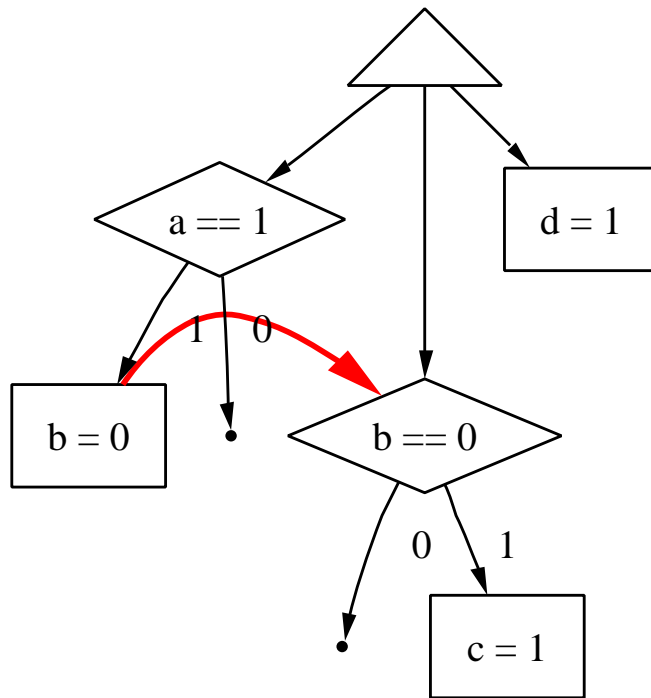
⇒ Simulation is required;
Speed is never fast enough

Overview








- Ferrante, Mace & Simons, 1984: Using PDG
- Cytron et al., 1991: Generating PDG
- Simons & Ferrante, 1993: External Edge
- Our approach: Natural Concurrent Programs

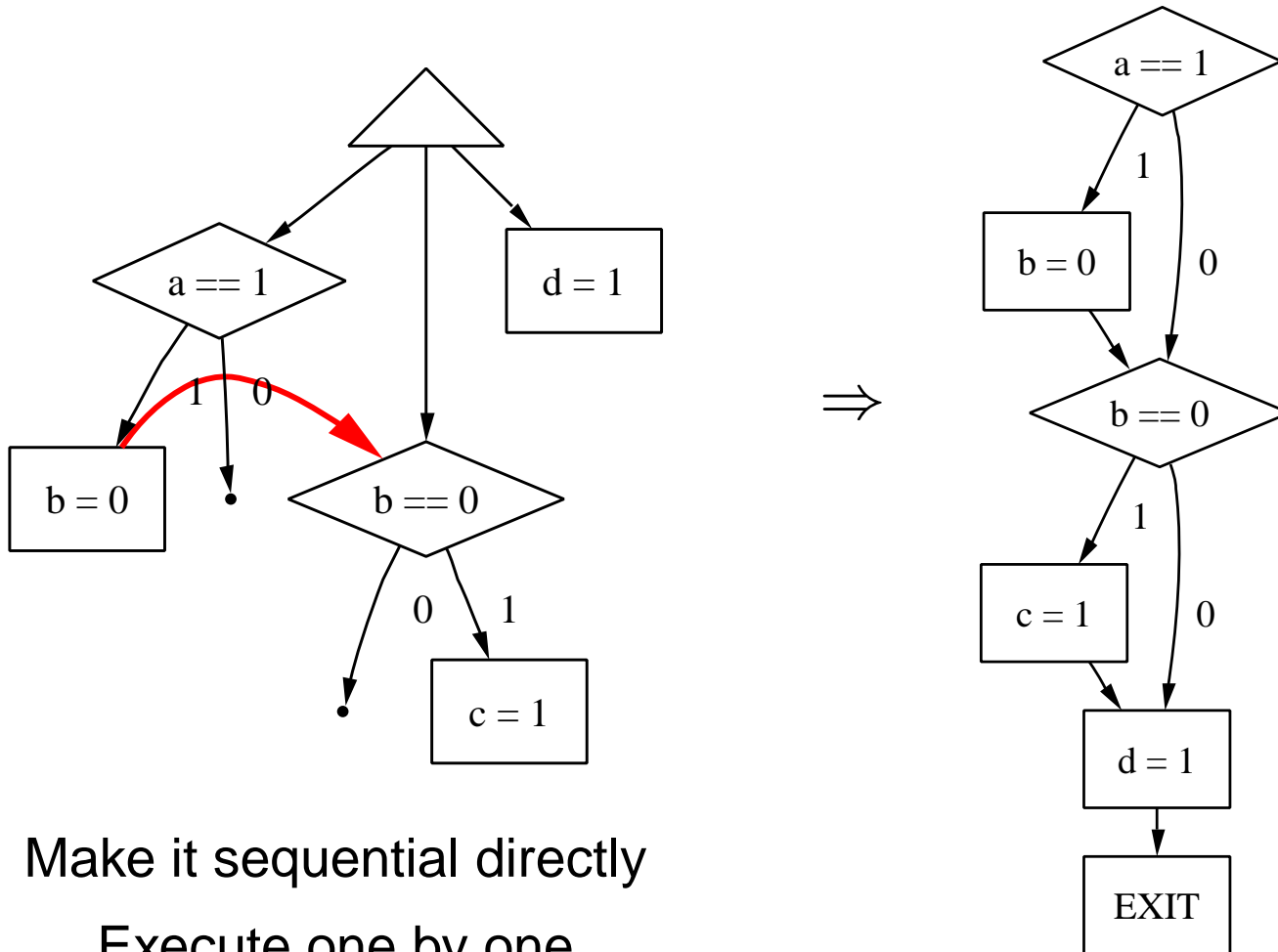
PDG - Program Dependence Graph



```
if (a == 1)
    b = 0;
d = 1;
if (b == 0)
    c = 1;
```

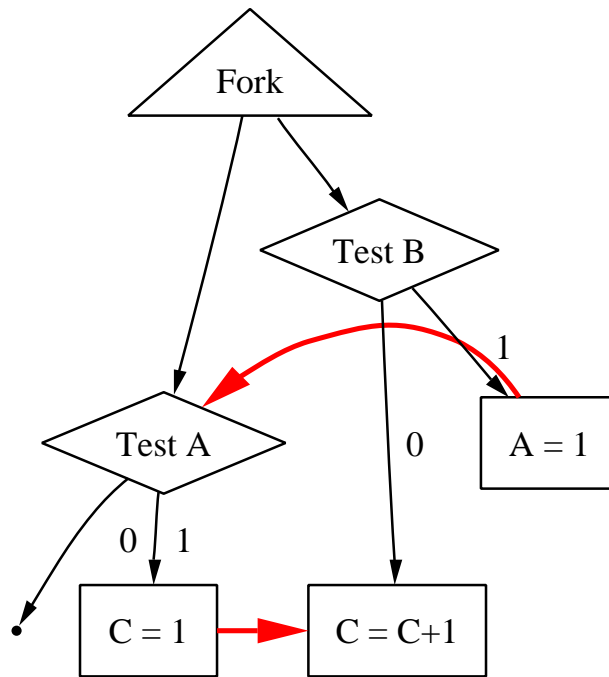
-  - fork (region)
-  - predicate
-  - statement
-  - control arc
-  - data arc
(partial order)

From PDG to SCFG: Trivial?



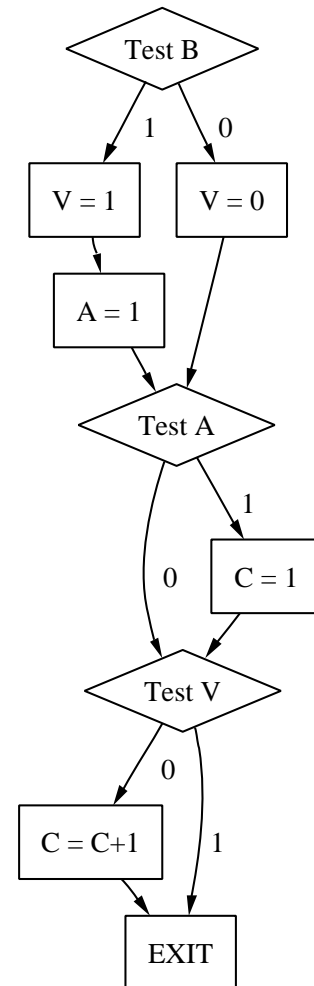
Make it sequential directly
Execute one by one

From PDG to SCFG: Non-trivial

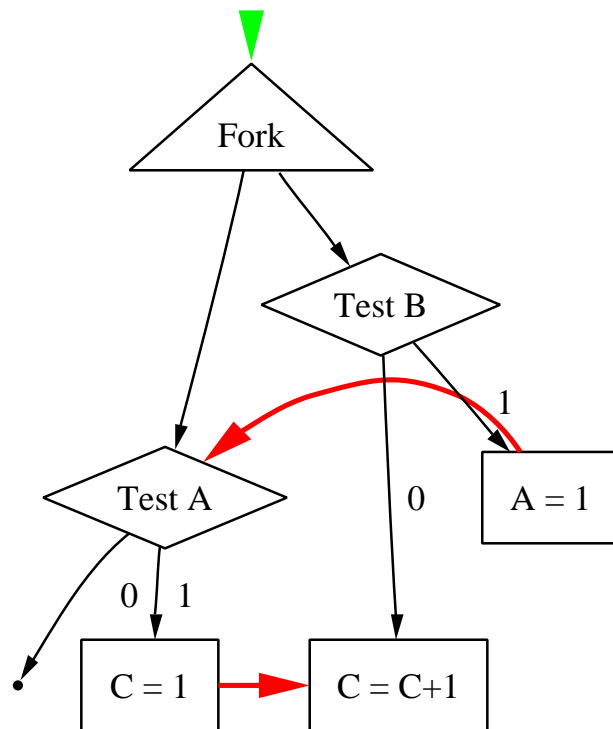


No way to be sequential unless
to add guard variable or copy

⇒

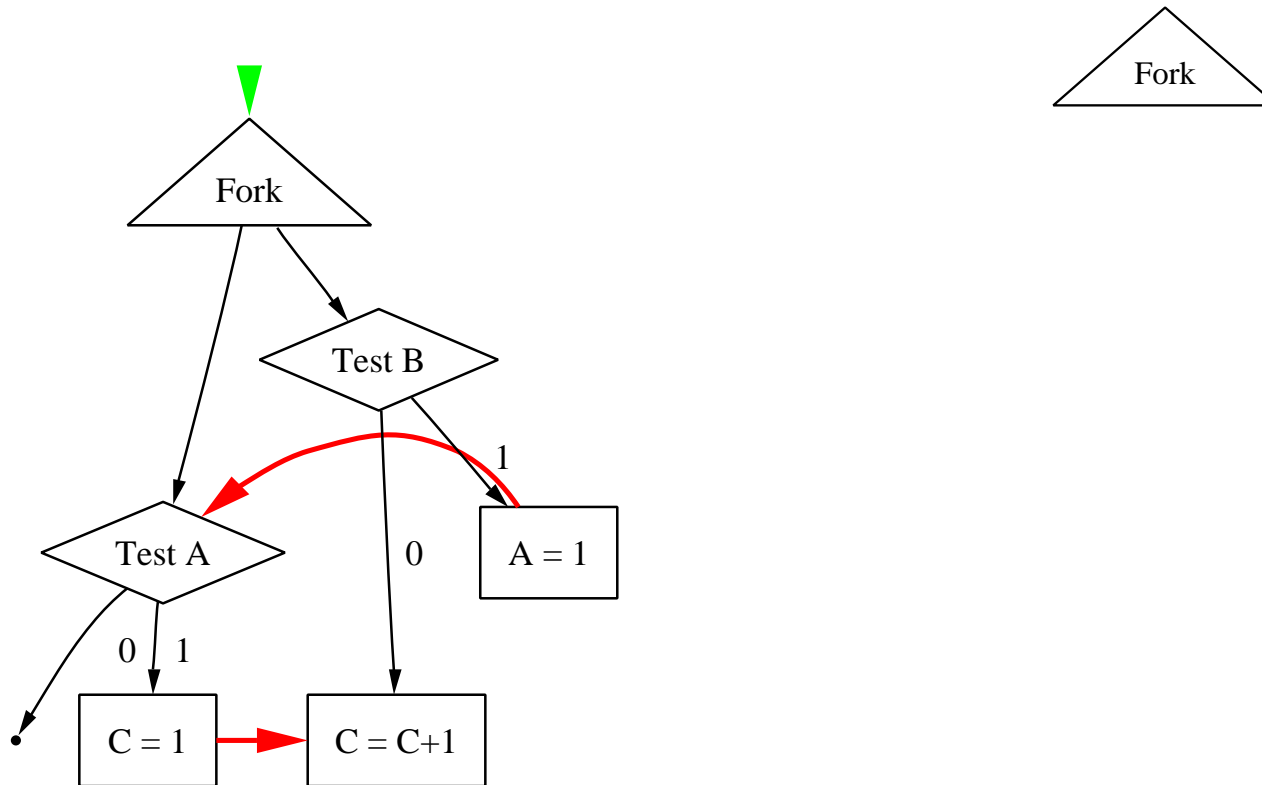


An Example: Reconstructing PDG 0



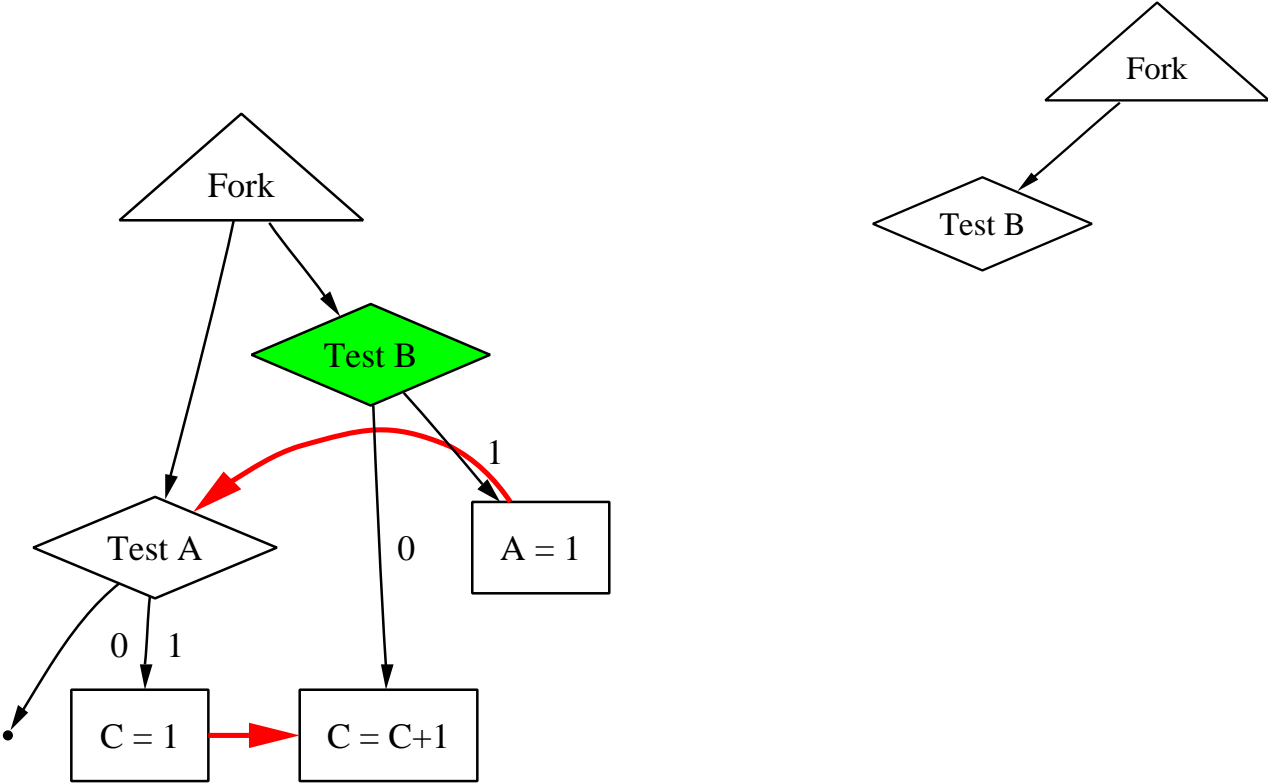
orig	Fork	Test B	A = 1	Test A	C = 1	C = C+1
copy	-	-	-	-	-	-

An Example: Reconstructing PDG 1



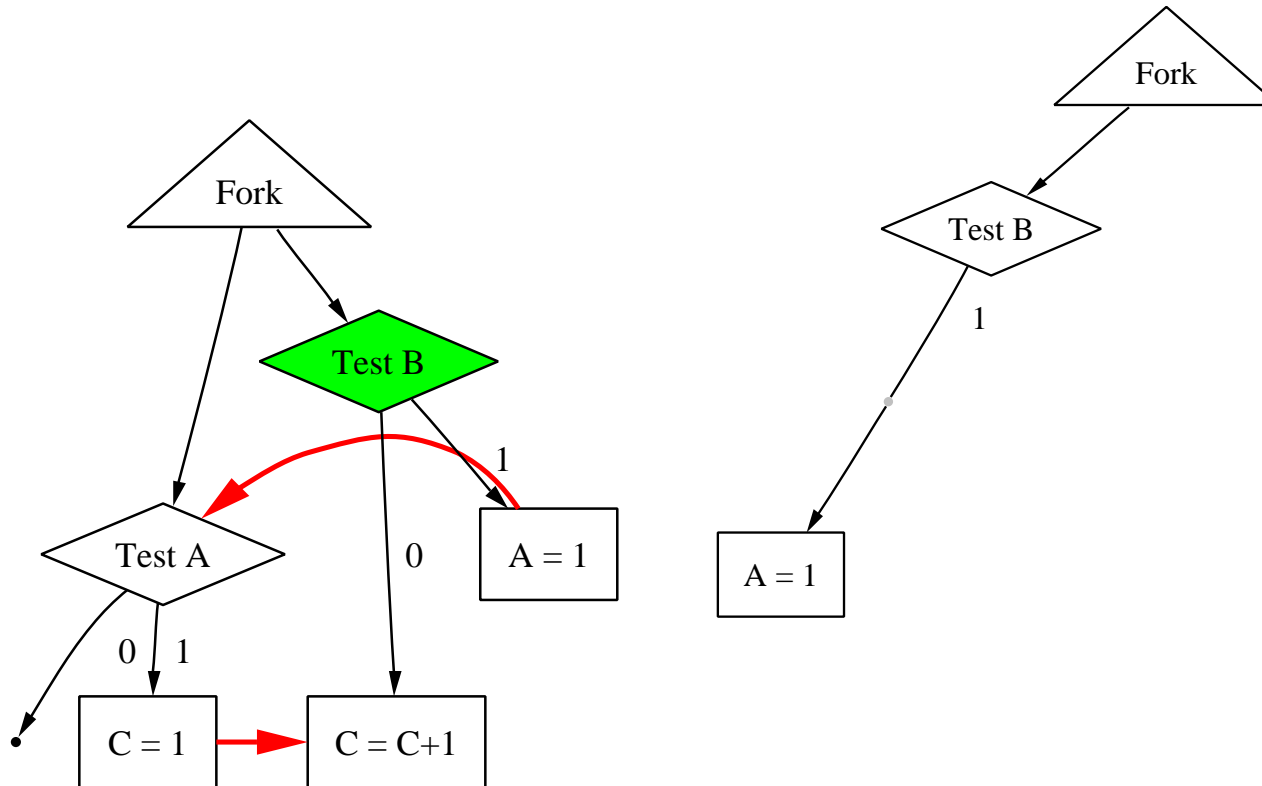
orig	Fork	Test B	A = 1	Test A	C = 1	C = C+1
copy	Fork	-	-	-	-	-

An Example: Reconstructing PDG 2



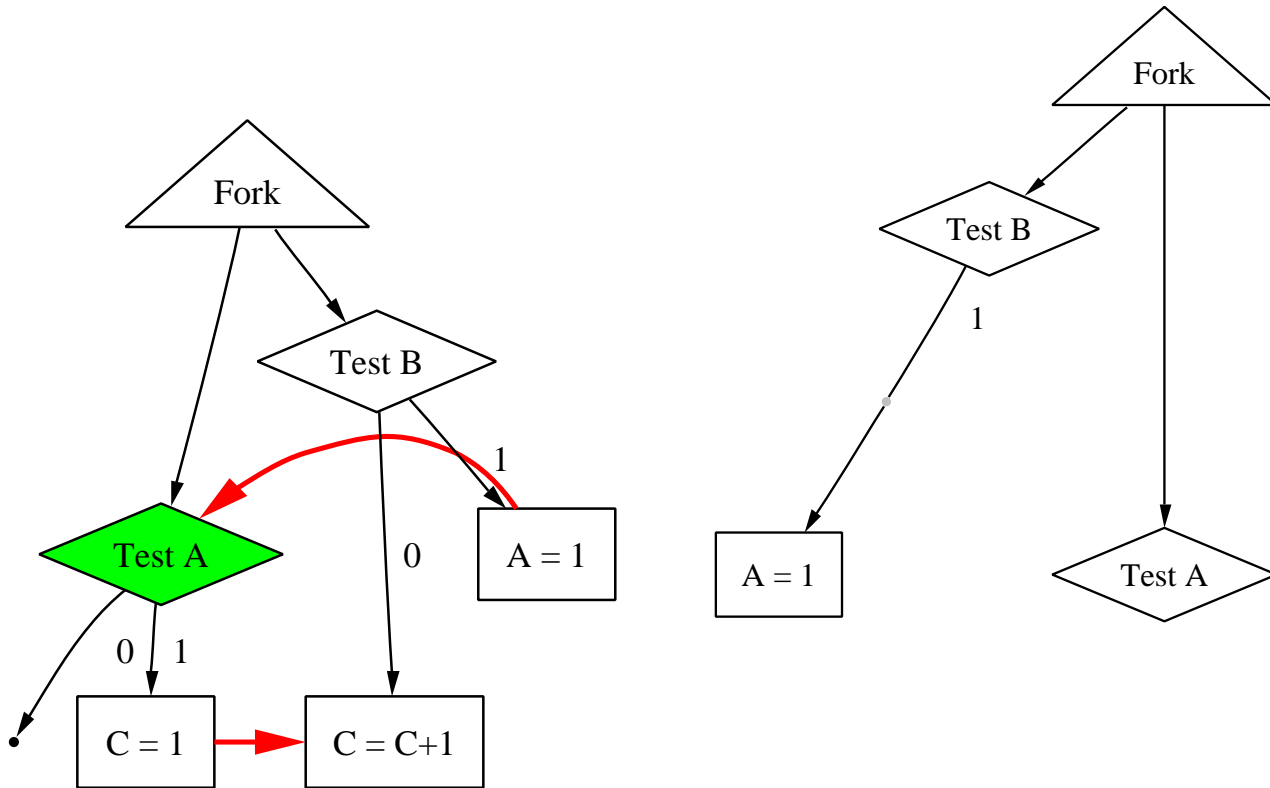
orig	Fork	Test B	A = 1	Test A	C = 1	C = C + 1
copy	Fork	Test B	-	-	-	-

An Example: Reconstructing PDG 3



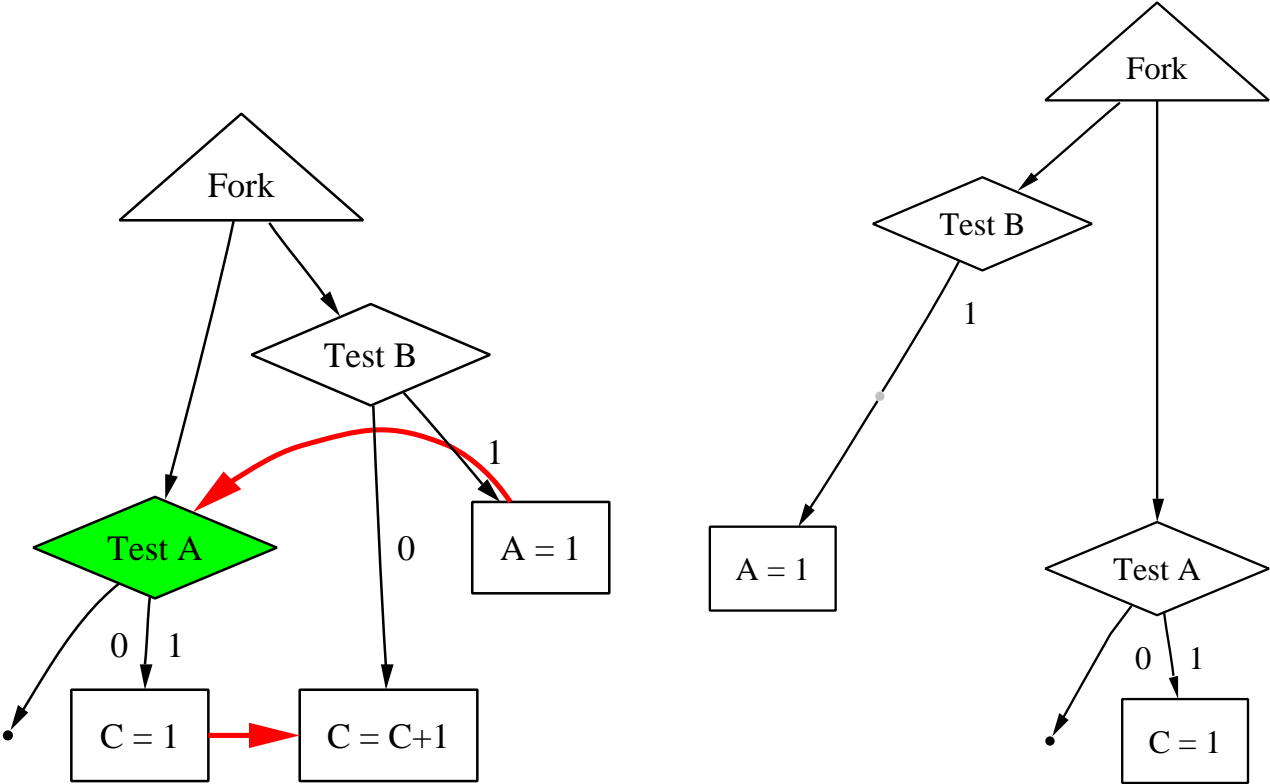
orig	Fork	Test B	A = 1	Test A	C = 1	C = C+1
copy	Fork	Test B	A = 1	-	-	-

An Example: Reconstructing PDG 4



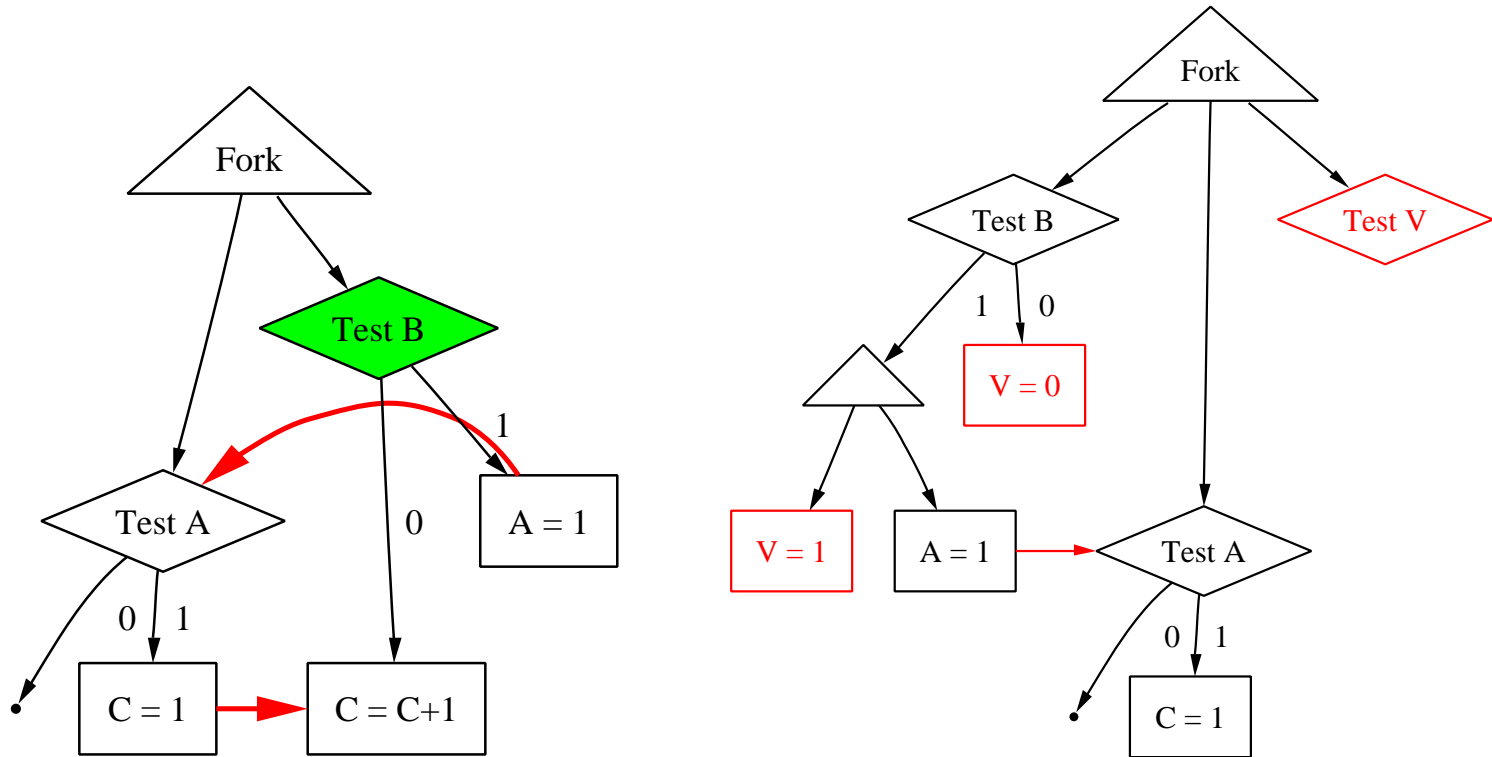
orig	Fork	Test B	A = 1	Test A	C = 1	C = C+1
copy	Fork	Test B	A = 1	Test A	-	-

An Example: Reconstructing PDG 5



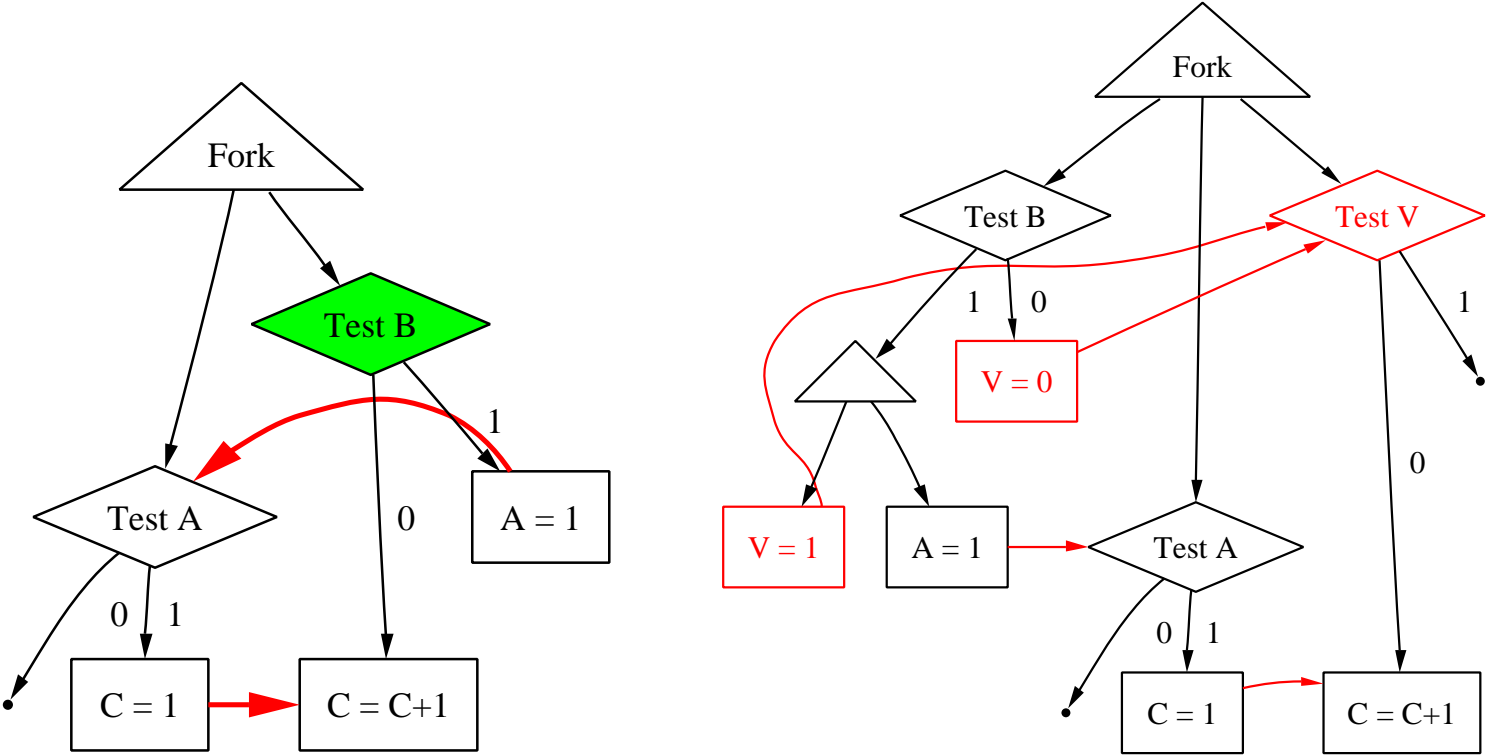
orig	Fork	Test B	A = 1	Test A	C = 1	C = C+1
copy	Fork	Test B	A = 1	Test A	C = 1	-

An Example: Reconstructing PDG 6



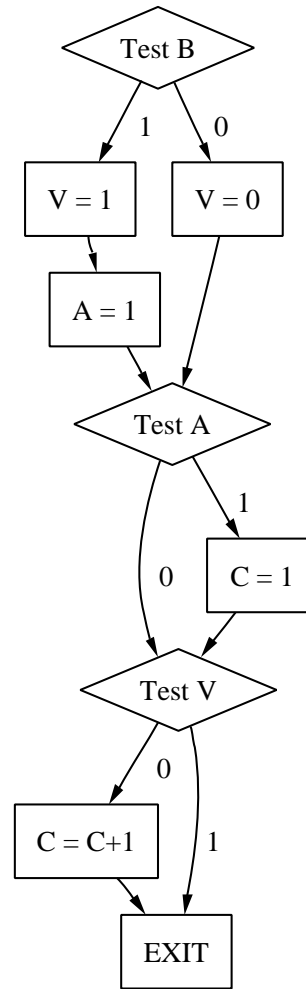
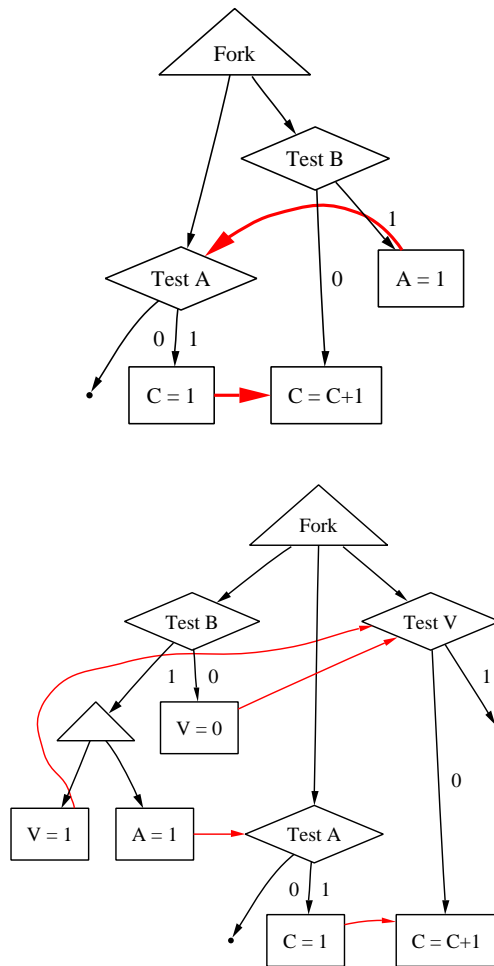
orig	Fork	Test B	A = 1	Test A	C = 1	C = C+1
copy	Fork	Test V	A = 1	Test A	C = 1	

An Example: Reconstructing PDG 6



orig	Fork	Test B	A = 1	Test A	C = 1	C = C + 1
copy	Fork	Test V	A = 1	Test A	C = 1	C = C + 1

An Example: Whole process



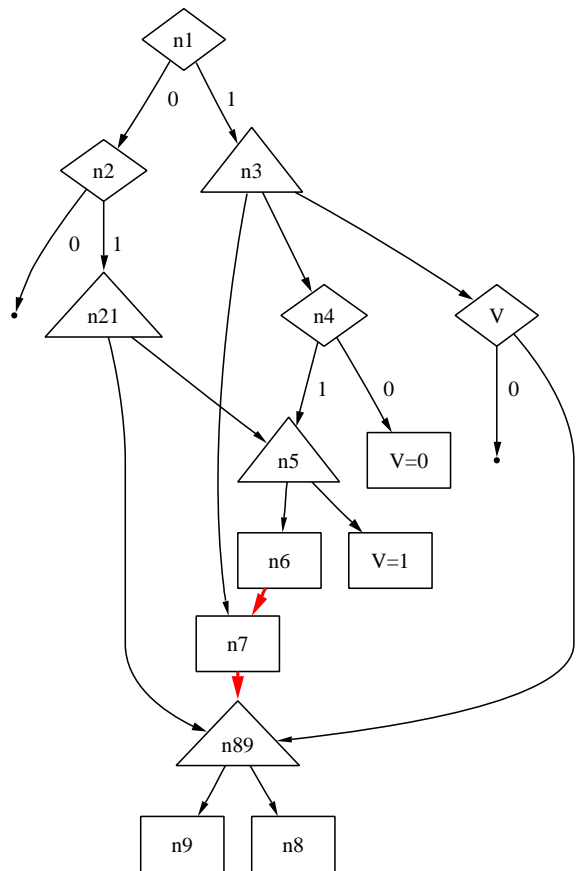
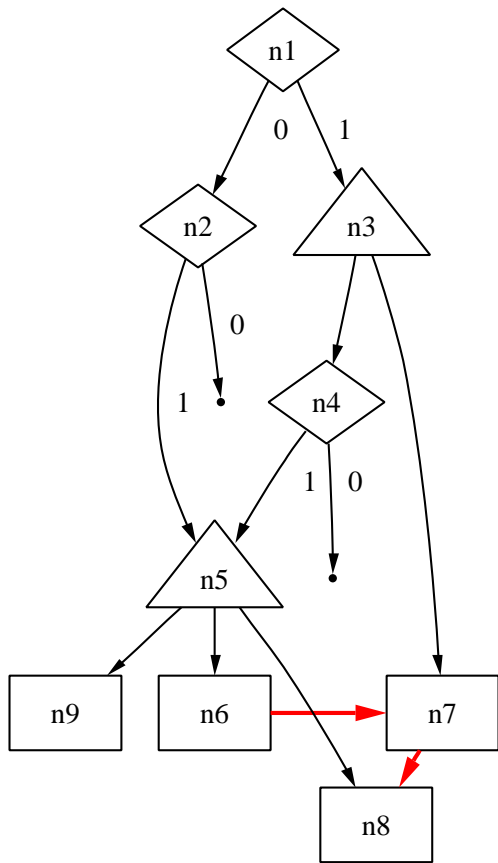
```

if (B){
    V = 1;
    A = 1;
}
else
    V = 0;
if (A)
    C = 1;
if (V)
    {}
else
    C = C + 1;

```

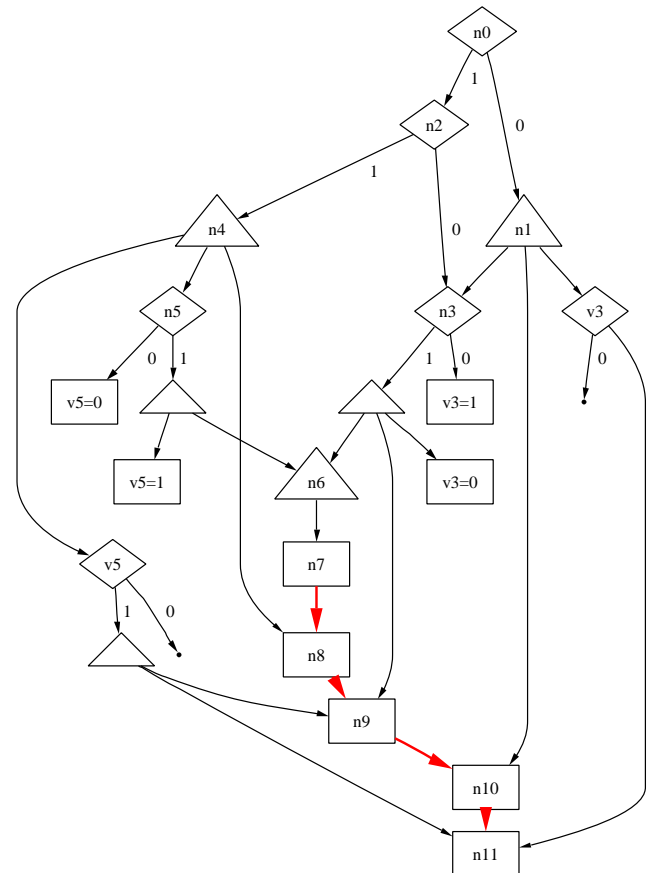
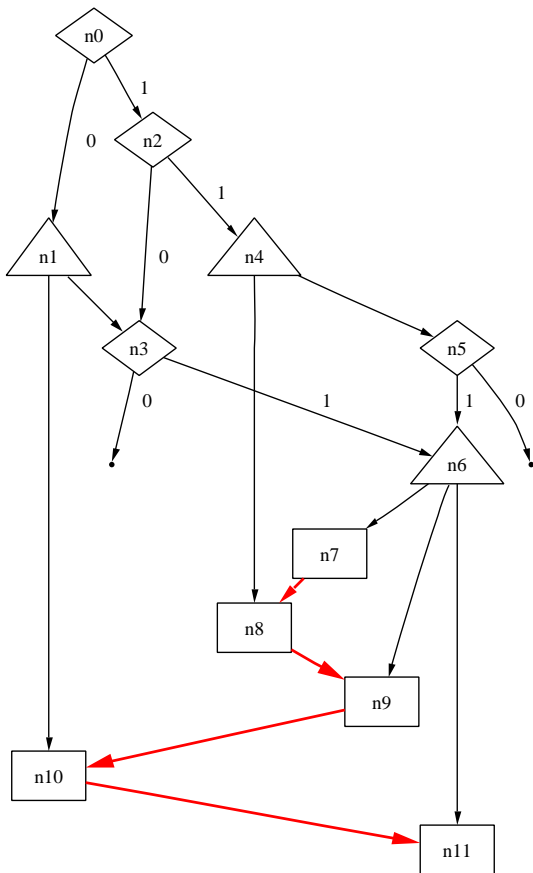

More complex situations:

converge control flow

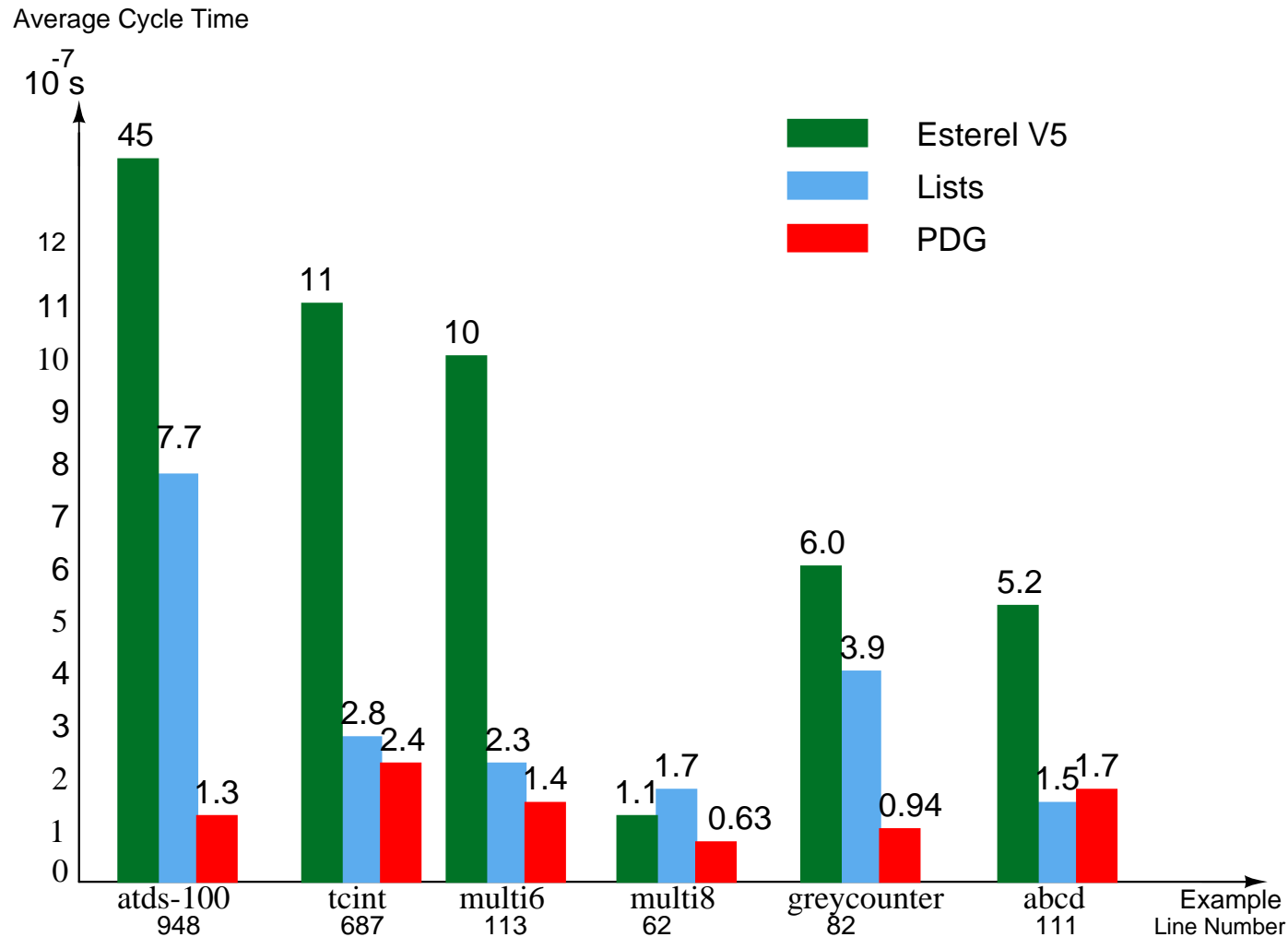


More complex situations:

more forks & more data flow



Experimental Results



Generated C code for examples running on 2.5 GHz Pentium 4, Linux

Conclusion

- A technique to generate fast sequential code from PDG for concurrent programs;
- Useful for embedded software and simulation.
- Speed improvement

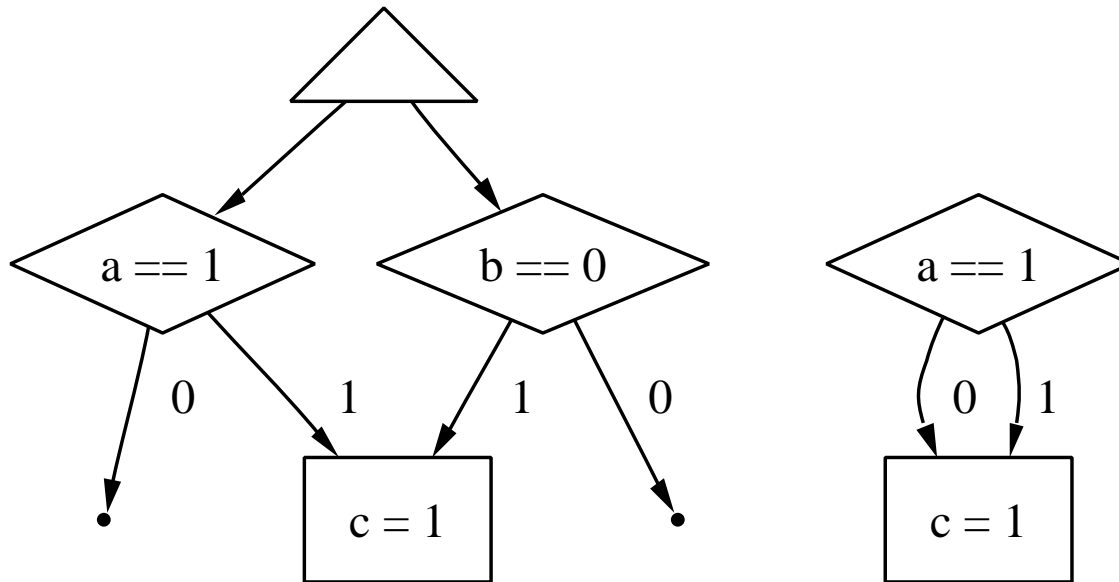
Acknowledgement

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Thank you all!

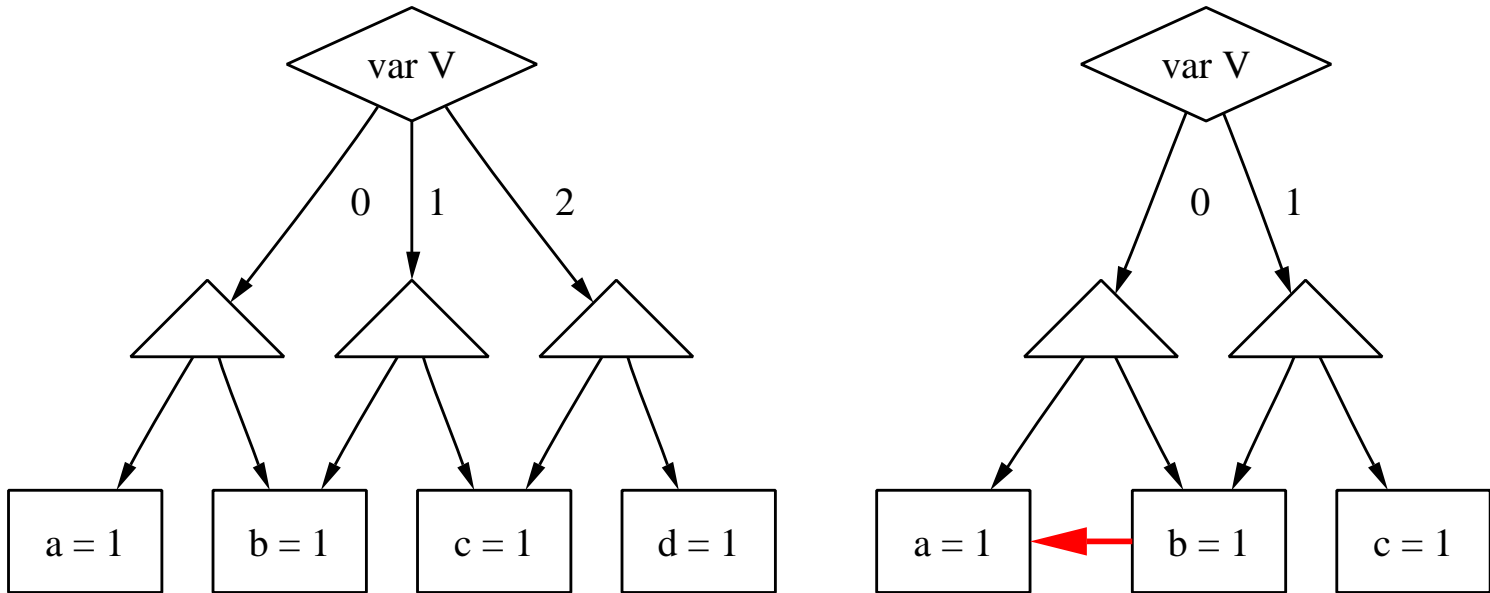
Questions & Answers

Illegal PDG



- Predicate least common ancestor rule
- No post-dominance rule

Non-concise PDG



- Conflict between control/control fbws
- Conflict between control/data fbws

Algorithm Complexity