1 CS3134 #19

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² Administrivia

- · HW3 returned Thursday
- HW4 due today
- HW5 will be out shortly

3 Agenda

- Finish hashing
- Heaps

4 Collision handling: open addressing

- Just put the result in another cell
- Linear probing: put it in the very next cell
 - Leads to "clusters" making the hash table very inefficient
- Quadratic probing: space 'em out
 - x+1, x+4, x+9, x+16, x+25
 - Wraparound if necessary
 - Has other clustering properties

5 Collision handling: open addressing (II)

- · Double hashing:
 - Hash the key using a different function, and use that result as a step size (x+y)
 - Hash function must *never* return a zero, and should not be the same as the first hash function
 - stepSize = constant (key % constant)
 - (constant is a prime less than table size)
 - Table size must be prime
- · Other considerations
 - Duplicates are a problem with this method
 - Deletes?
 - Consider expanding the array: rehashing required
 - Load factor of the hash table very important

6 Hash functions

- What makes a good hash function?
 - Fast to compute
- · Random keys?
 - If already random distribution, just mod it
- Non-random keys
 - Need to "compress" information
 - Use as much data as possible
 - Table size should be prime
 - Book's String example on page 565
- Folding: Break into groups and add together for example, SSN
 - 1000 cells => 3-digit numbers

7 Hashing efficiency

• All O(1) in theory, but...

- Load factor: % of table actually used directly affects performance
- In general, quadratic probing and double hashing fare better than linear probing as the load factor goes up
- Separate chaining: linear function of load factor (can be > 1, since multiple entries per cell)
 Generally want to avoid high loads...

What can't you do with hash tables?

- Specific ordering it's essentially random
- Growable can't use a linked list and maintain performance metrics
- Expect it to be automagically fast need good hash functions
 - Although Java does have a number of hash functions built in...

⁹ Next time

• Heaps