autoconf

Jonathan Lennox
Department of Computer Science
Columbia University

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Software portability

- Many software products need to run on lots of platforms
 - Unix, Windows, (old) Macintosh, VMS, ...
 - Varieties of Unix: Linux, Solaris, SunOS 4.x, Free/Net/OpenBSD, MacOS X (Darwin), Tru64, AIX, HP/UX, SVR4, SCO, Minix, ...,
- Open-source software especially needs to be portable
 - Create a developer community

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Historical Practice (1)

- Ignore the problem
 - 1982: "All the world's a VAX" (running BSD 4.2)
 - 1992: "All the world's a Sun" (running SunOS 4.x)
 - 2002: "All the world's Linux" (on an x86)
- This is great, for as long as it's true...

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Historical Practice (2)

Sea of platform-specific #ifdef's

##fdef __linux__ linux_specific_code() #elif defined(__sun__) && defined(__svr4__) /* Solaris */ solaris_specific_code() #else #error "What system is this?"

- This only works for platforms you've already ported your code to
- Can quickly become unmanageable

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#endif

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Historical Practice (3)

- Makefile documents –D flags, -L flags, etc., to pass to compiler for specific systems or compilation options
- User modifies the program's Makefile by hand, in a text editor
- Works okay for very small projects; runs into problems very quickly
- Error-prone; users often forget to specify flags, mis-type them, or give the wrong ones
- Porting to a new platform is very difficult

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Historical Practice (4)

- Variant of (3): interactive scripts to set all the options
 - Run a shell script. It asks you lots of questions like "does this system support the argle(3) function with extended frobnitz? (y/n):"
 - Shell script automatically creates your make file
 - Very bad for inexperienced software builders
 - Not (easily) possible to build software noninteractively
 - With good per-system defaults, this can work, however. (Perl's build system works like this.)

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Solution: autoconf

- 'configure' script
 - · Automatically checks the characteristics of the build system
 - Programs, libraries, header files, system calls
 - Generates a Makefile from a programmersupplied template
 - Generates a config.h file defining compiler and system characteristics

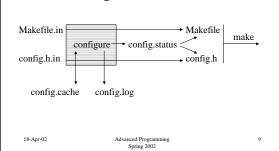
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Autoconf file flows: Developer

configure.in autoconf - configure aclocal.m4 autoheader acsite.m4 config.h.in

Autoconf file flows: Builder

./configure; make



Autoconf philosophy

- Check features, not systems
 - "Does this system support select() or poll()?"
 - Not, "Is this BSD or SysV"?
- Where possible, check features directly
 - For example, try to compile a program that invokes a function. See if it compiles/links/runs (depending on the feature)
 - This isn't always possible e.g., "what kind of audio drivers does this OS use?

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Typical configure.in

dnl Process this file with autoconf to produce a configure script.

AC_INIT([littleaerver], [1.0])

AC_COMPTG_ENDER([littleaerver.c))

AC_COMPTG_ENDERS([config.h])

dnl Checks for libraries.
AC_CHECK_LIB(nsl, gethostbyaddr)
AC_CHECK_LIB(socket, bind)

dnl Checks for header files.
AC_HEADER_STDC
AC_CHECK_HEADERS(limits.h sys/time.h unistd.h crypt.h string.h stdlib.h)
AC_HEADER_CIME

dnl Checks for typedefs, structures, and compiler characteristics. AC_C_CONST AC_TYPE_SIGNAL

dnl Checks for library functions.
AC_CHECK_FUNCS(select socket strftime strtol)
AC_REPLACE_FUNCS(strerror strdup)

AC OUTPUT

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Typical configure run

```
ANSI C header files... yes
limits.h... yes
sys/time.h... yes
sys/time.h... yes
crypt.h... yes
crypt.h... yes
stilib.h... yes
stilib.h... yes
her time.h and sys/time.h may both be included... yes
working const... yes
rn type of signal handlers... void
select... yes
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```

configure.in structure

- AC_INIT (package, version, [bug-report-address])
 - start configure.in
- AC_CONFIG_SRCDIR (unique-file-in-source-dir)
 - uniquely identify source directory
- AC_CONFIG_FILES (file..., [cmds], [init-cmds])
 - · create files from templates (e.g. Makefile)
- AC_CONFIG_HEADERS (header ..., [cmds], [init-cmds])
 - create header files (e.g. config.h)
- AC_OUTPUT
 - output all the generated files

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configure.in: program checks

- Autoconf can check if the build system has certain programs
 - AC PROG AWK
 - Sets output variable AWK to mawk, gawk, nawk, or awk
 - AC_PROG_LEX / AC_PROG_YACC
 - Find lex (flex) or yacc (byacc, bison)

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configure.in: compiler checks

- Autoconf can find the compiler and check its characteristics
 - AC_PROG_CC, AC_PROG_CXX
 - Find the C or C++ compiler
 - AC_PROG_C_STDC
 - Check if the C compiler is ANSI C, after trying various compiler options to make it do so.
 - AC_C_CONST
 - Check if the C compiler supports 'const'.
 - If not, #define const to the empty string, so you can use it anyway.
 - AC_C_BIGENDIAN
- Check if the system is "big-endian"; i.e., stores integers most-significant-byte first. (Sparc is big-endian; x86 is 15 little-endian.) Advanced Programmling Spring 2002

configure.in: library checks

- Autoconf can determine whether certain libraries are available
 - AC_CHECK_LIB(library, function)
 - Check whether the library can be linked (as library), and then whether the function can be found inside it.
 - Once a library is found, it's linked in by default for future calls to AC_CHECK_LIB, so you can have one library depend on another.

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configure.in: header checks

- Autoconf can check whether certain header files are available
 - AC CHECK HEADER
 - Check whether a header file is available
 - AC_HEADER_STDC
 - Check whether the system header files conform with ANSI C. (Not the same as AC_PROG_C_STDC, or __STDC__!)
 - AC_HEADER_TIME
 - Check whether <time.h> and <sys/time.h> can both be included

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configure.in: type checks

- Autoconf can check characteristics of structures and types in the compilation environment
- Type checking code #includes all detected header files checked so far
 - AC_CHECK_MEMBER(aggregate.member)
 - Check whether the given aggregate (struct or union) is defined, and if so, whether it contains the given member
 - AC_CHECK_TYPE(type)
 - Check whether the compiler knows about a specific type
 - AC_TYPE_SIZE_T
 - Check whether the compiler knows about the type size_t; if not, typedef it to `unsigned'.

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configure.in: function checks

- Autoconf can check whether system and library functions are available
 - AC CHECK FUNCS(functions...)
 - Check whether the given functions are available
 - AC_REPLACE_FUNCS(functions...)
 - Check whether the given functions are available, and if not, link in replacement code re-implementing them

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Autoconf output: Makefile

- Some autoconf output is need by the Makefile, so is defined as template substitutions
 - Libraries, programs, search paths
- Developer must write Makefile.in: template Makefile
 - Other than template variables, looks exactly like a normal Makefile
- Patterns in Makefile.in are substituted with results of autoconf tests
 - @CC@ → C compiler
 - @AWK@ → Awk executable
 - @CFLAGS@ → compiler flags
 - @LIBS@ → matched libraries

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Autoconf output: config.h

- Other autoconf output is needed by the source code, so symbols are defined in config.h.
- Source code #includes "config.h", then makes decisions based on the symbols defined.

HAVE_SYS_TIME_H	<sys time.h=""> exists</sys>
WORDS_BIGENDIAN	integers are big-endian
HAVE_SELECT	select() was found
HAVE_STRUCT_PASSWD_PW_ GECOS	struct passwd has the pw_gecos field.

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System-dependent tests

- Some things can't be checked automatically
 - Things that only work as root
 - Details of system object formats
- For these, autoconf provides systemdependent checks
- Check the system type of either the build or the host system
 - Standard GNU naming system
 - i686-unknown-linux-gnu
 - sparc-sun-solaris
- Use shell pattern matching on these names

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Custom tests

- Sometimes you need to check for things that autoconf doesn't already have tests for
- You can write custom tests:
 - AC_TRY_CPP, AC_TRY_COMPILE, AC_TRY_LINK, AC_TRY_RUN
 - Try to preprocess / compile / link / run a specific fragment of C code.
 - Specify actions to take if test succeeds or fails.

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Results of custom tests

- Custom tests need to be able to output their results
 - AC_DEFINE
 - Define a C preprocessor symbol in config.h
 - AC_SUBST
 - Substitute a variable pattern into Makefile.in
 - AC CACHE CHECK
 - Cache a variable in config.cache for future configure runs
 - AC_MSG_CHECKING / AC_MSG_RESULT
 - Output messages telling the user that something's being checked

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Subtleties of custom tests

- Autoconf actually works by using the m4 macro processor to create a shell script
- So you can embed your own shell (/bin/sh) code in your custom tests
- HOWEVER:
 - You can't just write bash code and expect everything to work!
 - Since the point of the ./configure script is to run anywhere, you need to write shell code that can run on any Unix system's shell.
 - Lowest-common-denominator scripting

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Custom libraries of tests

- If you need to execute your own tests, you can write autoconf functions
 - AC_DEFUN defines new functions
- Custom functions can be embedded into a custom file
 - aclocal.m4: project-specific custom functions
 - acsite.m4: system-wide custom functions

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Other parts of the GNU build environment

- automake
 - Automates creation of Makefile.in.
 - Automatically supports make clean, make install, building outside the source directory, creating .tar.gz distributions, etc.
 - Good for simple projects; not very flexible for complex projects
- libtool
 - Creating shared libraries, and dynamically-loadable-libraries, is wildly different on all the platforms that support them
 - Libtool is a shell script that encapsulates the knowledge of how to do this, how to set load paths automatically, and so forth

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