Next Generation IT Systems 2006 – An Enterprise Perspective

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Contents

- This is an *enterprise* perspective
 - What are a few trends in our industry?
 - What are the implications for IT in medium and large enterprises?
- Due to time, the presentation has a limited focus
 - What will happen next. Not general long-term predictions.
 - Selective, and will not cover many other trends.
- Two related, major trends that interest me
 - SOA and Web services evolution
 - Everyone can program \rightarrow situational applications
- Some additional next generation IT system trends

Example: Complexity is Forcing Change



Actual Application Architecture for Consumer Electronics Company

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What is?



What's this "Service Thing?"

Message M1, M2, Op1, inMsg1, outMsg1, faultMsg1 Op2, inMsg2, outMsg2, faultMsg2 "

"That's my simul. package!"

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"Dude, that's an EJB"

"You whipper snapper, we Invented that in IMS in 1923."

Narr! Das ist eine IDOC







WSDL

"Those lying IMS swine. That's CICS."

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SOA and Web Services

- SO<u>A</u> is an *architectural* style following some principles
 - Input and output messages completely describe behavior →
 No private signaling or shared data.
 - Coarse grain interactions, unlike OO.
 - Self-describing, cataloged, well-defined messages
 - etc.
- SOA "resonates" because many customers have been doing it for years. SOA codifies a set of *best practices* for
 - Message Driven Processing (MQ).
 - SessionBeans and the Transfer Object Pattern
 - CICS TP Systems
- Web Services are a set of standards for SOA
 - Enable interoperability between infrastructure (middleware), and between different development tools.
 - Eliminates the need to integrate the infrastructure before integrating business logic to form new, composite applications.
 - SOAP/HTTP
 - WSDL, WS-Policy, specific policy assertions, BPEL4WS
 - Like "Diplomatic French" or "Esperanto"

Implementing Services – The Next Generation of SOA Standards

- Web services currently says little about how to implement services.
 - What are the standards?
 - What is the process guidance?
 - What are the best practices and patterns?
- There is a next generation of standards
 - Service Component Architecture
 - Service Data Obects
- The standards enable flexible IT solutions
 - Rapid, simple composition of new composite applications.
 - Configuration/customization of solutions
 - Portable services, modules and solutions
 - Role/skill/task/specific services

Simplifying Development

| | Daddy, Mommy gave me these documents to convert. What type of EJB do you want to build? | |
|-------|---|--|
| | Um. I do not want to build an EJB. You see, Mommy gave me these Maybe you didn't understand the question. Your choices are SLSB, SFSB, CMP Entity, BMP Entity, MDB You're not very nice. | |
| • Thi | s is crazy. | |

• Programmers want to build a "part" that implements a "basic building block" and then aggregate them together

Process Guidance and Service Impl. Kinds

- Each step in SOA development has an *intent*
 - Expose some data through SOA
 - Write simple new business logic for a simple task
 - Implement business logic using business rules
 - Process events using a (state, event, action, state) model
 - Choreograph a set of services into a new service
- There are "kinds" of service implemention
 - Support each intent
 - Concepts and tools specific to
 - Role
 - Skill
 - Process guidance for selecting specific kinds
- Answering "How do I …" with "It depends" → Complex → Guide and simplify choice

A Simple Example and Some Concepts

Something a DB dude recognizes



Author Tools Or **Text Editor**



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SDOs

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Policy

Service Components

"Web services describes the outsides. How do you implement a service? How do you compose services?"

- Encapsulate Components for Reuse; All look the same from outside
- Components may be wired together and aggregated via flow
- Business Objects are the data flowing on wires between Components UP
- Enable type, role and skills specific tools.





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Some Examples









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Some Perspectives

• SOA

- SOA is a mature, widely practiced architecture model
- Web services are a set of standards for interoperability, tool federation and portability
- Business Value
 - Relatively dynamic assembly: Process, Structure
 - Relatively dynamic customization
 - Add new services
 - Version/content aware binding and routing
 - Dynamic modification of rules and policies
 - Simple model for declarative business events enable business insight
 - Virtual enterprise

Some More Perspective

- Haven't we heard this before? OO, RPC, MDP,
- There are some differences
 - XML is language neutral; previous approaches implied a language model.
 - WSDL and XML are more forgiving of changes
 - Supports RPC and message/document approaches from beginning
 - Common type model for application servers, message systems and DBs
 - Builds on Internet protocols already deployed for "Web browsing."
 - Uniform model for events/pub-sub, message routing and RPC

Everyone Can Program

- Some anecdotes
 - I study karate
 - I have a black belt
 - Don't let the affect your appraisal of my presentation
 - There are a lot of high school students
 - One "kids" wrote
 - A Microsoft Access application
 - Tracks students class attendance
 - Uses a bar code scanner
 - Prints reports
 - Kids in the locker room know I work for IBM
 - Tell me about their cool PHP, Perl,
 - Tell me about their cool, dynamic Web sites
- Everyone can program the way we learned long division.

What Are the Implications?

- Current "IT" Model
 - The "data center"
 - Runs a relatively small number of applications
 - For a relatively large number of employees or customers
 - The applications change very slowly, to support QA
 - LOB, department or team have "immediate" need for some new functions
 - Respond to a complex RFP/RFP collaborating with new partner
 - Complex trouble ticket that needs a new team
 - Extend the managers workspace in in a store to integrate with local carpet installation, electricians, cabinet makers
 - What to do?
 - Submit a plea to the IT department or ISV for a change
 - Have the priests of programming make the change
 - Have the data center teams run QA
- Well,
 - The business need is no longer there
 - But, I have a 25 year old who can program "mashups" or LAMP
 - The new "teenagers" have the attention of a ferret on an espresso.
 - They will not wait for the priests

A Some Simple Scenarios

- Severe weather Meet Dave, an insurance agent.
 - He sees a news report of a severe storm. What is the company's risk?
 - Dave writes a simple script to retrieve affected zip codes and rainfall.
 - Uses an Excel control fronting Web services to retrieve insured properties;
 - Filter and select only properties insured for more than \$250,000.
 - Pass rainfall predictions to ESRI to compute floods level at properties.
 - Email a risk summary to executives.
- Emailing documents is frustrating
 - Changes upon changes upon changes upon comments
 - Multiple versions
 - I don't have the right editor
 - Dave will make his "reports" a wiki page that refreshes the data
 - Sever side "mashup"
 - LAMP
 - Have the application refresh when the forecast changes, using feeds.

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A Simple Scenario

- This may *seem* to require complex programming skills, but it does not.
 - Feeds, URIs and simple REST retrieval of form like data are not dissimilar to including Access data in a spreadsheet.
 - Passing information between the various "parts" is similar to spreadhseets, references and formulas.
 - Very simple scripting to sequence actions
 - Use of basic primitives, like print and e-mail the form.
- This is a new composite application
 - Composes public data
 - Composes data and behavior in operational, enterprise systems
 - Sequences steps
 - Supports user interaction
 - Derives new results

Application Wiki Example



Lines of Business and IT



- LOBs and casual application developers build and test applications, perhaps just in time applications.
- Pressures will drive application redeployment into IT center
 - Governance and compliance
 - Server management is a drag
 - Publication outside the enterprise

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The "Data Center of the Future"

Is radically different from today

- Applications are like Word or email
 - Moving from 100 applications \rightarrow 100,000 applications
 - 1000 new applications per day
 - 10,000 modified applications/data
 - An application is for three of four people
- Defines a completely new "application server model"
 - 100,000 "VMs"
 - Many, many programming models with
 - Integrated, open source frameworks
 - Certified for "virus free" and "IP clean"
 - Focus on governance tracking {app. Version, data in, data out} →
 "Why did I deny this claim?"
 - "Protect the mainframe! Protect SAP! From the Web crazies"

Some Additional Trends and Ideas

- SOA and Event Driven Architectures
- Recipes, Patterns and Templates
- What happens when
 - HW is free (multi-core, multi-HW thread, blades, ...)?
 - Everyone can program?
- Standards evolve
 - Simple, portable, open source programming model \rightarrow
 - Domain formats and standards, and common processes
- High performance, distributed, real-time event driven architecture and SOA/Web services converge and run in the network
- Management of Web Services and Management Using Web services.
 - Application governance
 - IT management is a business process/composite application.
- Business Process Management includes business policy mgmt.