SSlang: A Sparse Synchronous Language for Hard Real-Time Tasks

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qcd a b =if a == bа else if a < bqcd a (b - a)else gcd(a - b)b

// Inferred types// Indentation for grouping// Everything is an expression

// User-defined binary infix operators// Juxtaposition for function calls

```
add2 a = a <- deref a + 2
mult4 a = a <- deref a * 4
```

main =

let a = **new** 1 **par** add2 a mult4 a

// Allocate and name a new variable
// Parallel function calls
// execute in prescribed order
// a is (1 + 2) * 4 = 12 here

a <– 1 **par** mult4 a add2 a

```
// a is (1 * 4) + 2 = 6 here
```

blink led = loop // Infinite loop after ms 50, led <- 1 // Schedule future variable update wait led // Block on variable update after ms 50, led <- 0 wait led

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blink led = while 1

after ms 50, led <- 1 wait led after ms 50, led <- 0 wait led

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blink led =while 1 fib 19 after ms 50, led <-1wait led after ms 50, led <-0wait led

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blink led =while 1 fib 23 after ms 50, led <- 1 wait led after ms 50, led <-0wait led

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```
blink led =
loop
after ms 50, led <- 1
wait led
after ms 50, led <- 0
wait led
```



```
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loop
after ms 50, led <- 1
wait led
after ms 50, led <- 0
wait led
```



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after ms 50, led <- 0
wait led
```



```
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loop

after ms 50, led <- 1

wait led

after ms 50, led <- 0

wait led
```





























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wait led
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wait led
```





























```
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after ms 50, led <- 1
wait led
after ms 50, led <- 0
wait led
```



```
blink led =

loop

after ms 50, led <- 1

wait led

after ms 50, led <- 0

wait led
```







```
blink led =
loop
after ms 50, led <- 1
wait led
after ms 50, led <- 0
wait led
```



```
blink led period =
```

let event = new () // Unit-valued variables pure events
loop

main led = **par** blink led (ms 50) blink led (ms 30) blink led (ms 20)

// LED may toggle three times



- Immutable and mutable values
- Algebraic data types, pattern matching
- Compiles to C for portability across microcontrollers
- Heap-resident function activation records
- Reference-counted heap, inspired by Perceus [PLDI 2021]
- No true parallelism (for now)
- No gradual typing (sorry)

Priority queue of events (time, variable, value), ordered by time

Priority queue of threads, ordered by priority

tick()

While there are queued events now,

Dequeue event e = (now, v, n)

Update variable v with new value n

Schedule each thread blocked on variable v

While there are ready threads,

Dequeue the lowest-priority thread t

Run thread t from where it last blocked,

which may write variables immediately to trigger threads now, or may schedule future variable update events

One event per variable: scheduling an update deletes any outstanding Only "later"-priority threads are scheduled when a thread writes to a variable. SSlang vs. Esterel

[Berry and Gonthier, SCP 1992]

	SSLang	Esterel
Deterministic	Yes	Yes
Time	Sparse	Dense
Within instants	Totally-ordered	Constructive
Runtime	Dynamic Event Queues	Statically Scheduled
Topology	Dynamic, recursive	Static

SSlang vs. Ptides

[Zhao, Liu, and Lee, RTAS 2007] [Zou Ph.D 2011]

	SSlang	Ptides
Between instants	Discrete-event	Discrete-Event
Within instants	Totally-ordered	Discrete-Event
Topology	Dynamic, recursive	Static
Implementation	Single-threaded	Distributed



https://github.com/ssm-lang/sslang