Project Proposal: Sequencer

A step-sequencer is an essential part of every basic modular synthesizer setup. A fixed pattern of a certain number of steps is repeated continuously. The musician can decide whether to enable or disable each step and which note to play at that step. This makes a step-sequencer very attractive in the context of beat-making and was therefore the starting point of early drum machines. The user can set the number of steps, tracks and the beats per minute (BPM). Opposed to a real-time sequencer, and therefore lends itself more easily to implementation as an embedded system.



Elektron Machinedrum SPS-1 (Wikipedia)

Proposed High-level layout

Hardware/peripherals

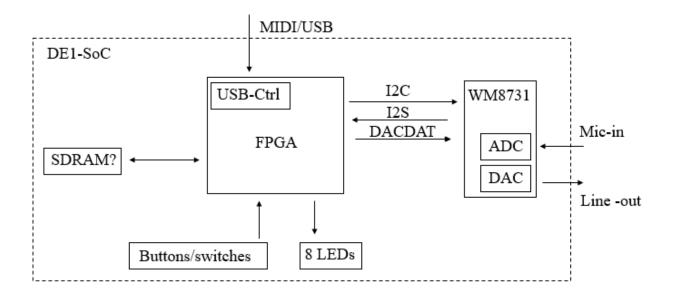
- 1. Wolfson WM8731 on the DE1 SoC
 - a. Speakers connected to LINEOUT
 - b. Microphone connected to MICIN
- 2. MIDI keyboard (either computer keyboard or Microbrute 2.0)
- 3. Slide switches to select the track
- 4. Push buttons to select BPM
- 5. 8 LEDs to display cycling through the sequence
- 6. 7-segment to display BPM/current active track

HW/SW Interfaces

- Libusb as a driver for the MIDI keyboard
- Driver for interpreting switch and button presses

Task Overview

- 1. Use libusb and corresponding device driver to store MIDI data
- 2. Setup wolfson ADC for MIC input and store into SDRAM
- 3. Configure user interface driver that runs debouncing and tempo calculations from button inputs, track selection with switches, and LEDs indicating time step.
- 4. Configure the WM8731 over I2C Bus



References

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Music_sequencer https://cdn.sparkfun.com/datasheets/Dev/Arduino/Shields/WolfsonWM8731.pdf file:///C:/Users/alexa/Downloads/DE1-SoC_User_manual_v.1.2.2.pdf