

PolyGo

**POLYNOMIAL MANIPULATION
LANGUAGE**



Project Presentation

December 19, 2016

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PRESENTATION OVERVIEW

- Introduction
- Language Features
- Architecture
- Conclusion



ABOUT POLYNOMIALS

■ What is A Polynomial?

- Mathematical expression written as the sum of products of numbers and variables

■ Practical Applications

- Model the projection of jet rockets
- Market pattern forecasting
- Drug Effectiveness
- Physical equation
- ...



INTRODUCTION TO POLYGO

PolyGo

- What is PolyGo?
 - A Symbolic Polynomial Manipulation Language

- Why is PolyGo?
 - Flexible Manipulation of Polynomials
 - Algorithmic Customization
 - Light-weighted and easy applicable



LANGUAGE FEATURES

- Ability to solve polynomial problems
 - Arithmetic operation
 - Evaluate, Find root...
- Supports for complex number $3 + 5i$
 - Modulo, conjugation, and equation solving.
- Loops & Breaks:
 - 'for' and 'while' loops supported
 - Body enclosed within a block
 - Break for jump out of the loop



DECONSTRUCTION OF POLYNOMIAL

- Coefficient \rightarrow Float
- Exponent \rightarrow Indices
- Polynomial \rightarrow List of float number
- Therefore, for single variable poly type
 - record the length and the coefficient comes the solution.

$$x^2 + 7x - 3$$
$$4a^3 + 7a^2 + a$$
$$nm^2 - m$$
$$3x - 2$$
$$5$$

$$\text{poly}[2] \text{ p} = \{2.0, 1.0, 3.0\} = 2 + x + 3x^2$$



POLYGO DATA TYPES

- Int, Float, String, Bool, Complex
- Basic data types, complex stores as $\langle 1, 2.3 \rangle$

- Intarr, Floatarr, Boolarr
- Array list for int, float and bool,
e.g. `int [2]a = [1, 2]`

- Poly
- Store polynomial coefficient,
- `poly [2]a = {3.0, 2.0, 5.0}` as $3.0 + 2.0X + 5.0X^2$



LANGUAGE FEATURES

- Declaration:
 - All local variables must be declared prior to any statements
 - Variables can be initialized when it is declared. E.g. `int a = 1;`
- Strict type system:
 - No automatic type conversion



LANGUAGE FEATURES

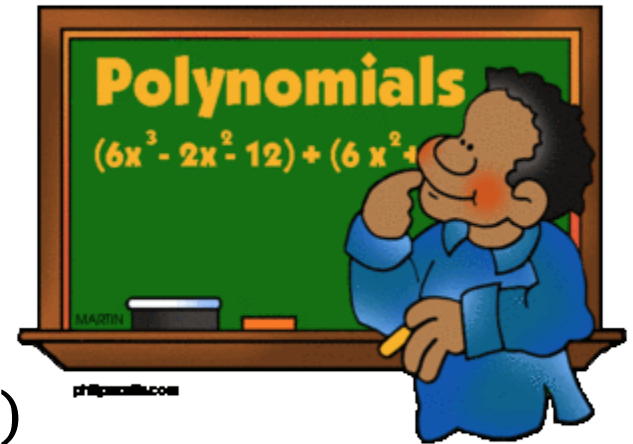
- **Functions**

- `<return type> fname (formals)`
`{locals; statement lists}`

- **Mathematical Driven**

- **Static scoping, Variable redefinable**

- **Built-in functions such as:**
`print`, `print_n`, `order`



SEMANTIC CHECKING

- Function declarations
- Global, formal and local declarations
- Variable initialization
- Type of operands
- Predicate of for and while loop
- Function calls
- Return and break statement

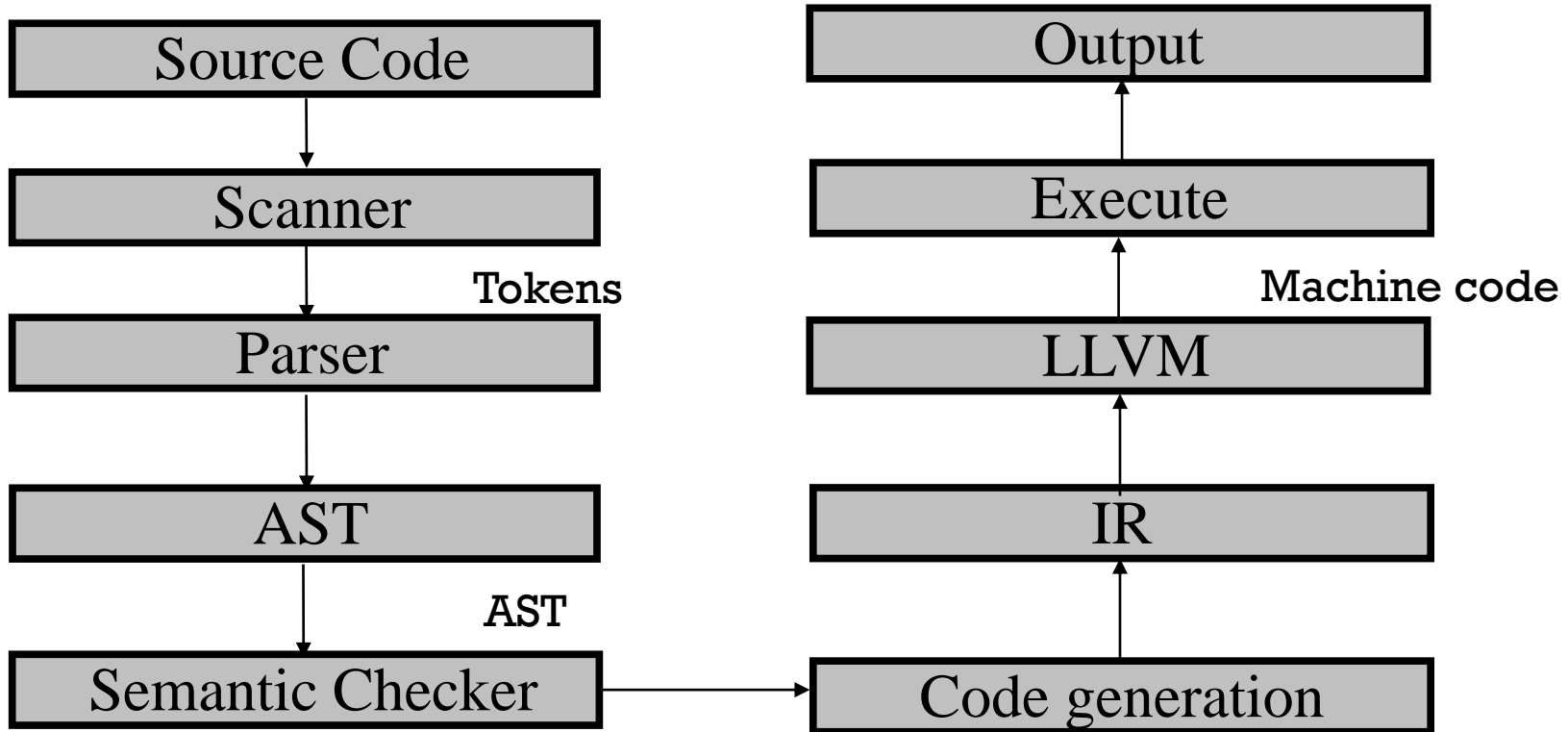


TESTING

- **Unit Testing**
 - Test for parser, AST and semantic checker
- **Integrated Testing**
 - Test complete flow once integrated
- **Regression Testing**
 - Make sure new features don't introduce bugs

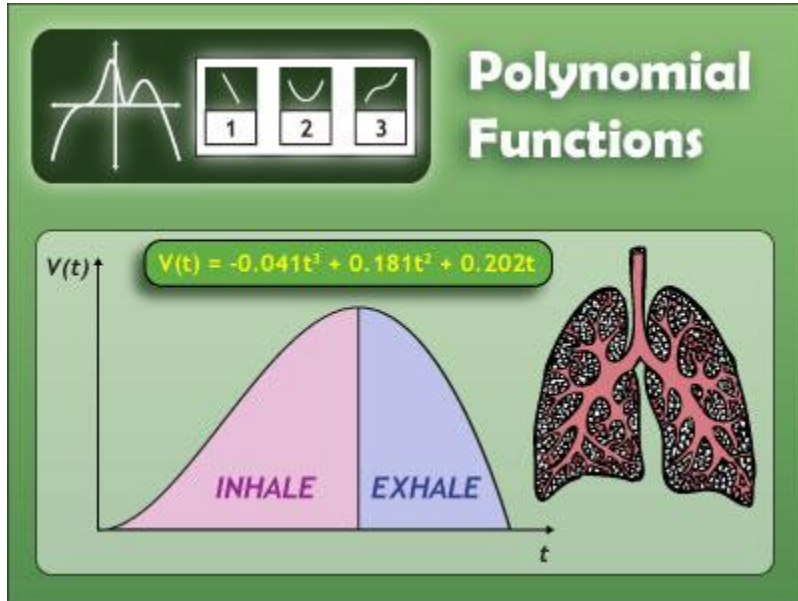


ARCHITECTURE





APPLICATION EXAMPLE



The volume of air flowing into the lungs during a breath can be represented by the polynomial function

$V(t) = -0.041t^3 + 0.181t^2 + 0.202t$,
where V is the volume in liters and t is the time in seconds.

- What is the maximum volume of air inhaled into the lung?

- Derivation
- Zero point
- Evaluate



$$t=3.43$$
$$V(t)=1.17$$



APPLICATION EXAMPLE2

- Velocity(t)
- Distance(t)
- Accelerated speed(t)



THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

