Curve

Curve Ninjas

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Ninjas

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Overview

Simple, yet expressive

Overview

- 2D graphics and animations
- Minimal set of built-ins
- Easily tailored to more specific domains
- Static scoping, strongly-typed, call by value

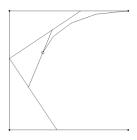
Motivation Bezier curves

Motivating Observation

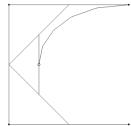
- All the geometric objects that form the building blocks of a graphics language generalize to Bezier curves
- A Bezier curve is defined by two "anchor" points and any number of "control" points (for us, two)

Bezier curve example

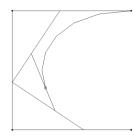
Screenshots from an animation written in Curve



$$t = 4$$



t = 5



$$t = 6$$

Basic syntax

```
1  // Declaration statements
2  Point p;
3  Curve c;
4  Layer 1;
5  int i;
6
7  // Assignment statements
8  p = (x, y);
9  c1 = (p.getX(), y1)(x2, p.getY())(x3, y3)(x4, y4);
10  c2 = rectangleP(p, 100, 200);
11  1 = [c1, c2];
```

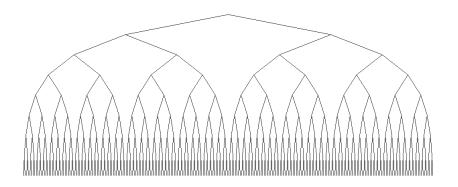
Basic syntax

```
1  // Control flow
2  for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) { }
3  while (i < 10) {i++;}
4  if (i < 10) { } else { }
5
6  // Function declaration
7  Layer square(Point p, int size) { }
8
9  // Animation built-ins
10  draw(1);
11  pause(1000);
12  clear();</pre>
```

Example Program

```
int drawTree(int x, int y, int n) {
  Curve left:
  Curve right;
  if (n == 0) return 1:
  drawTree(x - exp(2, n), y - 50, n - 1);
  drawTree(x + exp(2, n), y - 50, n - 1);
  left = lineP((x, y), (x - exp(2, n), y - 50));
  right = lineP((x, y), (x + exp(2, n), y - 50));
  draw([left, right]);
  pause(100);
  return 1;
}
```

Result



What is included

- Scanner
- Parser
- AST
- Interpreter
- Semantic checker

AST

- Variable Declaration
- Function Declaration

```
type func_decl = {
  type var_decl = {
    t : curvet;
    name : string;
    value : int list;
}

type func_decl = {
    return : curvet;
    fname : string;
    formals : var_decl list;
    locals : var_decl list;
    body : stmt list;
}

type curvet =
    | Literalt
    | Curvet
    | Pointt
    | Layert
}
```

Interpreter

- Not part of final deliverable.
- Useful testing tool when implementing the scanner, parser, and AST.
- Easier to implement and modify compared with the compiler.

Semantic checker

- All kinds of type mismatches including variable assignment, LHS & RHS of an assignment statement or binary operation, parameter of user-defined function, built-in function, standard library function, etc.
- Number of parameters mismatched with the definition of the function.
- Return type mismatches with the definition of the function's return type.
- Undeclared variables or functions.
- Lack of return statement for user-defined functions.



Backend

Bytecode

- Rta Prepares for a Return
- Ind/Ins Indirect Load/Store
- Ogr Open Graph

Backend

Compiler

- Creates bytecode
- Record keeping offsets for variables (global/local) and functions, return types, enumerates bytecode so subroutines have targets
- Built-ins

Backend

Execute - Bytecode interpreter

- Performs actions indicated by bytecode
- Initializes Graphics environment
- Maintains a stack
- Due to small size of instruction set, this code is terse

Lessons Learned

- Big groups aren't so bad
- Pacing is key
- Test, test, and test again