

COMS4761: ASSIGNMENT 2.2: ezLife MSA

[Questions marked with (*) are more challenging]

Problem 1: Computing MSA

Consider the ezRNA sequences {X1, X2, X3, X4, X5}.

X1=00101

X2=01010

X3=01100

X4=10110

X5=10101

- A. Compute MSA of these sequences using progressive alignment as follows:
- Compute pairwise alignments using the scoring matrix of problem 1.
 - Use the Hamming distance $H(X,Y)^1$ to compute a UPGMA Guide Tree.
 - Use the Guide Tree to merge the pairwise alignments into an MSA.
 - *Does this progressive alignment always lead to a unique MSA?
If so, prove it and if not show an example where multiple MSAs are generated.
- B. (15 points) Use the Barton-Sternberg iterative alignment algorithm to improve the MSA of A
- Go through one round of iterations, sampling once each of the sequences {X1,X2,X3,X4,X5} to compute an improved MSA; explain your results.
 - Can the order at which you sample the sequences influence the resulting?
 - *Can you find examples where the iterative technique oscillates between different MSAs rather than converge?

¹ Normally, the distance metric is computed from the scoring matrix. The Hamming distance is used here to merely simplify the computations of distances. $H(X,Y)=\#$ of symbols (including indels) which are different in X from Y, e.g., $H(0_1010, 00101_)=2$.