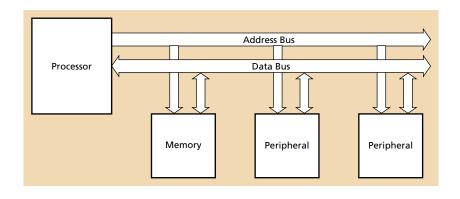
Hardware-Software Interfaces CSEE W4840

Prof. Stephen A. Edwards

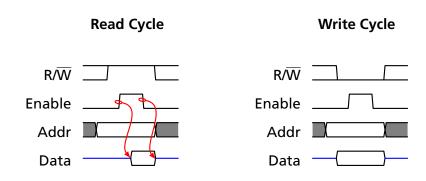
Columbia University

Spring 2014

Processor System Block Diagram



Simple Bus Timing

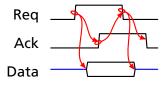


Strobe vs. Handshake

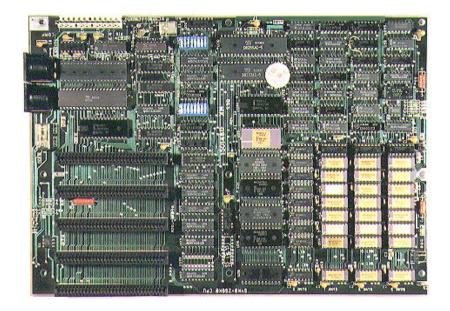
Strobe

Req _____

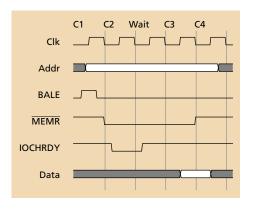
Handshake



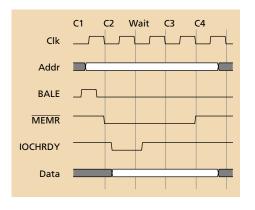
1982: The IBM PC/XT



The ISA Bus: Memory Read



The ISA Bus: Memory Write



The PC/104 Form Factor: ISA Lives

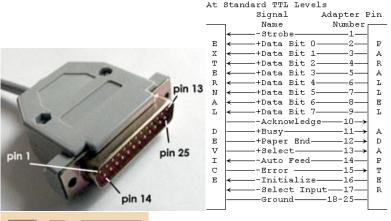


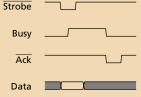
Embedded System Legos. Stack 'em and go.

Memory-Mapped I/O

- ► To a processor, everything is memory.
- Peripherals appear as magical memory locations.
- Status registers: when read, report state of peripheral
- Control registers: when written, change state of peripheral

Typical Peripheral: PC Parallel Port

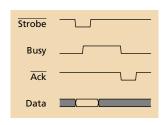




Parallel Port Registers

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	0x378
Busy	Ack	Paper	Sel	Err				0x379
				Sel	Init	Auto	Strobe	0x37A

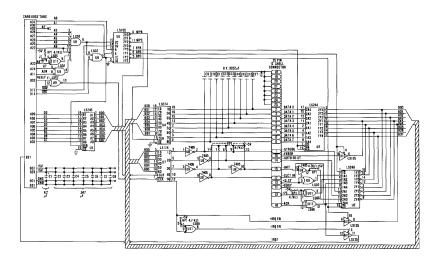
- 1. Write Data
- 2. Assert Strobe
- 3. Wait for Busy to clear
- 4. Wait for Acknowledge



A Parallel Port Driver

```
#define DATA 0x378
#define STATUS 0x379
#define CONTROL 0x37A
#define NBSY 0x80
#define NACK 0x40
#define OUT 0x20
#define SEL 0x10
#define NERR 0x08
#define STROBE 0x01
#define INVERT (NBSY | NACK | SEL | NERR)
#define MASK (NBSY | NACK | OUT | SEL | NERR)
#define NOT_READY(x) ((inb(x)^INVERT)&MASK)
void write_single_character(char c) {
  while (NOT READY(STATUS)) :
  outb(DATA. c):
  outb(CONTROL, control | STROBE); /* Assert STROBE */
  outb(CONTROL, control ); /* Clear STROBE */
```

The Parallel Port Schematic



Interrupts and Polling

Two ways to get data from a peripheral:

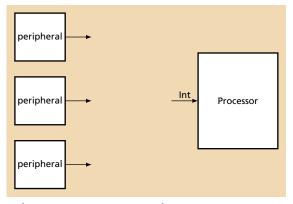
- Polling: "Are we there yet?"
- ► Interrupts: Ringing Telephone

Interrupts

Basic idea:

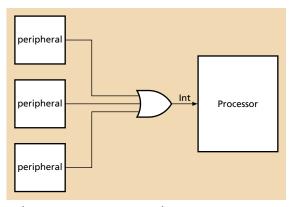
- 1. Peripheral asserts a processor's interrupt input
- 2. Processor temporarily transfers control to interrupt service routine
- 3. ISR gathers data from peripheral and acknowledges interrupt
- 4. ISR returns control to previously-executing program

Many Different Interrupts



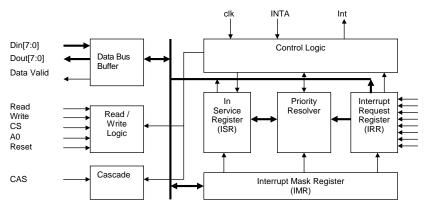
What's a processor to do?

Many Different Interrupts



What's a processor to do? ISR polls all potential interrupt sources, then dispatches handler.

Intel 8259 PIC



Prioritizes incoming requests & notifies processor ISR reads 8-bit interrupt vector number of winner IBM PC/AT: two 8259s; became standard