# **Foundations of Graphical Models**

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## Today's lecture

- What is this course about?
- Latent Dirichlet allocation: An example of a graphical model
- Other examples of applied probabilistic modeling
- Box's loop
- What will we cover?
- Prerequisites, requirements, and grades

What is this course about?

Latent Dirichlet Allocation (An example of a model that I know well)

#### Seeking Life's Bare (Genetic) Necessities

Haemonhiluy

genome 1703 genes

COLD SPRING HARBOR, NEW YORK-How many genes does an organism need to survive! Last week at the genome meeting here," two genome researchers with radically different approaches presented complementary views of the basic genes needed for fifte One research team, using computer analyses to compare known genomes, concluded that today's organism can be sustained with just 250 genes, and that the earliest life forms

required a mere 128 genes. The other researcher mapped genes in a simple parasite and estimated that for this organism, 800 genes are plenty to do the job—but that anything short of 100 wouldn't be enough.

Although the numbers don't match precisely, those predictions

\* Genome Mapping and Sequencing, Cold Spring Harbor, New York, May 8 to 12.

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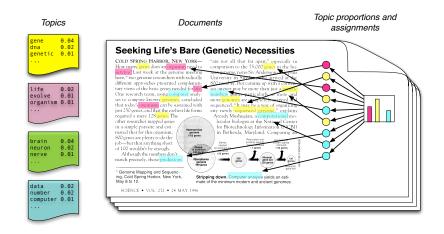
"are not all that far apart," especially in comparison to the 75.000 genes in the human genome, notes Six Andersson of Uppsala University in Sweden, who arrived at the 800 number. But coming up with a consensus answer may be more than just a genetic numbers game, particularly as more and more genomes are completely mapped and sequenced. "It may be a way of organizing any newly sequenced genome." explains Arcady Mushegian, a computational mo-

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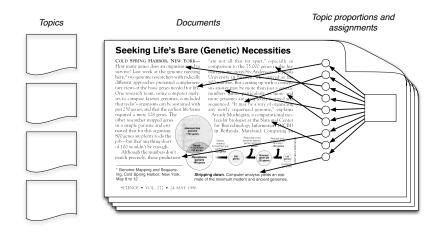


mate of the minimum modern and ancient genomes.

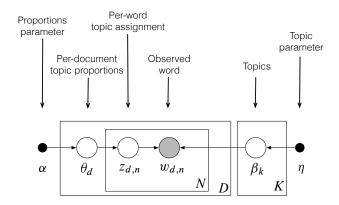
#### Documents exhibit multiple topics.



#### Latent Dirichlet Allocation

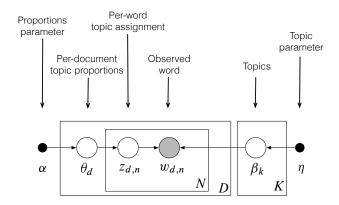


#### Latent Dirichlet Allocation



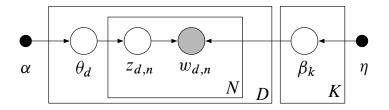
#### LDA as a graphical model

- Nodes are random variables; edges indicate dependence.
- Shaded nodes are observed; unshaded nodes are hidden.
- Plates indicate replicated variables.



#### LDA as a graphical model

- Encodes independence assumptions
- Defines a factorization of the joint distribution
- Connects to algorithms for computing with data



- The joint defines a posterior,  $p(\theta, z, \beta \mid w)$ .
- From a collection of documents, infer
  - Per-word topic assignment z<sub>d,n</sub>
  - Per-document topic proportions  $\theta_d$
  - Per-corpus topic distributions  $\beta_k$
- Then use posterior expectations to perform the task at hand: information retrieval, document similarity, exploration, and others.



- Data: The OCR'ed collection of Science from 1990–2000
  - 17K documents
  - 11M words
  - 20K unique terms (stop words and rare words removed)
- Model: 100-topic LDA model using variational inference.

#### Seeking Life's Bare (Genetic) Necessities

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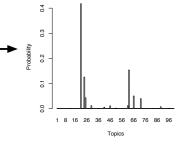
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human genome dna genetic genes sequence gene molecular sequencing map information genetics mapping project sequences

evolution evolutionary species organisms life origin biology groups phylogenetic living diversity group new two common

disease host bacteria diseases resistance bacterial new strains control infectious malaria parasite parasites united tuberculosis

computer models information data computers system network systems model parallel methods networks software new simulations

perspective identifying tumor suppressor genes in human... letters global warming report leslie roberts article global.... research news a small revolution gets under way the 1990s.... a continuing series the reign of trial and error draws to a close... making deep earthquakes in the laboratory lab experimenters... quick fix for freeways thanks to a team of fast working... feathers fly in grouse population dispute researchers...

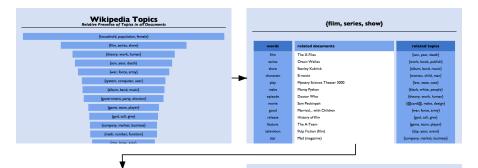
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docs <- read.documents("mult.dat")
K <- 20
alpha <- 1/20
eta <- 0.001
model <- lda.collapsed.gibbs.sampler(documents, K, vocab, 1000, alpha, eta)</pre>

1	2	3	4	5
dna	protein	water	says	mantle
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sequence	cells	atmospheric	new	earth
genes	proteins	temperature	university	pressure
sequences	receptor	global	just	seismic
human	fig	surface	science	crust
genome	binding	ocean	like	temperature
genetic	activity	carbon	work	earths
analysis	activation	atmosphere	first	lower
two	kinase	changes	years	earthquakes
6	7	8	9	10
end	time	materials	dna	disease
article	data	surface	rna	cancer
start	two	high	transcription	patients
science	model	structure	protein	human
readers	59	temperature	site	gene
service	ayatem	molecules	binding	medical
news	number	chemical	sequence	studies
card	different	molecular	proteins	drug
circle		fg	specific	normal
letters		university	sequences	drugs
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#### Stanley Kubrick



related topics (film, series, show) (theory, work, human) (son, year, death) (black, white, people) (god, call, give) (math, energy, light) Standarg Kuberick (bi) 26, (192–14nrb, 7, (199) was an American IIII direction, writesp produces, and photographic who houd in Eighted during most of the airs strunghous care with which has been been abless; his is down method of warding, the warley of games ha worked in, is tachnical performances and bit reducements about 18 confines of the Hollynewood sparse, maintaining almost complexe artistic control and multiag most according to his own when and these constraints, but with the rate duratement of the hollynewood sparse.

Kubrick's films are characterized by a formal visual spie and meticulous attention to detail—his later films often have elements of surrealism and expressionism that excheme structured linear narratives. His films are repeatedly described as a low and methodical, and are often preceived as a reflection of his obsessive and perfectionist nazare.<sup>[1]</sup> A recorring theme in his films is mark inhumarity to man. While often viewed as

#### related decuments Orace Walks Brook Mapsory Science Theater 1990 Decem Walks The A Team The A Team Note Trackingsh The A Team The A Team

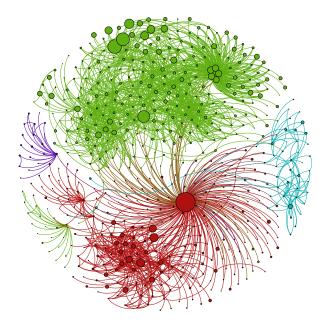
#### {theory, work, human}

words	related documents	related topics
theory	Meme	{work, book, publish}
work	Intelligent design	{law, state, case}
human	Immanuel Kant	{son, year, death}
idea	Philosophy of mathematics	{woman, child, man}
term	History of science	{god, call, give}
study	Free will	{black, white, people}
view	Truth	(film, series, show)
science	Psychoanalysis	{war, force, army}
concept	Charles Peirce	(language, word, form)
form	Existentialism	(@card@, make, design)
world	Deconstruction	(church, century, christian)
argue	Social sciences	{rate, high, increase}
social	Idealism	(company, market, business)

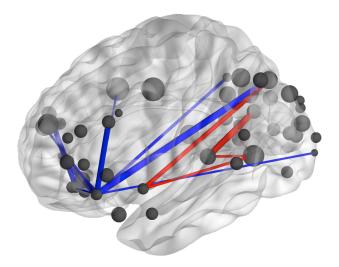
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Game Season Team Coach Play Points Games Giants Second Players	Life Know School Street Man Family Says House Children Night	Film Movie Show Life Television Films Director Man Story Says	Book Life Books Novel Story Man Author House War Children	Wine Street House Room Night Place Restaurant Park Garden
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Bush Campaign Clinton Republican House Party Democratic Political Democrats Senator	Building Street Square Housing House Buildings Development Space Percent Real	Won Team Race Round Cup Open Game Play Win	Yankees Game Mets Season Run League Baseball Team Games Hit	Government War Military Officials Iraq Forces Iraqi Army Troops Soldiers
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Children School Women Family Parents Child Life Says Help Mother	Stock Percent Companies Fund Market Bank Investors Funds Financial Business	Church War Life Black Political Catholic Government Jewish Pope	Art Museum Show Gallery Works Artists Street Artist Paintings Exhibition	Police Yesterday Man Officer Officers Case Found Charged Street Shot

Topics found in 1.8M articles from the New York Times

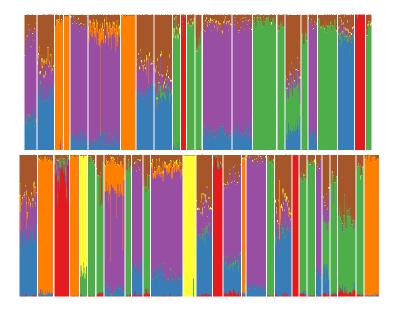
Other examples of applied probabilistic modeling (from my research group and others)



Communities discovered in a 3.7M node network of U.S. Patents



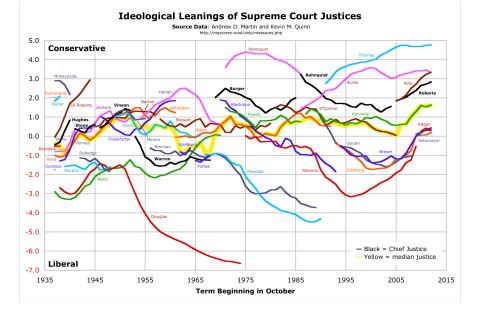
## Neuroscience analysis of 220 million fMRI measurements



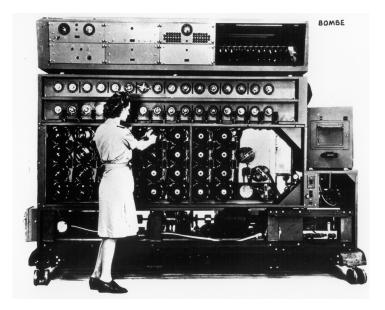
Population analysis of 2 billion genetic measurements



Patterns of preferences found at Etsy.com (Hu et al., 2014)

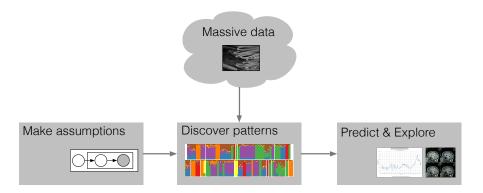


Supreme Court Ideology over time (Martin and Quinn, 2001)



Breaking the Nazi code (Turing and Good, 194?)

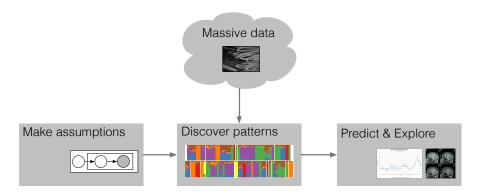
# Box's Loop



#### Why we like this picture:

- Customized data analysis is important to many fields.
- This pipeline separates assumptions, computation, application.
- It facilitates solving data science problems.

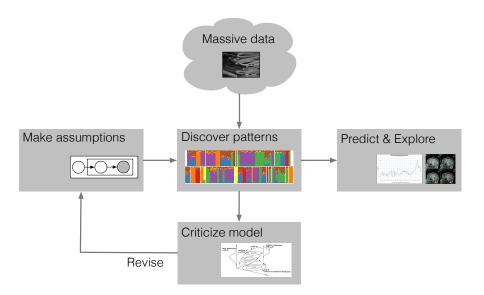
# Box's Loop



#### What we need:

- Expressive components from which to build models
- Scalable and generic inference algorithms
- Stretch probabilistic modeling into new areas

## Box's Loop



What will we cover?

## The basics of graphical models

- 1. Probability: Basic concepts and review
- 2. Semantics of graphical models
- 3. D-separation and conditional independence
- 4. The elimination algorithm
- 5. Tree propagation and hidden Markov models I
- 6. Tree propagation and hidden Markov models II

### Latent variable models

- 1. Models, data, and statistical concepts I
- 2. Models, data, and statistical concepts II
- 3. Bayesian mixtures of Gaussians and the Gibbs sampler I
- 4. Bayesian mixtures of Gaussians and the Gibbs sampler II
- 5. Exponential families, conjugacy, and mixtures of exponential families I
- 6. Exponential families, conjugacy, and mixtures of exponential families II
- 7. Mixed-membership, topic models, and variational inference I
- 8. Mixed-membership, topic models, and variational inference II
- 9. Matrix factorization and recommendation systems I
- 10. Matrix factorization and recommendation systems II

### **Conditional models**

- 1. Regression: Linear and logistic
- 2. Generalized linear models
- 3. Hierarchical models, robust models, and empirical Bayes I
- 4. Hierarchical models, robust models, and empirical Bayes II

## Advanced ideas in approximate posterior inference

- 1. Markov chain Monte Carlo I
- 2. Markov chain Monte Carlo II
- 3. Variational inference I
- 4. Variational inference II

## Other topics and summary

- 1. An brief introduction to Bayesian nonparametrics
- 2. Summary (and wiggle room)

## Some additional discussion

- Programming languages
- Applications
- Box's loop, again
- Note: We will usually be at the board.

## Prerequisites, Requirements, Grades, Etc.

- http://www.cs.columbia.edu/~blei/fogm/
- Office hours: Wednesdays 2:30-4:30, 703 CEPSR
- Prerequisites
  - Probability and Statistics
  - Optimization
  - Programming
- Requirements
  - Weekly paper about the reading (< 1 page)
  - Occasional homework
  - Final project
- Your grade: Mostly the final project